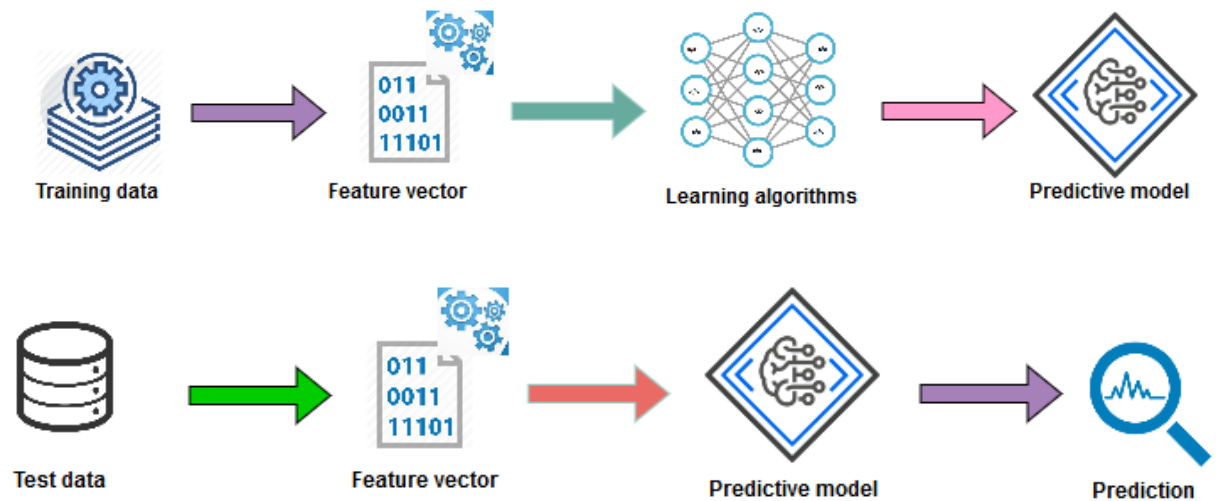
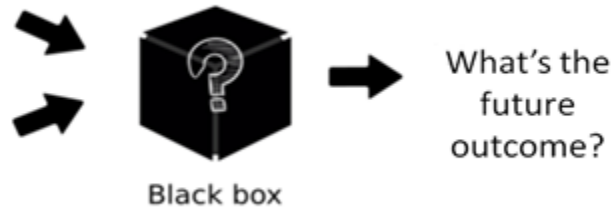
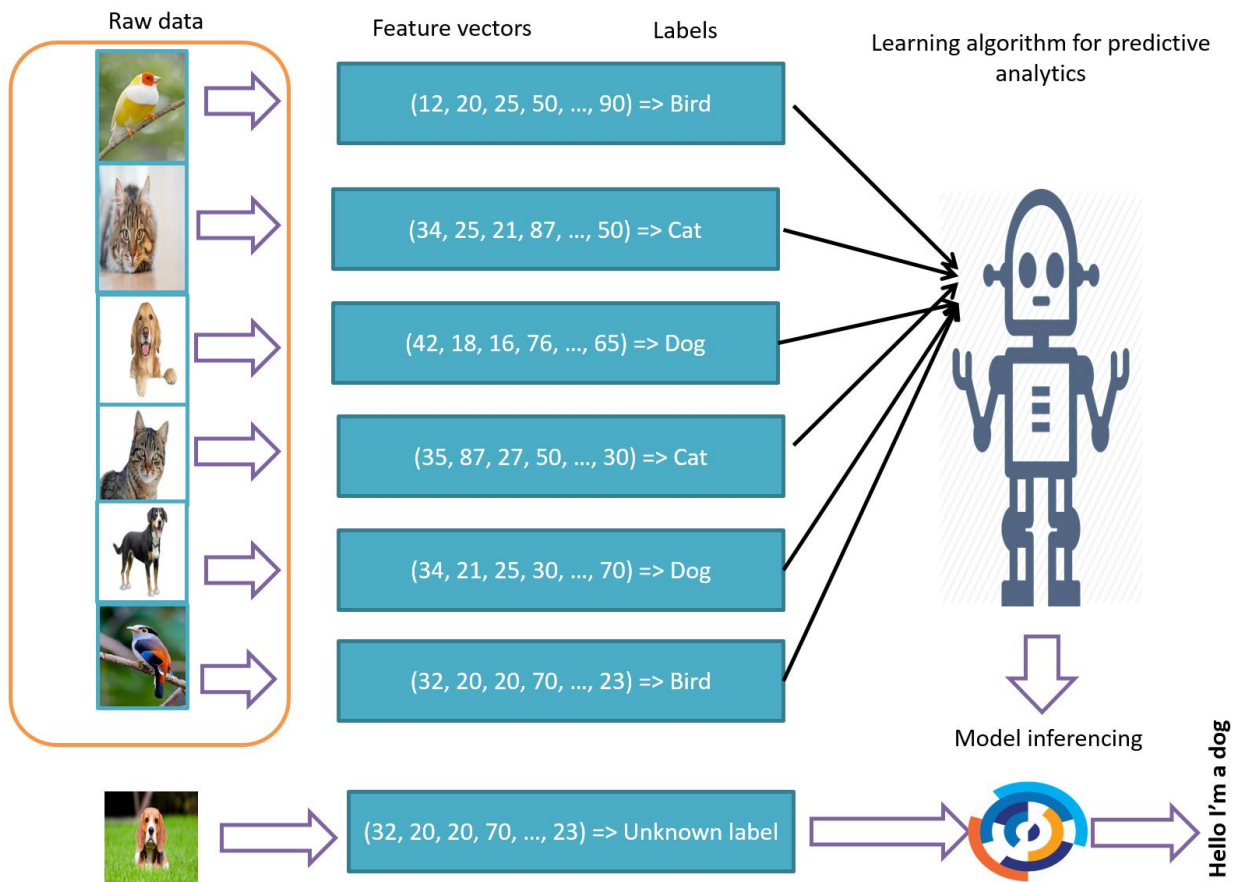


Chapter 01: Basic Python and Linear Algebra for Predictive Analytics

Label	X_1	X_2	...
0.0	Hello world	0.9	
1.0	How are you?	0.4	
1.0	Xxx movie	0.0	

Label	X_1	X_n	...
0.0	Deposited 1M\$	1.0	
0.0	Class time	0.4	
1.0	Sweet heart	0.7	





System Properties



Computer Name Hardware **Advanced** System Protection Remote

You must be logged on as an Administrator to make most of these changes.

Performance

Visual effects, processor scheduling, memory usage, and virtual memory

Settings...

User Profiles

Desktop settings related to your sign-in

Settings...

Startup and Recovery

System startup, system failure, and debugging information

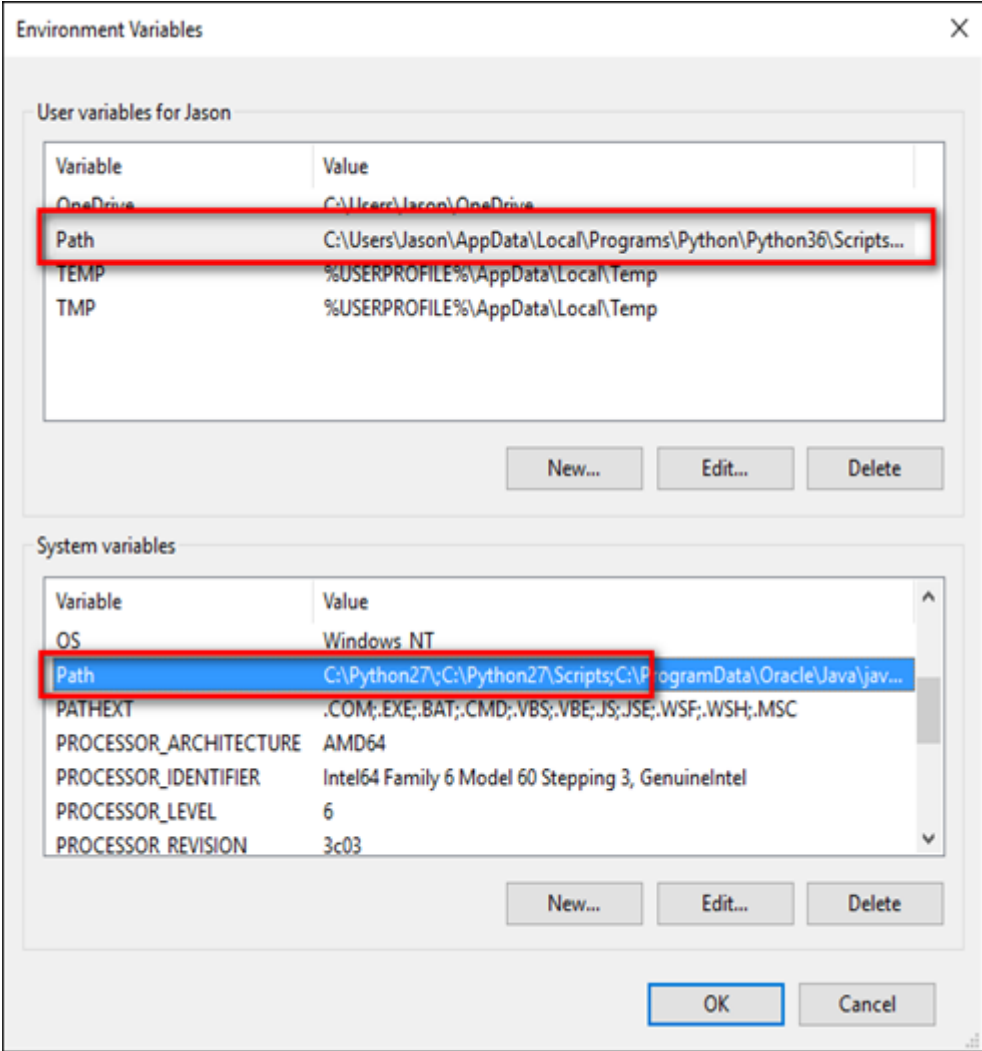
Settings...

Environment Variables...

OK

Cancel

Apply



Tools	7/12/2017 10:50 A...	File folder
LICENSE.txt	3/21/2017 6:01 PM	Text Document
NEWS.txt	3/21/2017 5:48 PM	Text Document
python.exe	3/21/2017 5:58 PM	Application
python3.dll	3/21/2017 5:55 PM	Application extens...
python3.exe	3/21/2017 5:58 PM	Application
python36.dll	3/21/2017 5:55 PM	Application extens...
pythonw.exe	3/21/2017 5:58 PM	Application
vcruntime140.dll	6/9/2016 11:46 PM	Application extens...

```

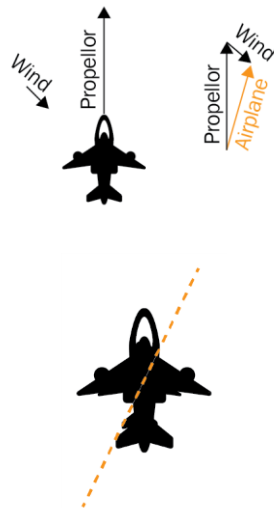
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

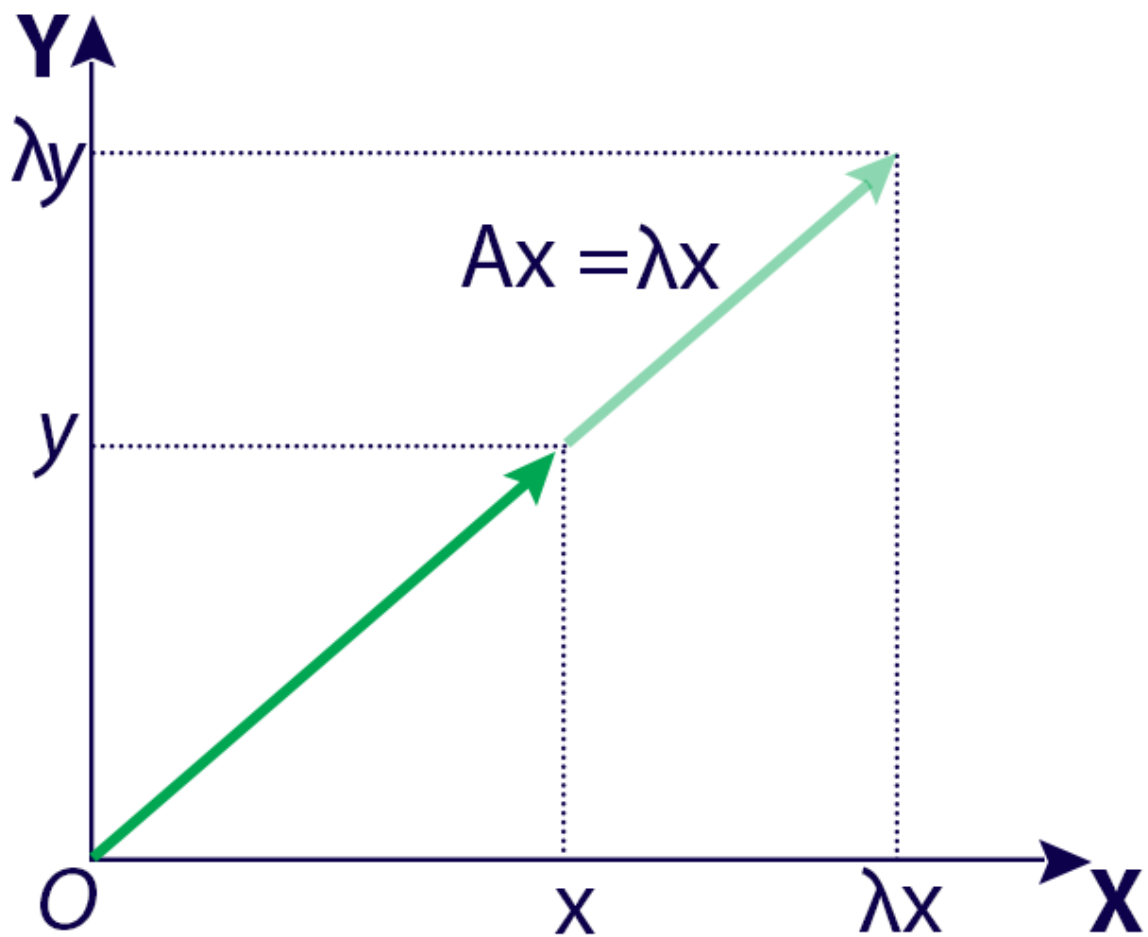
C:\Users\rezkar>python3 --version
Python 3.6.1

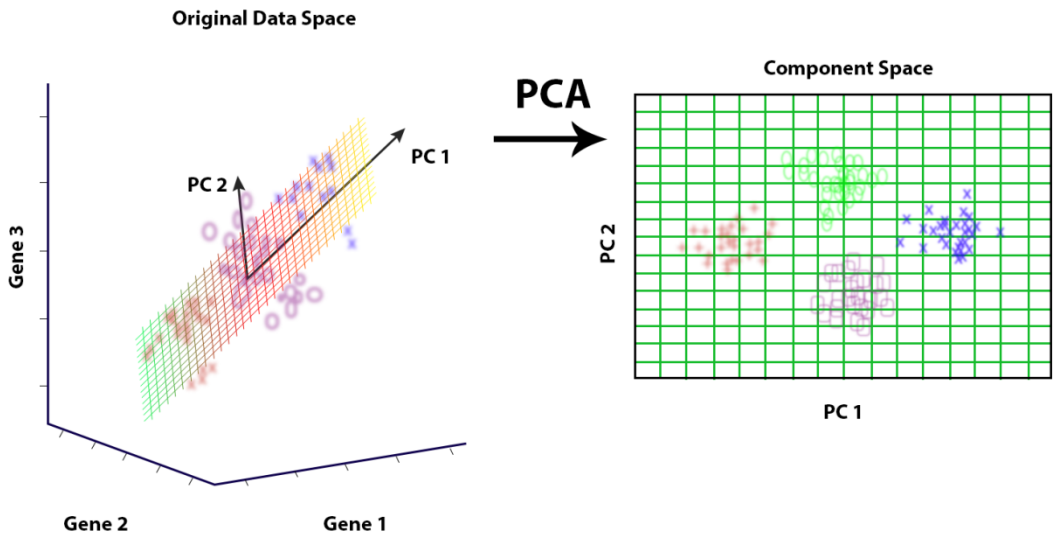
C:\Users\rezkar>python --version
Python 2.7.13

C:\Users\rezkar>

```







U	Σ	V^*
-0.75811069207	-0.652125433227	13.1900344373
-0.592060143475	-0.805893781157	0.592060143475
-0.652125433227	0.75811069207	0.151629626861
-0.805893781157	0.592060143475	-0.805893781157

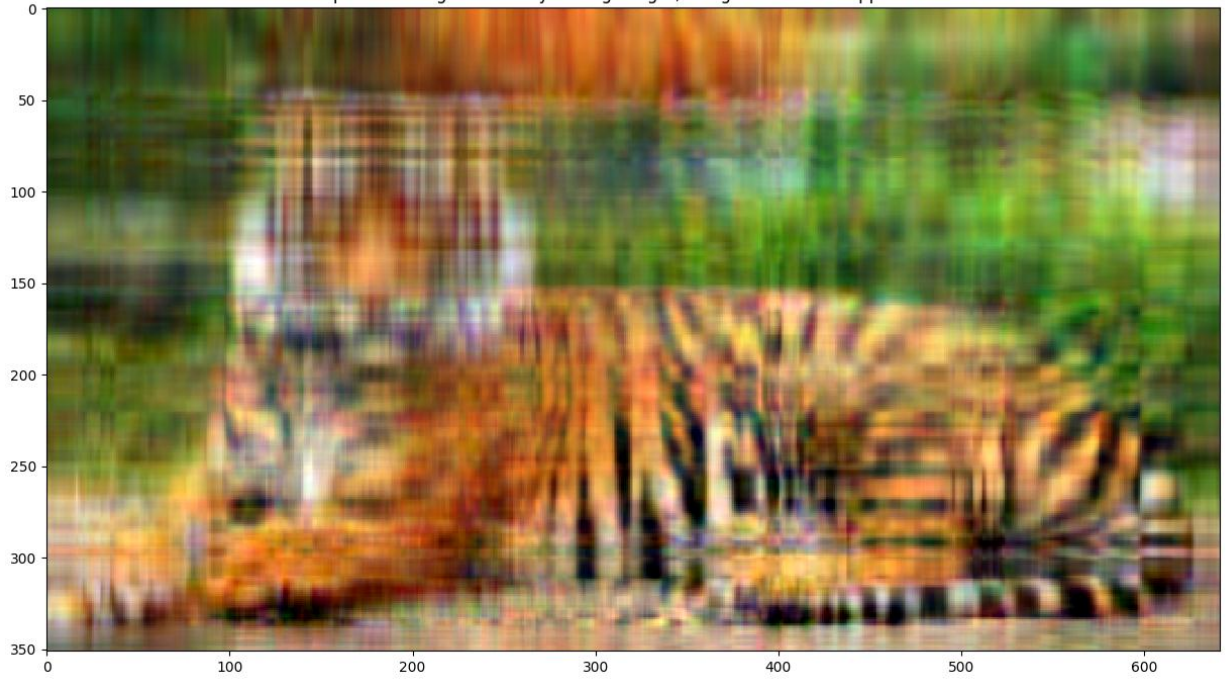
Royal Bengal Tiger, Sundarban, Bangladesh



Compressed image of the Royal Bengal Tiger, using best rank-50 approximation



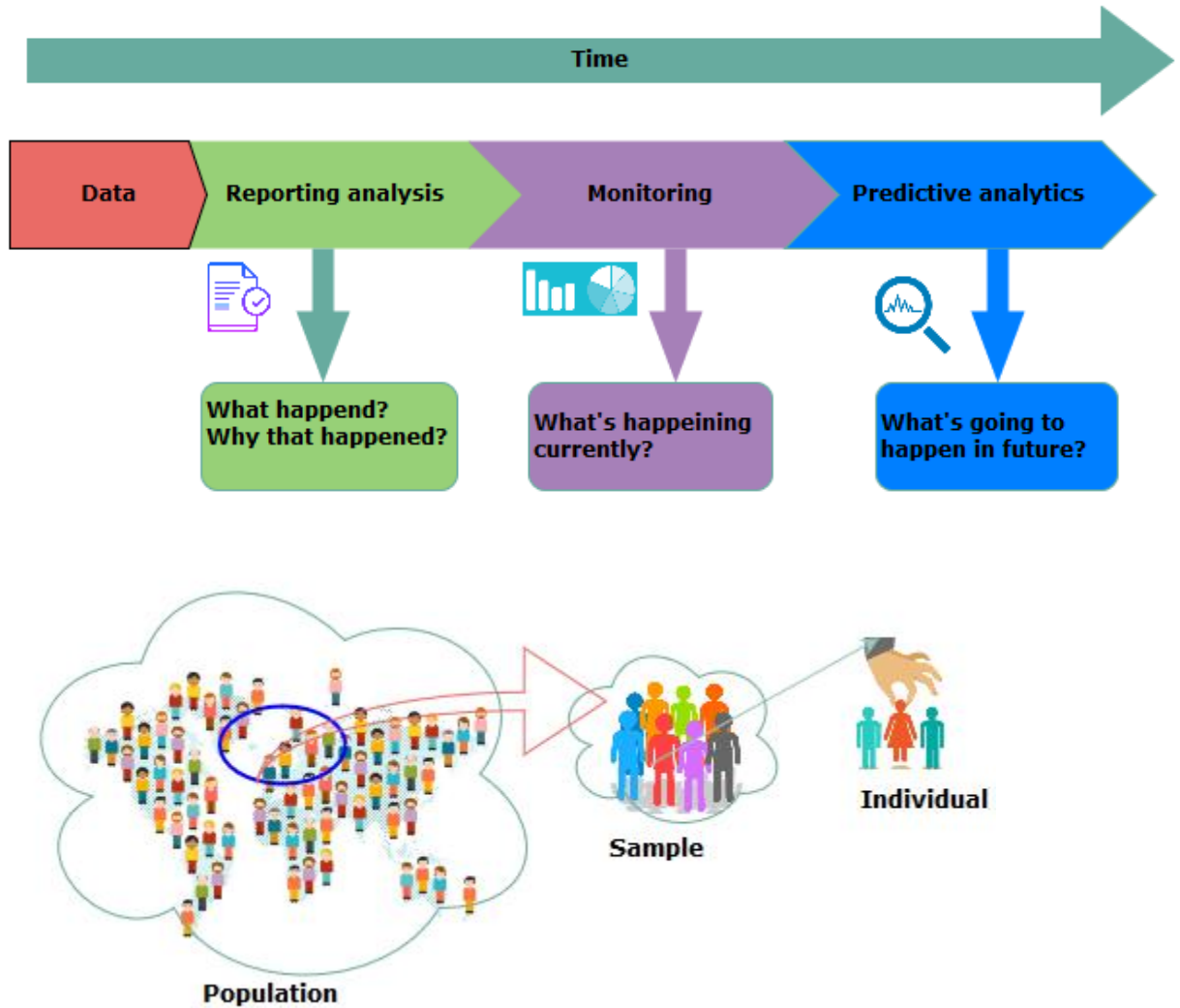
Compressed image of the Royal Bengal Tiger, using best rank-10 approximation



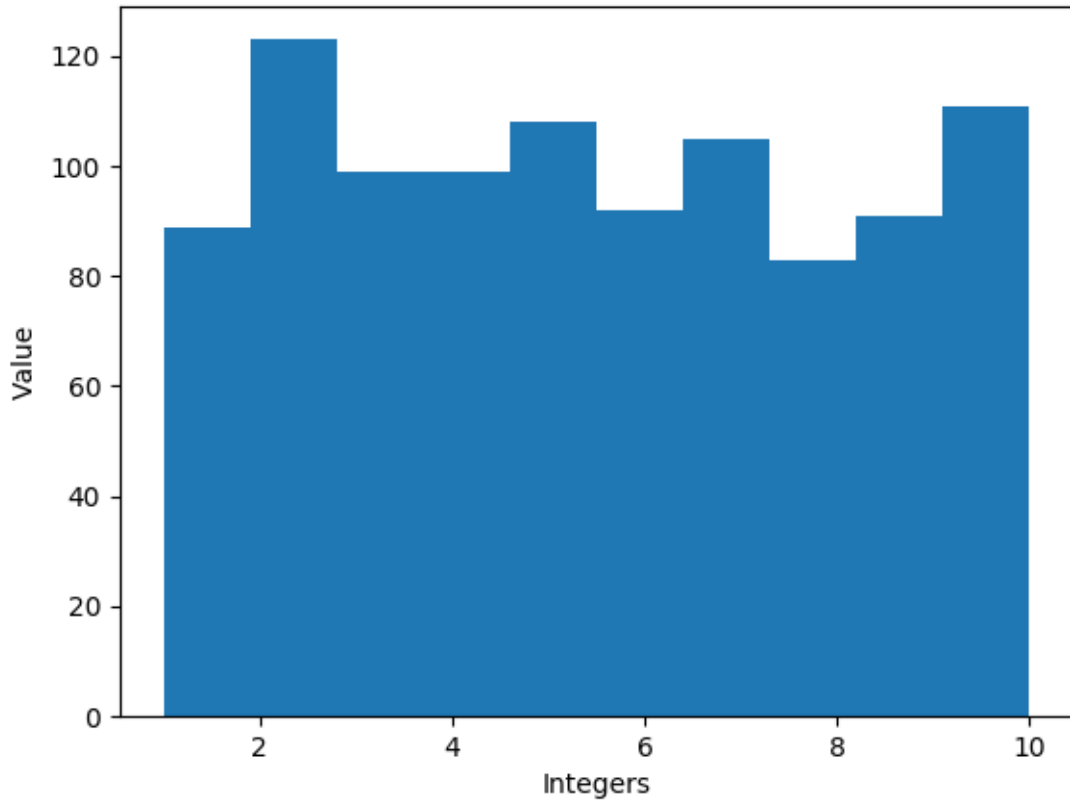
Compressed image of the Royal Bengal Tiger, using best rank-200 approximation



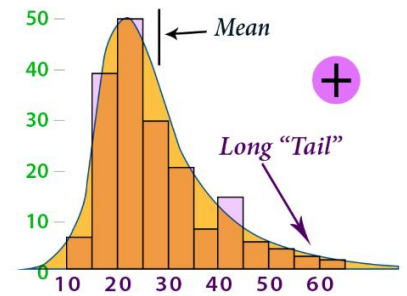
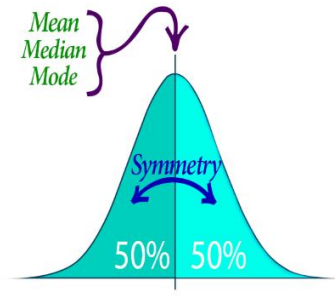
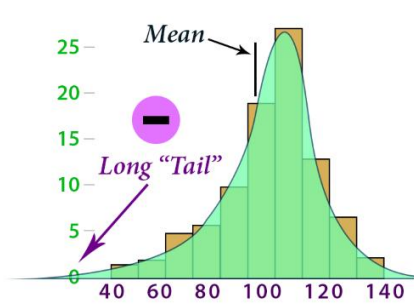
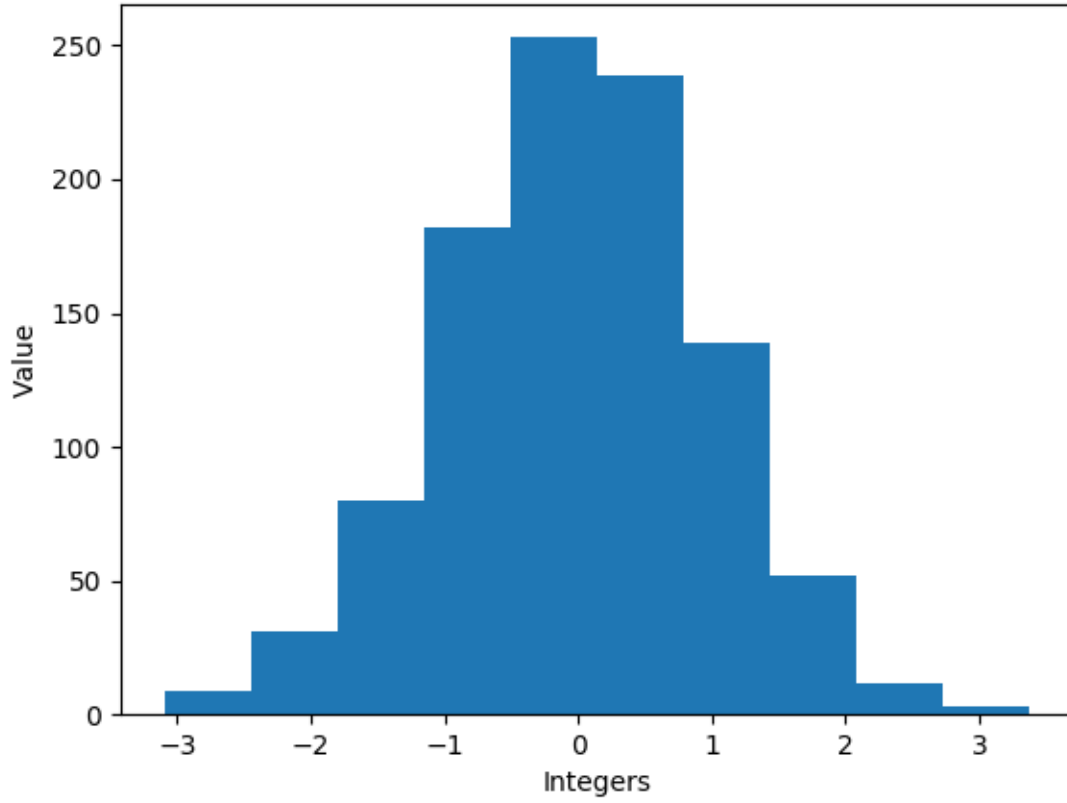
Chapter 02: Statistics, Probability, and Information Theory for Predictive Modeling

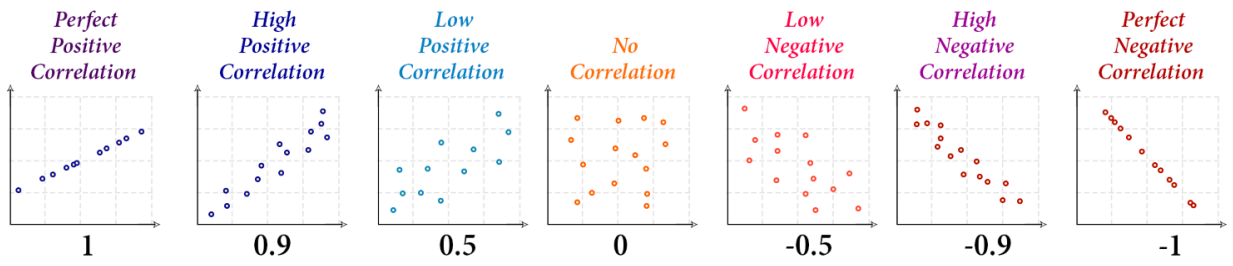


Frequency distribution

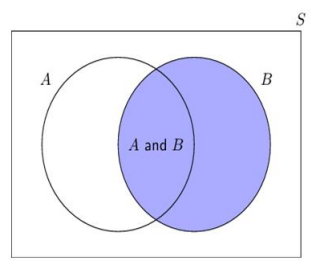


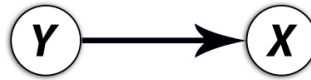
Frequency distribution





Sex	Wr.Hnd	NW.Hnd	W.Hnd	Fold	Pulse	Clap	Exer	Smoke	Height	M.I	Age
Female	18.5	18	Right	R on L	92	Left	Some	Never	173	Metric	18.25
Male	19.5	20.5	Left	R on L	104	Left	None	Regul	177.8	Imperial	17.583
Male	18	13.3	Right	L on R	87	Neither	None	Occas	NA	NA	16.917
Male	18.8	18.9	Right	R on L	NA	Neither	None	Never	160	Metric	20.333
Male	20	20	Right	Neither	35	Right	Some	Never	165	Metric	23.667
Female	18	17.7	Right	L on R	64	Right	Some	Never	172.72	Imperial	21





Y influences X if Y's past activity helps to predict X's future activity



What is Lorem Ipsum?

Lorem Ipsum is simply dummy text of the printing and typesetting industry. Lorem Ipsum has been the industry's standard dummy text ever since the 1500s, when an unknown printer took a galley of type and scrambled it to make a type specimen book. It has survived not only five centuries,



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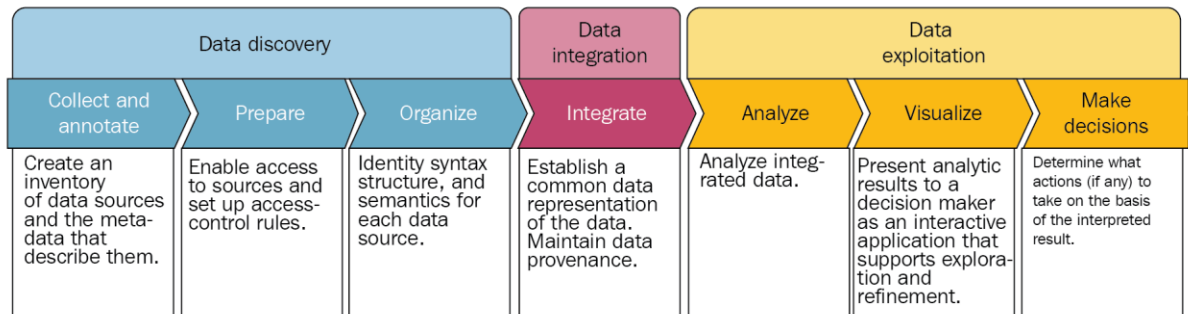


What is Lorem Ipsum?

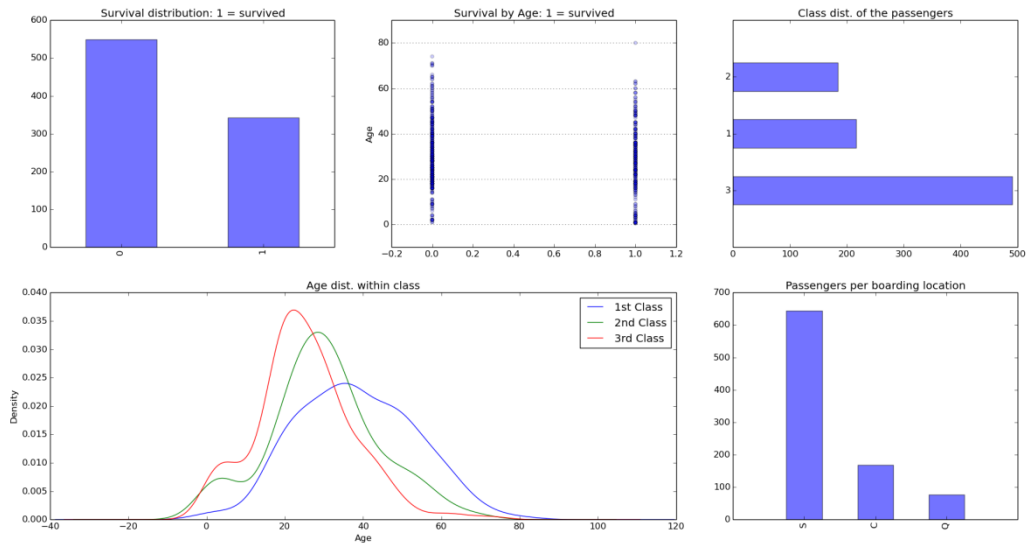
Lorem Ipsum is simply dummy text of the printing and typesetting industry. Lorem Ipsum has been the industry's standard dummy text ever since the 1500s, when an unknown printer took a galley of type and scrambled it to make a type specimen book. It has survived not only five centuries,



