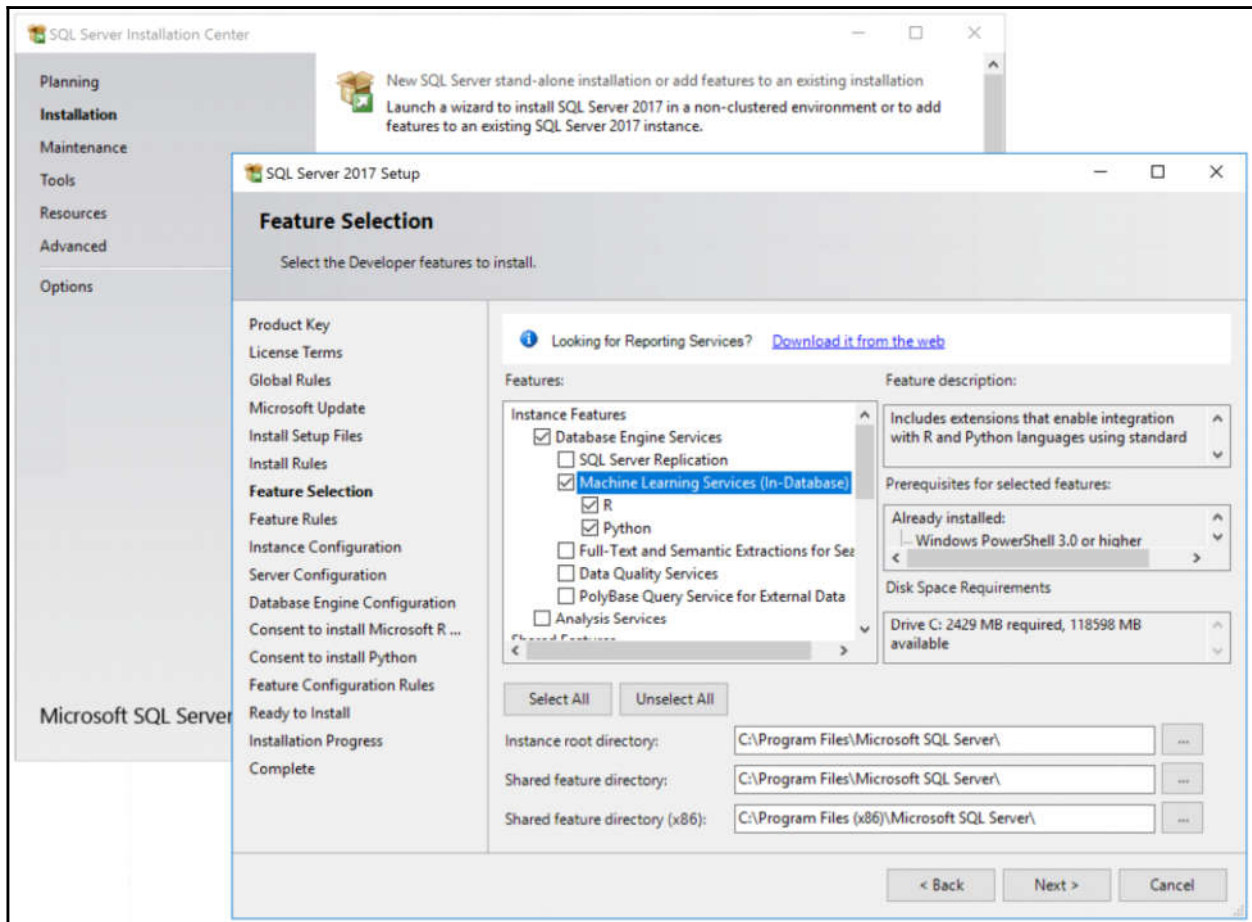
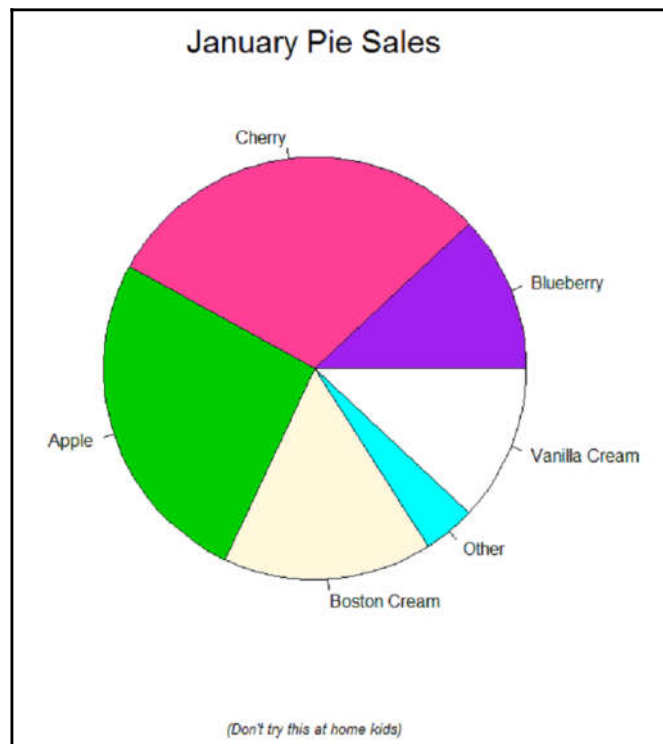
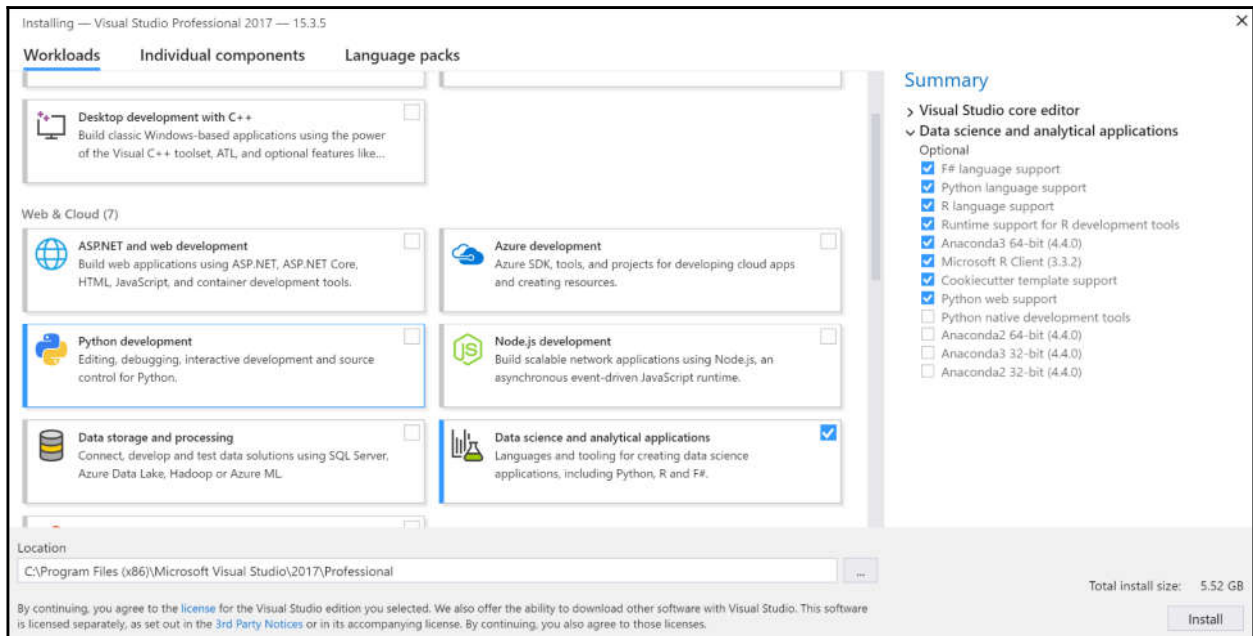


# Chapter 1: Writing Queries with T-SQL



# Chapter 2: Introducing R



Login Properties - RUser

Select a page

- General
- Server Roles
- User Mapping
- Securables
- Status

Script Help

Users mapped to this login:

Map	Database	User	Default Schen
<input type="checkbox"/>	AdventureWorks		
<input type="checkbox"/>	AdventureWorks2014		
<input type="checkbox"/>	AdventureWorks2016		
<input type="checkbox"/>	AdventureWorks2017		
<input type="checkbox"/>	AdventureWorksDW2012		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	AdventureWorksDW2014	RUser	dbo
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	AdventureWorksDW2016	RUser	dbo
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	AdventureWorksDW2017	RUser	dbo
<input type="checkbox"/>	AdventureworksLT		
<input type="checkbox"/>	master		
<input type="checkbox"/>	model		

Guest account enabled for: AdventureWorksDW2017

Database role membership for: AdventureWorksDW2017

- db\_accessadmin
- db\_backupoperator
- db\_datareader
- db\_datawriter
- db\_ddladmin
- db\_denydatareader
- db\_denydatawriter
- db\_owner
- db\_securityadmin
- public

Connection

Server: SQL2017EIM

Connection: SQL2017EIM\Administrator