Chapter 03: From Data to Decisions – Getting Started with TensorFlow



PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22	1	0	A/5 21171	7.25		S
2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Thayer)	female	38	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85	C
3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.925		S
4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35	1	0	113803	53.1	C123	S
5	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35	0	0	373450	8.05		S
6	0	3	Moran, Mr. James	male		0	0	330877	8.4583		Q
7	0	1	McCarthy, Mr. Timothy J	male	54	0	0	17463	51.8625	E46	S
8	0	3	Palsson, Master. Costa Leonard	male	2	3	1	349909	21.075		S
9	1	3	Johnson, Mrs. Oscar W (Elisabeth Vilhelmina Berg)	female	27	0	2	347742	11.1333		S
10	1	2	Nasser, Mrs. Nicholas (Adele Achem)	female	14	1	0	237736	30.0708		C
11	1	3	Sandstrom, Miss. Marguerite Rut	female	4	1	1	PP 9549	16.7	G6	S
12	1	1	Bonnell, Miss. Elizabeth	female	58	0	0	113783	26.55	C103	S
13	0	3	Saunderscock, Mr. William Henry	male	20	0	0	A/5. 2151	8.05		S
14	0	3	Andersson, Mr. Anders Johan	male	39	1	5	347082	31.275		S
15	0	3	Vestrom, Miss. Hulda Amanda Adolfina	female	14	0	0	350406	7.8542		S



```

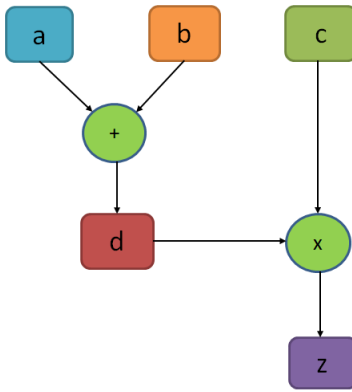
ubuntu@ip-172-31-12-225:~$ nvidia-smi
Wed Sep 27 00:58:45 2017

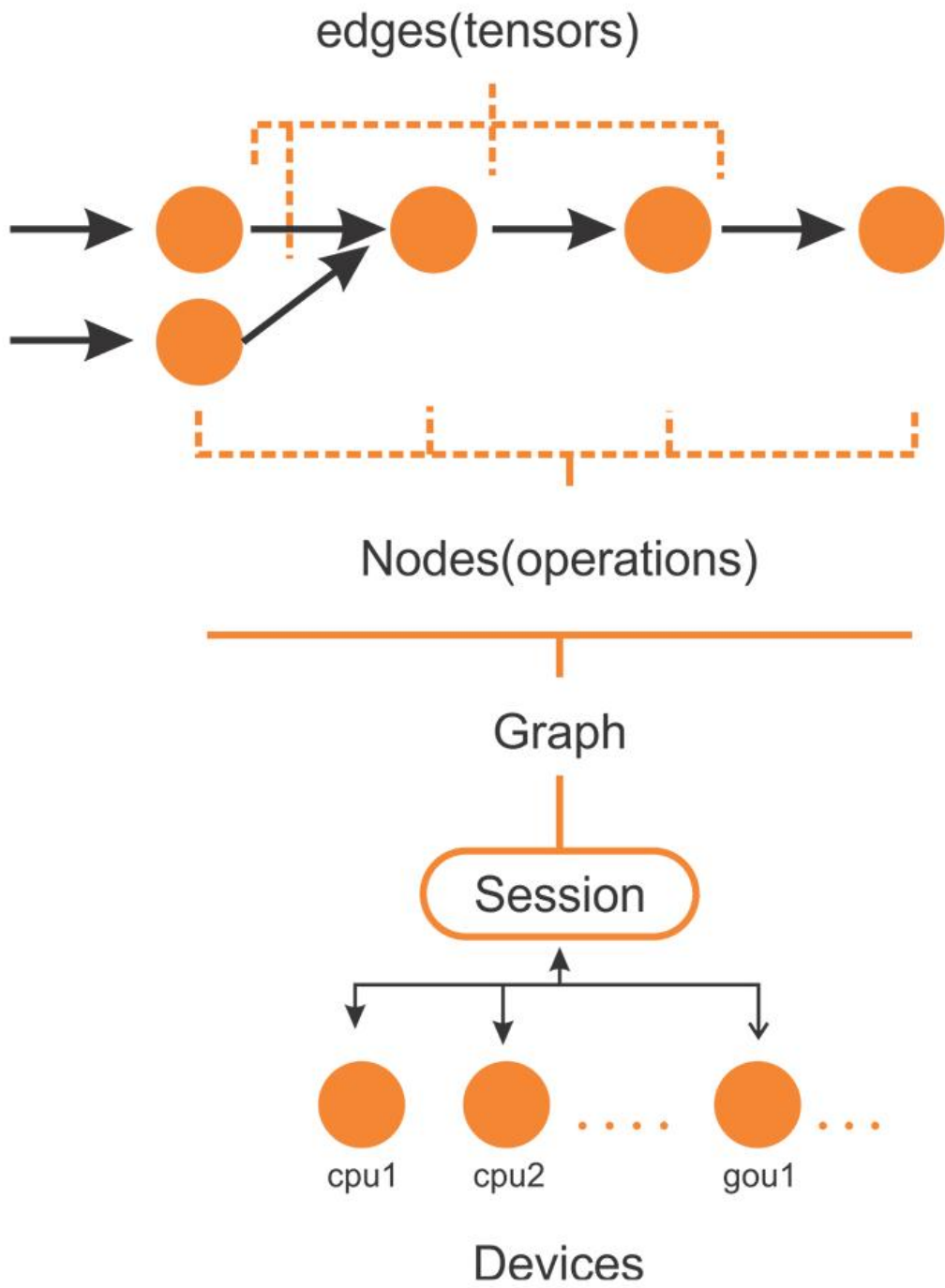
+-----+
| NVIDIA-SMI 384.81                Driver Version: 384.81          |
+-----+-----+
| GPU  Name      Persistence-M| Bus-Id        Disp.A | Volatile Uncorr. ECC |
| Fan  Temp  Perf  Pwr:Usage/Cap|      Memory-Usage | GPU-Util  Compute M. |
+-----+-----+
|  0  Tesla K80   Off          | 00000000:00:1E:0 Off |    0K / 11439MiB | 70%    Default  |
|N/A   48C    P0     59W / 149W | 0MiB / 11439MiB |           |            |
+-----+-----+

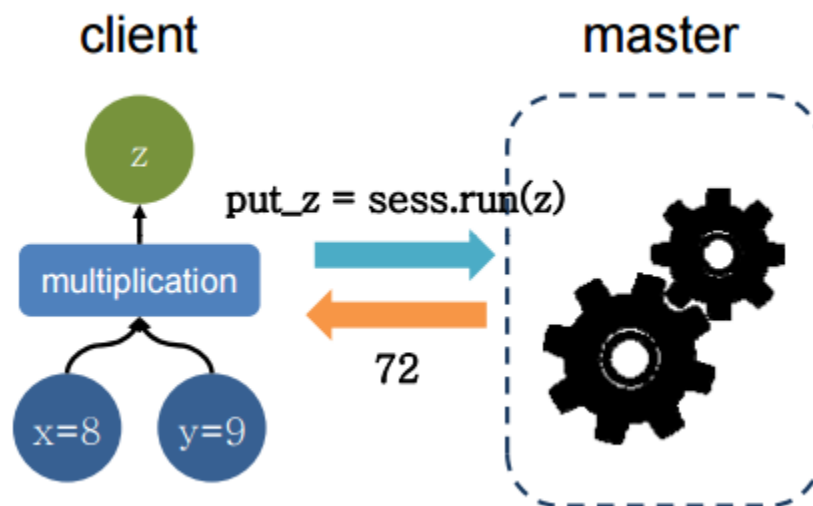
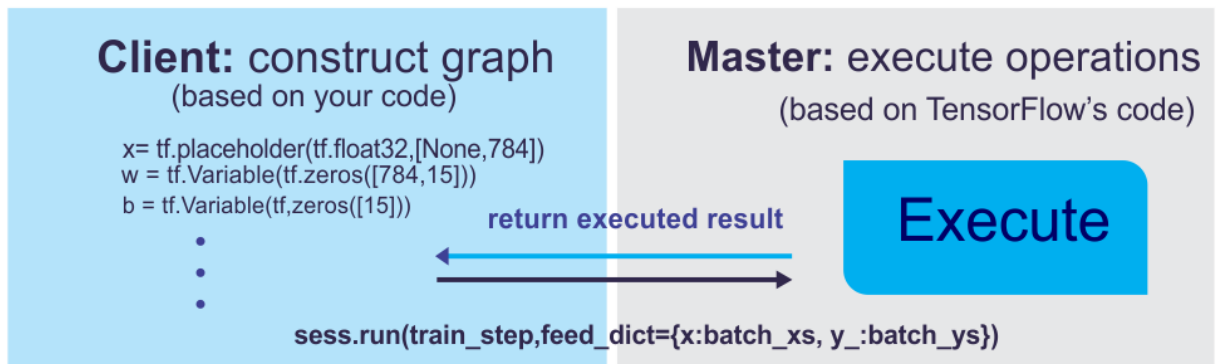
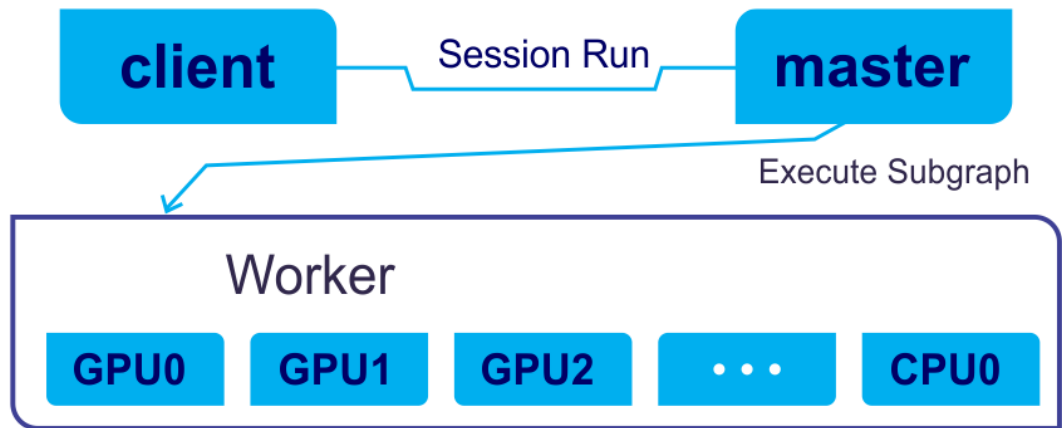
+-----+
| Processes:                         GPU Memory |
| GPU       PID  Type  Process name      Usage |
+-----+-----+
| No running processes found         |
+-----+

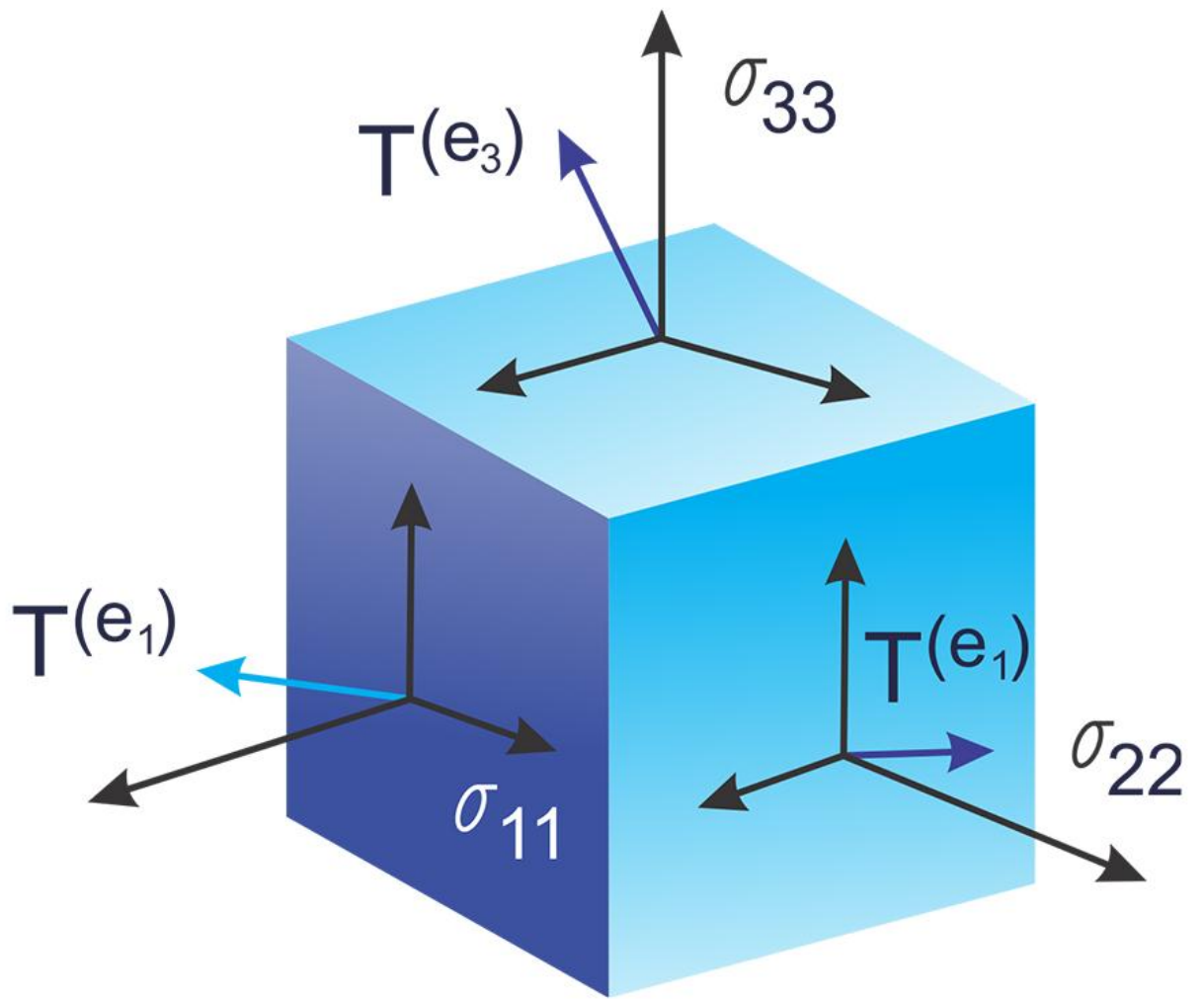
ubuntu@ip-172-31-12-225:~$ █

```

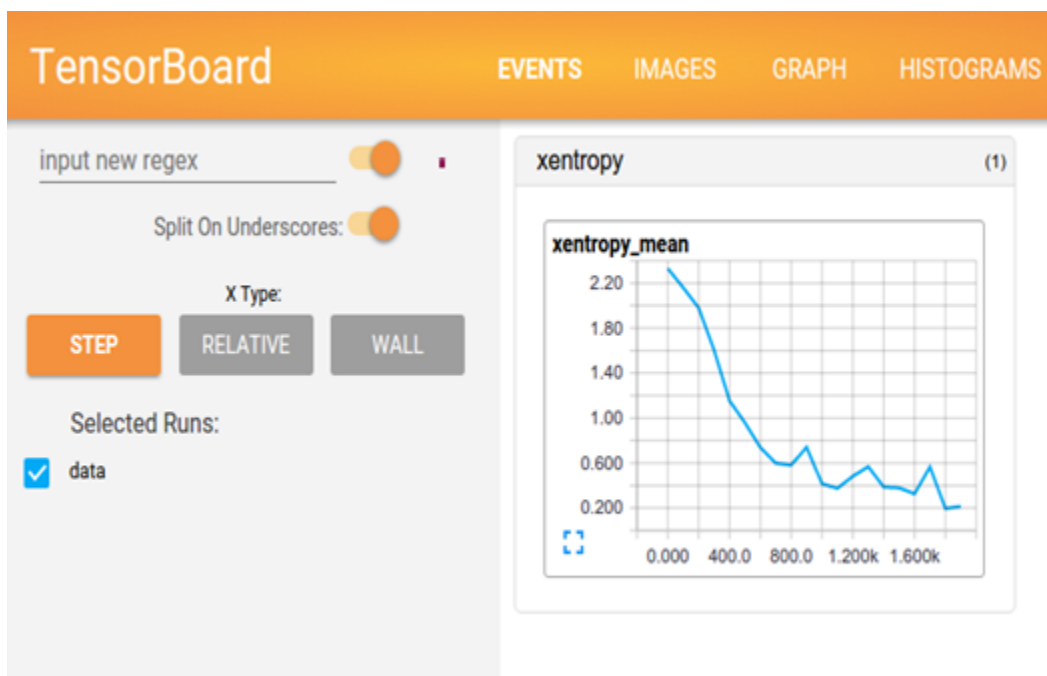


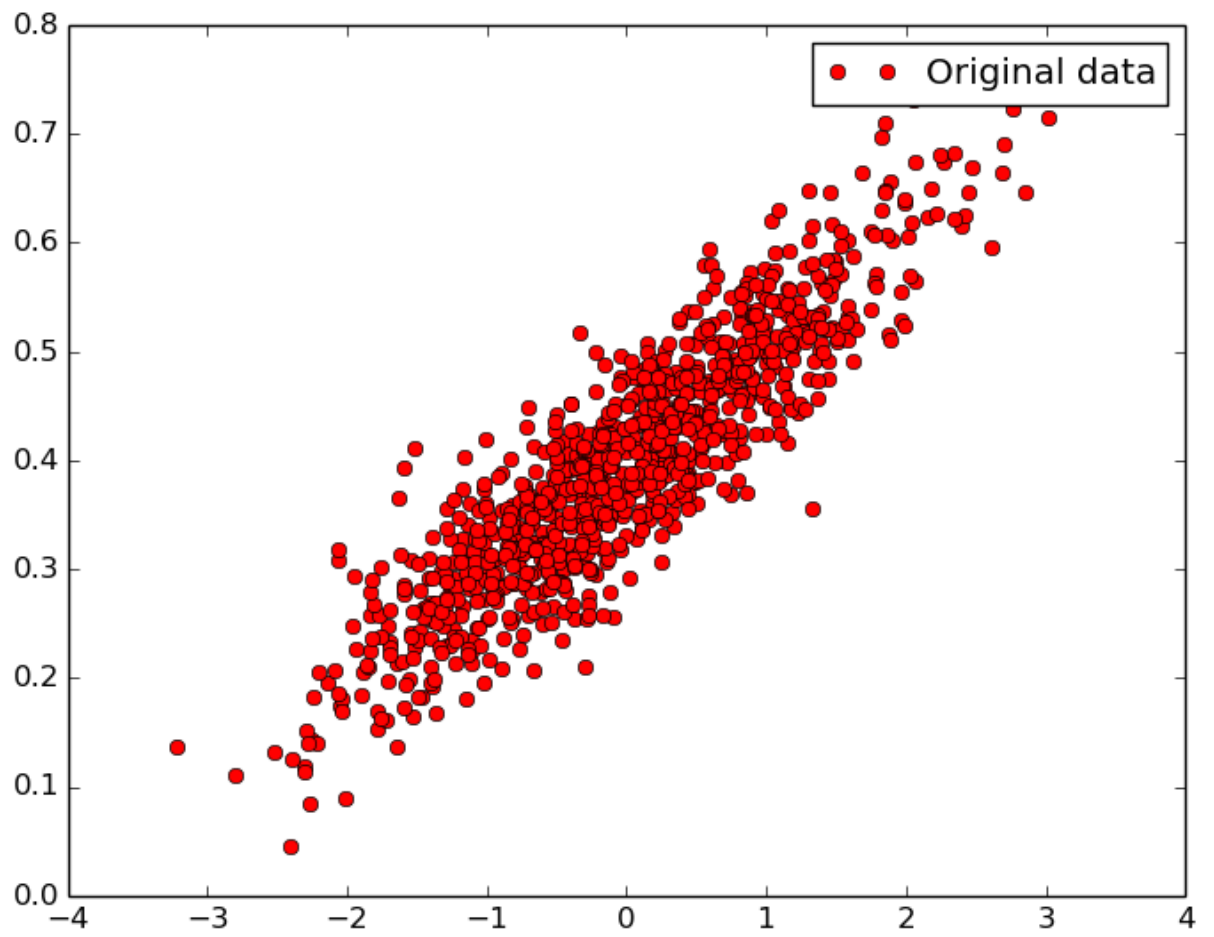


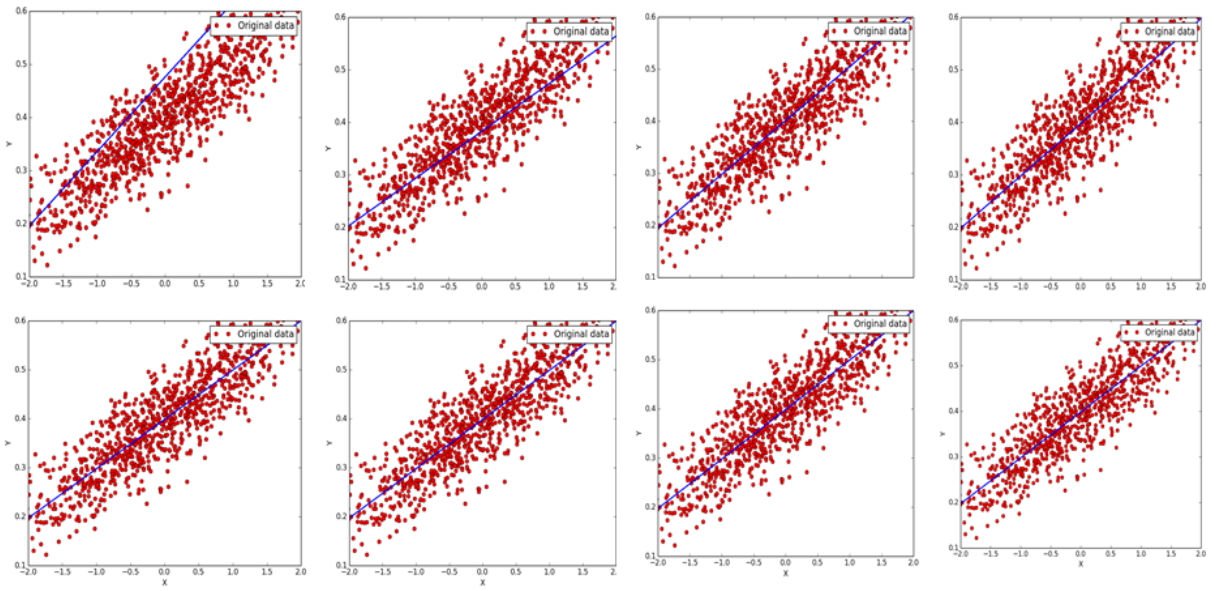




Numpy	TensorFlow
<code>a = np.zeros((2,2)); b = np.ones((2,2))</code>	<code>a = tf.zeros((2,2)), b = tf.ones((2,2))</code>
<code>np.sum(b, axis=1)</code>	<code>tf.reduce_sum(a,reduction_indices=[1])</code>
<code>a.shape</code>	<code>a.get_shape()</code>
<code>np.reshape(a, (1,4))</code>	<code>tf.reshape(a, (1,4))</code>
<code>b * 5 + 1</code>	<code>b * 5 + 1</code>
<code>np.dot(a,b)</code>	<code>tf.matmul(a, b)</code>
<code>a[0,0], a[:,0], a[0,:]</code>	<code>a[0,0], a[:,0], a[0,:]</code>







TensorBoard SCALARS [IMAGES](#) [AUDIO](#) [GRAPHS](#)

Fit to screen

Download PNG

Run

(1)

Session runs (0)

Upload

Trace inputs

Color Structure
 Device

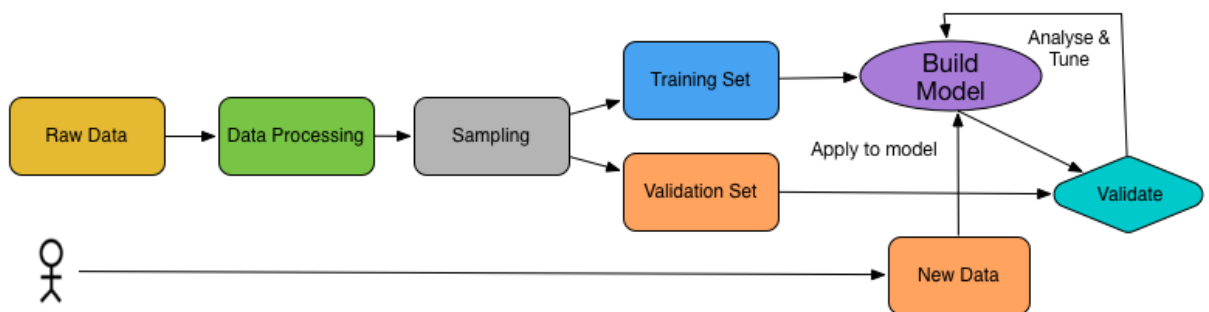
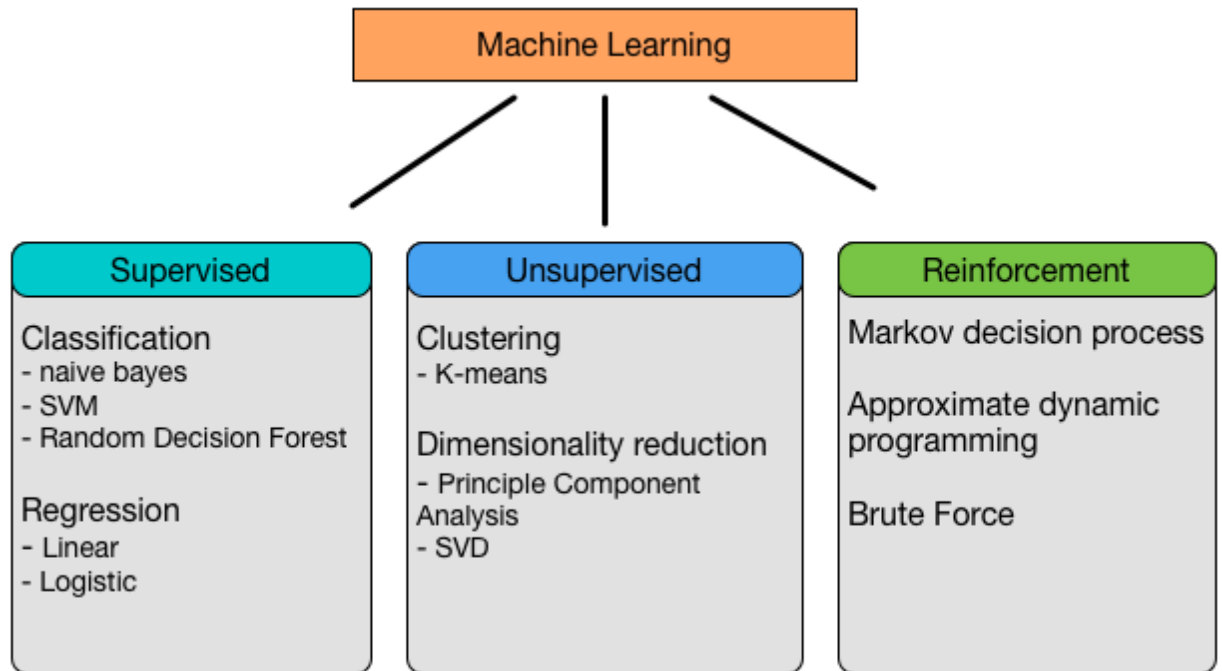
Main Graph

The main graph shows three primary nodes: 'gradients', 'LossFunction', and 'LinearRegressi...'. 'gradients' is connected to 'LossFunction' and 'LinearRegressi...'. 'LossFunction' is connected to 'LinearRegressi...'. 'LinearRegressi...' has two outgoing connections to 'GradientDe...' and 'init'.

Auxiliary Nodes

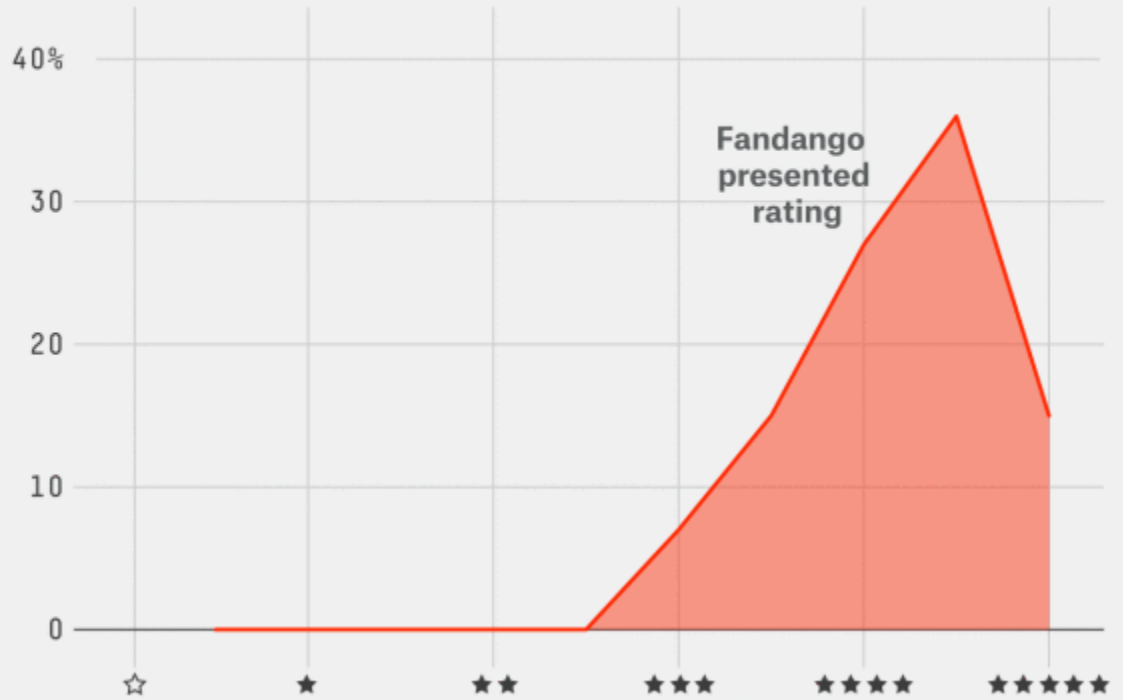
The auxiliary nodes section shows 'GradientDesc...' receiving inputs from 'LinearRegr...' and 'gradients'. Below it, 'LinearRegr...' is connected to an 'init' node.

Chapter 04: Putting Data in Place Supervised Learning for Predictive Analytics

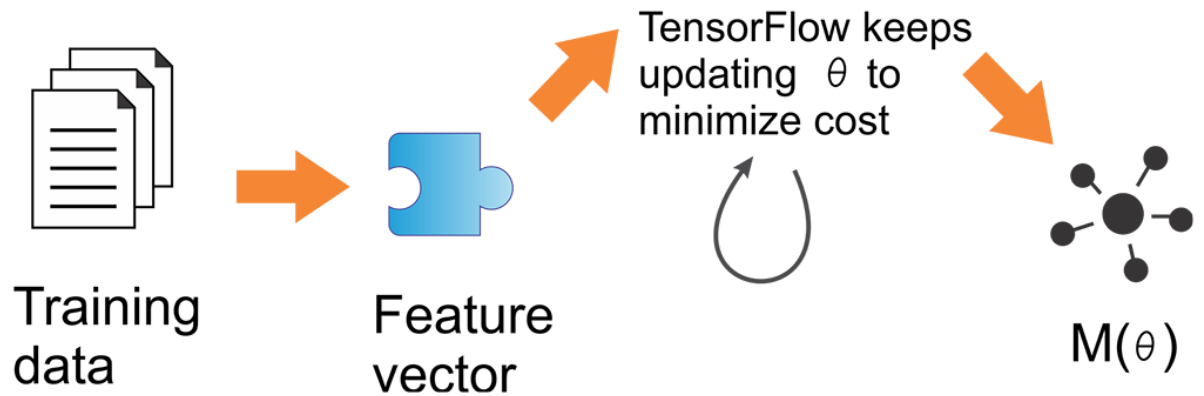
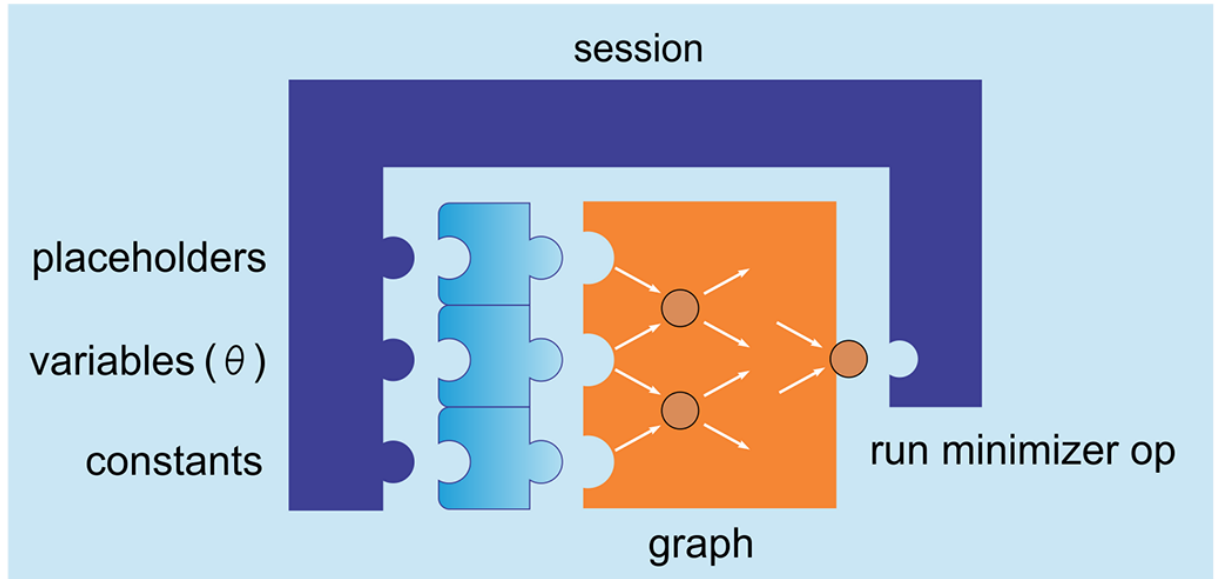


Fandango's Lopsided Ratings Curve

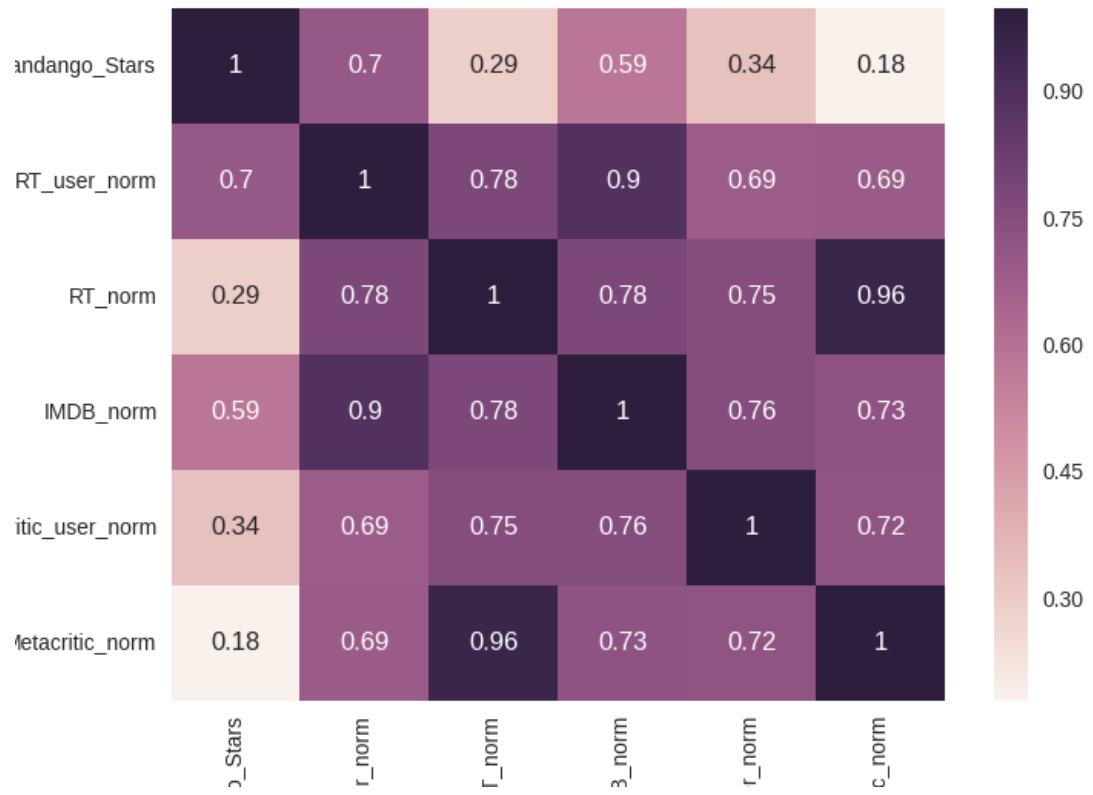
Ratings for 209 films that played in theaters in 2015 and received 30+ reviews

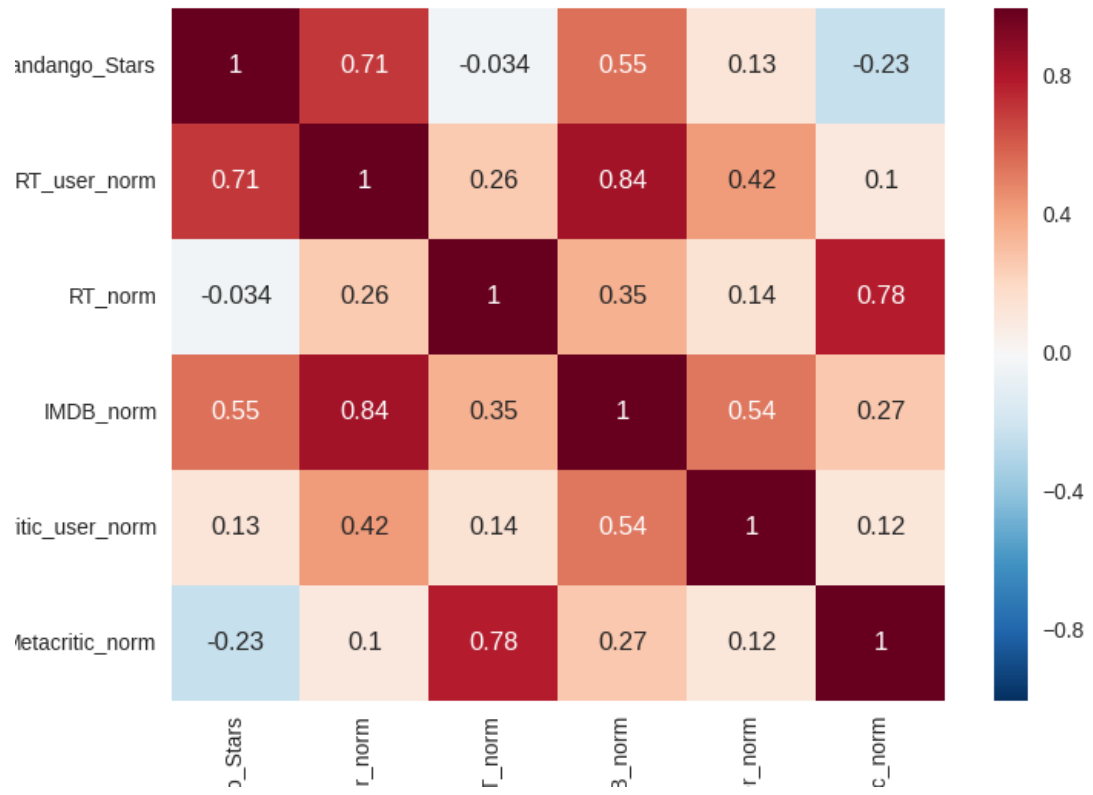


Learning algorithm in TensorFlow

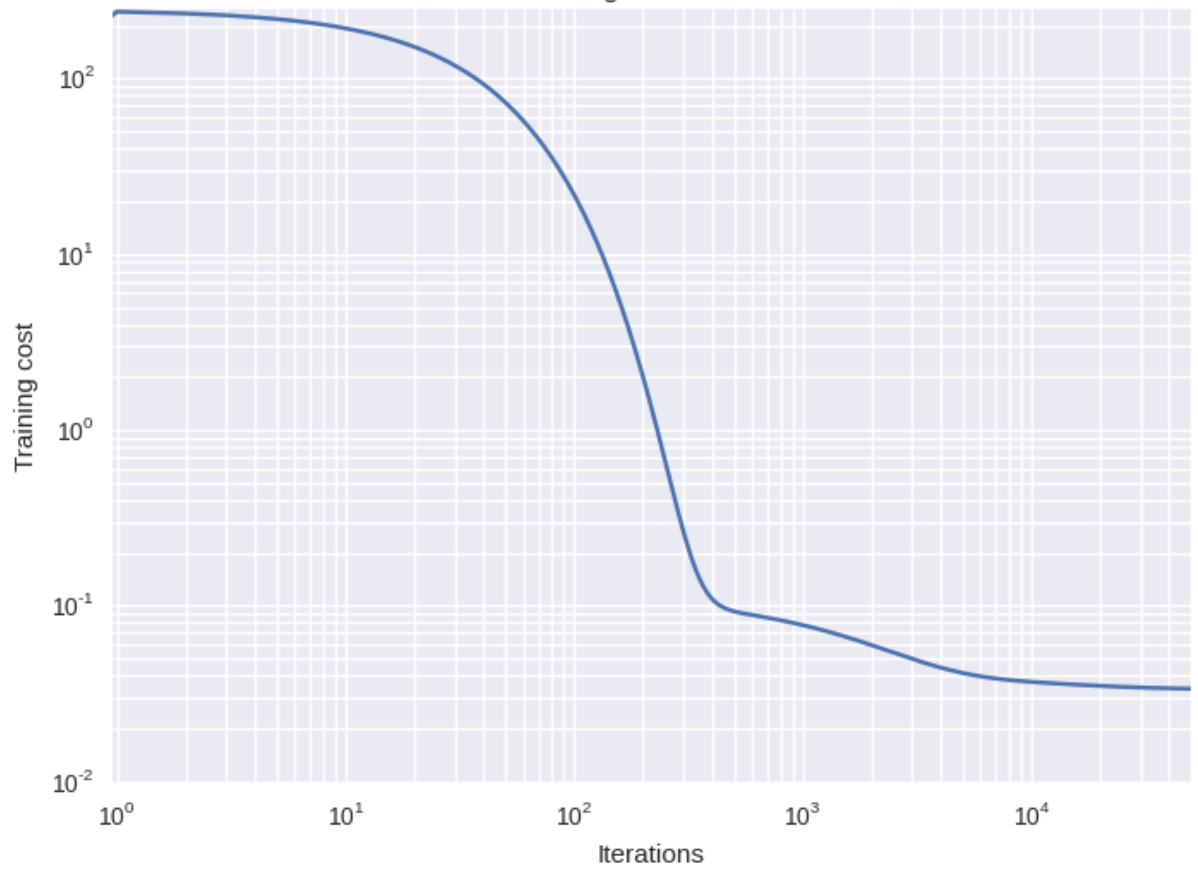


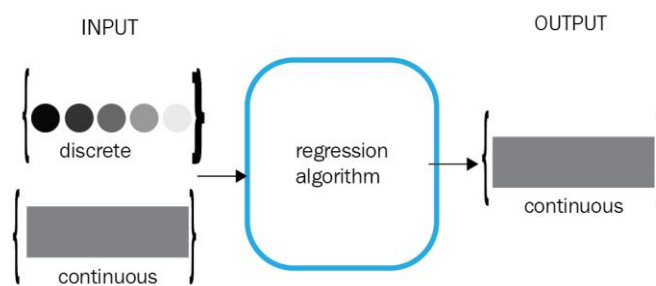
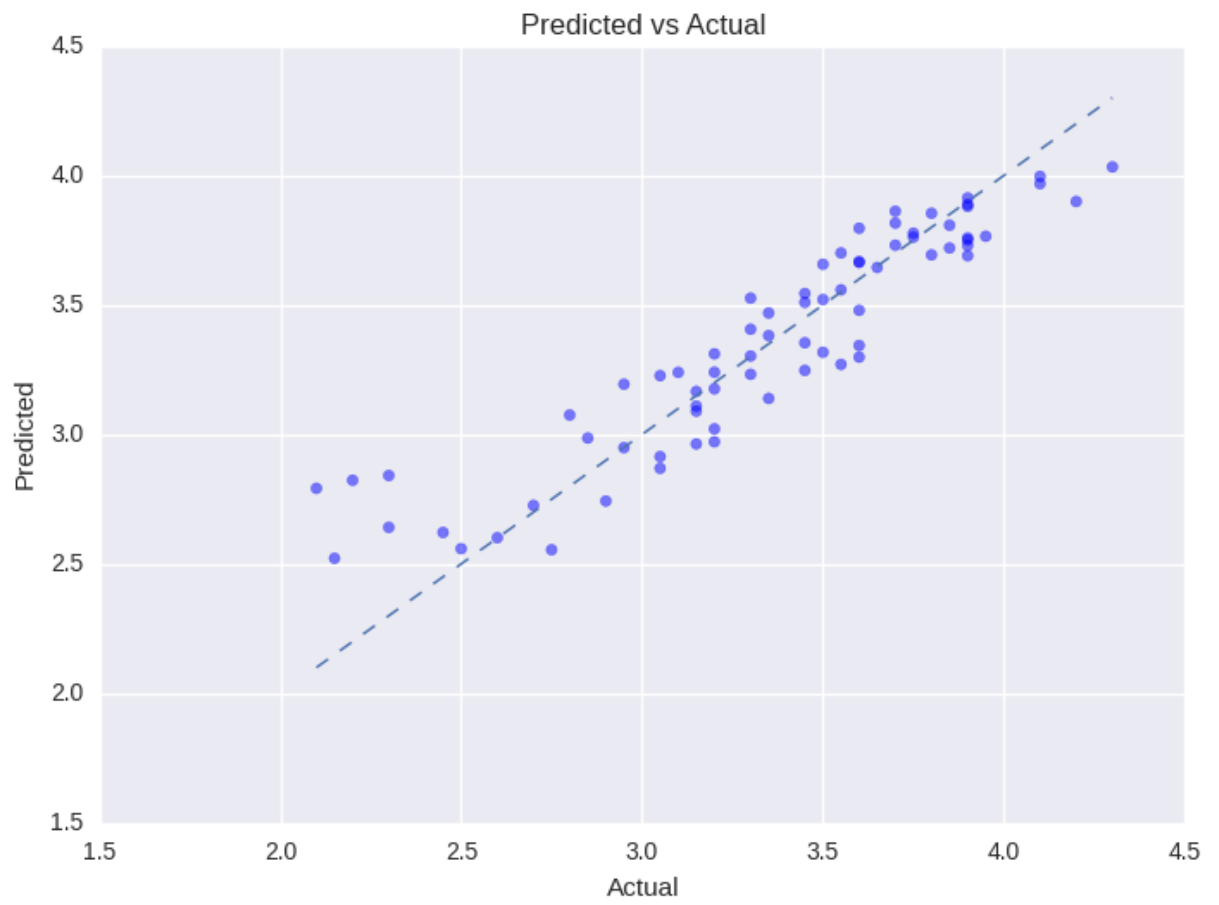
Fandango_Ratingvalue	RT_norm	RT_user_norm	Metacritic_norm	Metacritic_user_norm	IMDB_norm	RT_norm_round
4.5	3.7	4.3	3.3	3.55	3.9	3.5
4.5	4.25	4	3.35	3.75	3.55	4.5
4.5	4	4.5	3.2	4.05	3.9	4
4.5	0.9	4.2	1.1	2.35	2.7	1
3	0.7	1.4	1.45	1.7	2.55	0.5
4	3.15	3.1	2.5	3.4	3.6	3
3.5	2.1	2.65	2.65	3.8	3.45	2
3.5	4.3	3.2	4.05	3.4	3.25	4.5
4	4.95	4.1	4.05	4.4	3.7	5
4	4.45	4.35	4	4.25	3.9	4.5

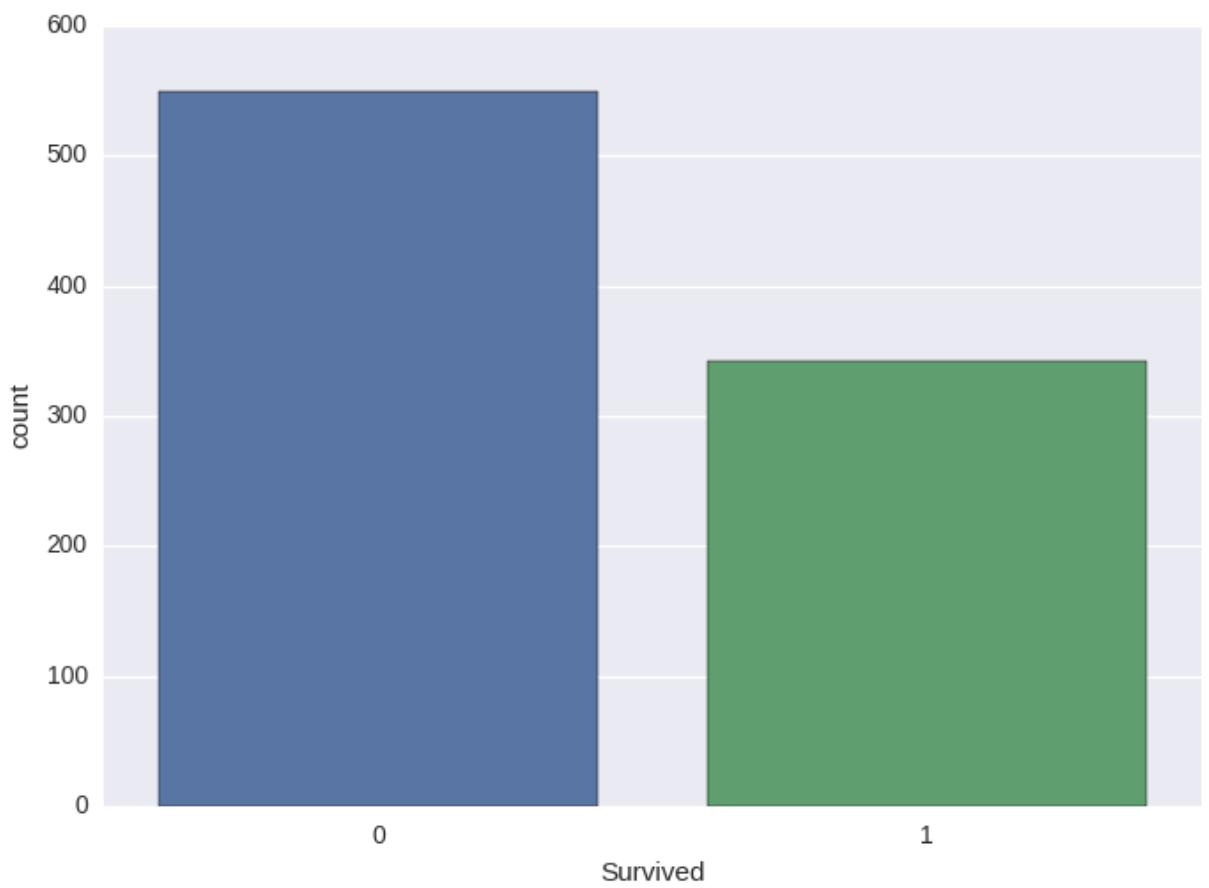
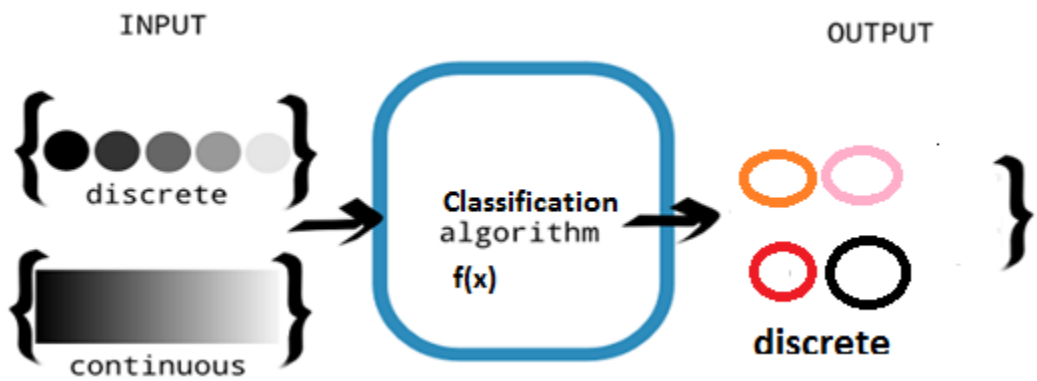


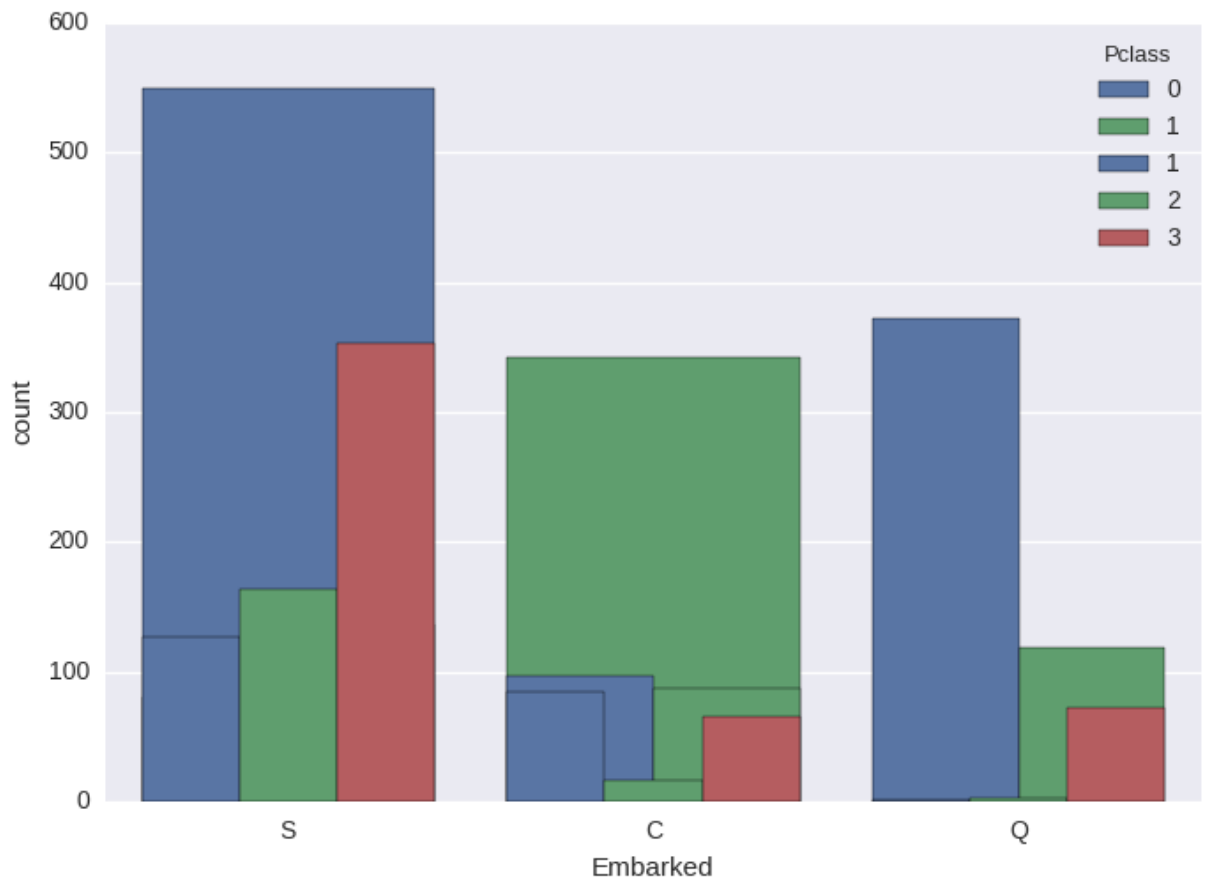


Learning rate = 0.0001

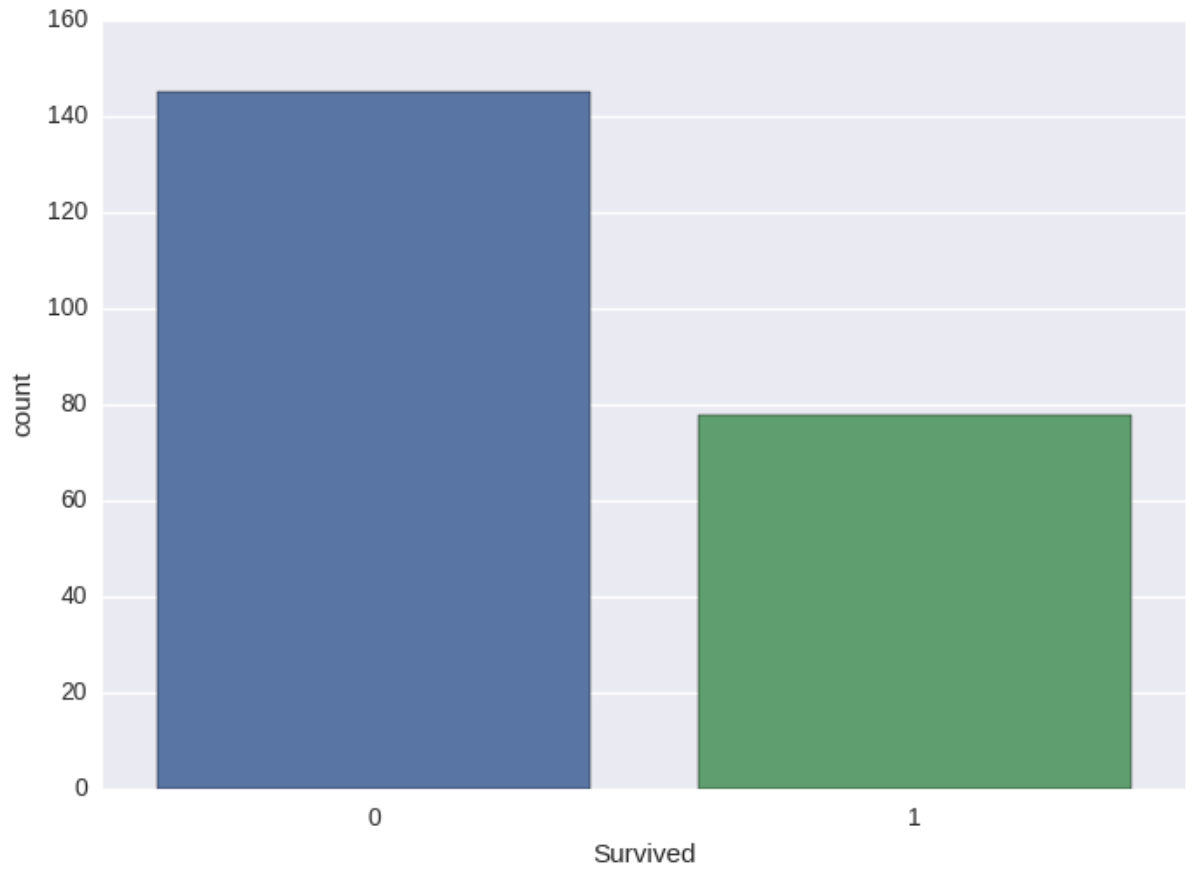




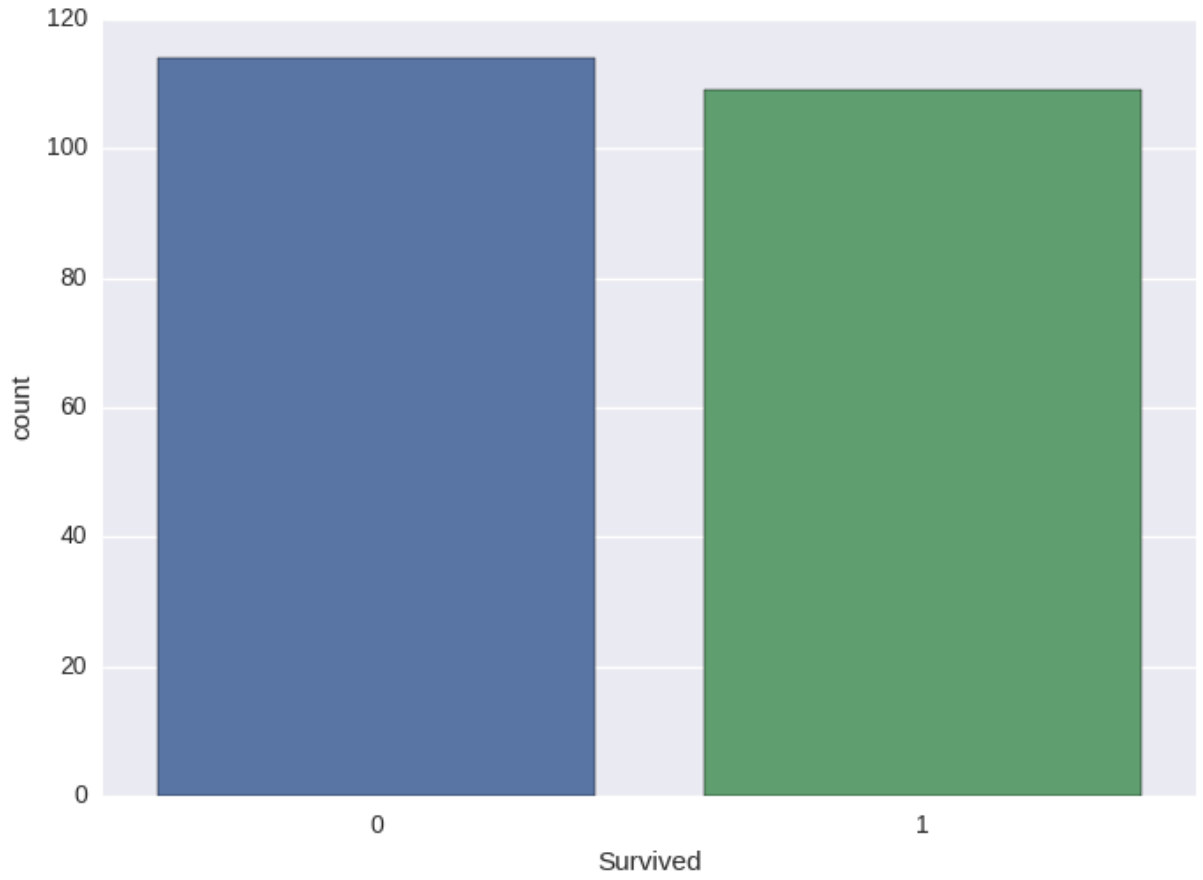


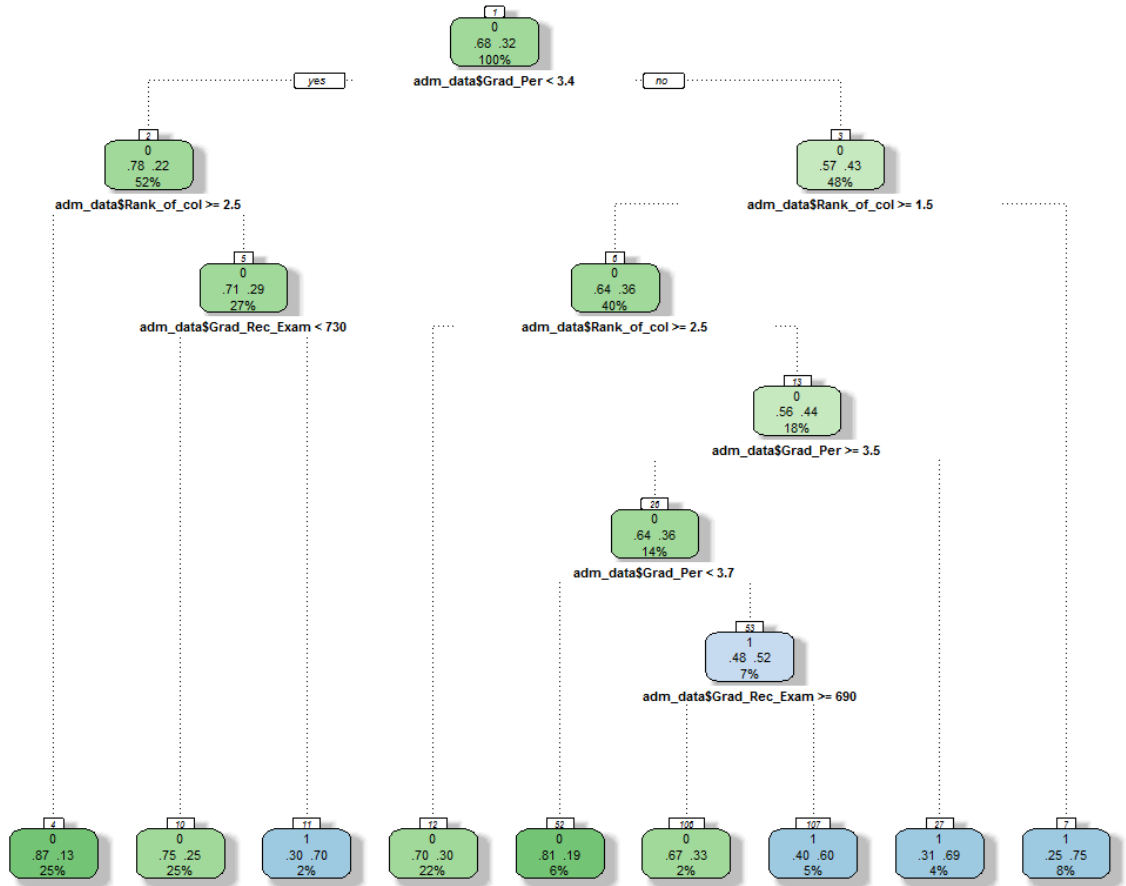


Predicted Survived LR



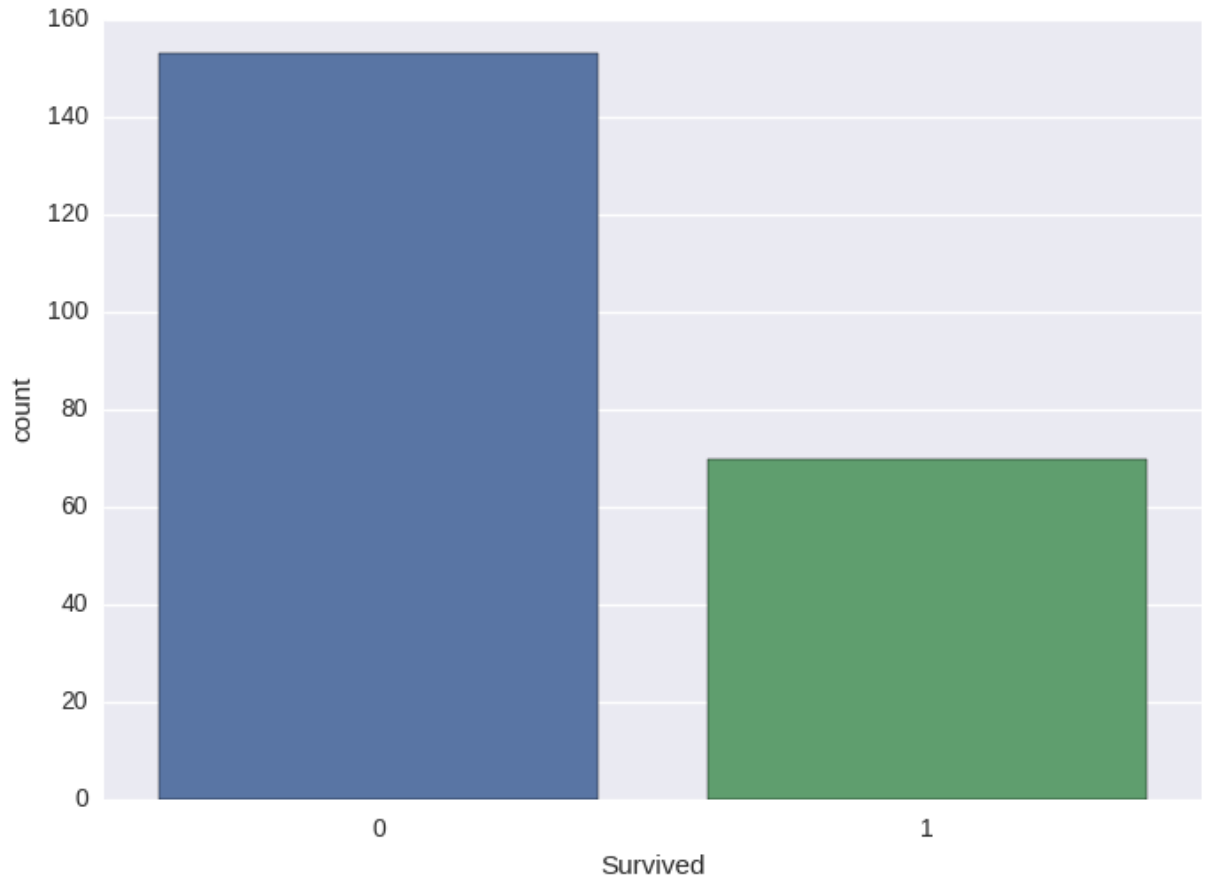
Titanic Survival prediction using SVM with TensorFlow



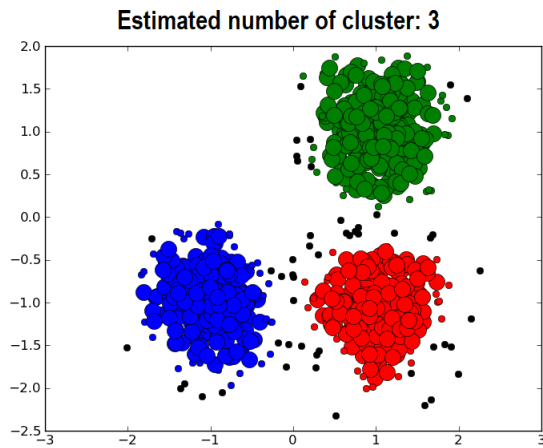
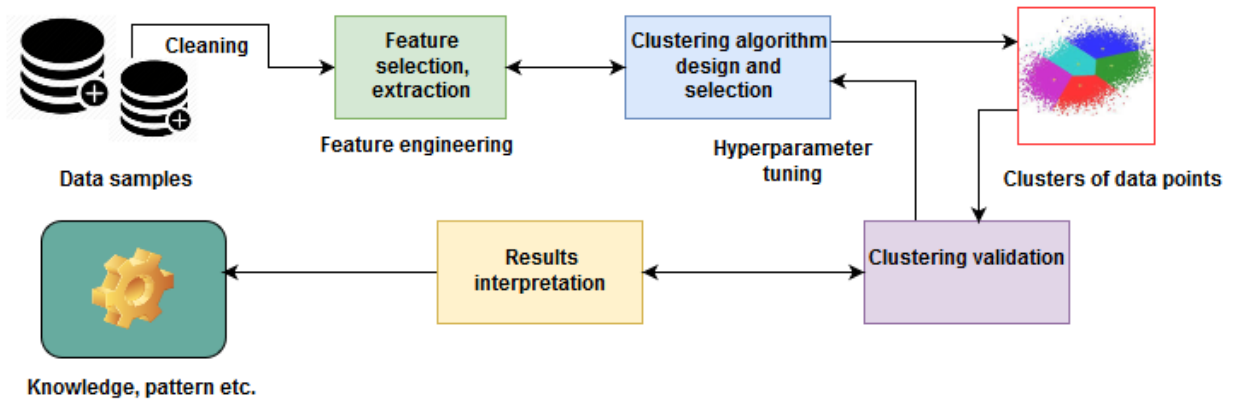


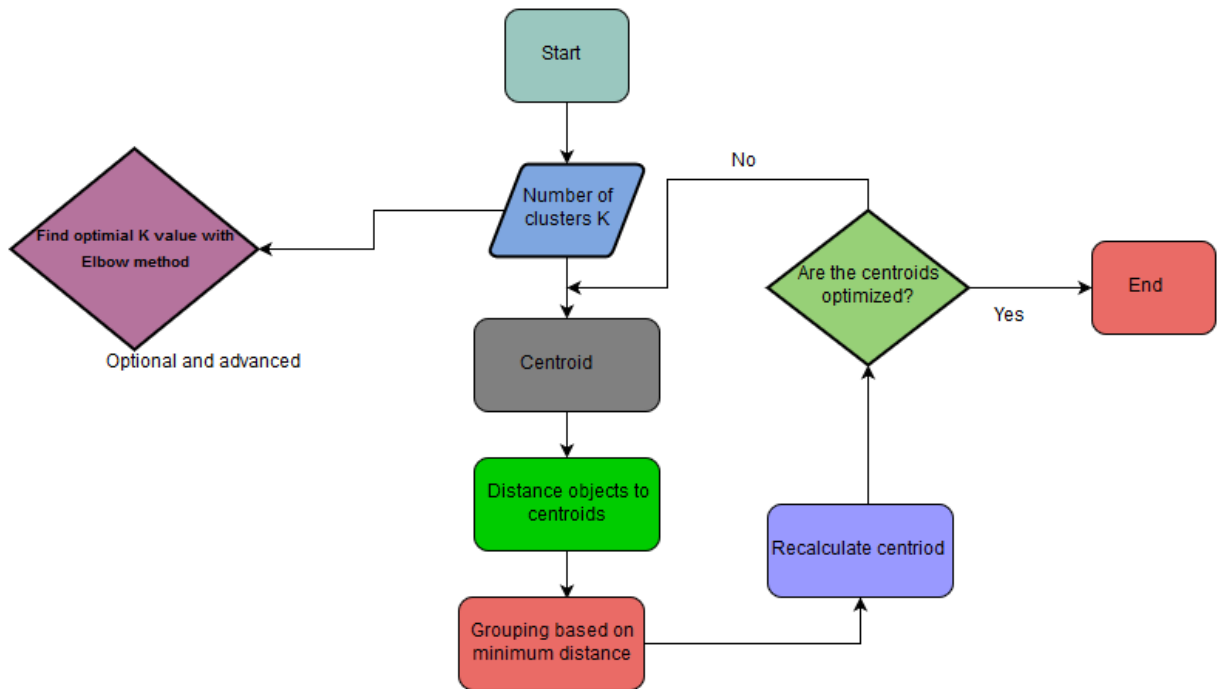
Rattle 2017-Jan-14 14:45:30 rezkar

Titanic Survival prediction using RF with TensorFlow



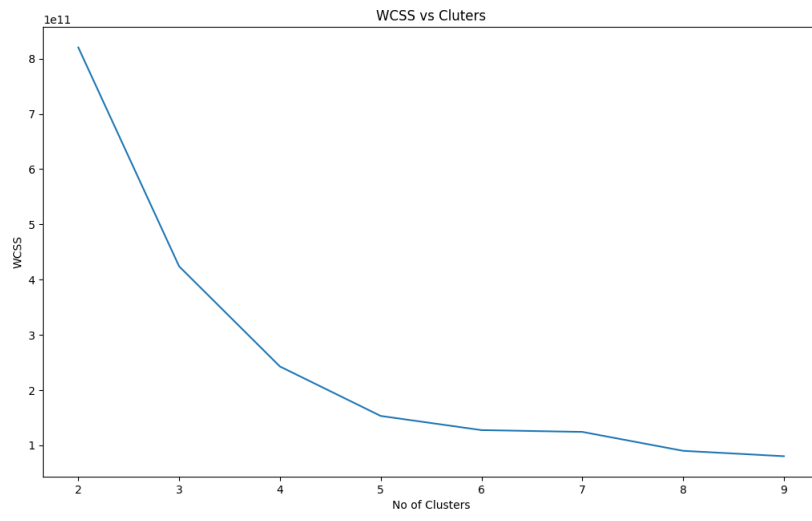
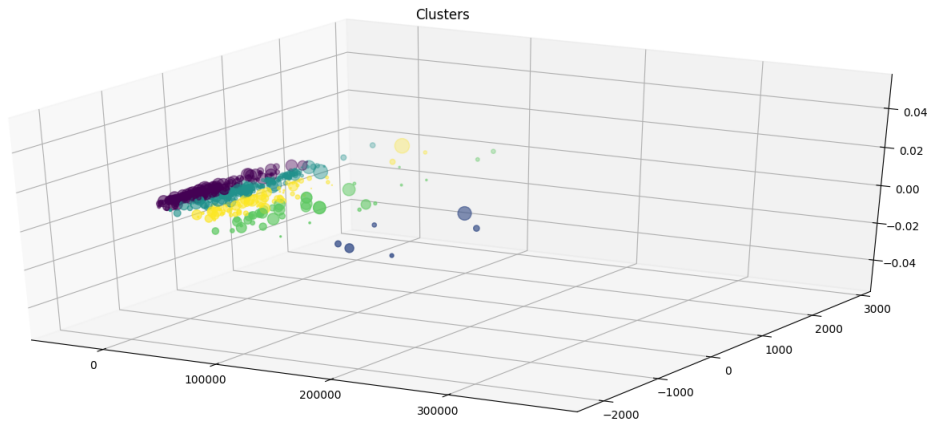
Chapter 05: Clustering Your Data Unsupervised Learning for Predictive Analytics

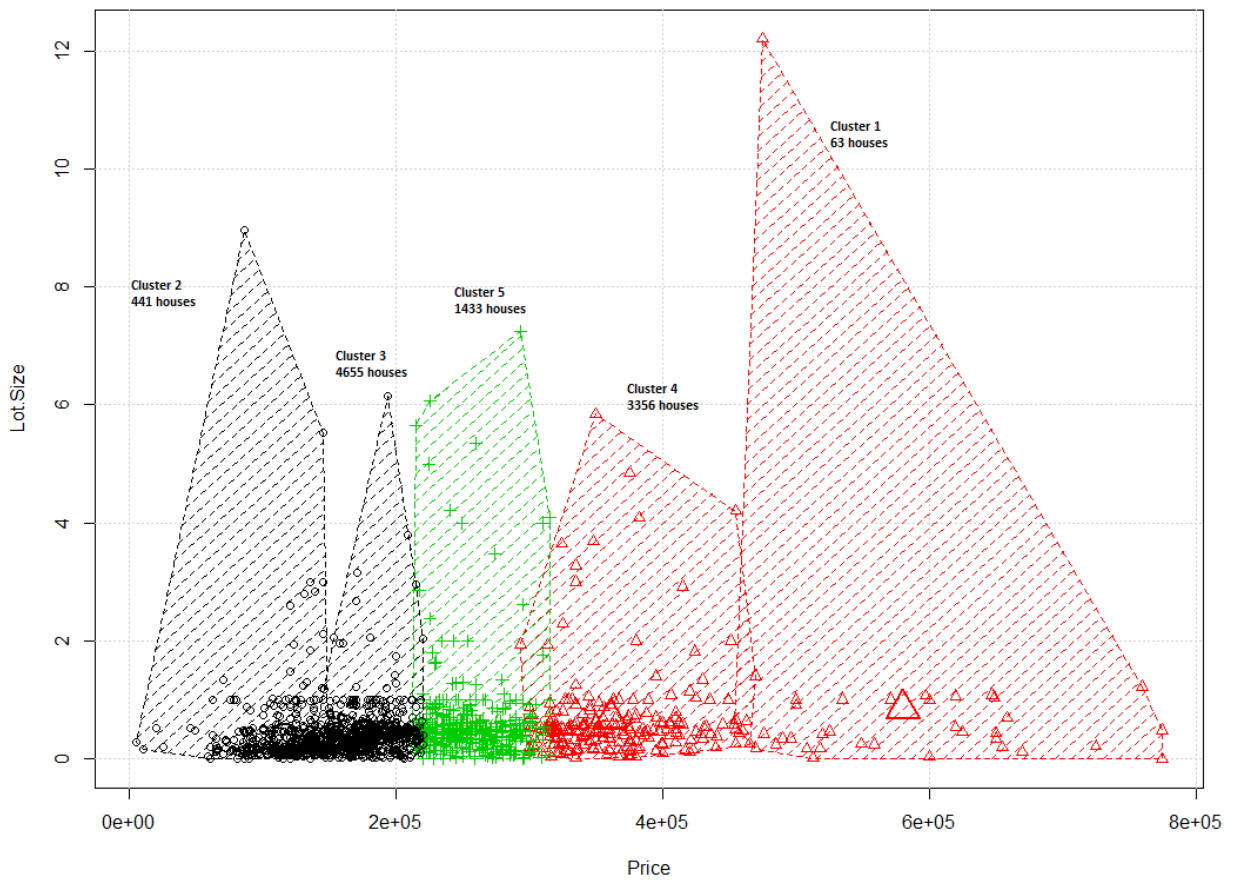


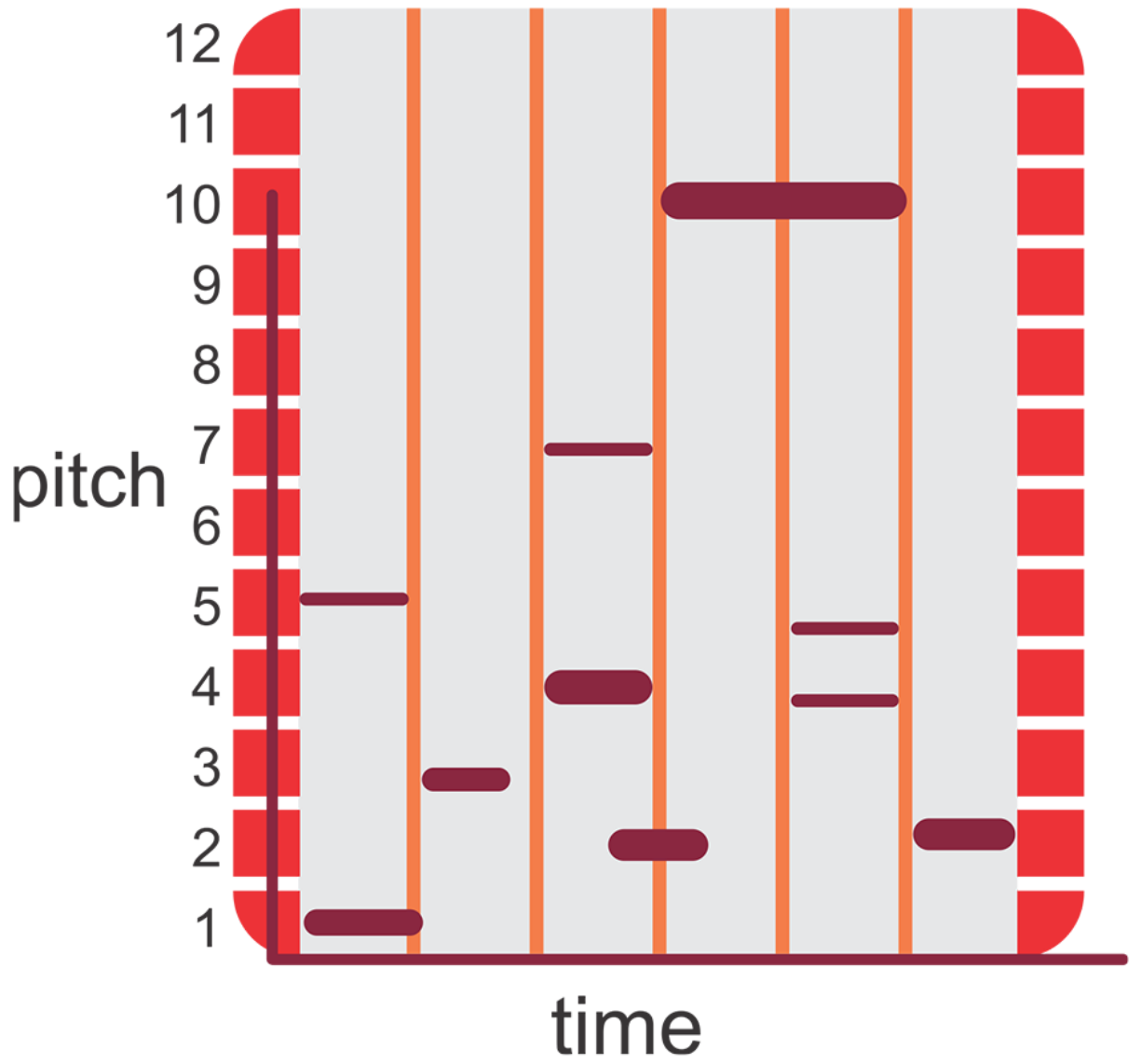


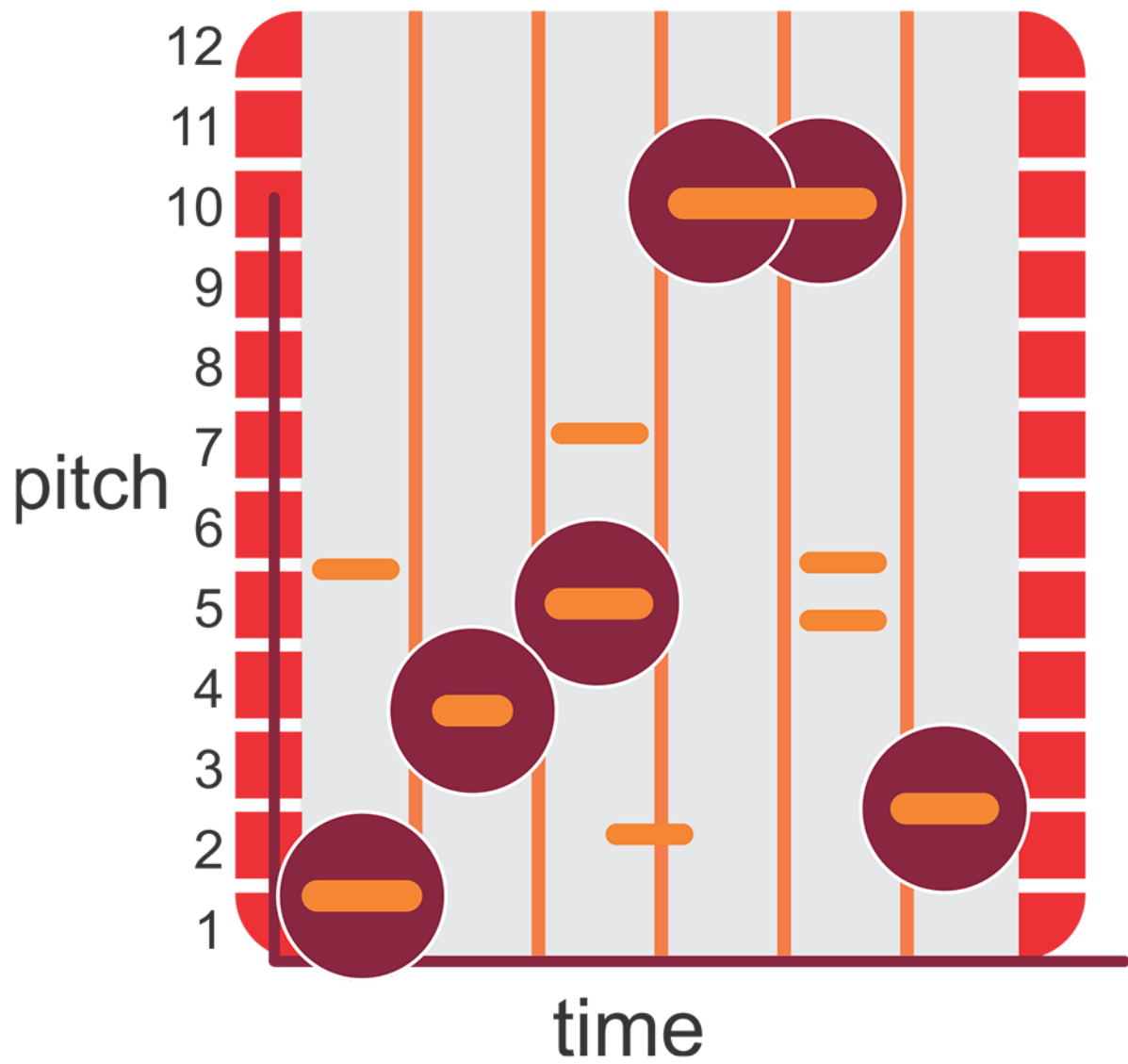
Price	LotSize	WaterFront	Age	LandValue	NewConstruct	CentralAir	FuelType	HeatType	SewerType	LivingArea	PctCollege	Bedrooms	Fireplaces	Bathrooms	rooms
132500.0	0.09	0.0	42.0	50000.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	4.0	2.0	906.0	35.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	5.0
181115.0	0.92	0.0	0.0	22300.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.0	2.0	1953.0	51.0	3.0	0.0	2.5	6.0
109000.0	0.19	0.0	133.0	7300.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	1944.0	51.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	8.0
155000.0	0.41	0.0	13.0	18700.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1944.0	51.0	3.0	1.0	1.5	5.0
86000.0	0.11	0.0	0.0	15000.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	840.0	51.0	2.0	0.0	1.0	3.0
120000.0	0.68	0.0	31.0	14000.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1152.0	22.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	8.0
153000.0	0.4	0.0	33.0	23300.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	3.0	2.0	2752.0	51.0	4.0	1.0	1.5	8.0
170000.0	1.21	0.0	23.0	14600.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	1662.0	35.0	4.0	1.0	1.5	9.0
90000.0	0.83	0.0	36.0	22200.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	4.0	2.0	1632.0	51.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	8.0
122900.0	1.94	0.0	4.0	21200.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1416.0	44.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	6.0
325000.0	2.29	0.0	123.0	12600.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	2894.0	51.0	7.0	0.0	1.0	12.0
120000.0	0.92	0.0	1.0	22300.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1624.0	51.0	3.0	0.0	2.0	6.0
85860.0	8.97	0.0	13.0	4800.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	4.0	2.0	704.0	41.0	2.0	0.0	1.0	4.0
97000.0	0.11	0.0	153.0	3100.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	1383.0	57.0	3.0	0.0	2.0	5.0
127000.0	0.14	0.0	9.0	300.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	1300.0	41.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	8.0
89900.0	0.0	0.0	88.0	2500.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	936.0	57.0	3.0	0.0	1.0	4.0
155000.0	0.13	0.0	9.0	300.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	1300.0	41.0	3.0	0.0	1.5	7.0
253750.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	49800.0	0.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	2816.0	71.0	4.0	1.0	2.5	12.0
60000.0	0.21	0.0	82.0	8500.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	3.0	2.0	924.0	35.0	2.0	0.0	1.0	6.0
87500.0	0.88	0.0	17.0	19400.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	1092.0	35.0	3.0	0.0	1.0	6.0

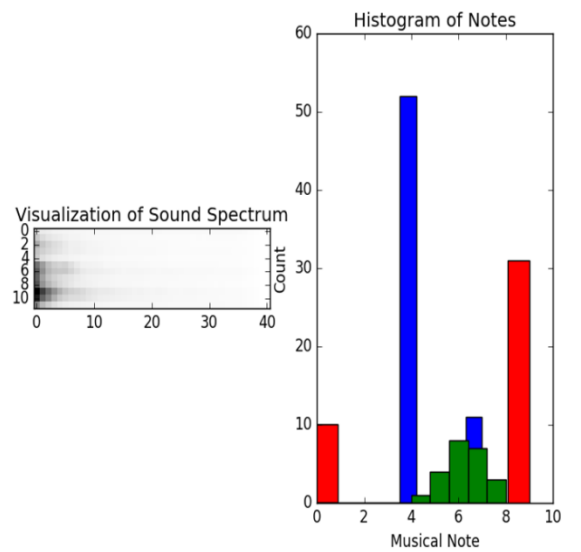
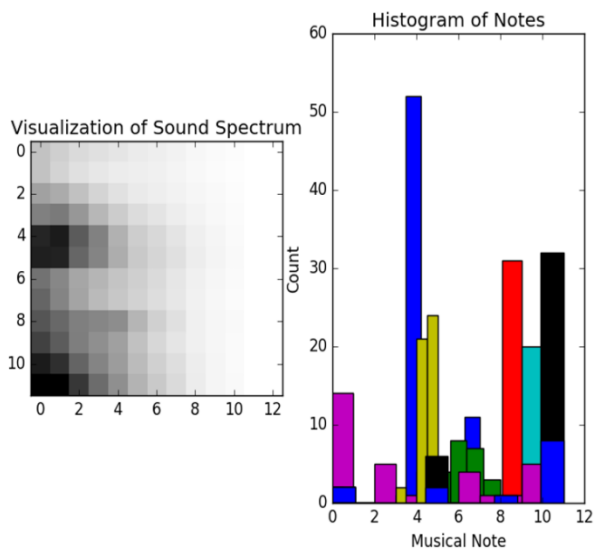
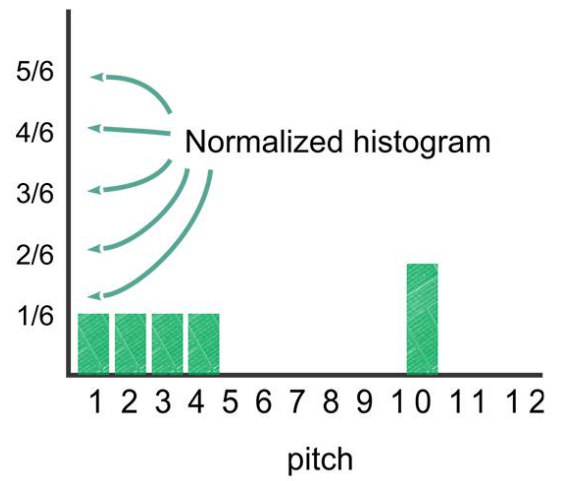
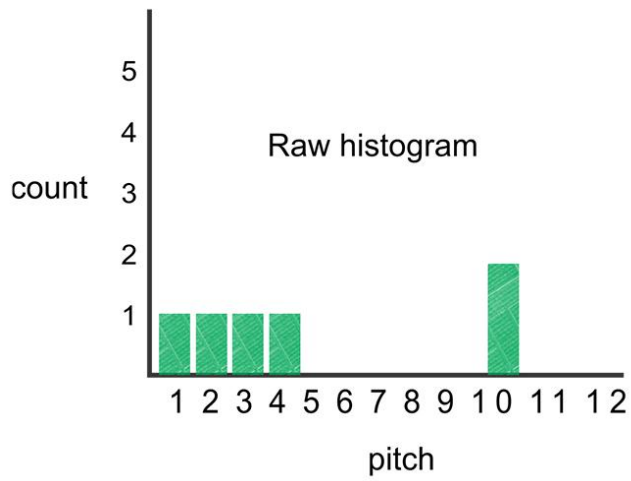
only showing top 20 rows

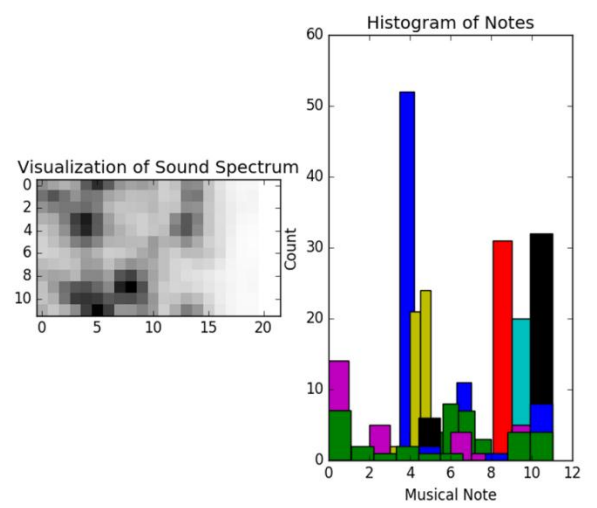
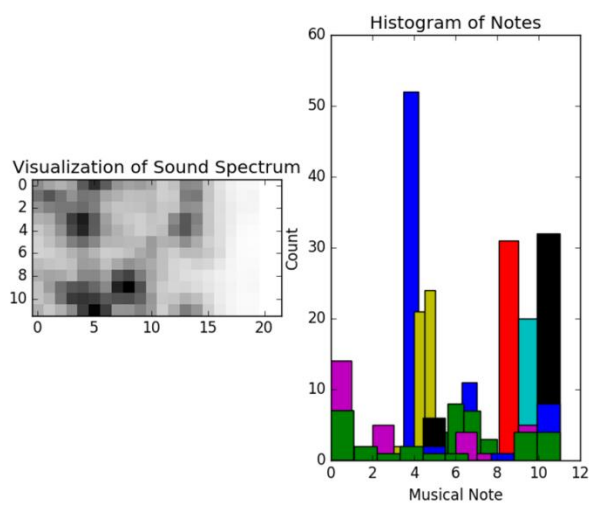
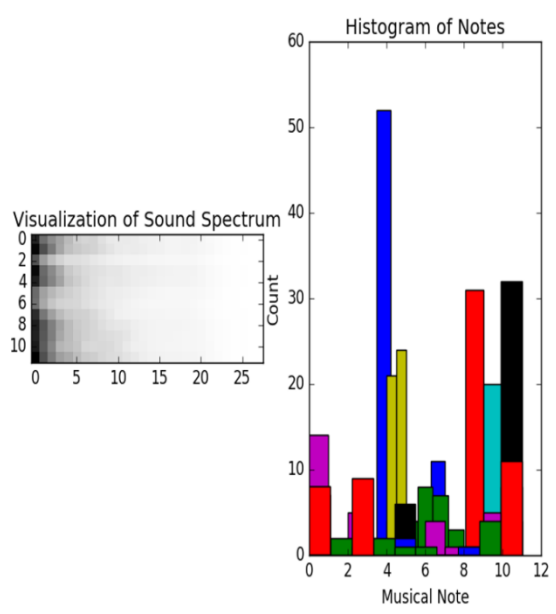
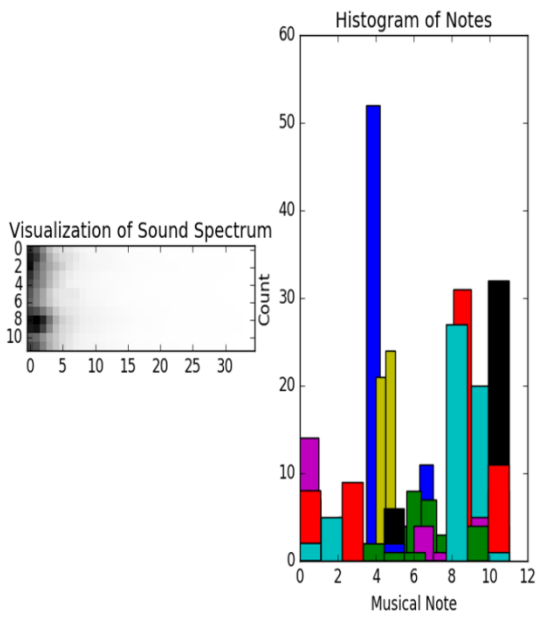


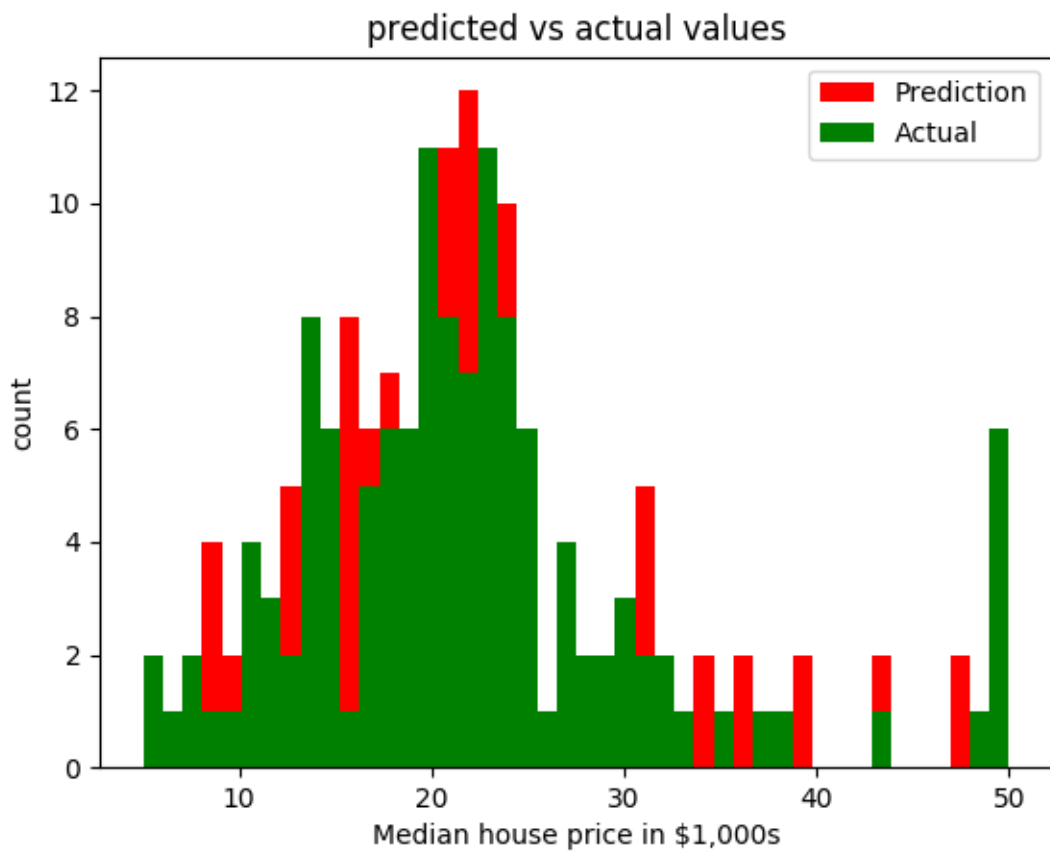
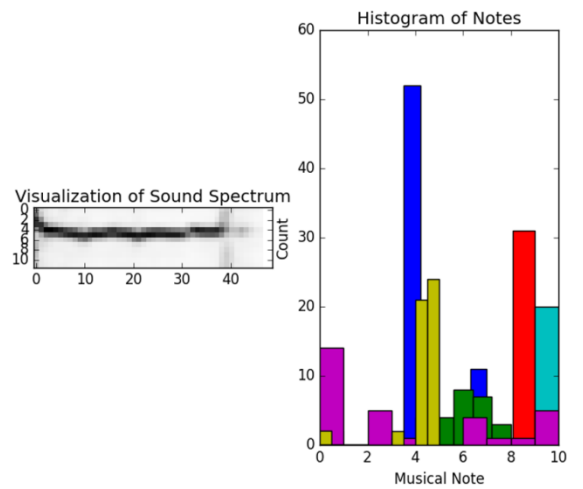
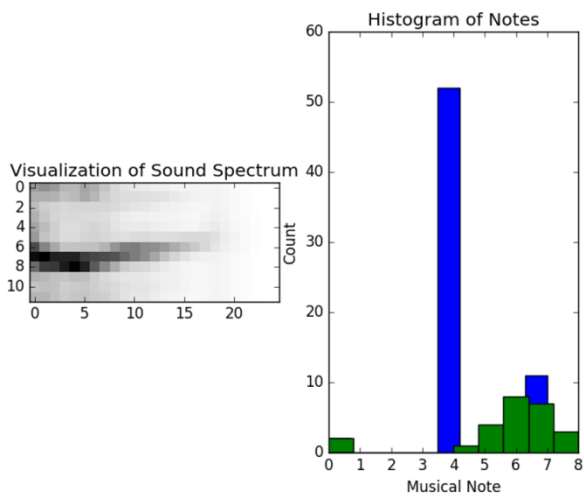




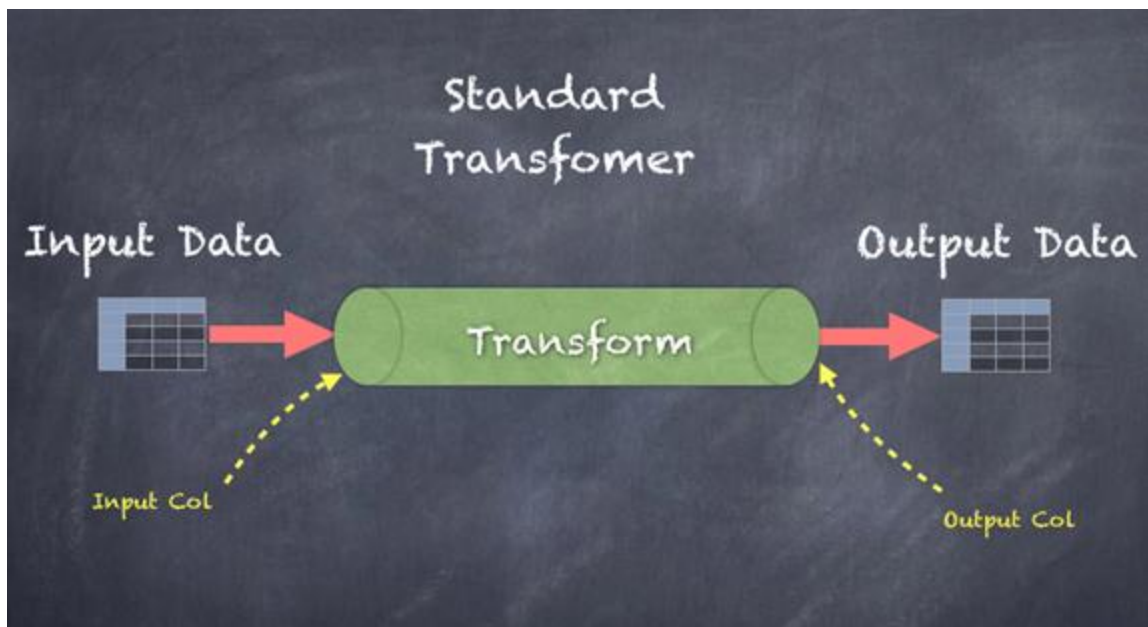
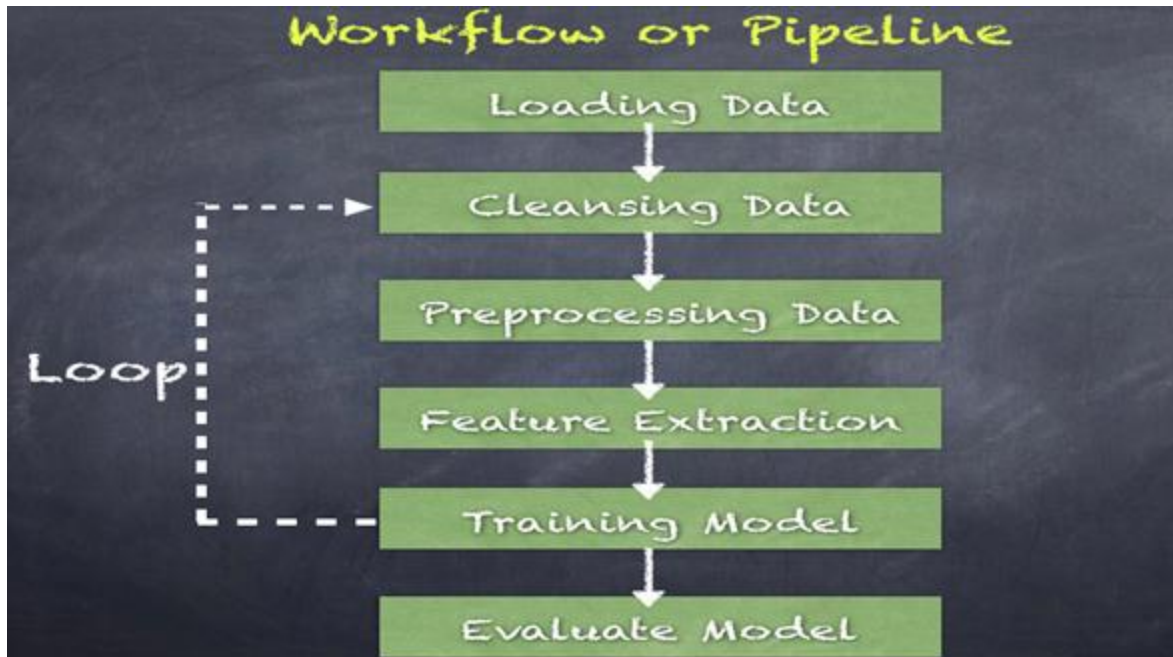


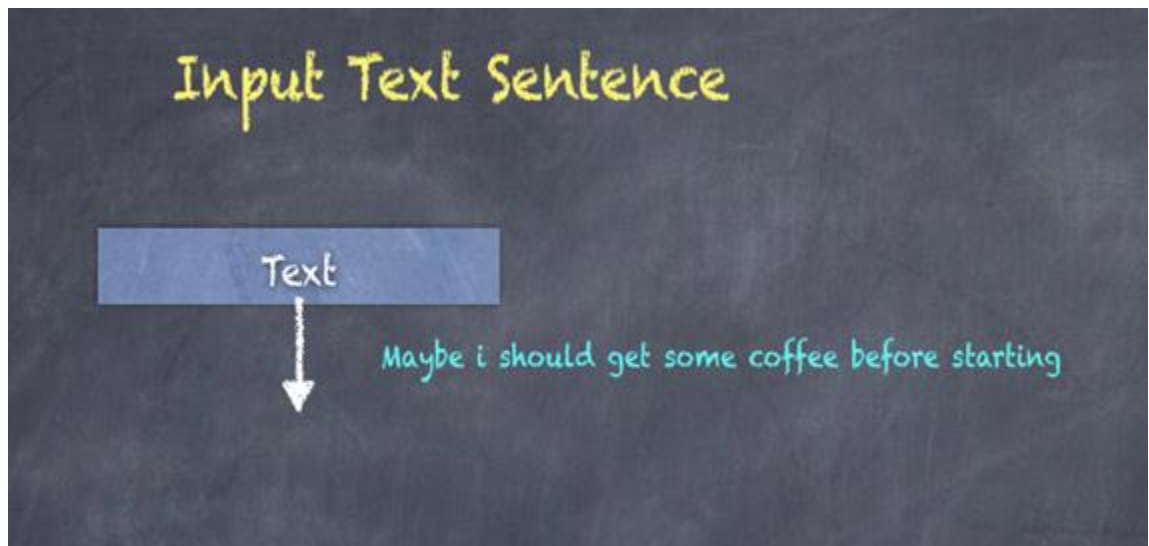
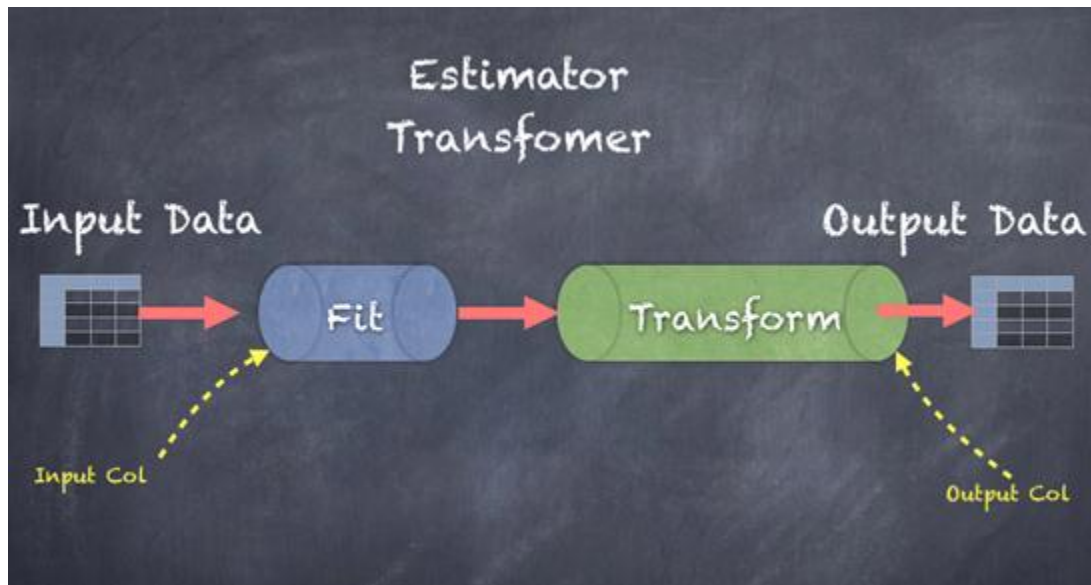




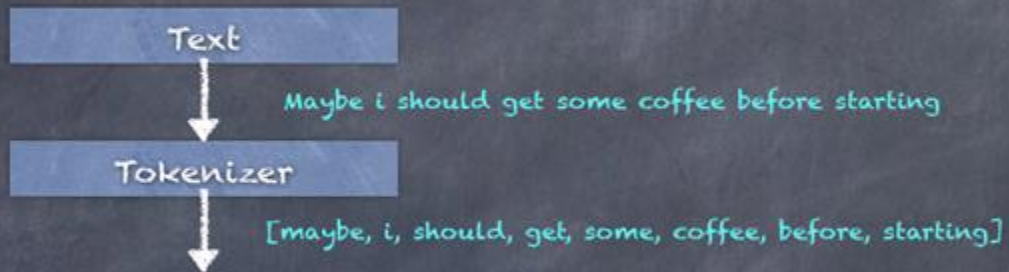


Chapter 06: Predictive Analytics Pipelines for NLP

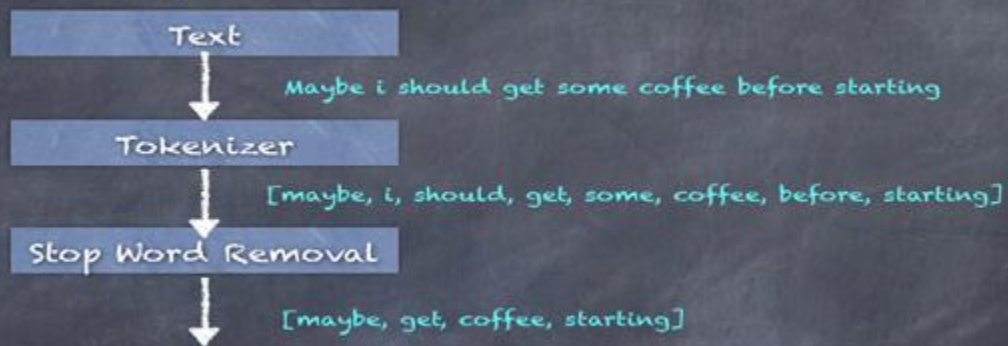




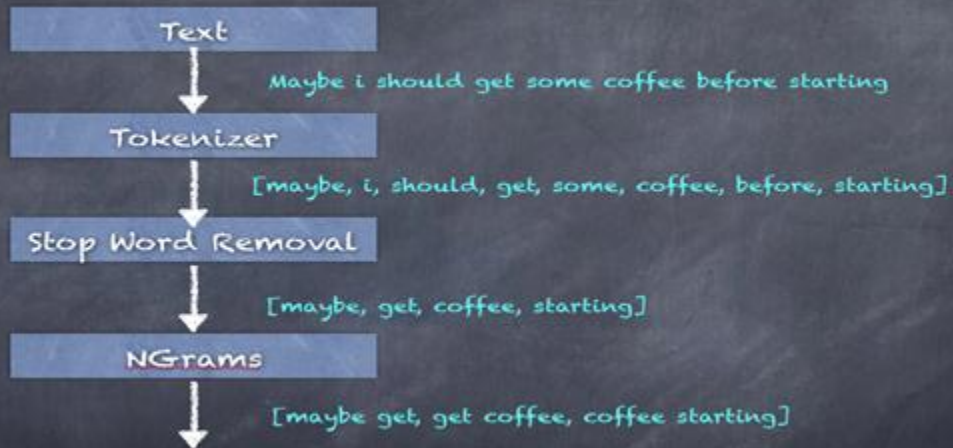
Space delimited Tokenizer



Stop word removal



N-Grams with N = 2



Dear Dr Pape,

My client is looking for a Java developer.
Are you ready for the next challenge?
Call me: +49(0)40XXX-XXX-XXX-XX

Yours faithfully,
XYZ

SPAM

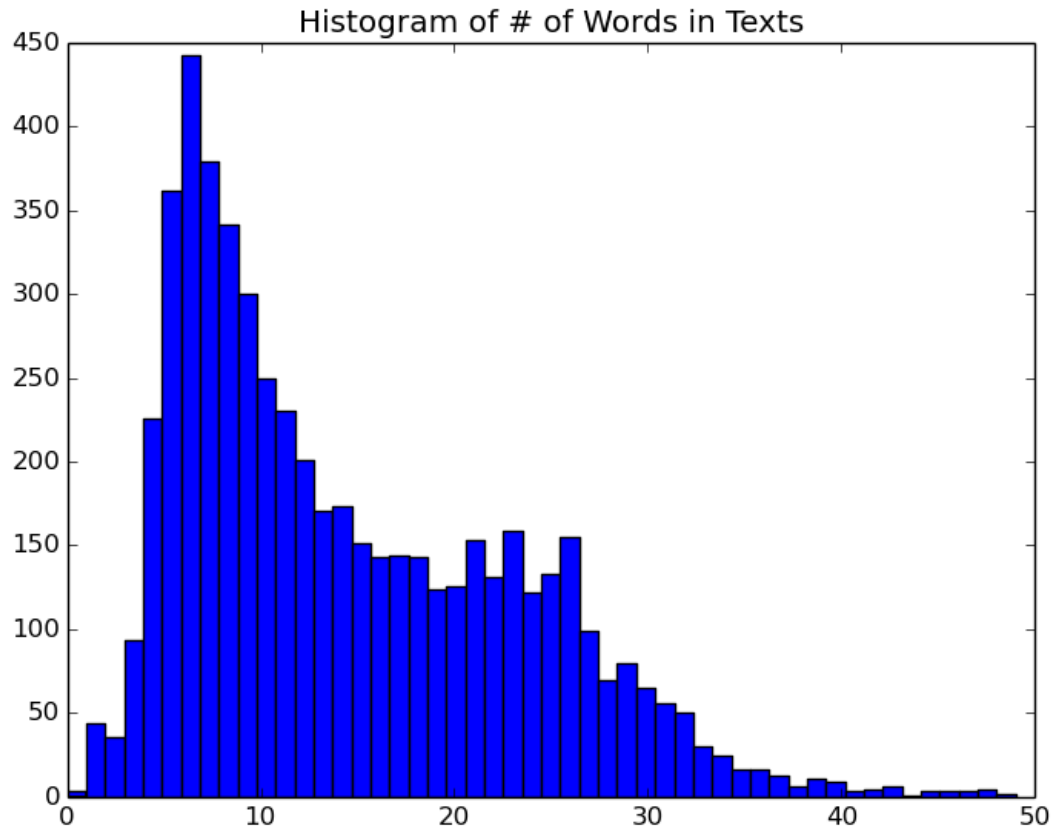
VS.

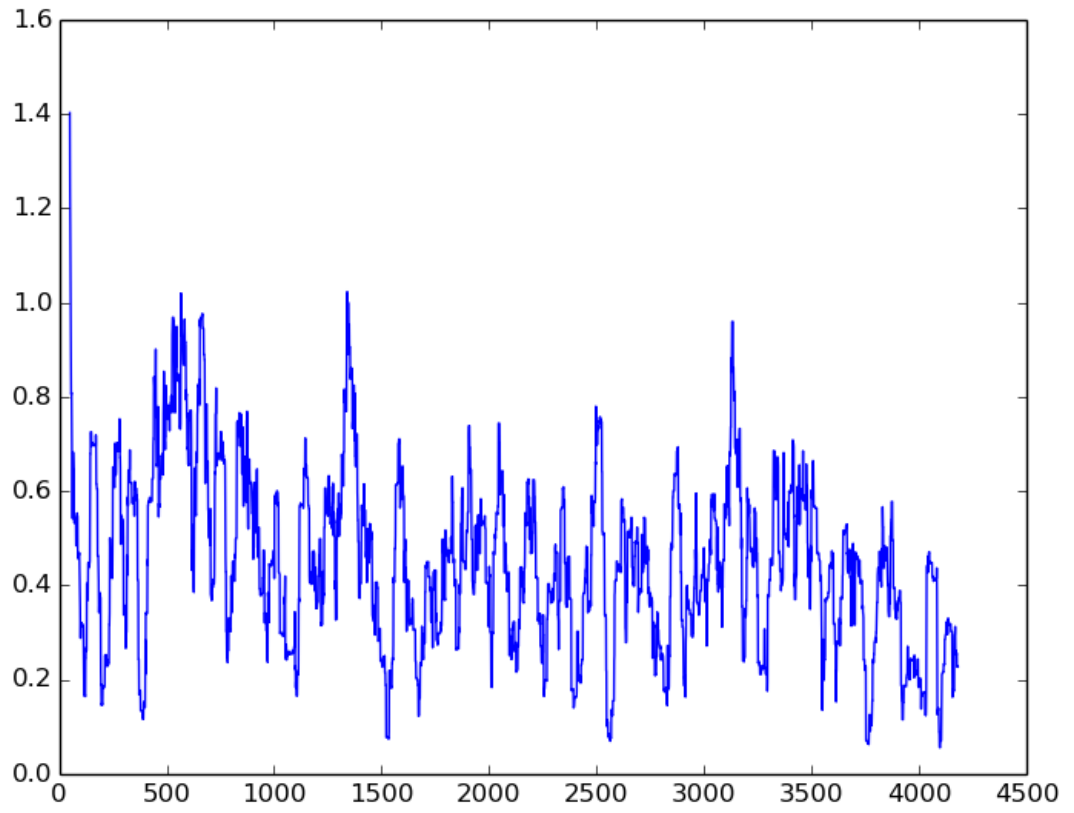
Hey Daniel,

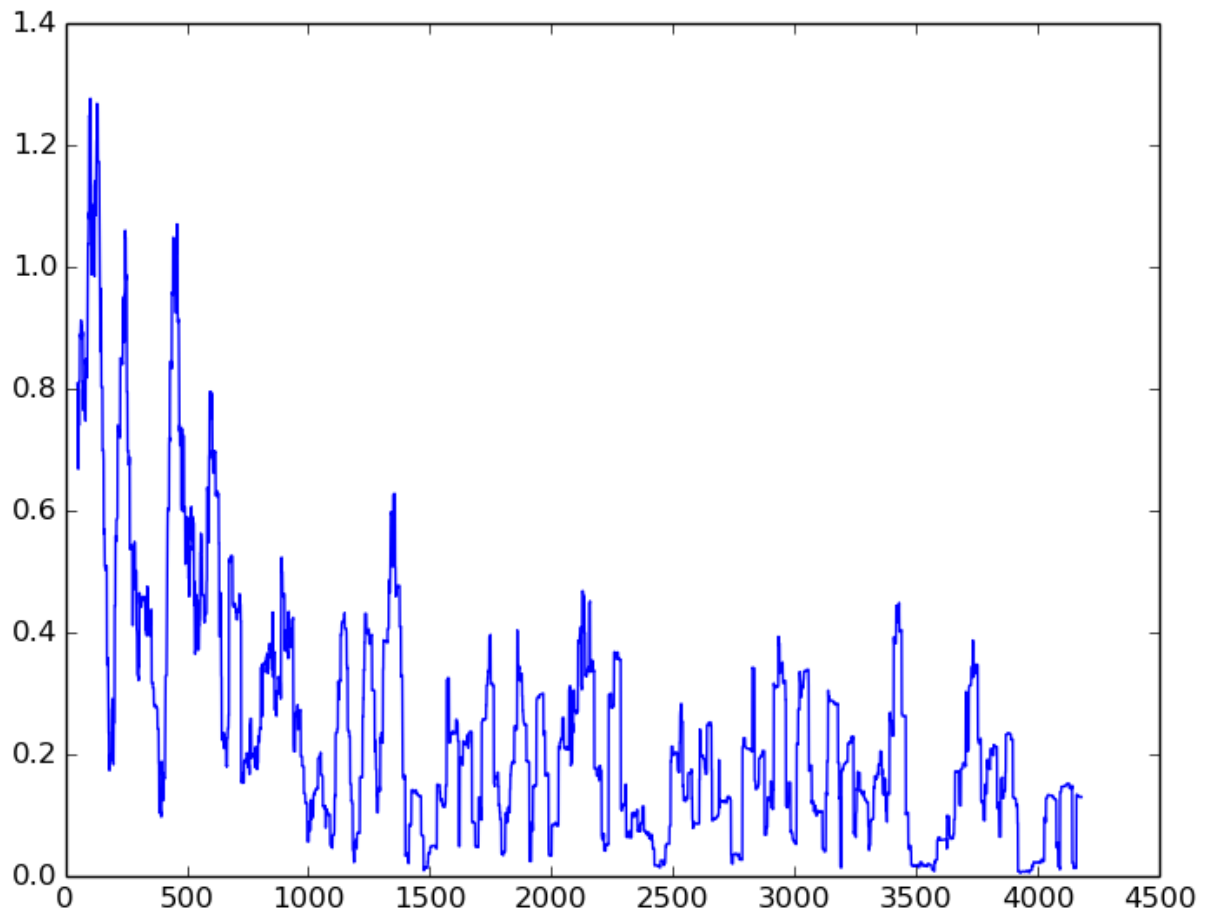
Thanks again for the talk at yesterdays
meetup. I think I've found an answer to
the wanted to share...

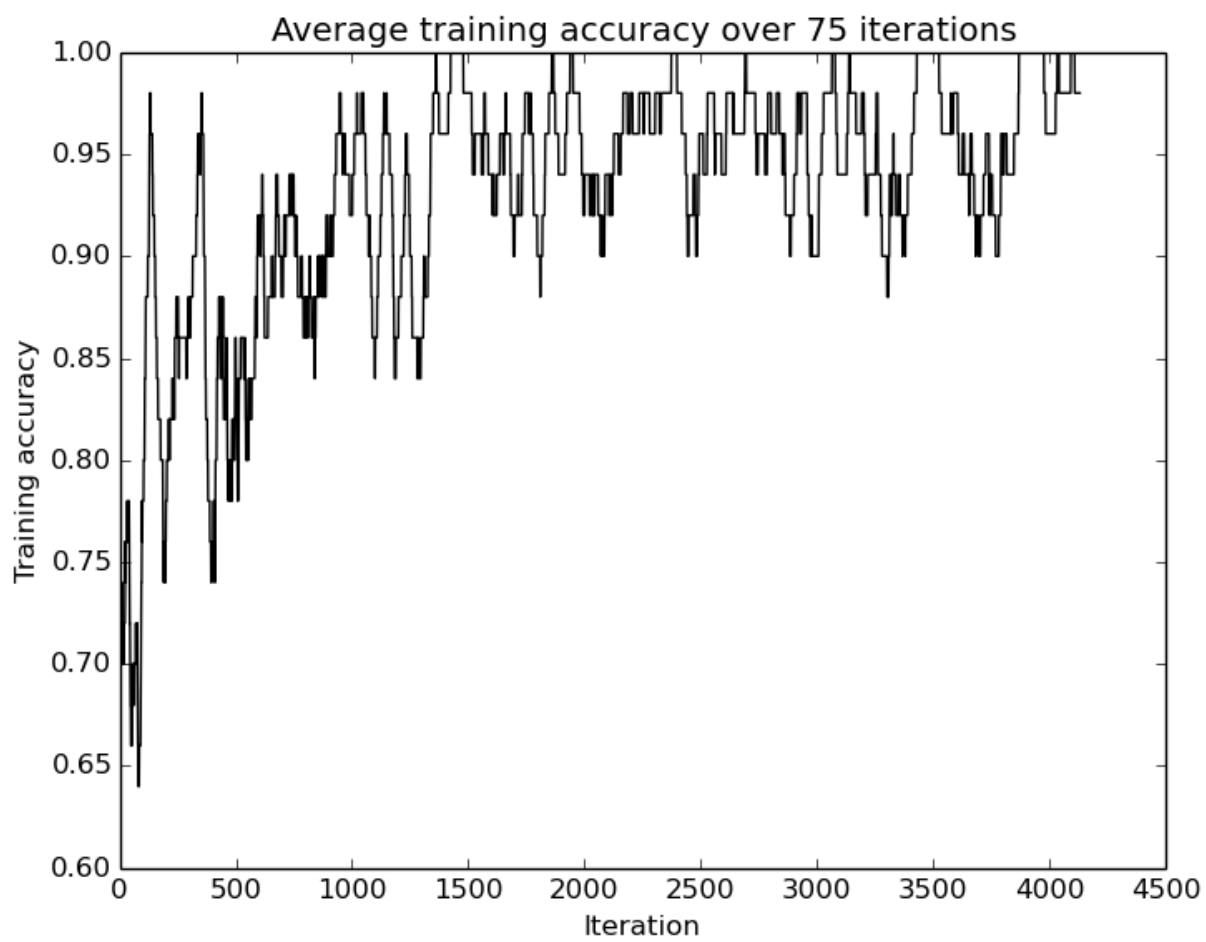
Yours,
XYZ

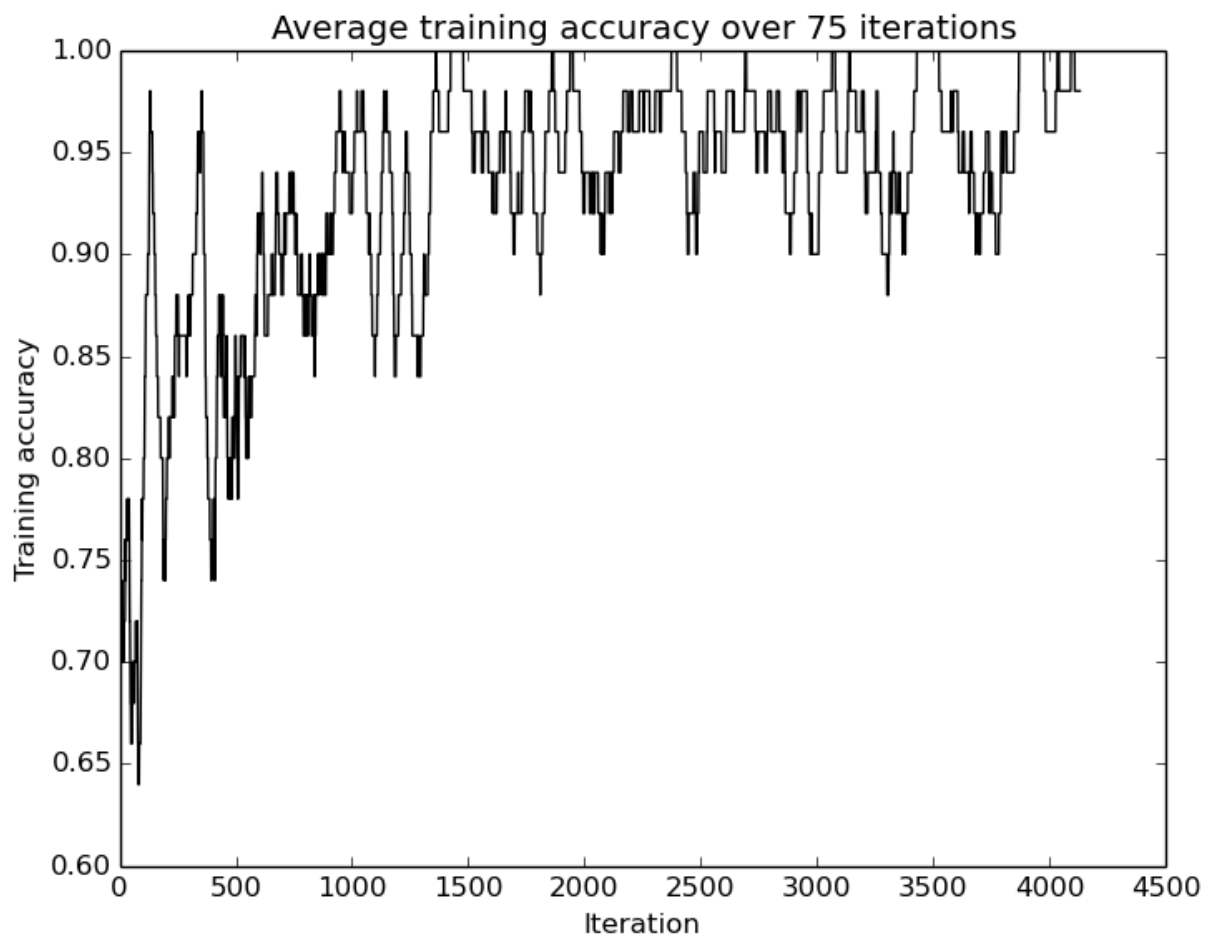
HAM



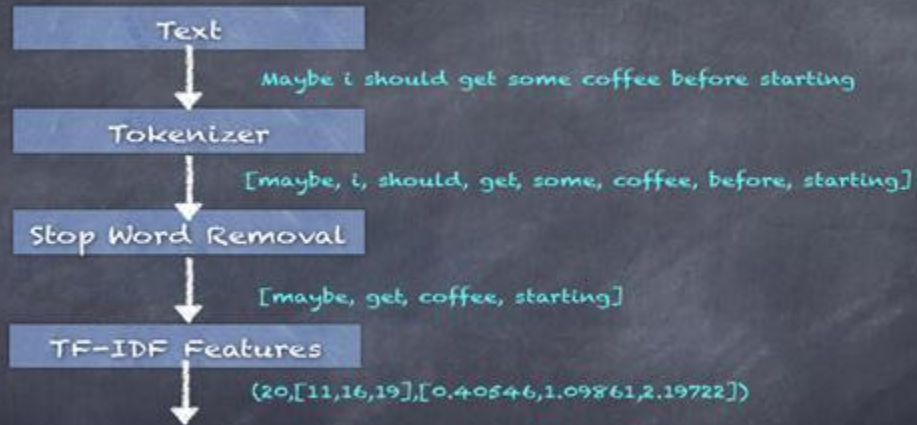


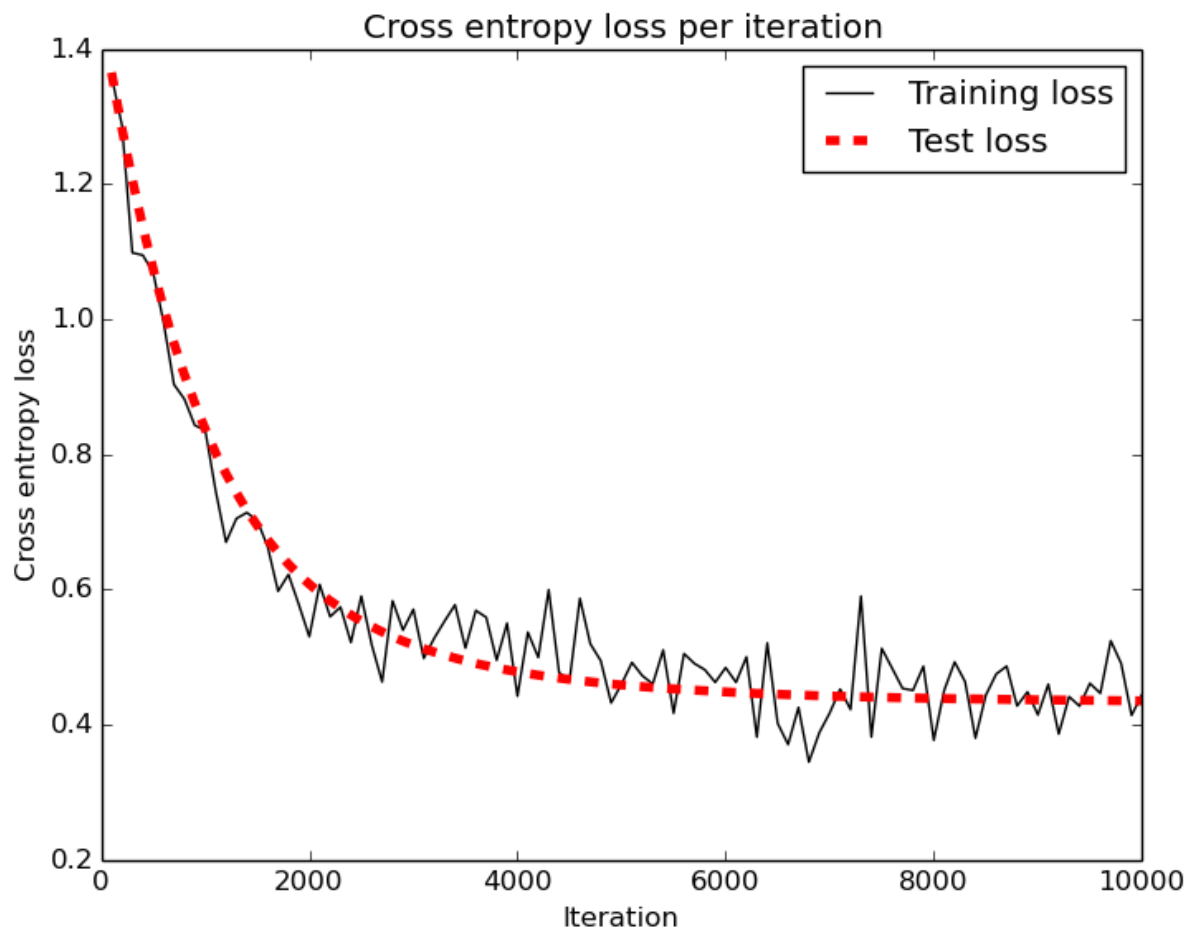




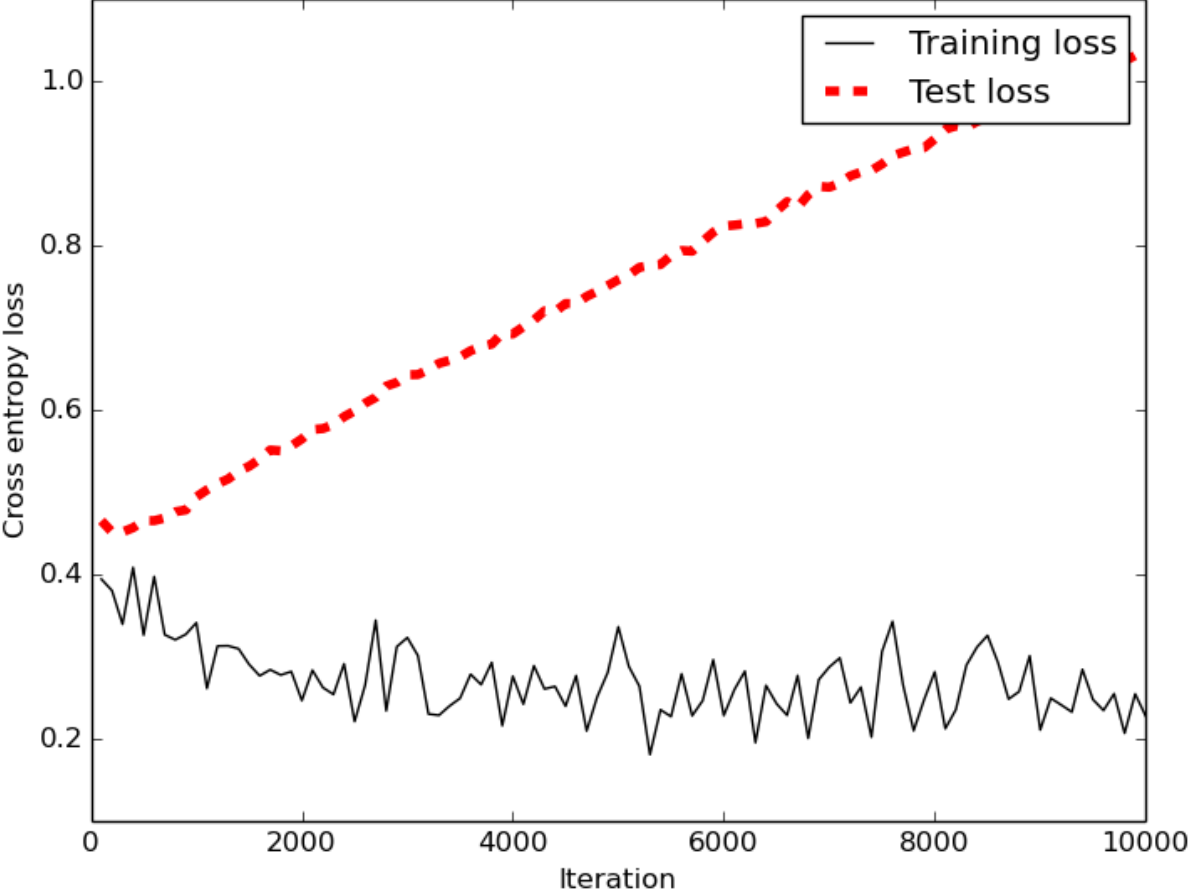


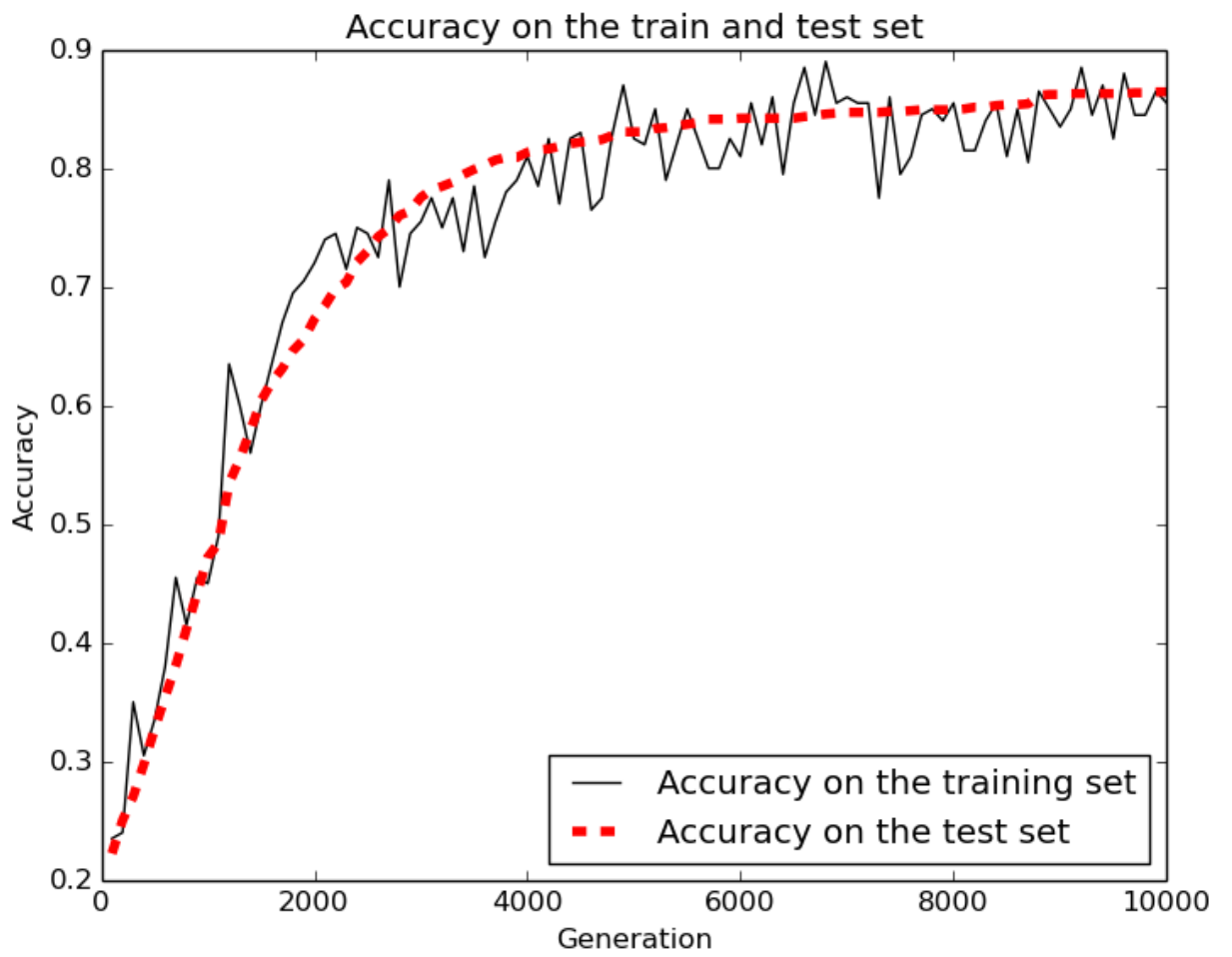
TF-IDF Features

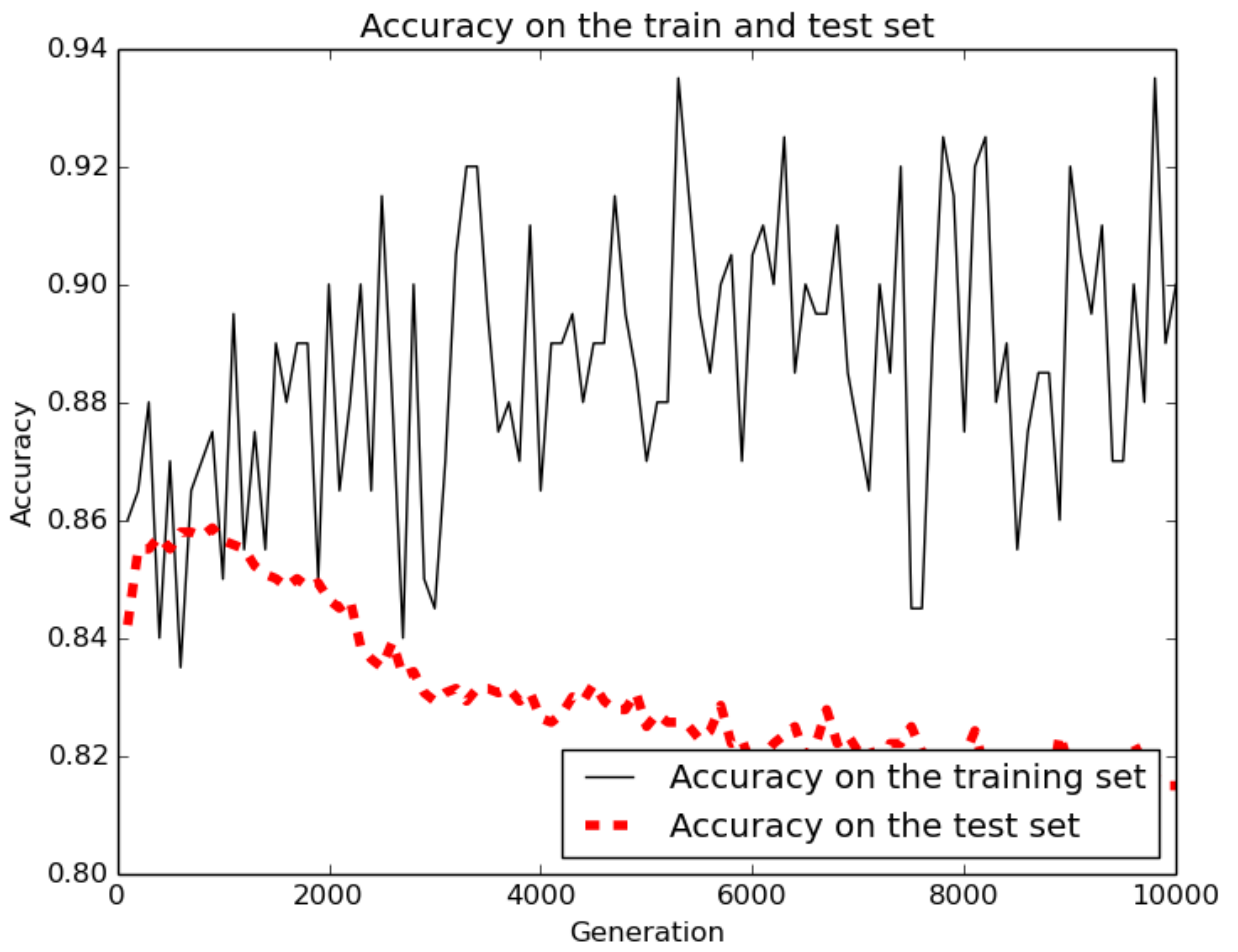


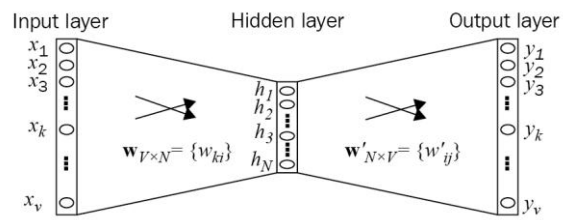
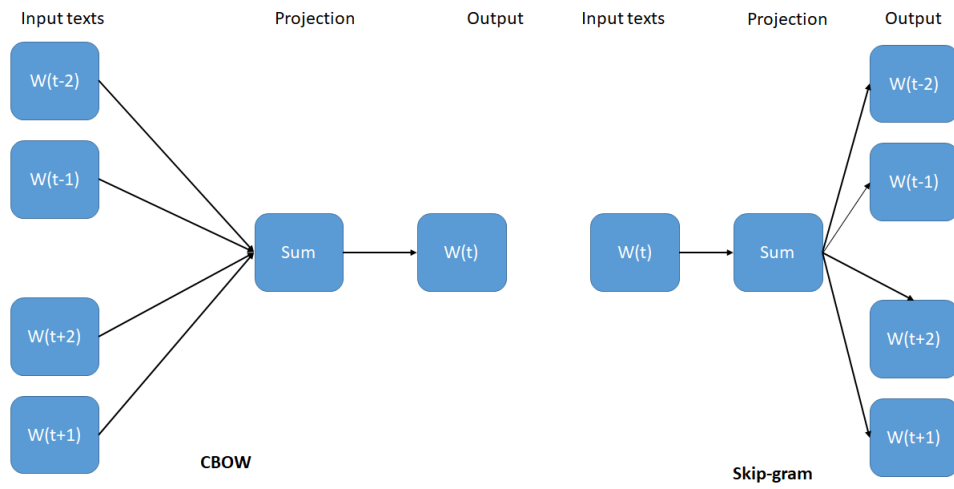


Cross entropy loss per iteration

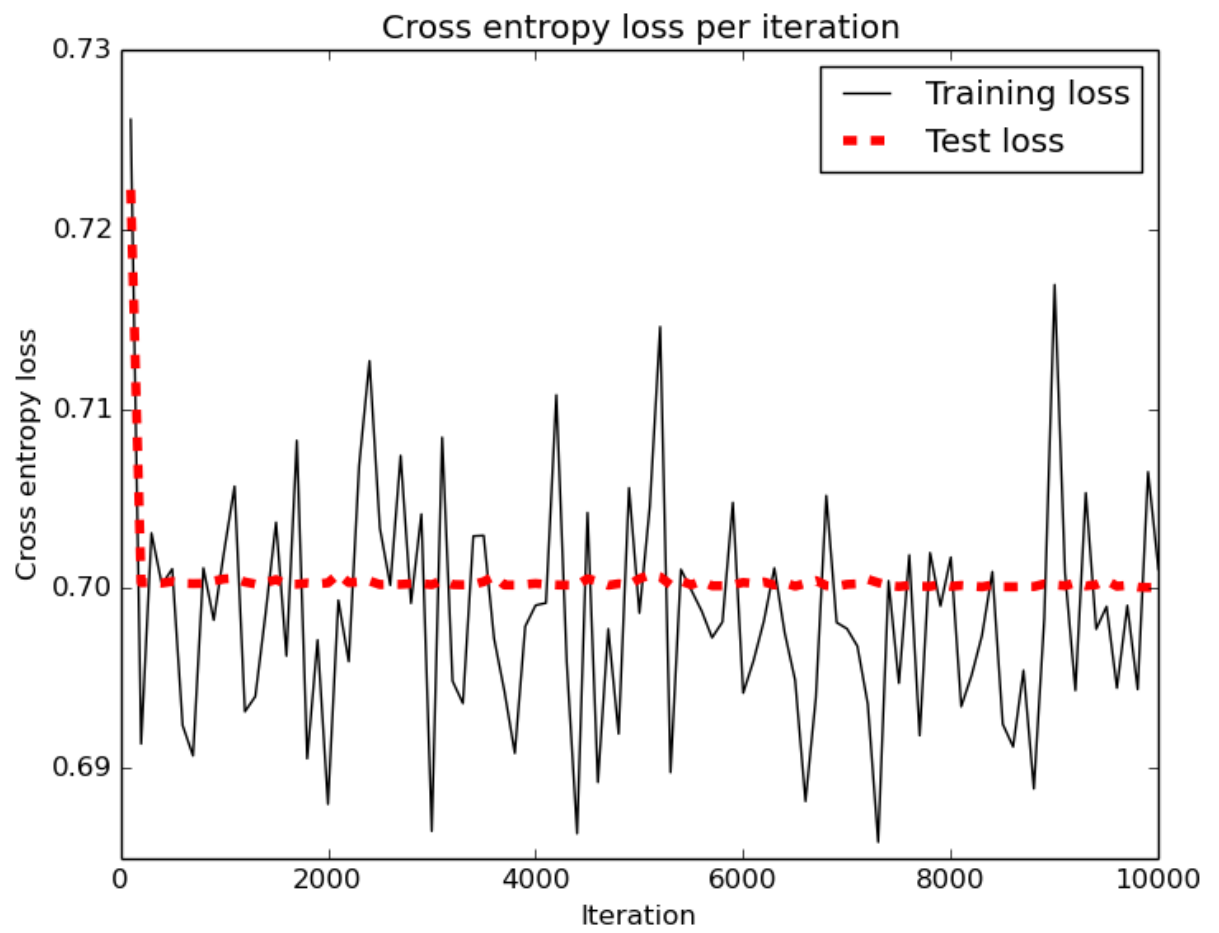


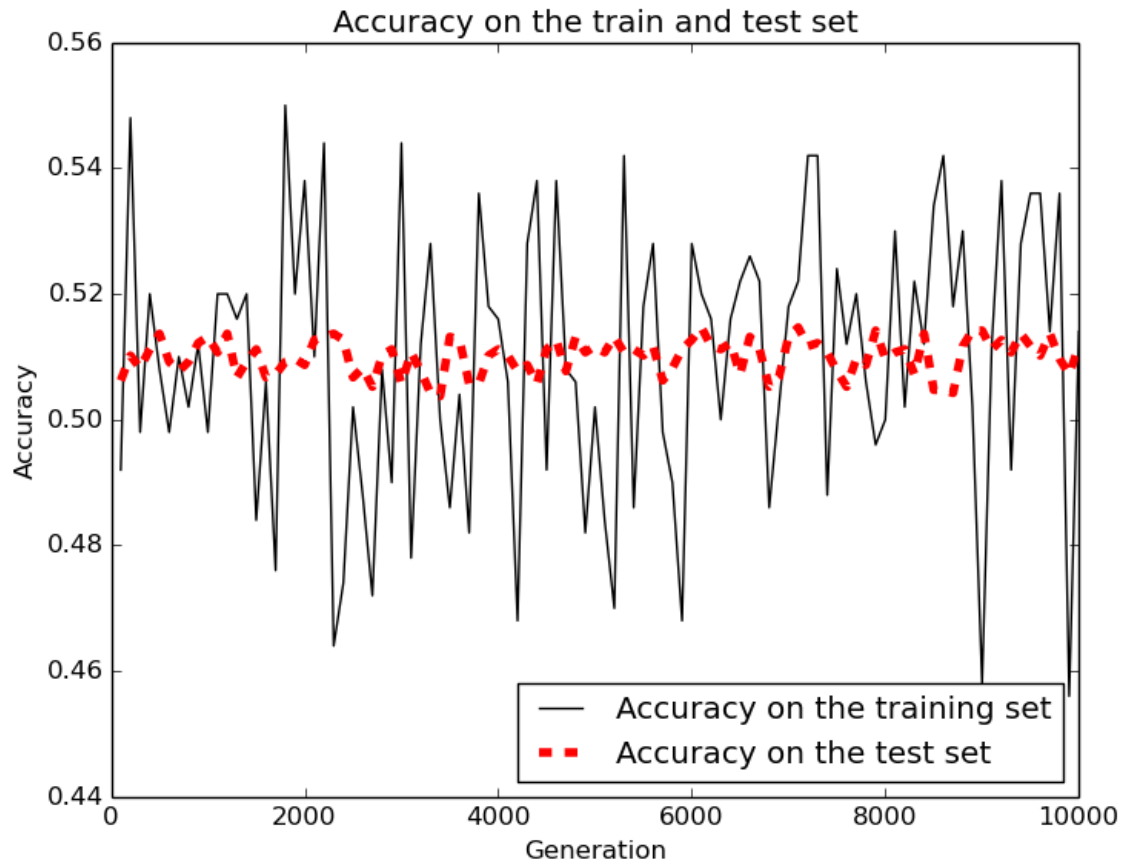




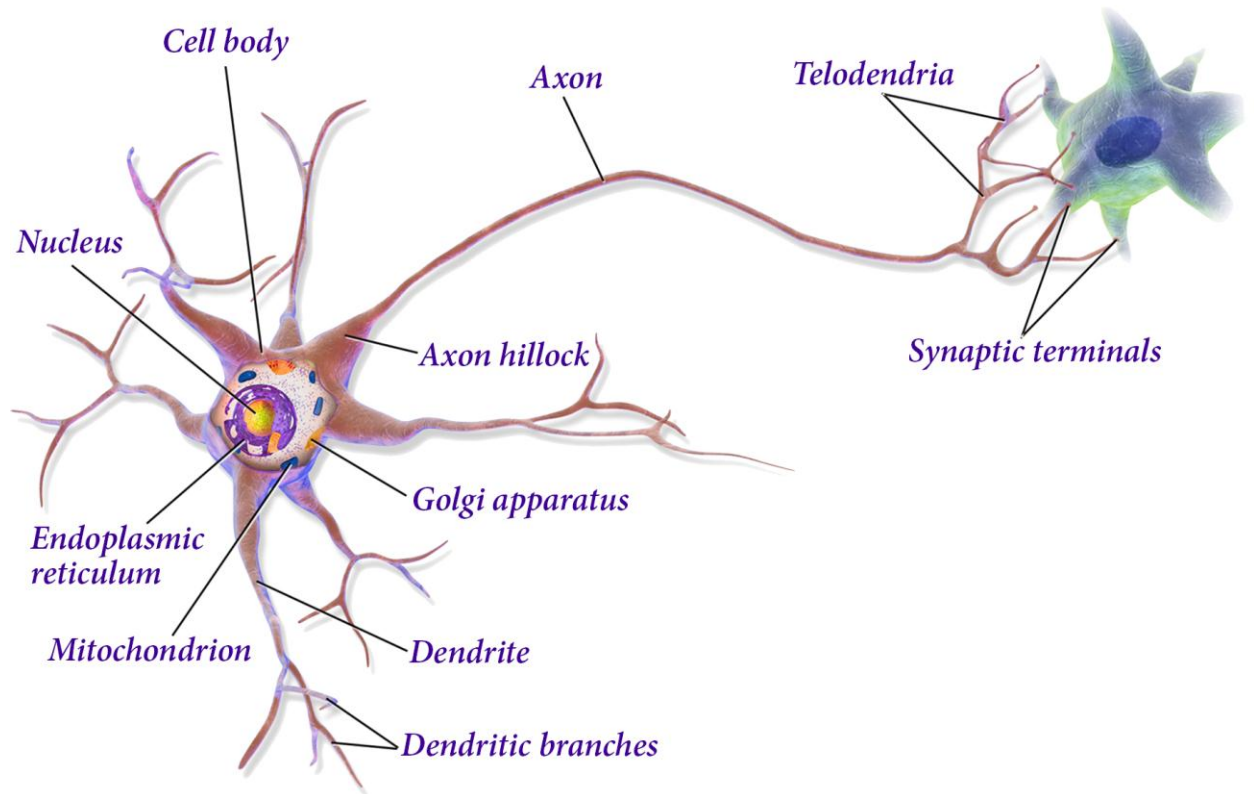


$$[0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0] \times \begin{bmatrix} 17 & 24 & 1 \\ 23 & 5 & 7 \\ 4 & 6 & 13 \\ 10 & 12 & 19 \\ 11 & 18 & 25 \end{bmatrix} = [10 \ 12 \ 19]$$

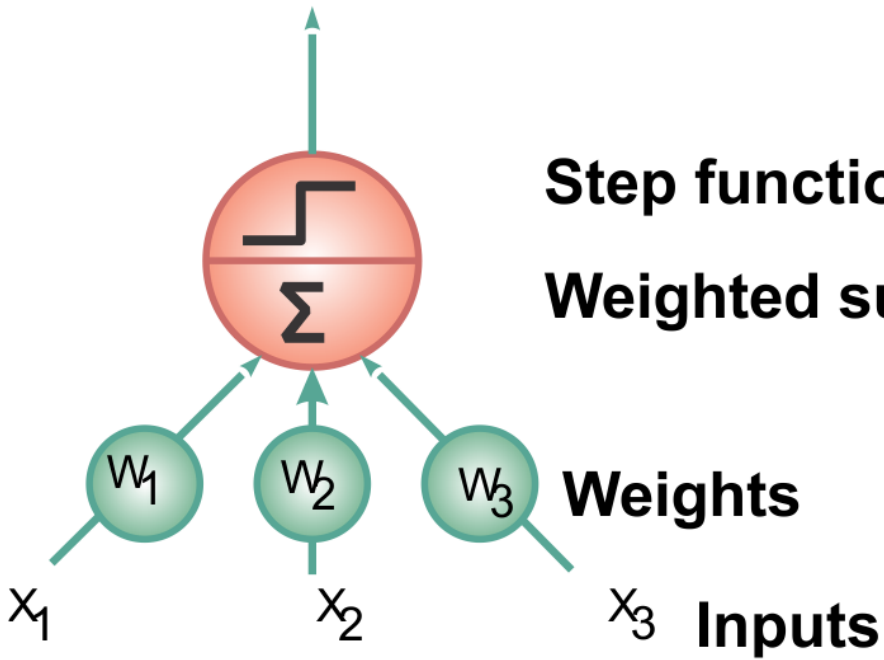




Chapter 07: Using Deep Neural Networks for Predictive Analytics

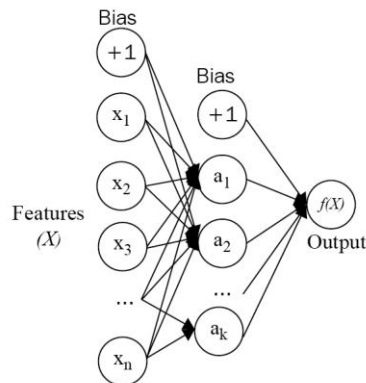
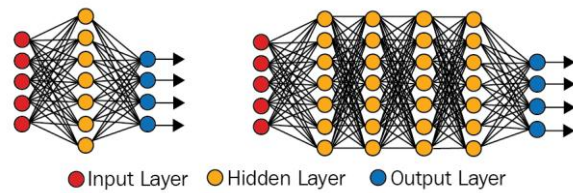
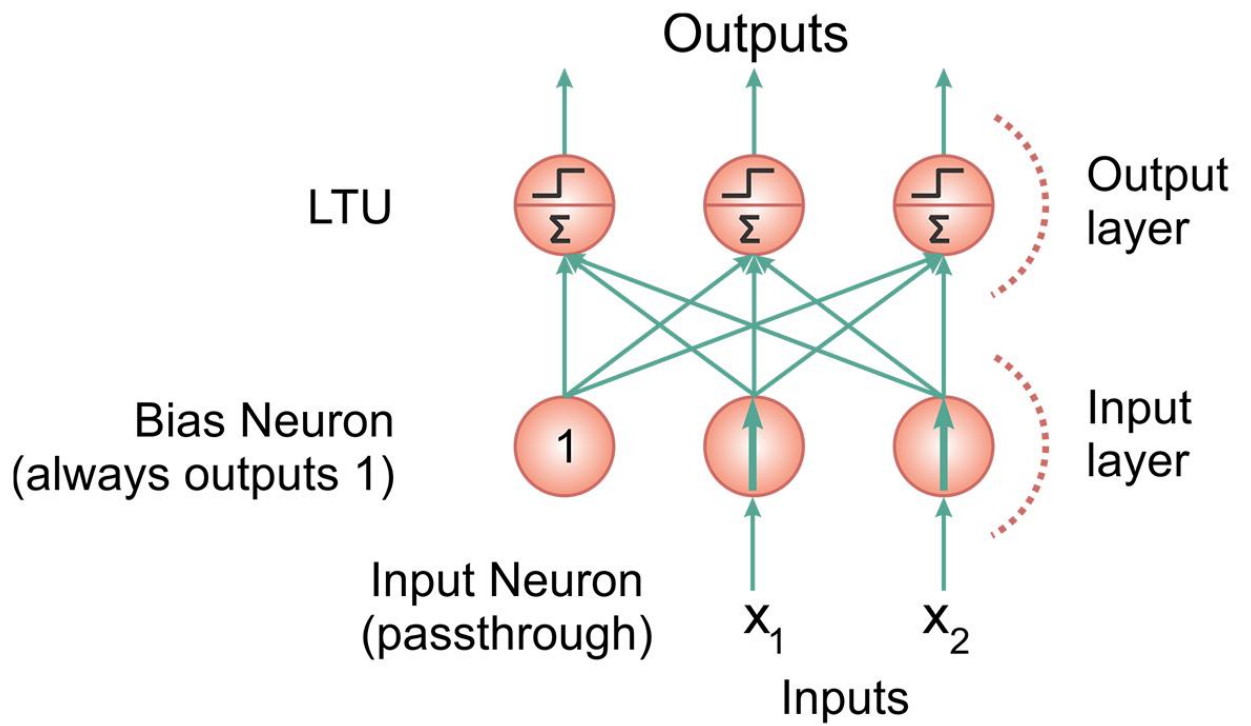


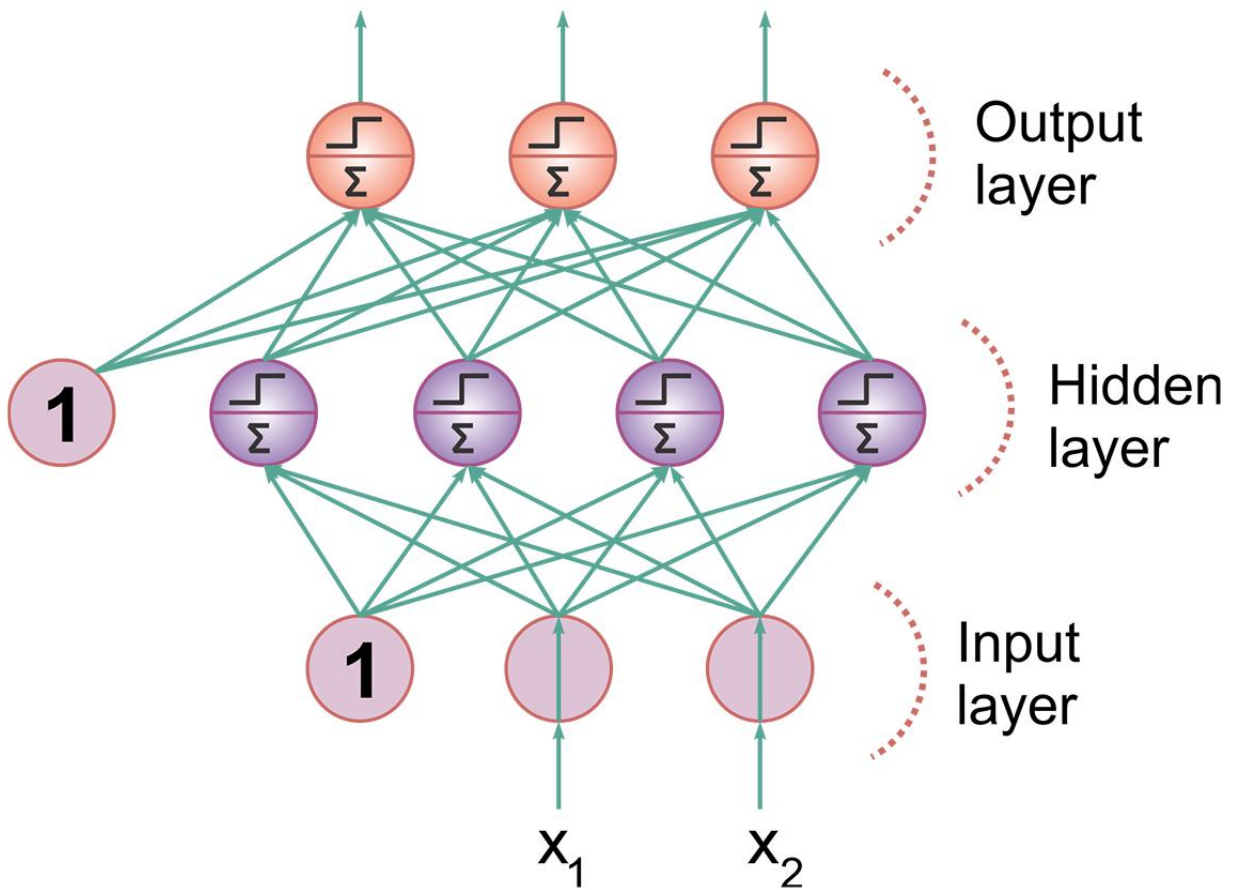
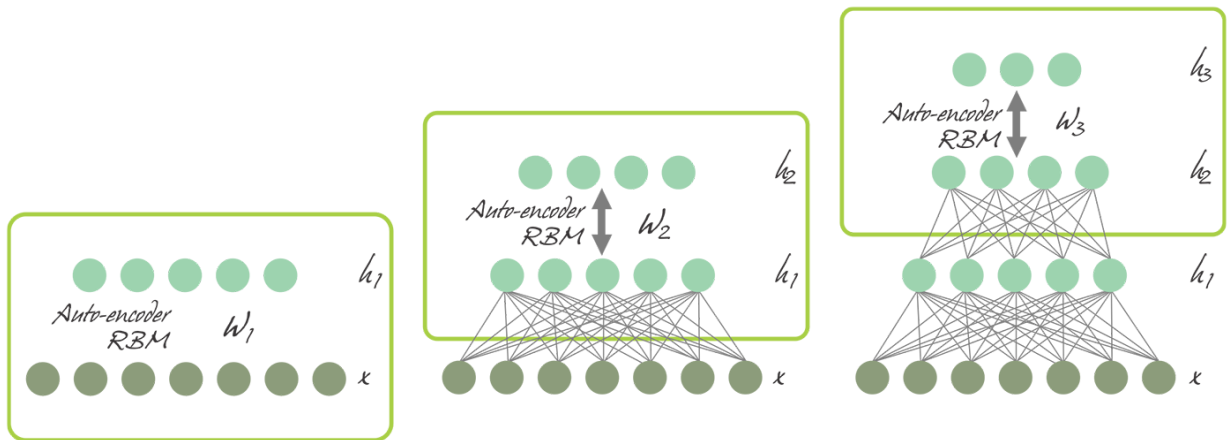
Output: $h_w(x) = \text{step}(w^T \cdot x)$

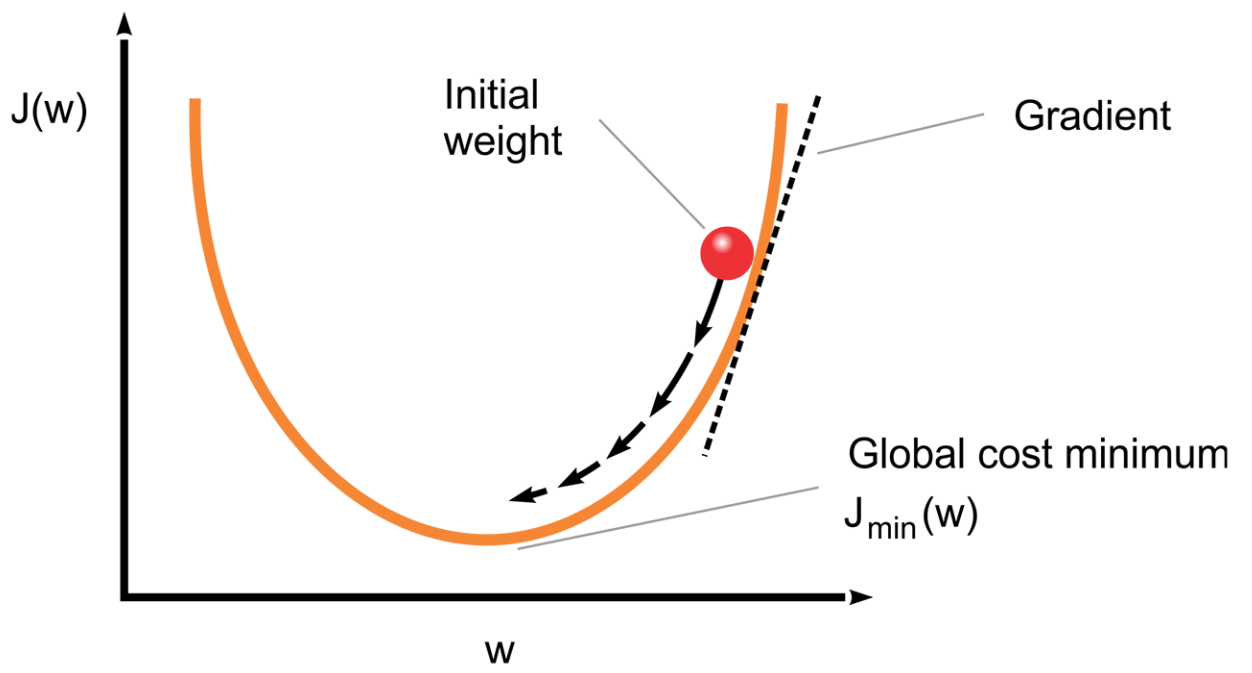


Step function: $\text{step}(z)$

Weighted sum: $z = w^T \cdot x$







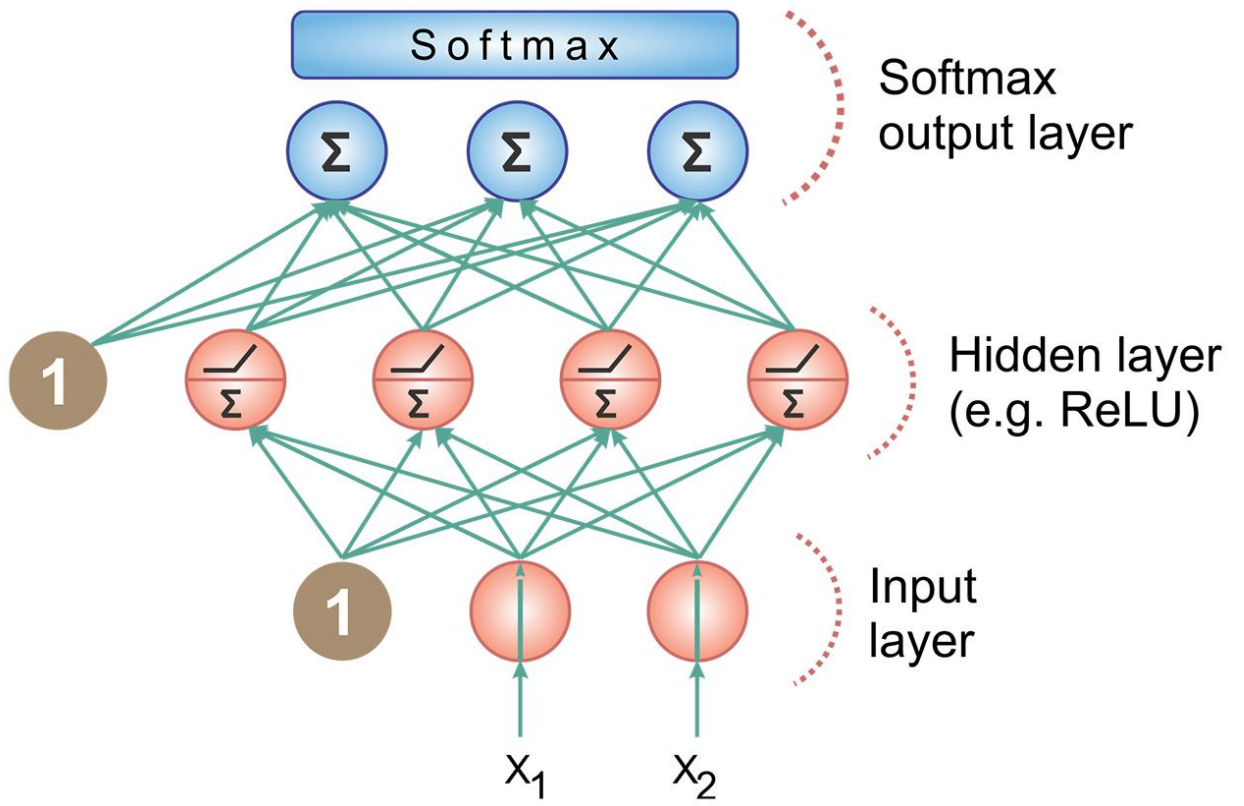


IMAGE 1		
Input		Label
Pixel	Value	
0x0	0.23	dog
0x1	0.23	
...	...	
nxn	1	

IMAGE 1		
Input		Label
Pixel	Value	
0x0	0.23	dog
0x1	0.23	
...	...	
nxn	1	

IMAGE 2		
Input		Label
Pixel	Value	
0x0	0.98	car
0x1	0.99	
...	...	
nxn	1	

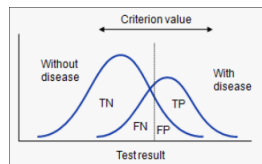
IMAGE 2		
Input		Label
Pixel	Value	
0x0	0.98	car
0x1	0.99	
...	...	
nxn	1	

IMAGE 3		
Input		Label
Pixel	Value	
0x0
0x1	...	
...	...	
nxn	...	

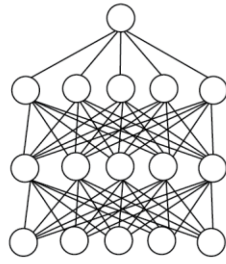
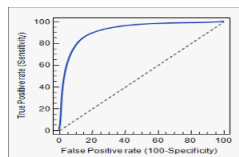
IMAGE 3		
Input		Label
Pixel	Value	
0x0
0x1	...	
...	...	
nxn	...	

(a)

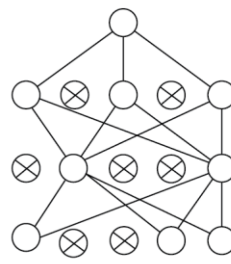
(b)



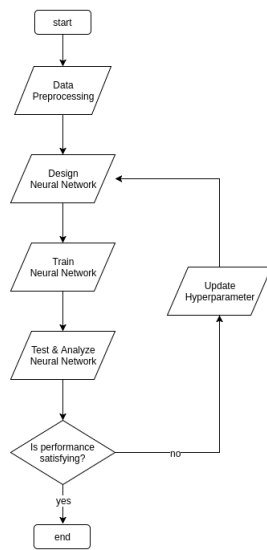
		Prediction	
		Cancer = 1	Cancer = 0
Actual	Cancer = 1	True Positive (TP)	False Negative (FN)
	Cancer = 0	False Positive (FP)	True Negative (TN)



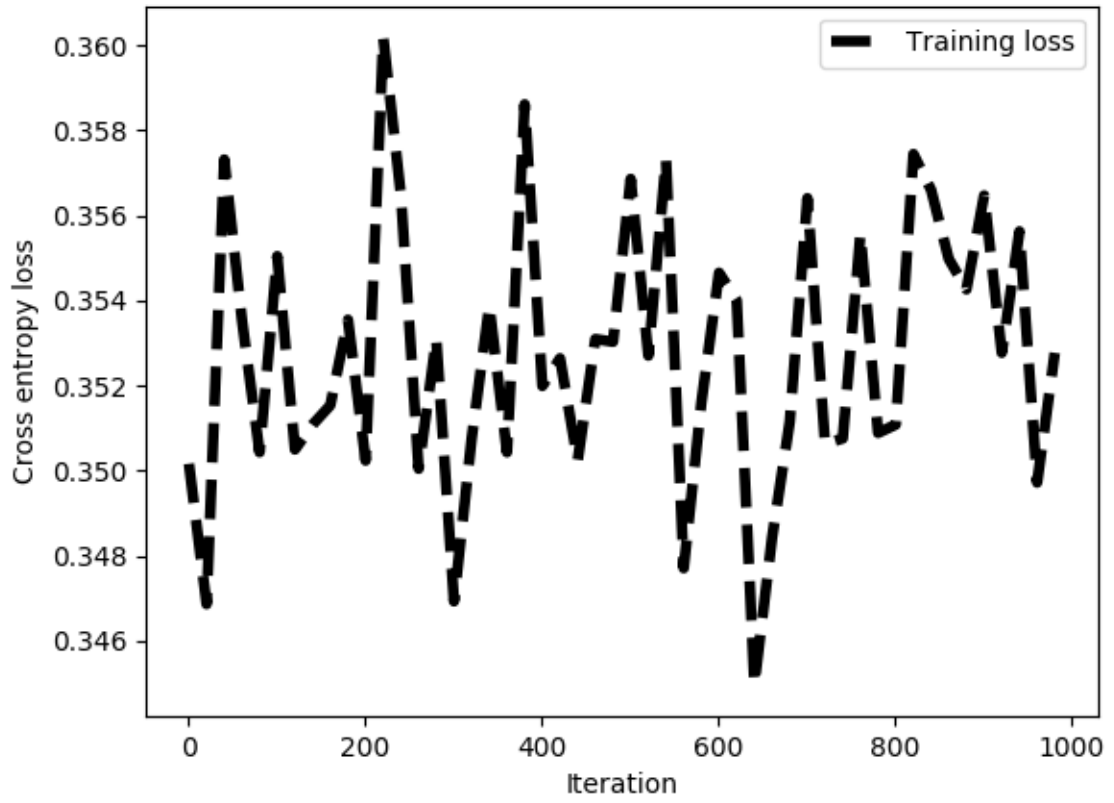
(a) stander Neural Net



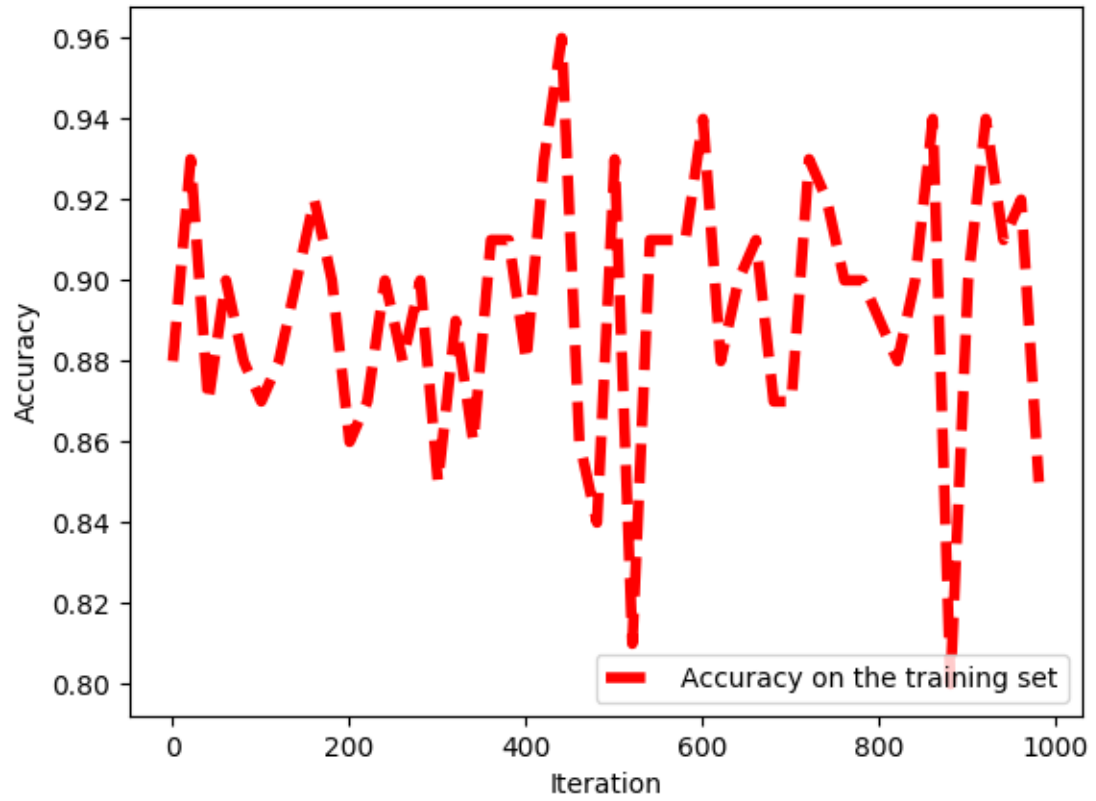
(b) After applying dropout

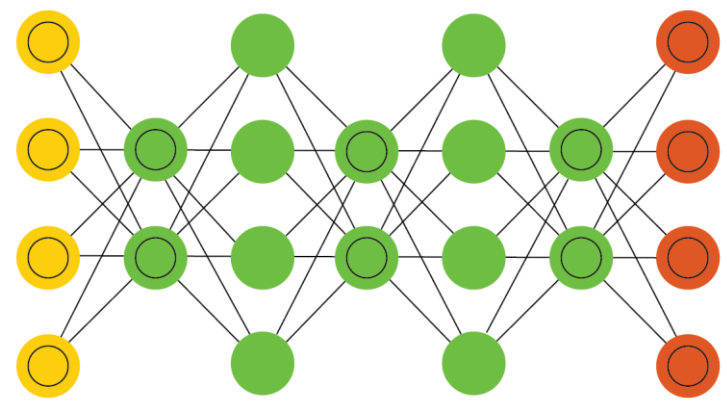
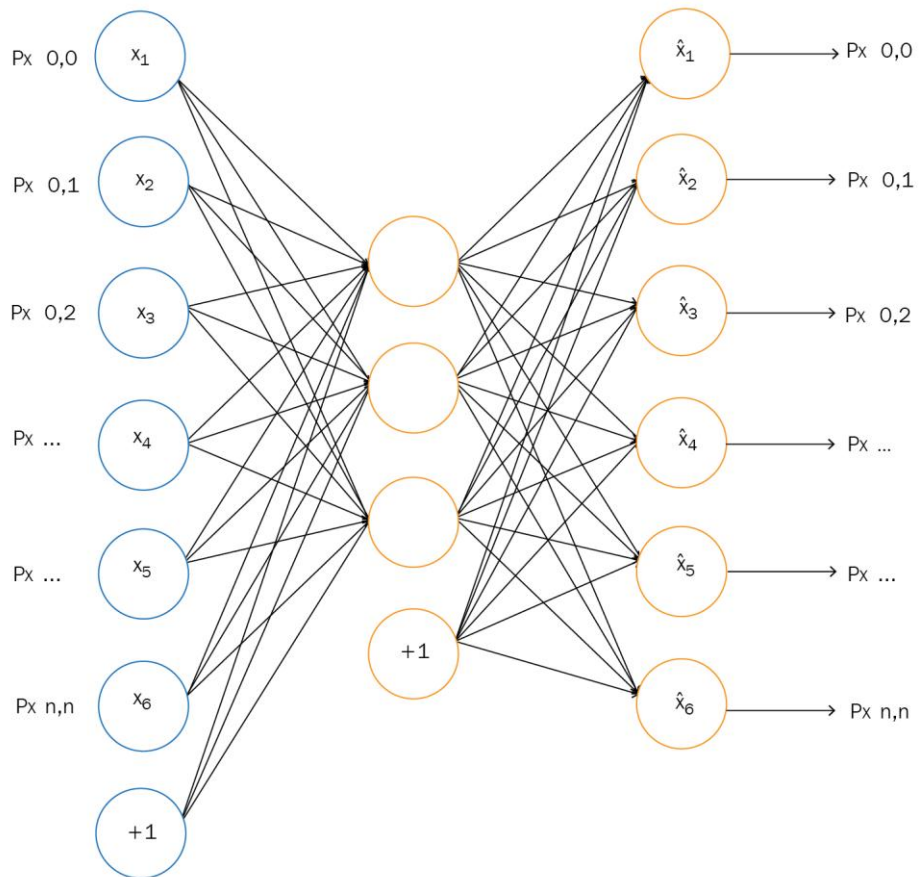


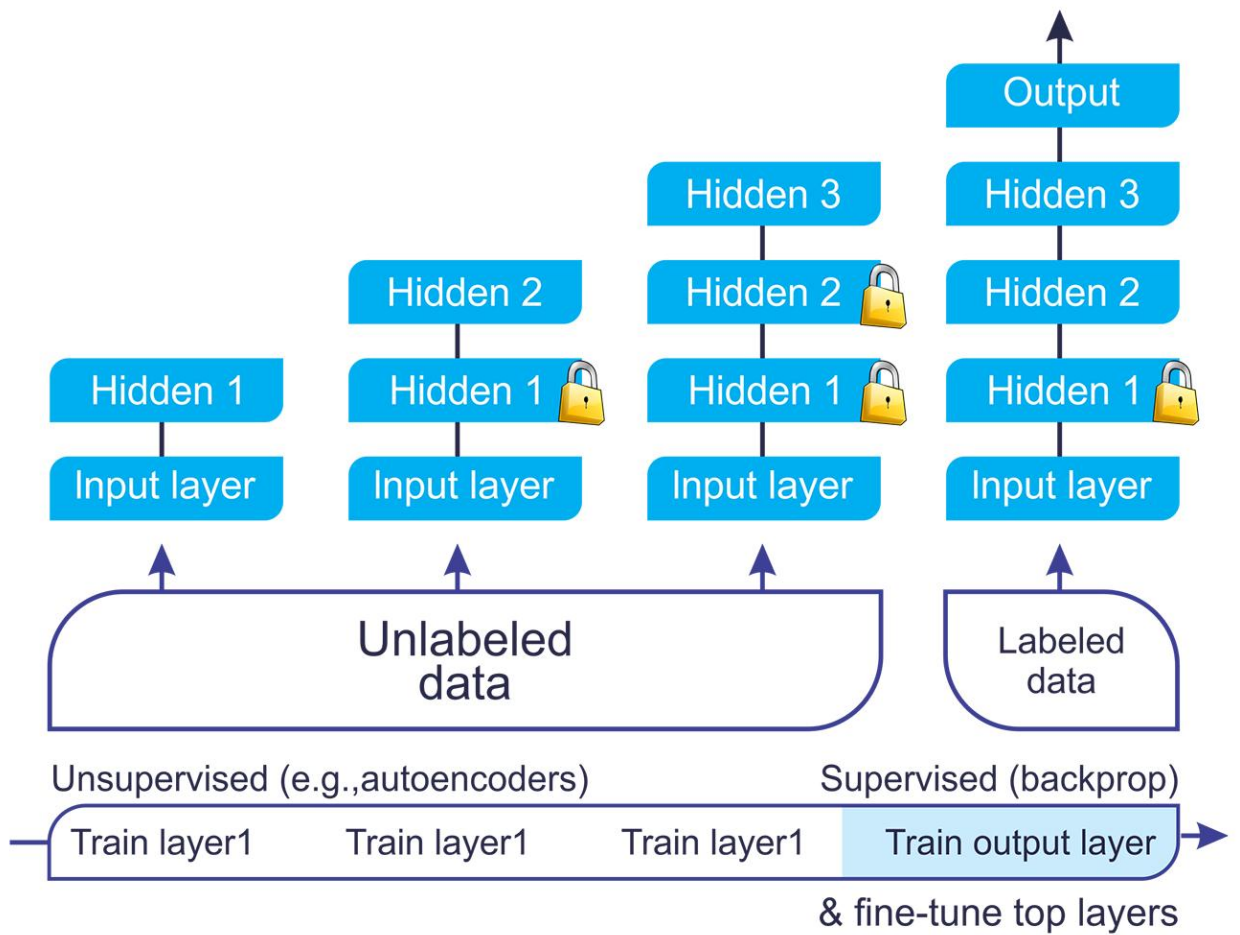
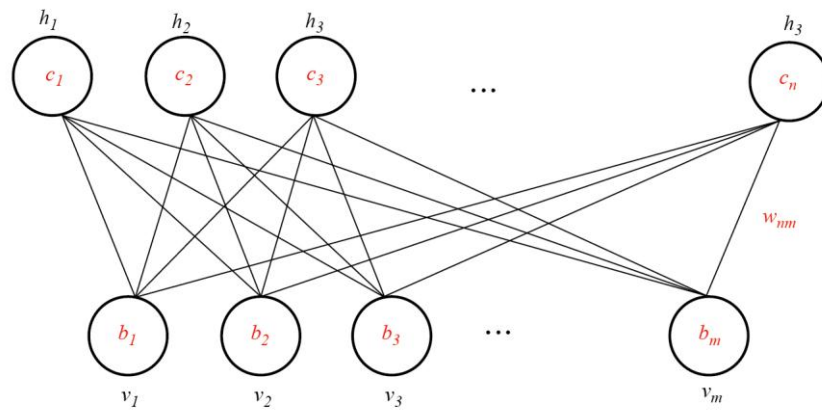
Cross entropy loss per iteration

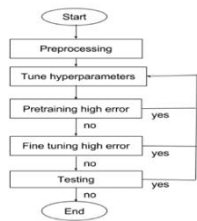
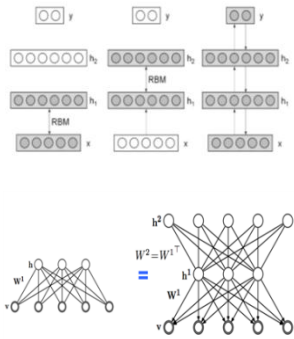


Accuracy on the training set

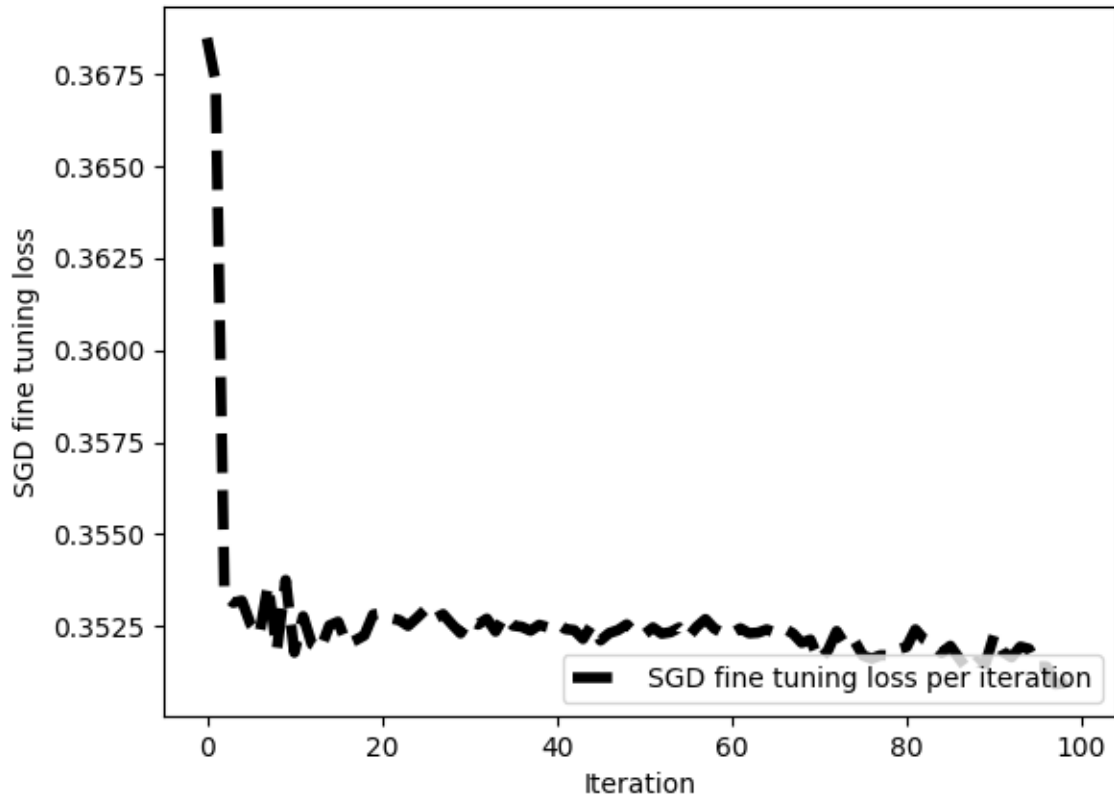




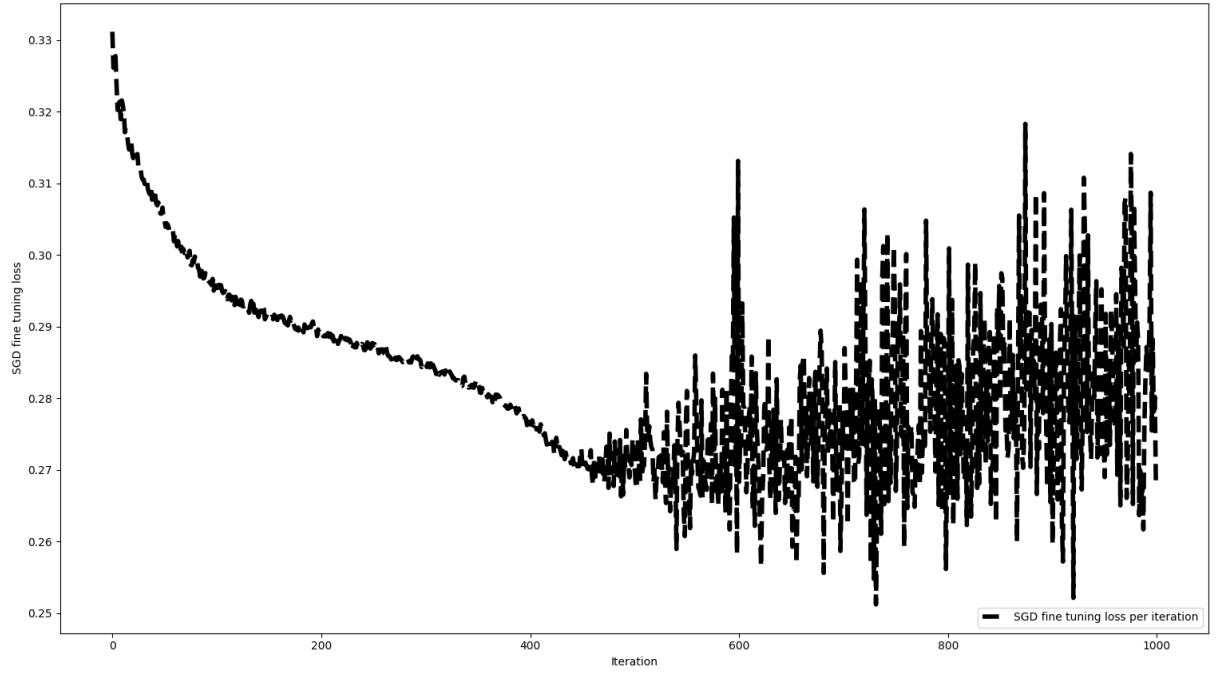




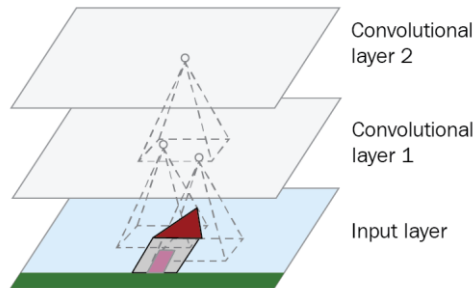
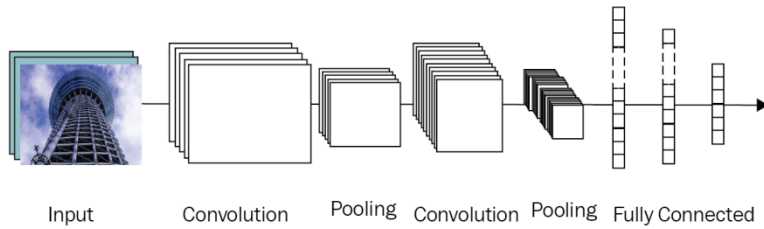
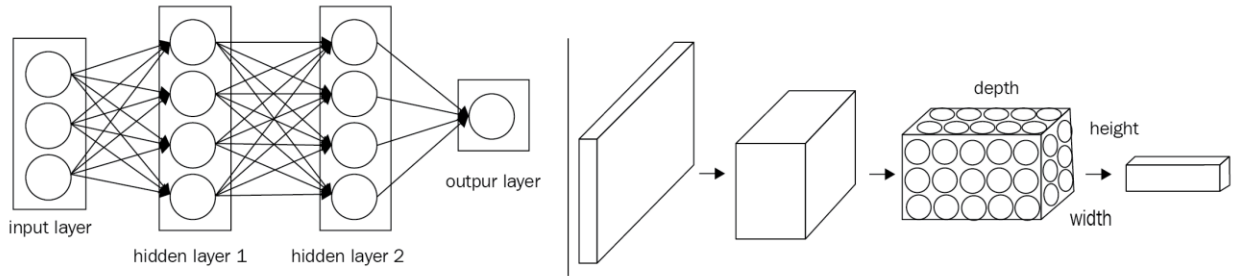
SGD fine tuning loss per iteration

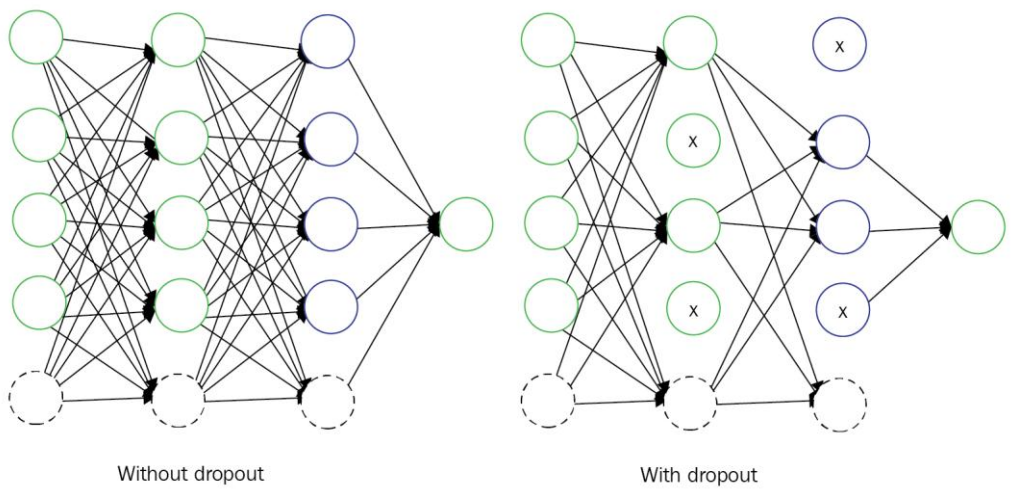
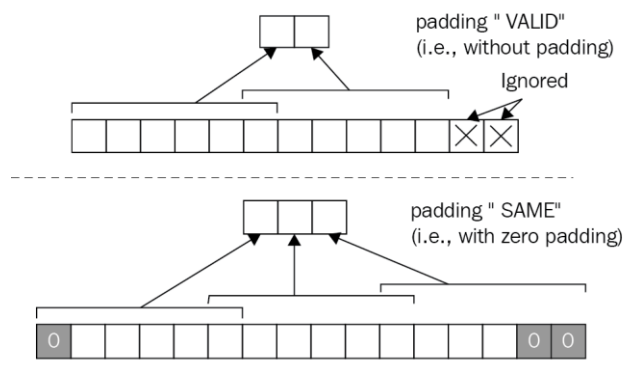
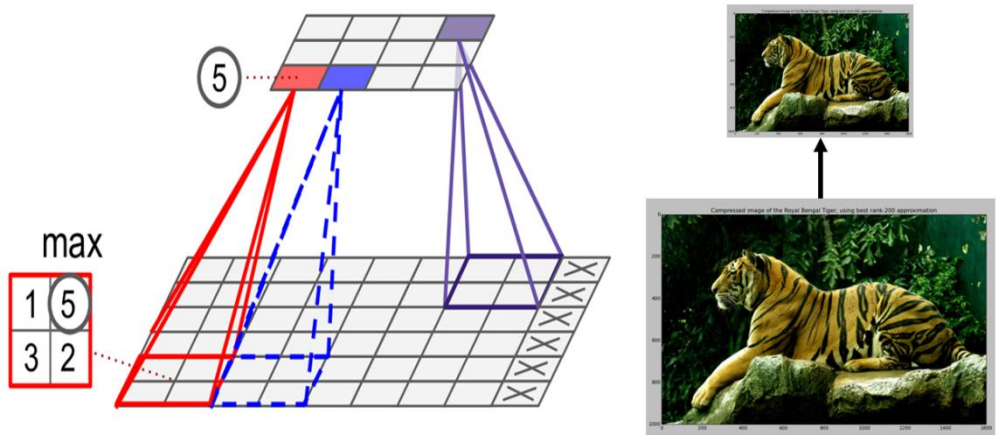


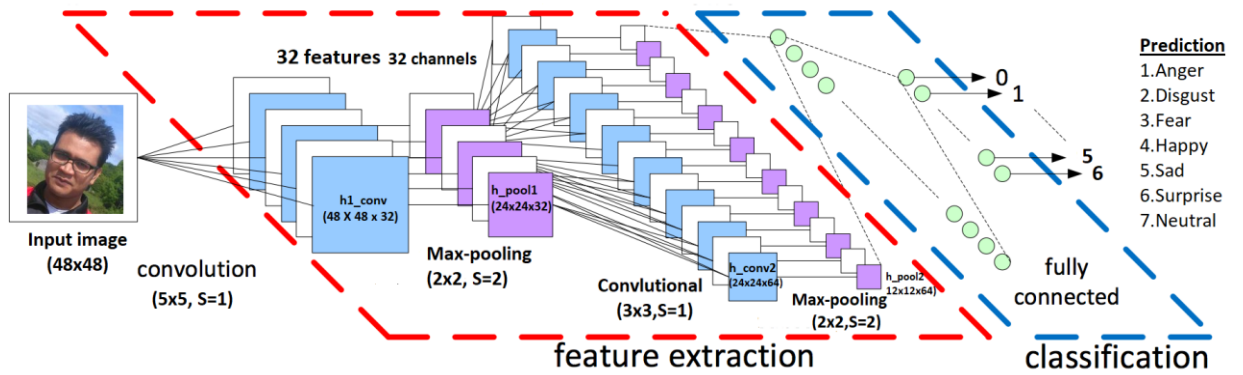
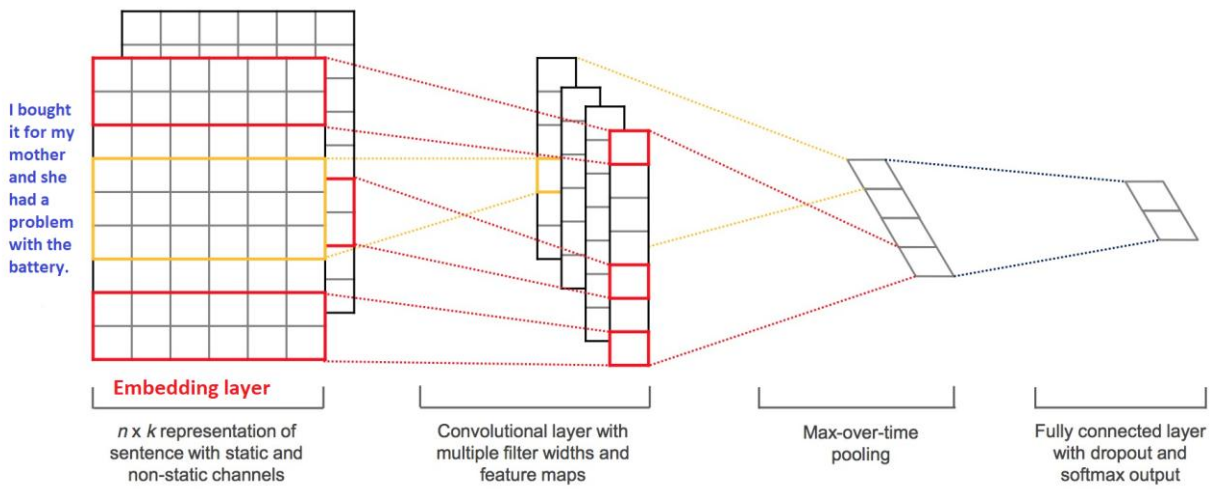
SGD fine tuning loss per iteration



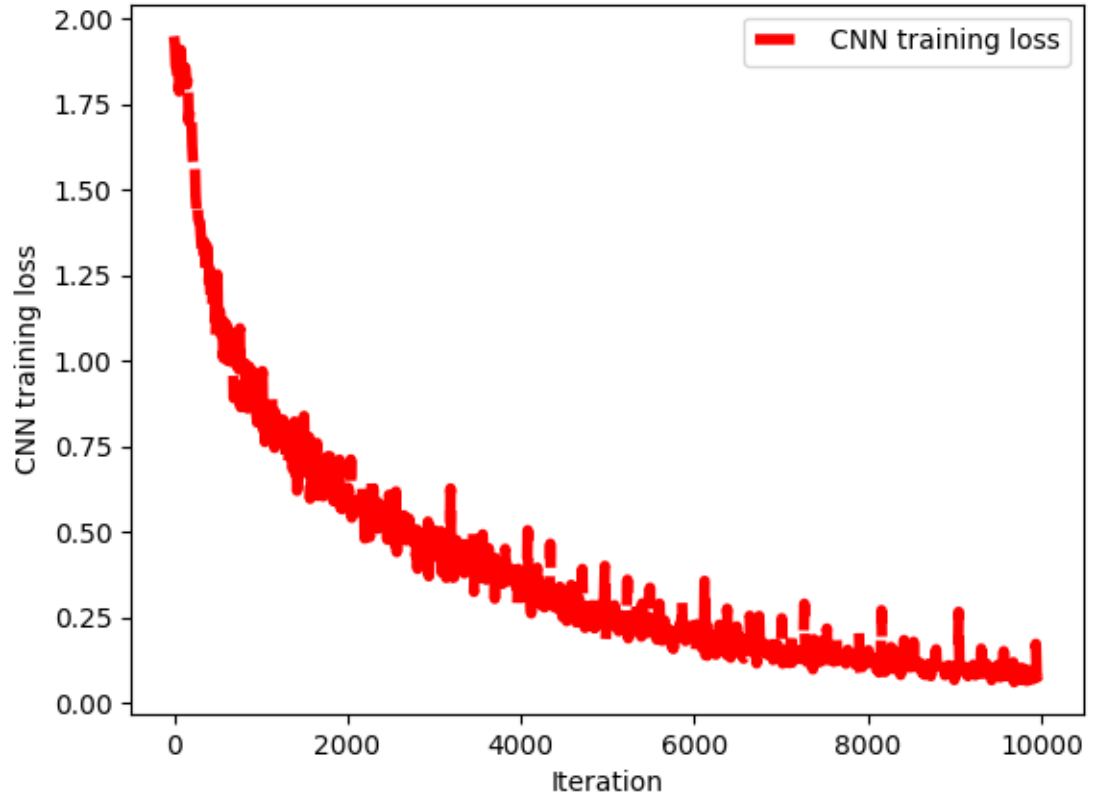
Chapter 08: Using Convolutional Neural Networks for Predictive Analytics



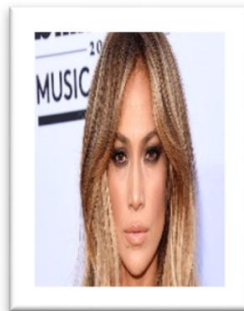
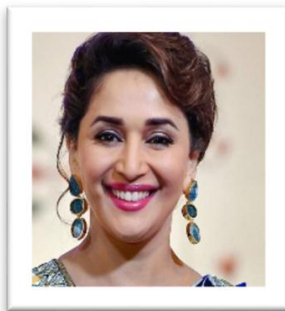
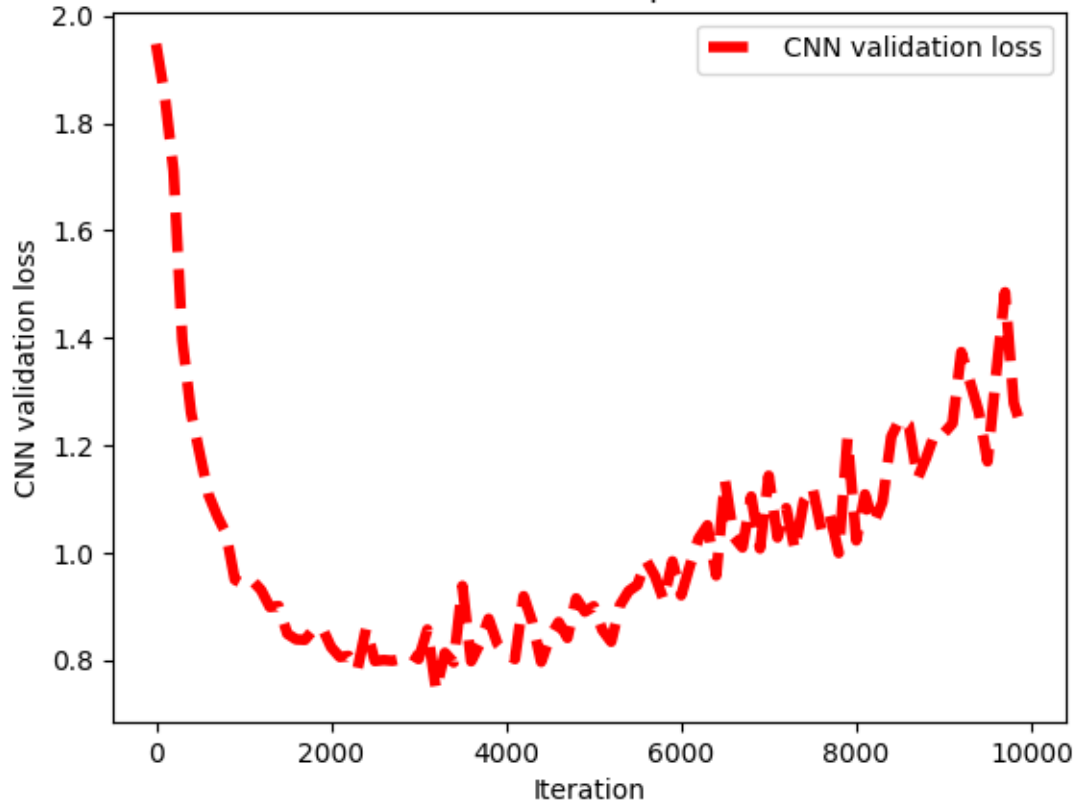




CNN training loss per iteration



CNN validation loss per iteration





True: dogs, Pred: cats



True: cats, Pred: cats



True: dogs, Pred: cats



True: dogs, Pred: dogs



True: dogs, Pred: cats



True: dogs, Pred: cats



True: dogs, Pred: dogs

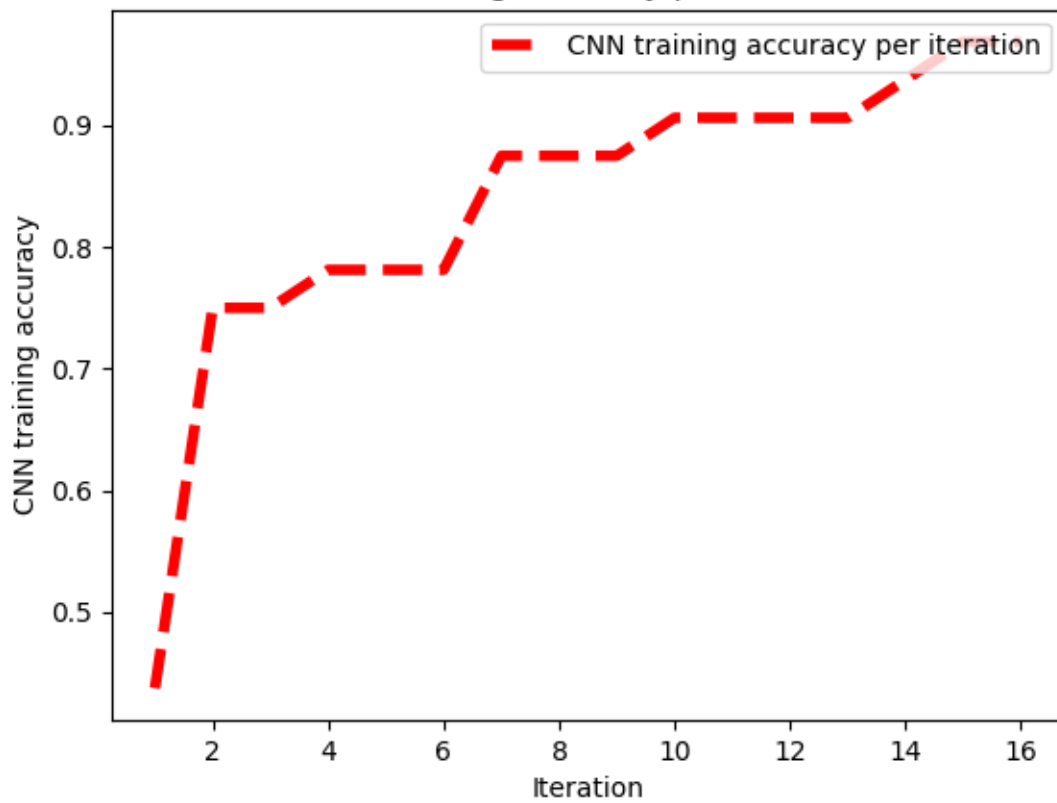


True: dogs, Pred: cats

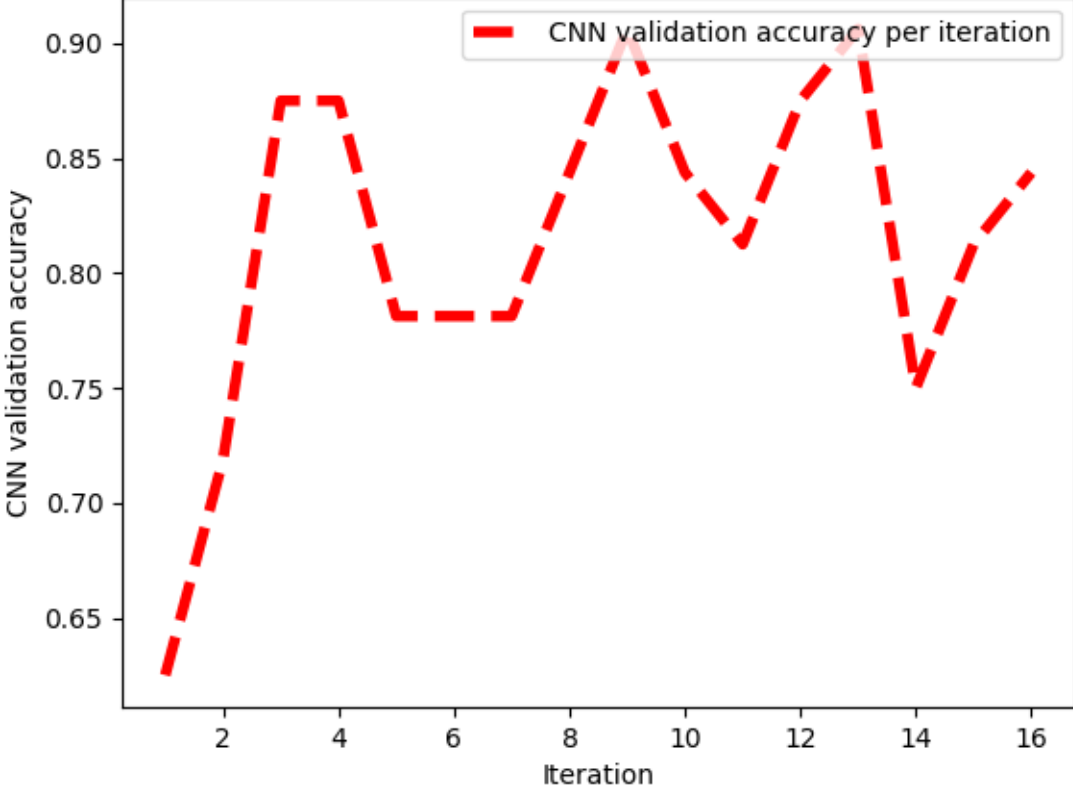


True: cats, Pred: cats

CNN training accuracy per iteration



CNN validation accuracy per iteration





True: dogs, Pred: cats



True: cats, Pred: cats



True: dogs, Pred: cats



True: dogs, Pred: dogs



True: dogs, Pred: cats



True: dogs, Pred: cats



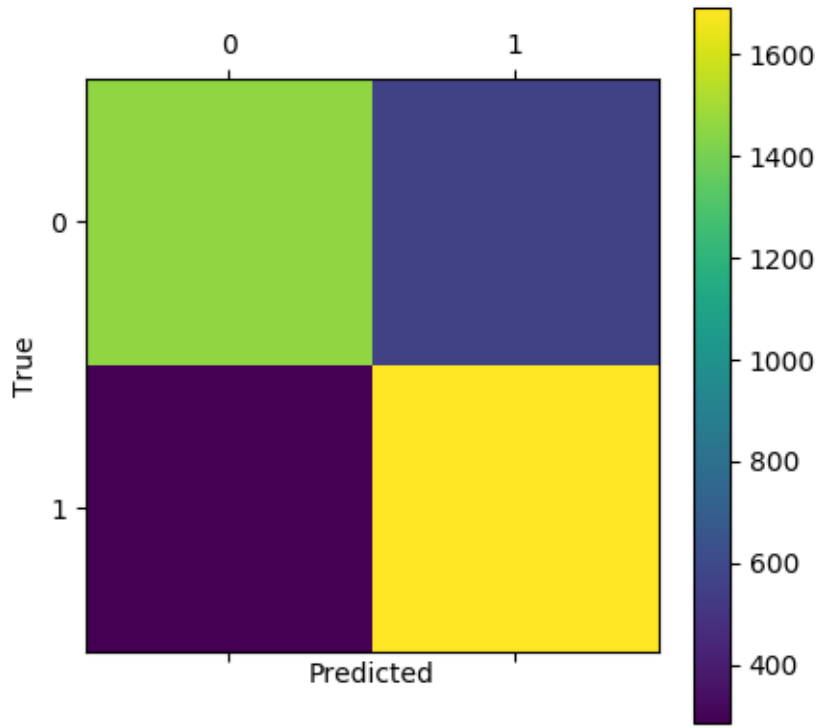
True: dogs, Pred: dogs



True: dogs, Pred: cats



True: cats, Pred: cats





True: dogs, Pred: cats



True: cats, Pred: cats



True: dogs, Pred: dogs



True: dogs, Pred: dogs



True: cats, Pred: cats



True: dogs, Pred: dogs



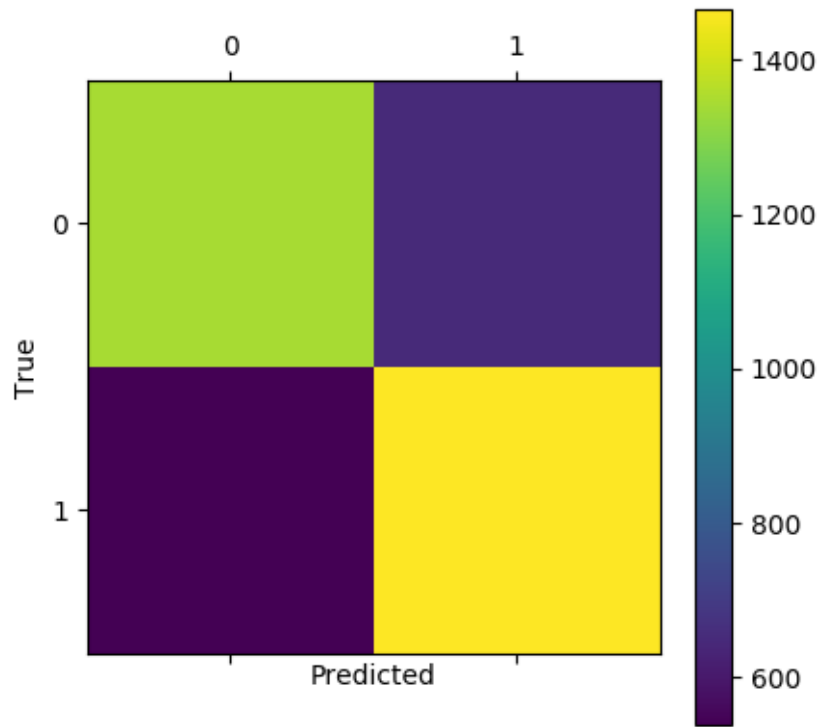
True: cats, Pred: cats



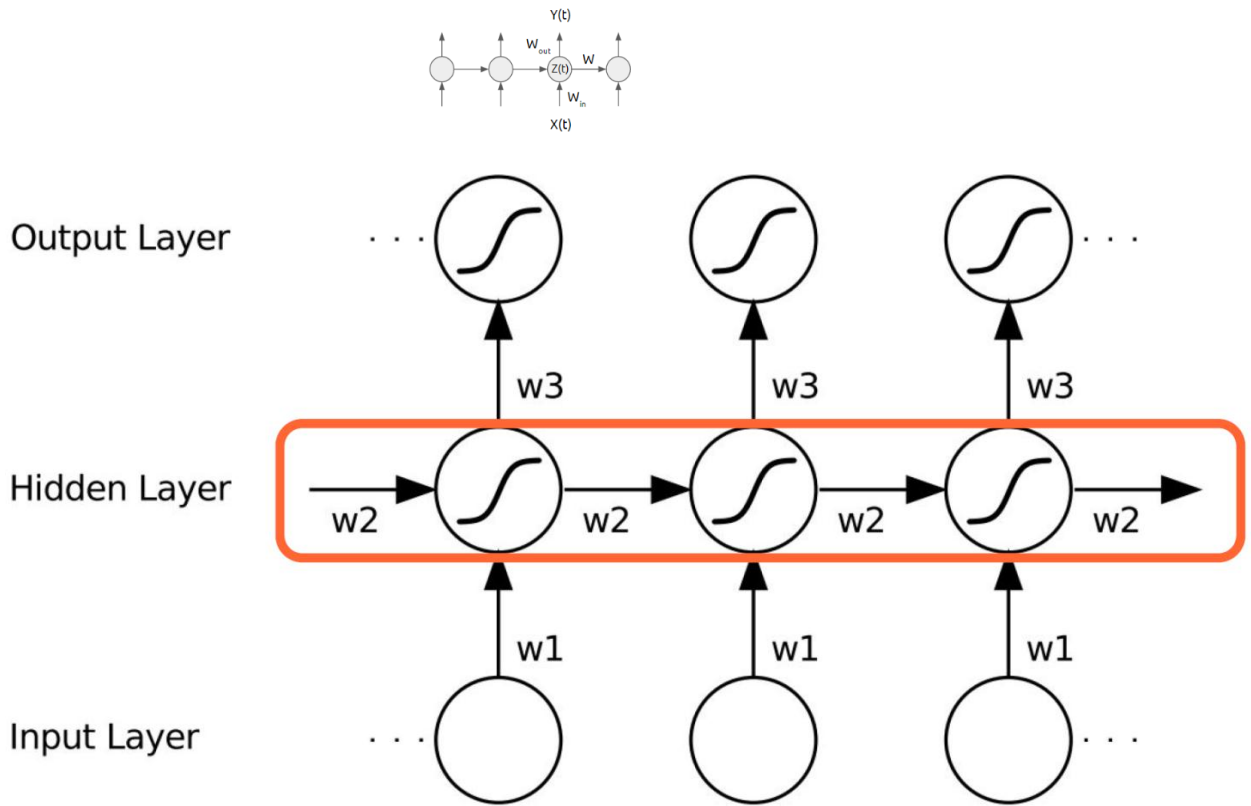
True: dogs, Pred: cats

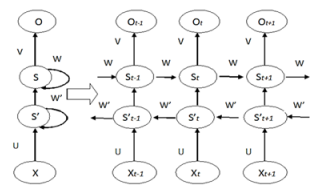
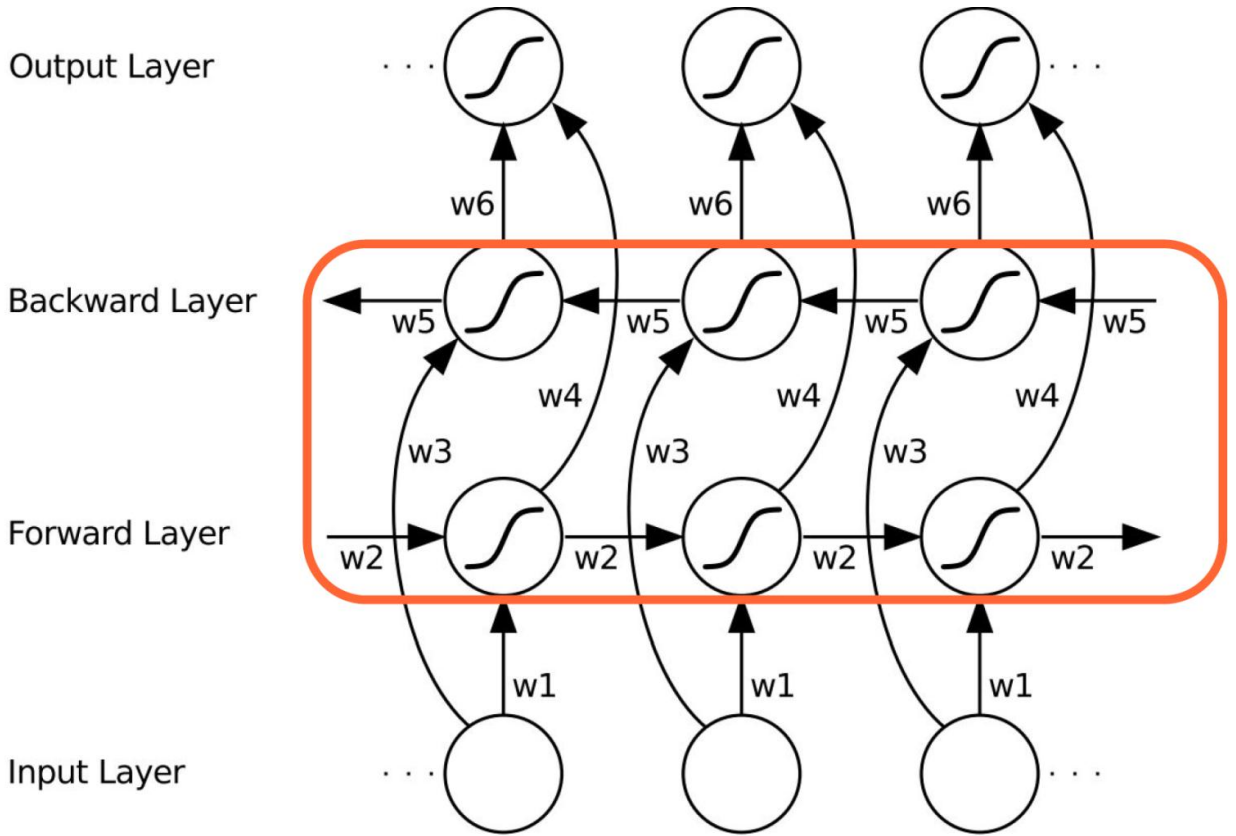


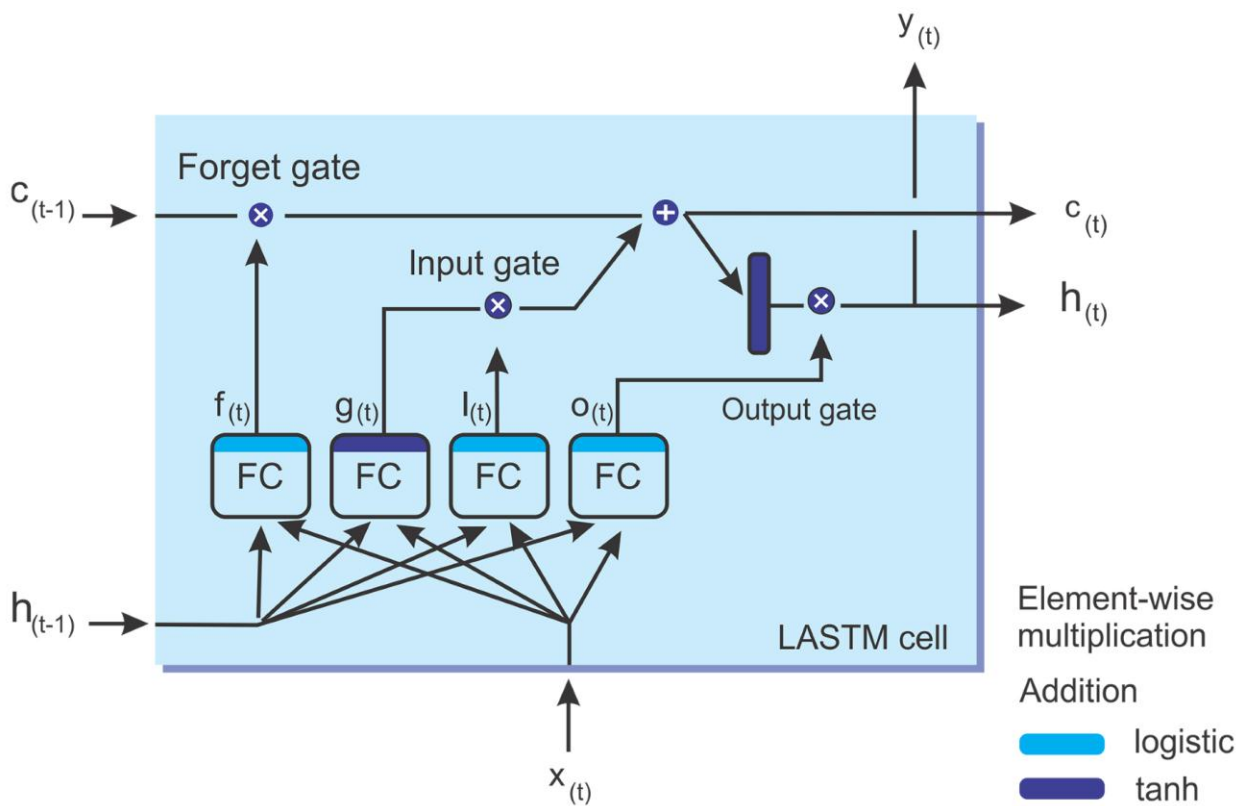
True: dogs, Pred: cats

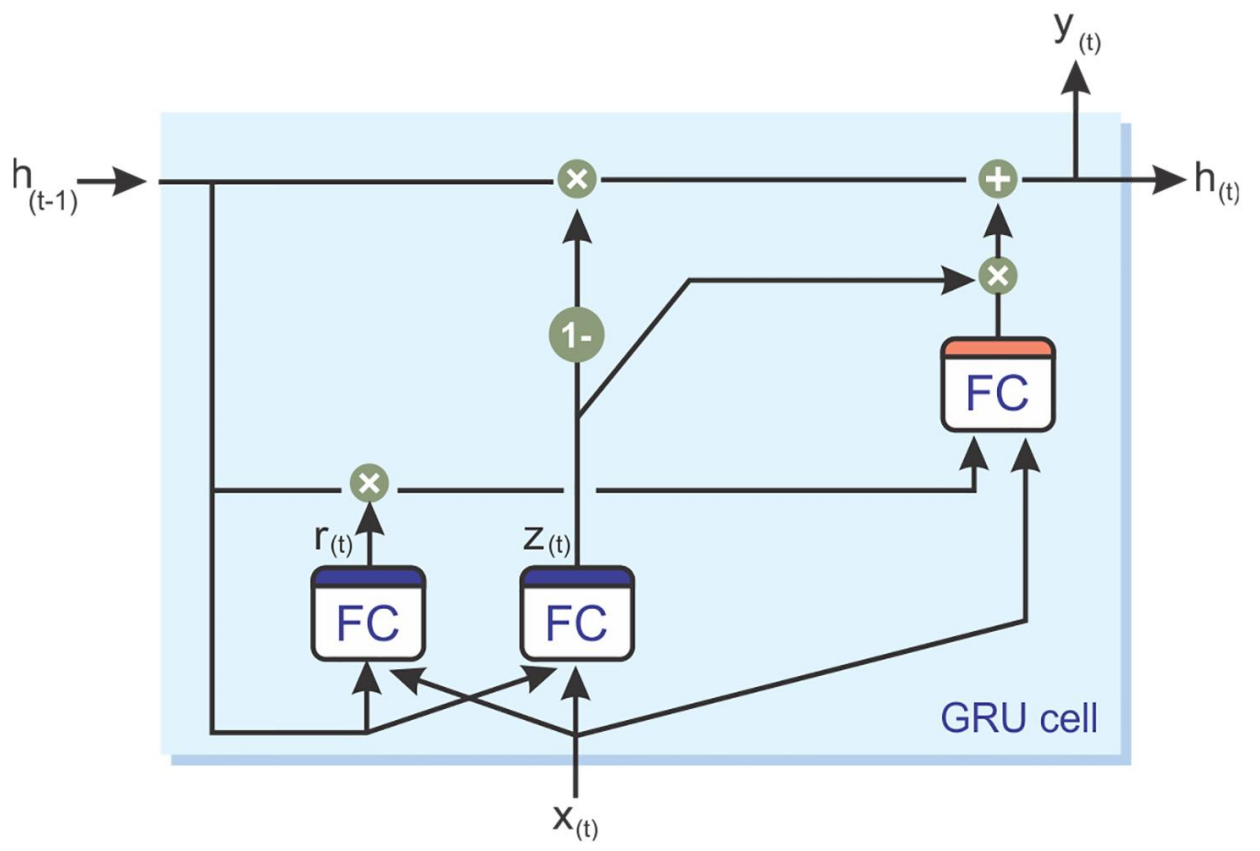


Chapter 09: Using Recurrent Neural Networks for Predictive Analytics

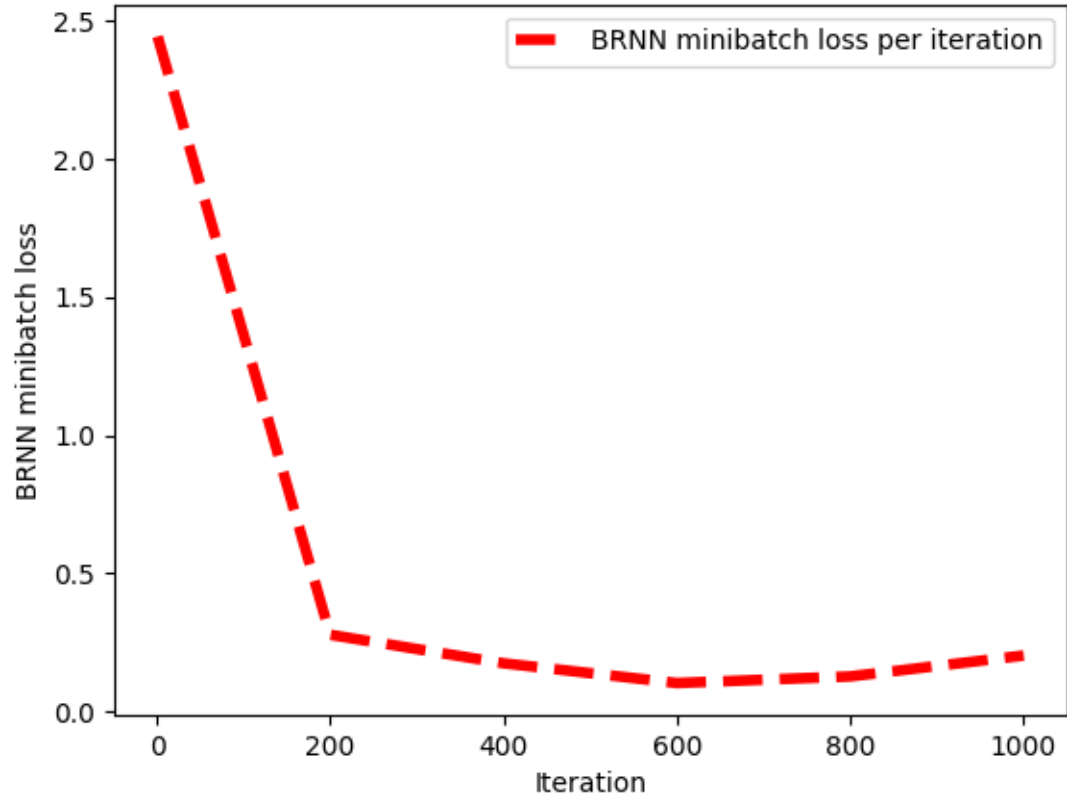


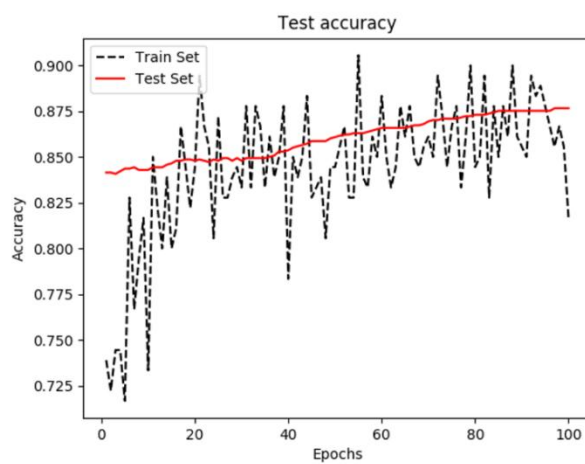
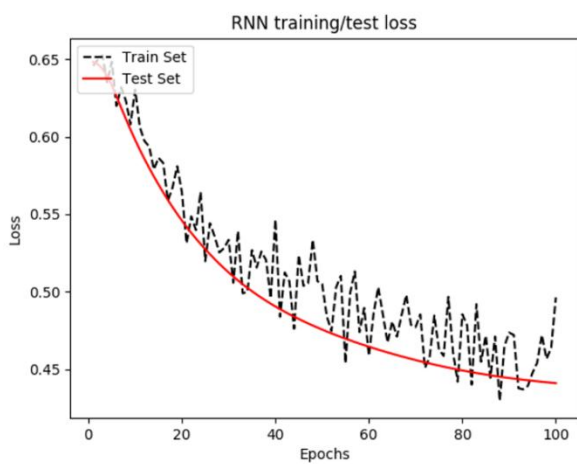
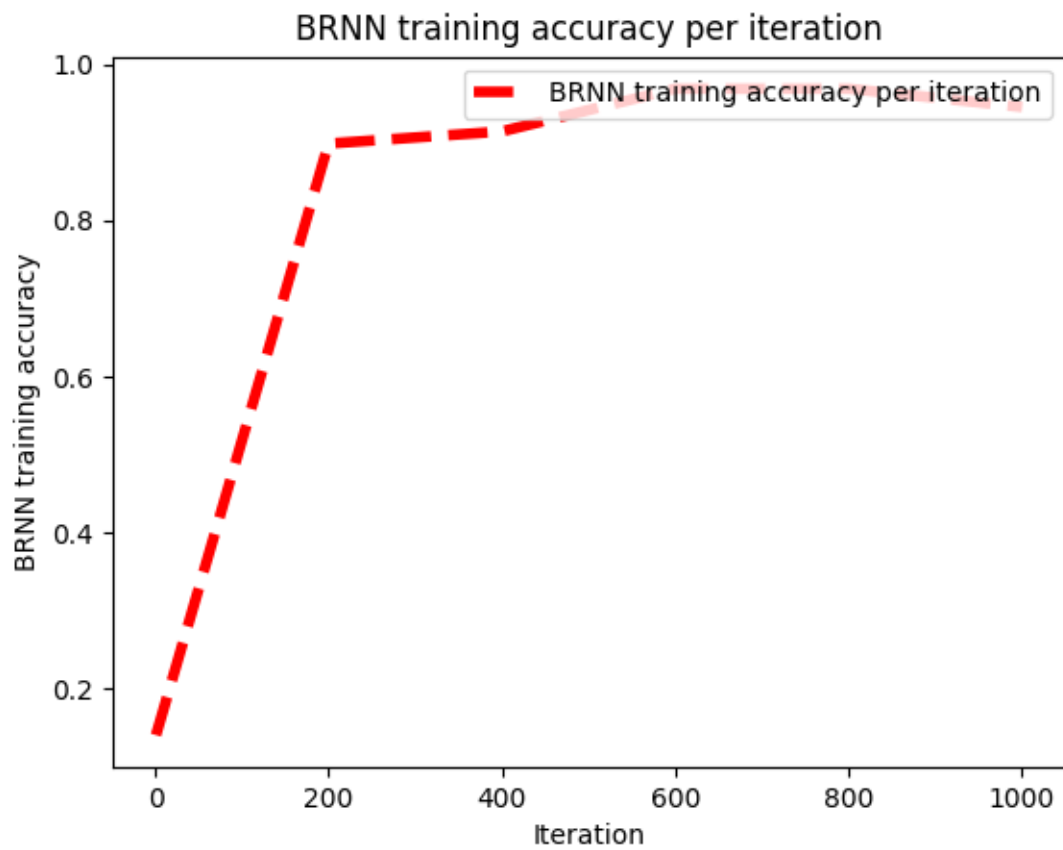




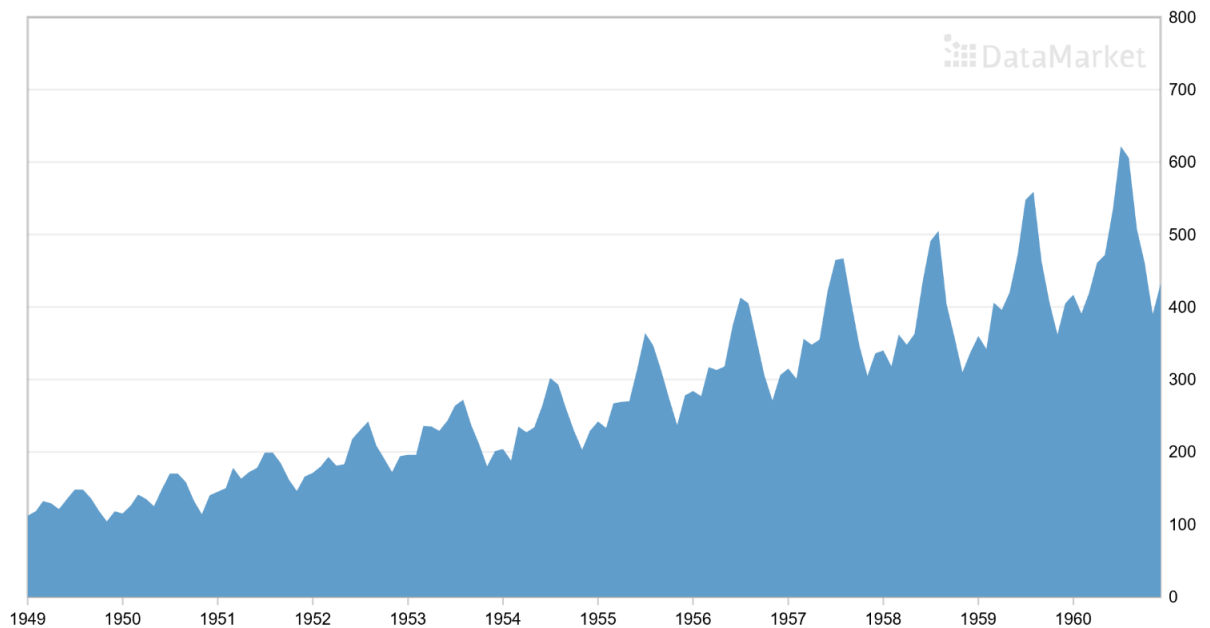


BRNN minibatch loss per iteration

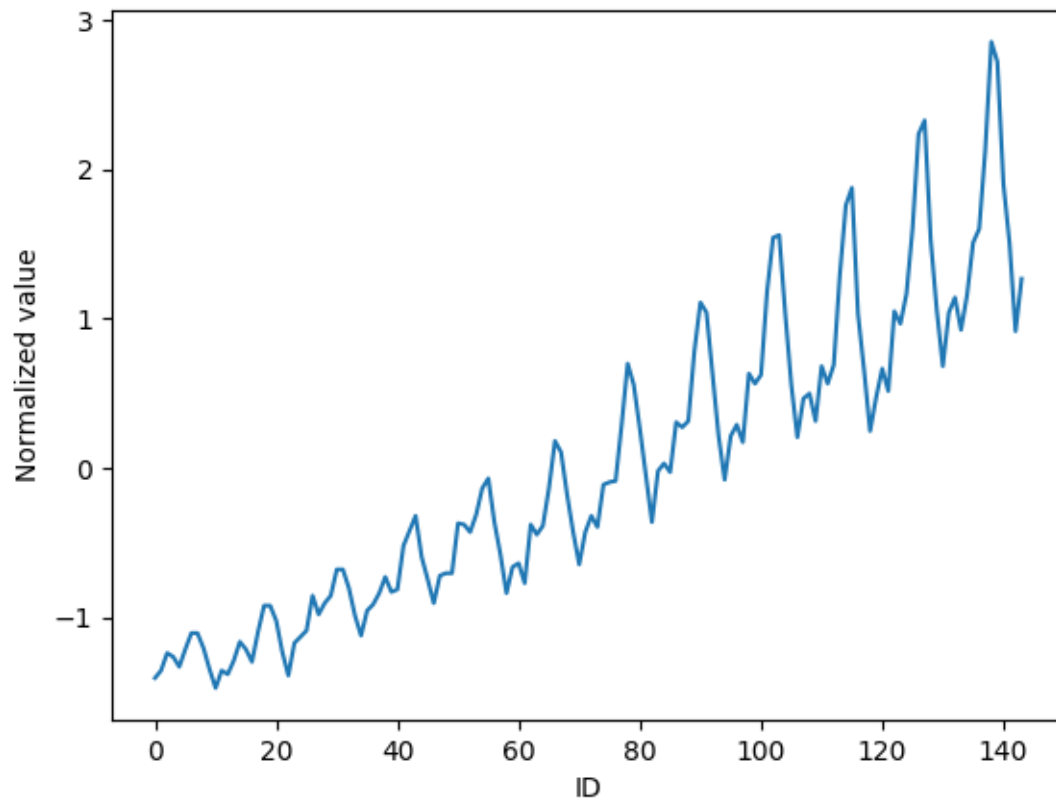


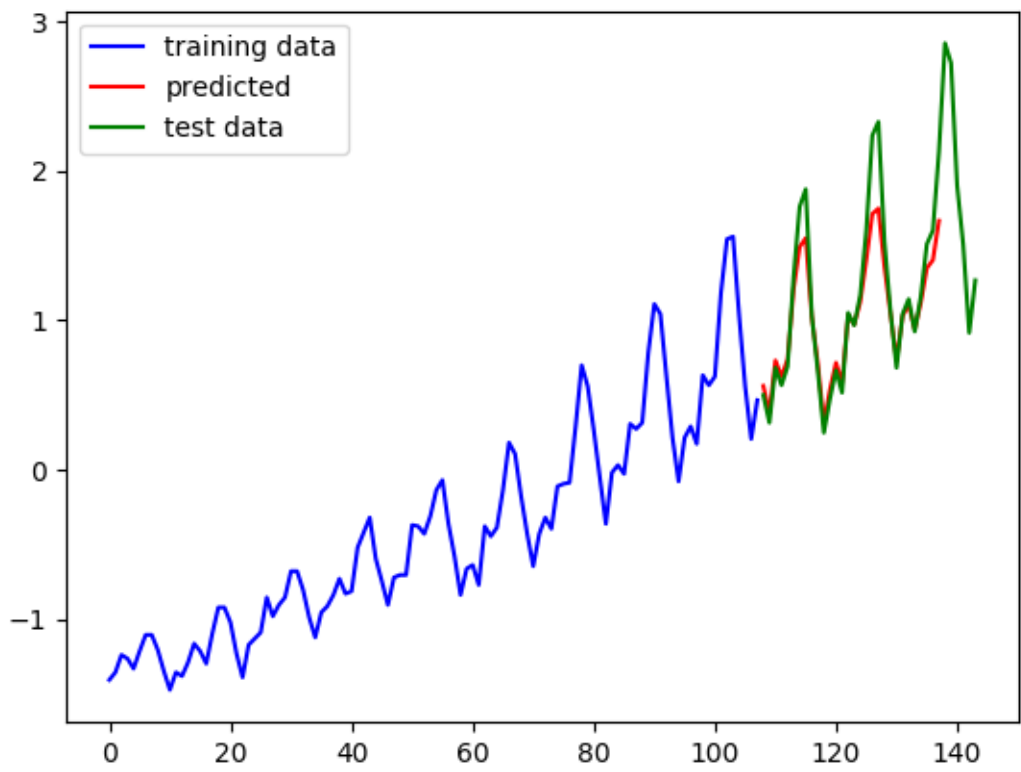


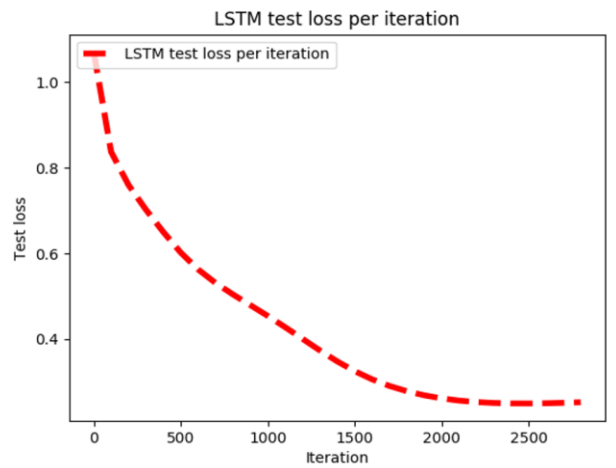
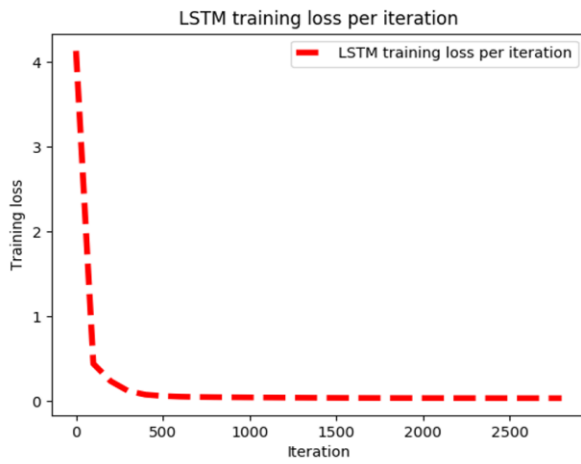
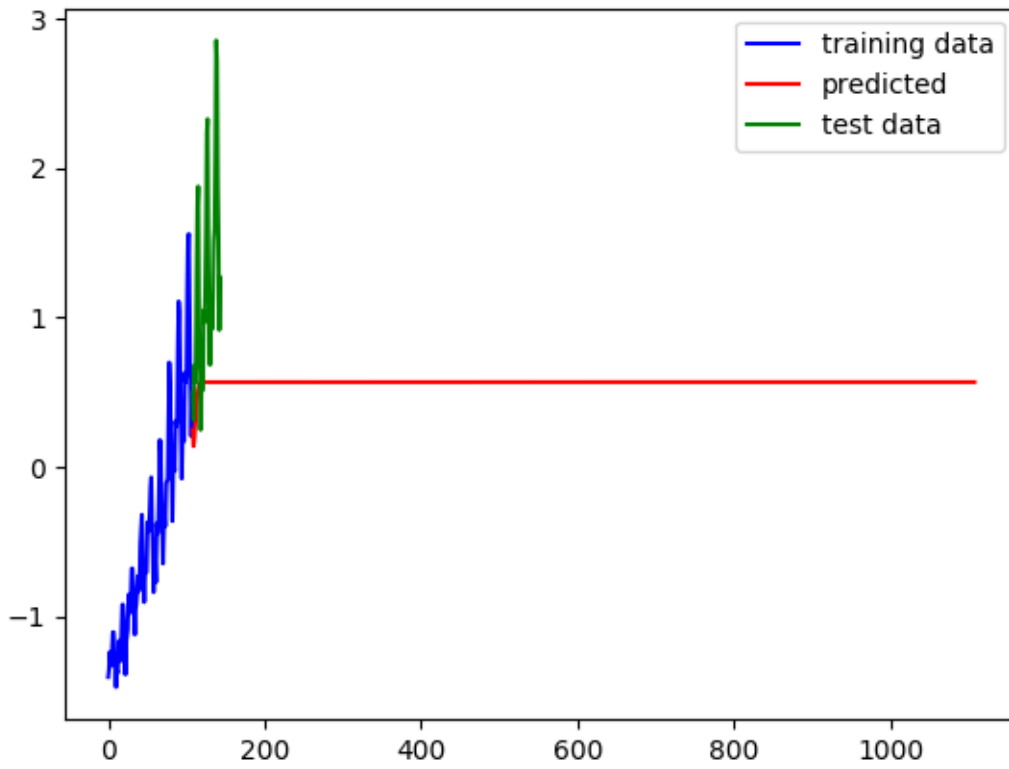
Dataset title	International airline passengers: monthly totals in thousands. Jan 49 – Dec 60
Last updated	1 Feb 2014, 19:52
Last updated by source	20 Jun 2012
Provider	Time Series Data Library
Provider source	Box & Jenkins (1976)
Source URL	http://datamarket.com/data/list/?q=provider:tsdl
Units	Thousands of passengers
Dataset metrics	144 fact values in 1 timeseries.
Time granularity	Month
Time range	Jan 1949 – Dec 1960
Language	English
License	Default open license
License summary	This data release is licensed as follows: You may copy and redistribute the data. You may make derivative works from the data. You may use the data for commercial purposes. You may not sublicense the data when redistributing it. You may not redistribute the data under a different license. Source attribution on any use of this data: Must refer source.
Description	Transport and tourism, Source: Box & Jenkins (1976), in file: data/airpass, Description: International airline passengers: monthly totals in thousands. Jan 49 – Dec 60

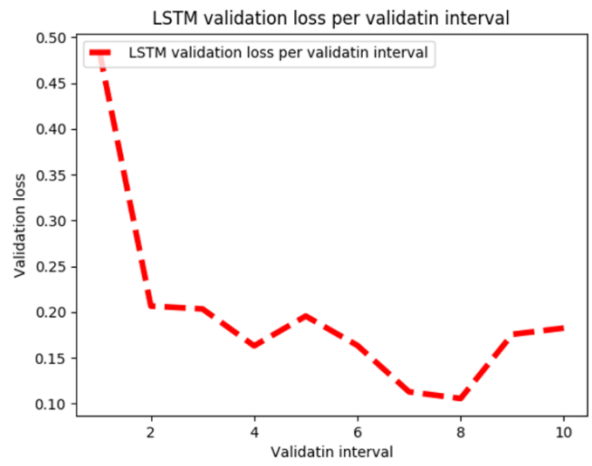
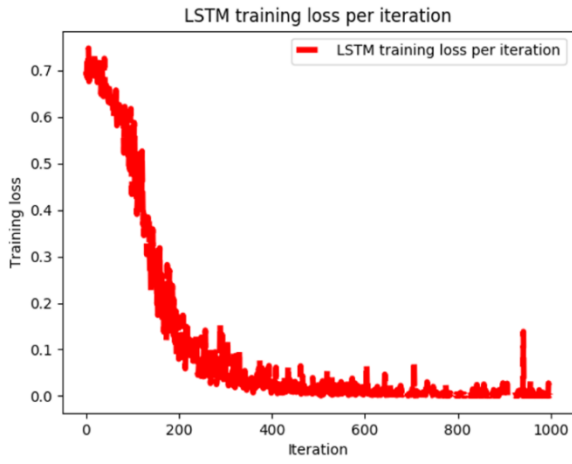
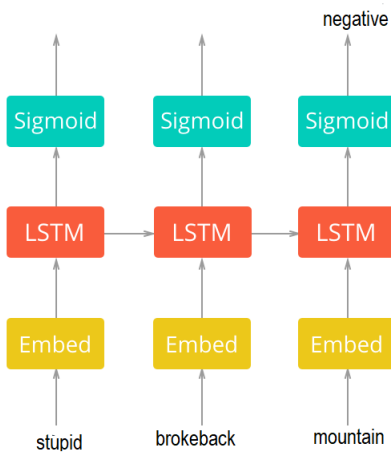


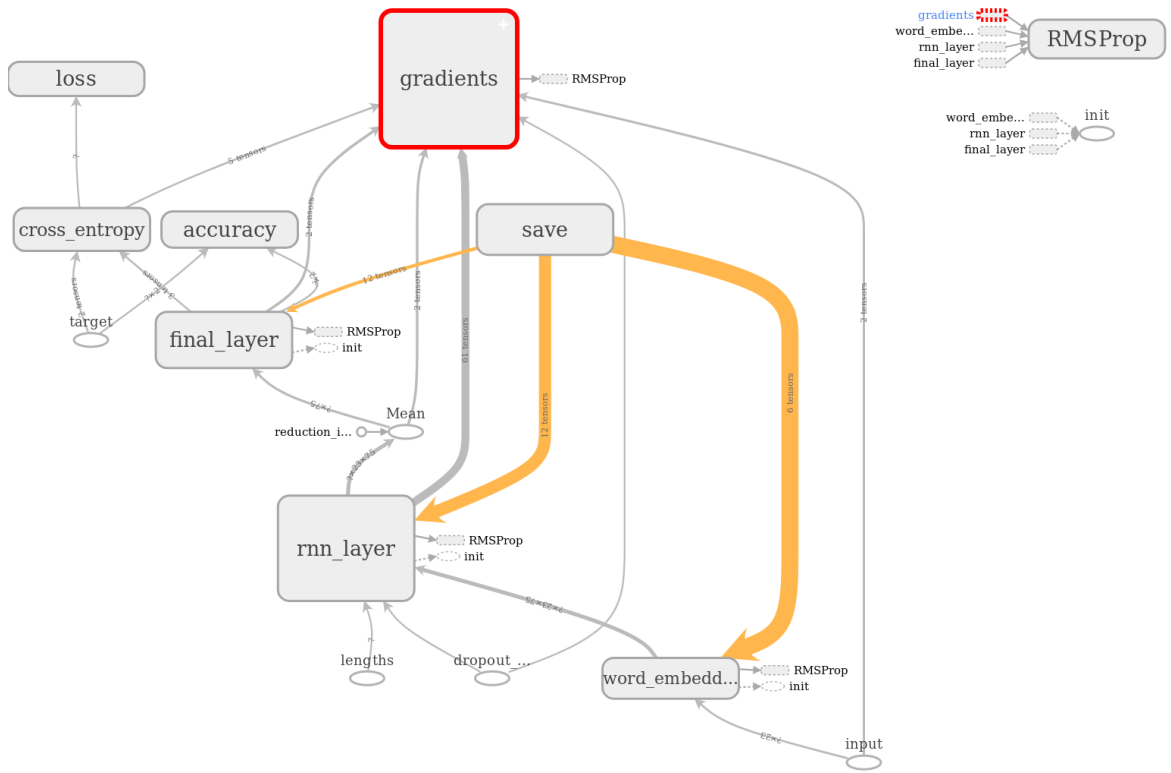
Normalized time series



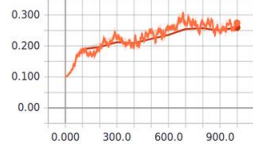




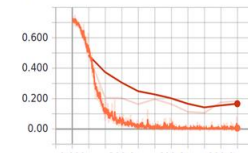




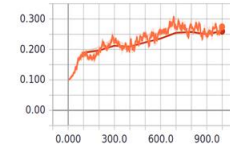
final_layer/biases/summaries/max/final_layer/biases



loss/loss_1

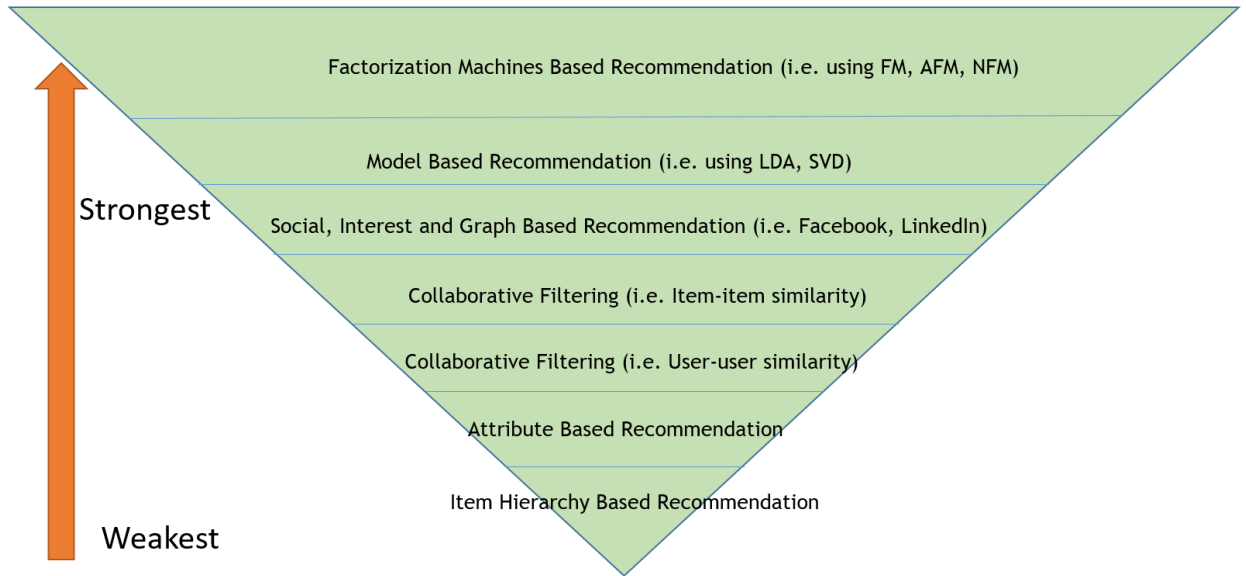


final_layer/biases/summaries/max/final_layer/biases



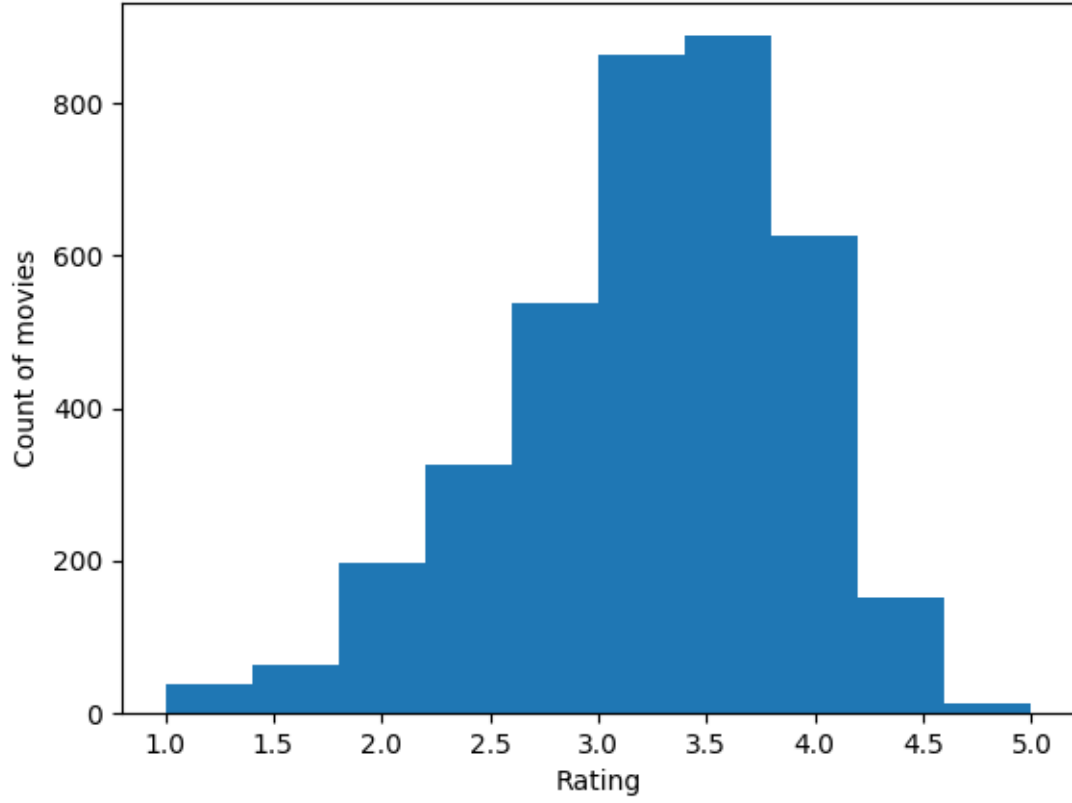
● 11_Sep_2017-13_04_12/train
● 11_Sep_2017-13_04_12/validation

Chapter 10: Recommendation Systems for Predictive Analytics

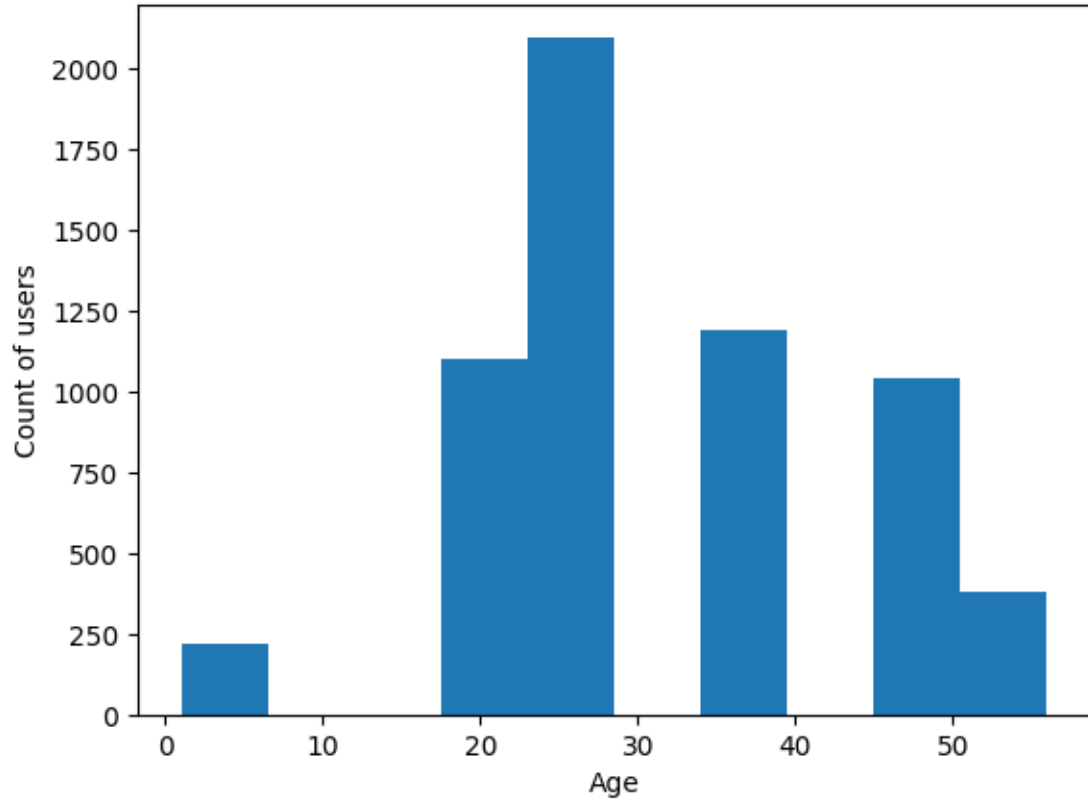


	HP1	HP2	HP3	TW	SW1	SW2	SW3
A	4			5	1		
B	5	5	4	2	4	5	
C							
D		3					3

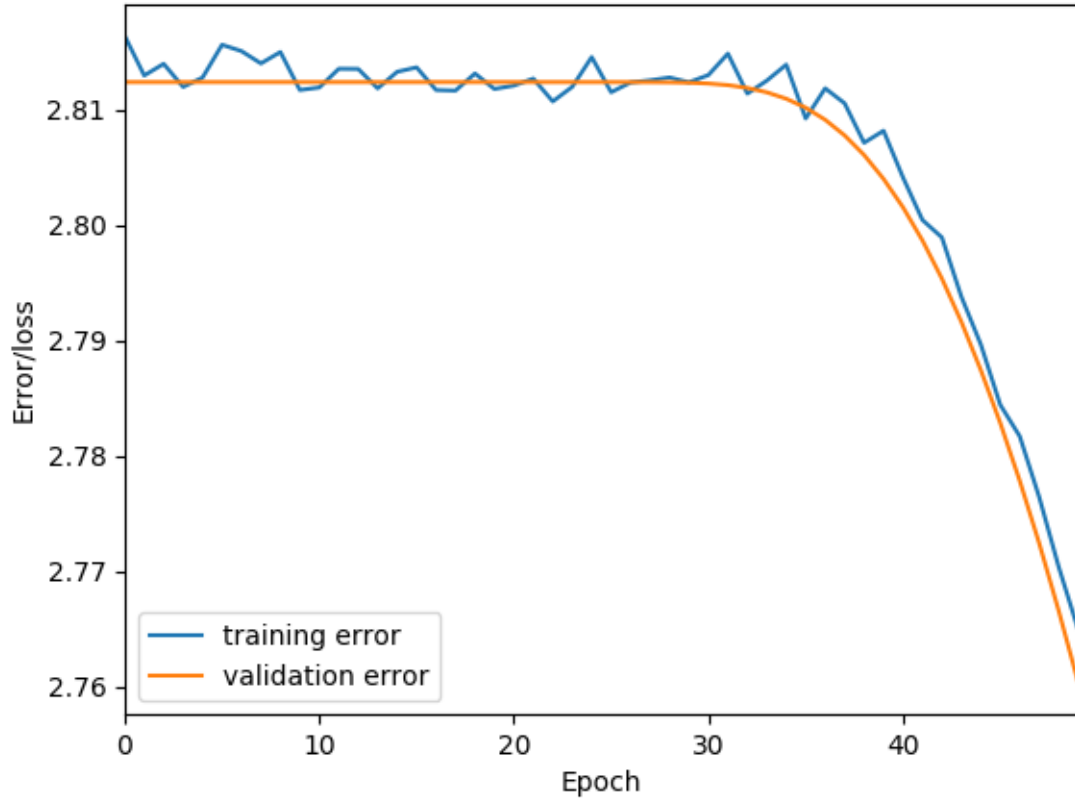
Movie rating Distrbution



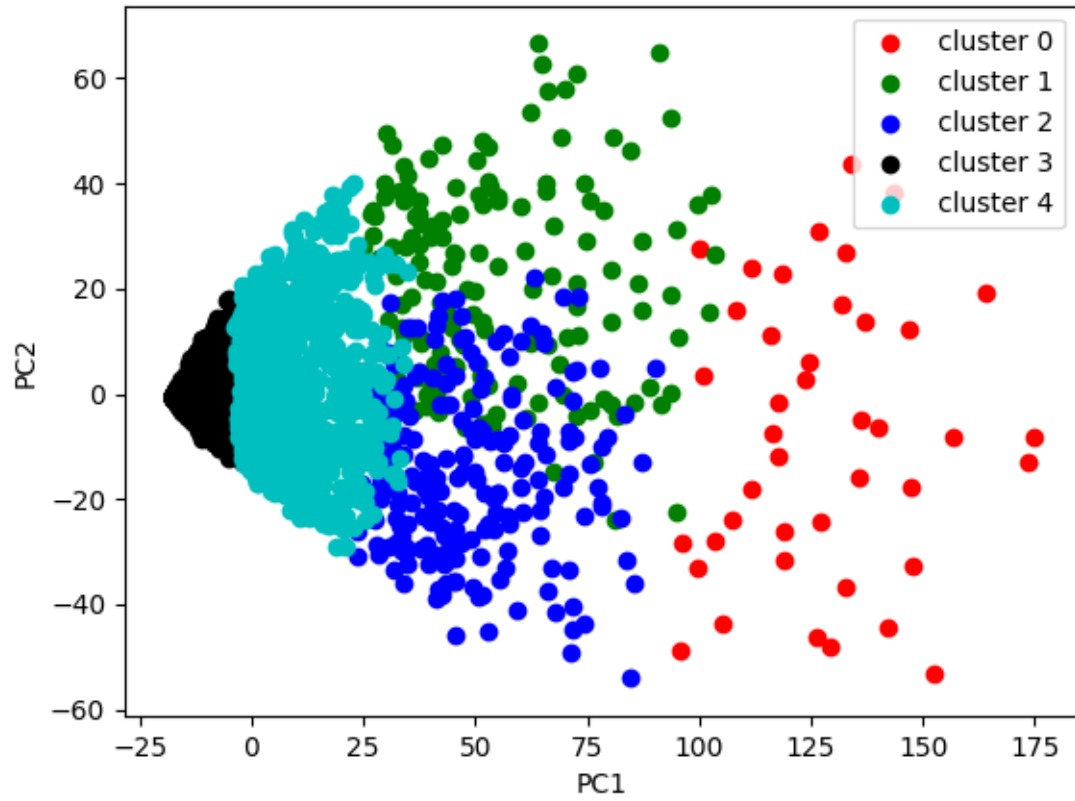
Distribution of users (by ages)



Training vs validation error (per epoch)



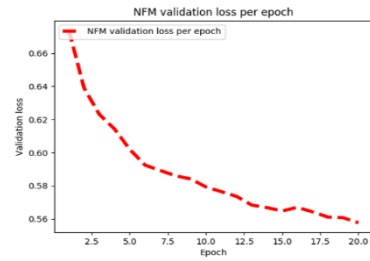
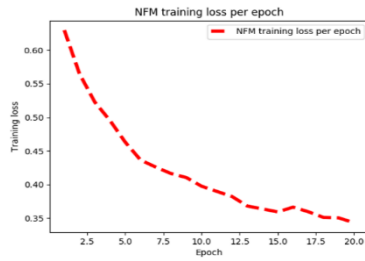
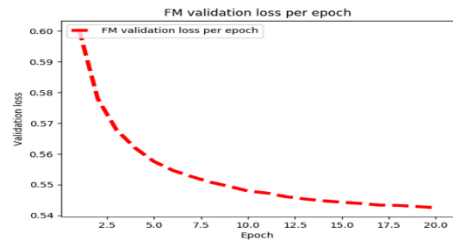
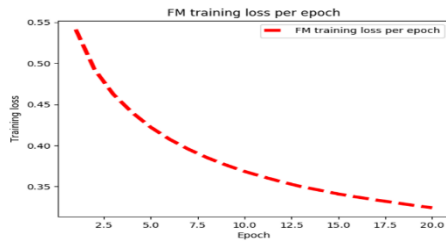
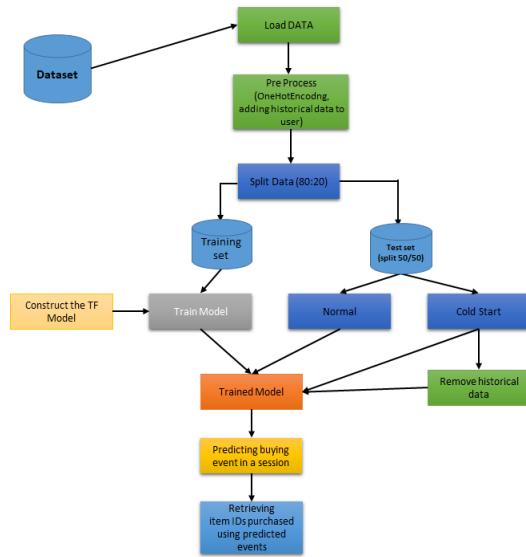
Clusters of similar movies using K-means



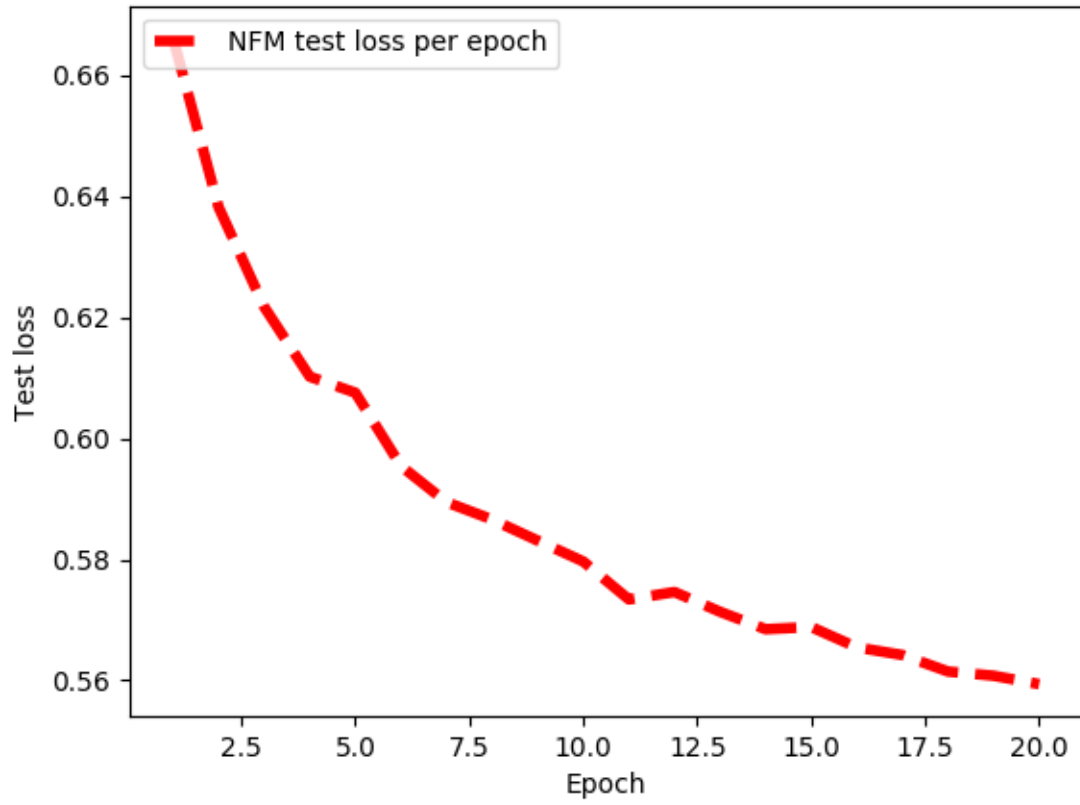
Feature vector x															Target y							
x_1	1	0	0	...	1	0	0	0	...	0.3	0.3	0.3	0	...	13	0	0	0	0	...	5	y_1
x_2	1	0	0	...	0	1	0	0	...	0.3	0.3	0.3	0	...	14	1	0	0	0	...	3	y_2
x_3	1	0	0	...	0	0	1	0	...	0.3	0.3	0.3	0	...	16	0	1	0	0	...	1	y_3
x_4	0	1	0	...	0	0	1	0	...	0	0	0.5	0.5	...	5	0	0	0	0	...	4	y_4
x_5	0	1	0	...	0	0	0	1	...	0	0	0.5	0.5	...	8	0	0	1	0	...	5	y_5
x_6	0	0	1	...	1	0	0	0	...	0.5	0	0.5	0	...	9	0	0	0	0	...	1	y_6
x_7	0	0	1	...	0	0	1	0	...	0.5	0	0.5	0	...	12	1	0	0	0	...	5	y_7
	A	B	C	...	TI	NH	SW	ST	...	TI	NH	SW	ST	...	Time	TI	NH	SW	ST	...		
	User				Movie					Other Movie rated						Last Movie rated						

		users											
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	...	n
items	1	1		1			1				1		
	2							1	1	1			
	3	1	1		1				1	1			1
	4		1			1			1	1			
	⋮			1				1					
	m												

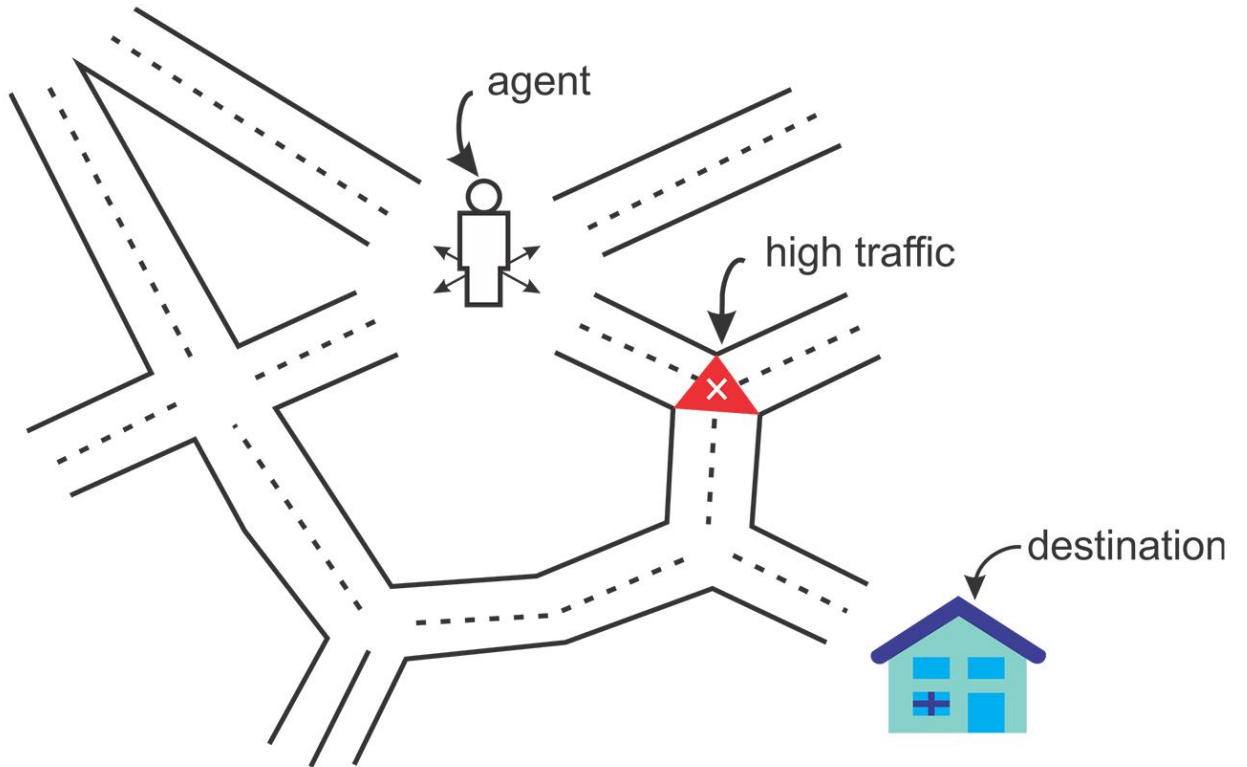
	User				Item				Categories				History				Quantity	
x_1	1	0	1	...	0	1	0	...	1	2	3	...	1	1	0	...	3	y_1
x_2	0	0	1	...	1	0	1	...	8	9	6	...	0	1	0	...	7	y_2
x_3	0	1	1	...	1	0	0	...	5	2	7	...	1	1	1	...	9	y_3
...
x_n	1	0	1	...	1	1	1	...	2	4	6	...	0	1	1	...	8	y_n



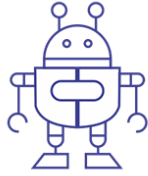
NFM test loss per epoch



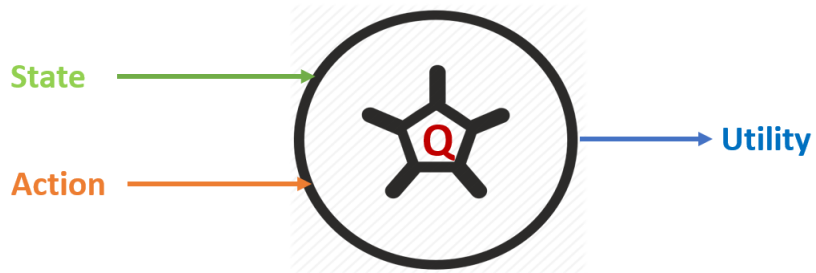
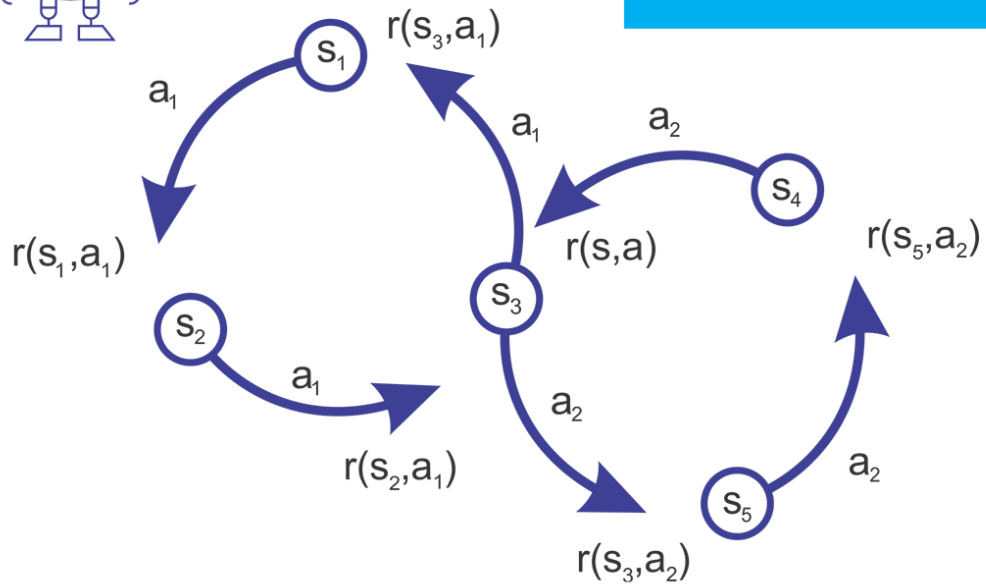
Chapter 11: Using Reinforcement Learning for Predictive Analytics

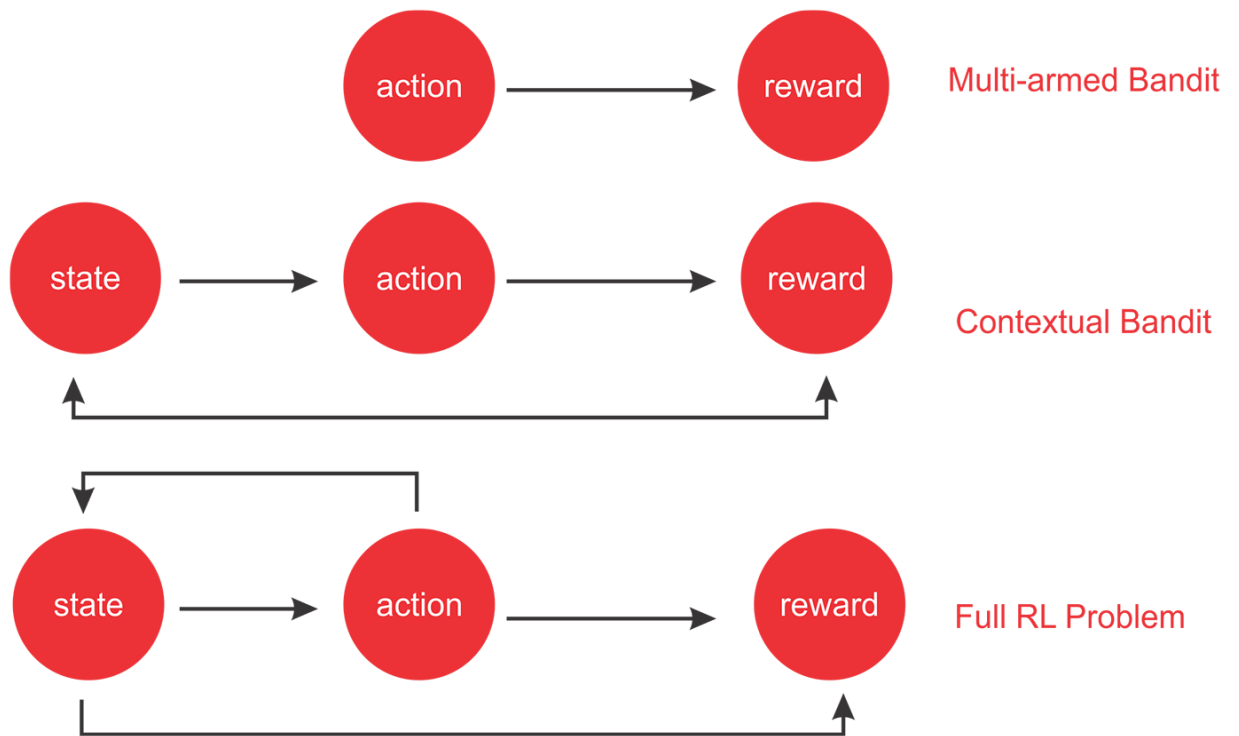


agent's current state



states: s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4, s_5
actions: a_1, a_2
rewards: $r(s, a)$

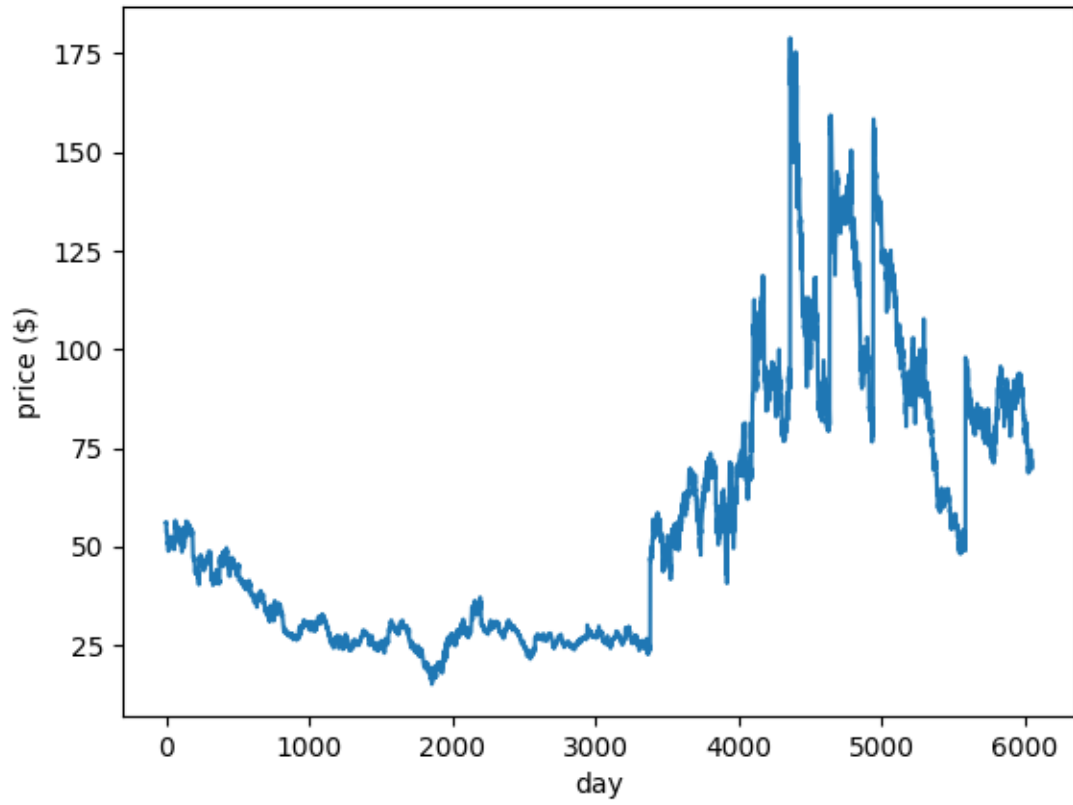


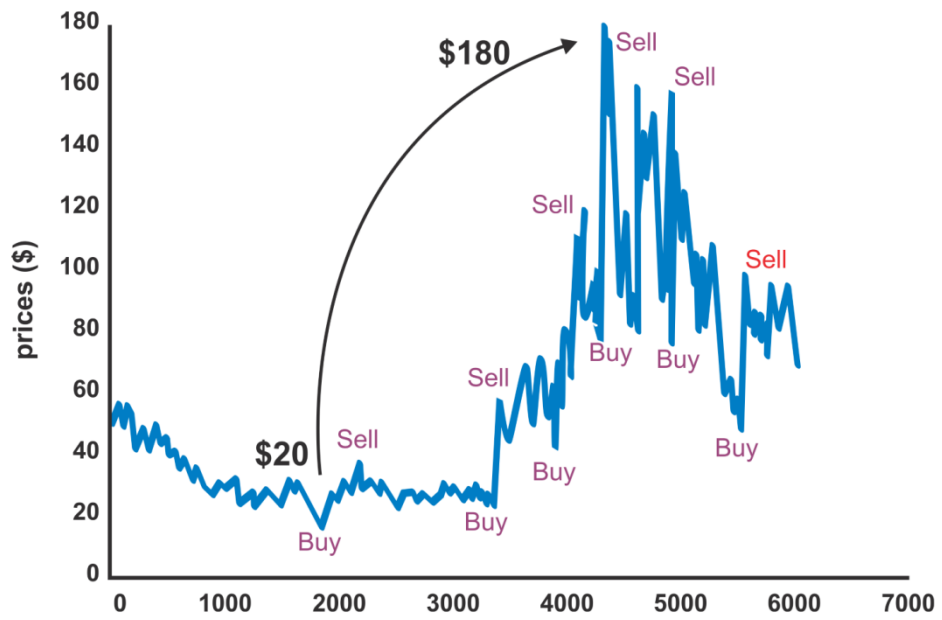


Stocks: Most Actives >

Symbol	Last Price	Change	% Change
BAC Bank of America Corporation	24.21	-0.41	-1.67%
AMD Advanced Micro Devices, Inc.	13.92	0.39	2.88%
JNS Janus Capital Group, Inc.	14.17	-0.08	-0.56%
S Sprint Corporation	8.55	0.35	4.27%
F Ford Motor Company	11.68	0.08	0.69%

Opening stock prices





Infer(s) \Rightarrow a
Do(s, a) \Rightarrow r, s'
Learn(s, r, a, s')

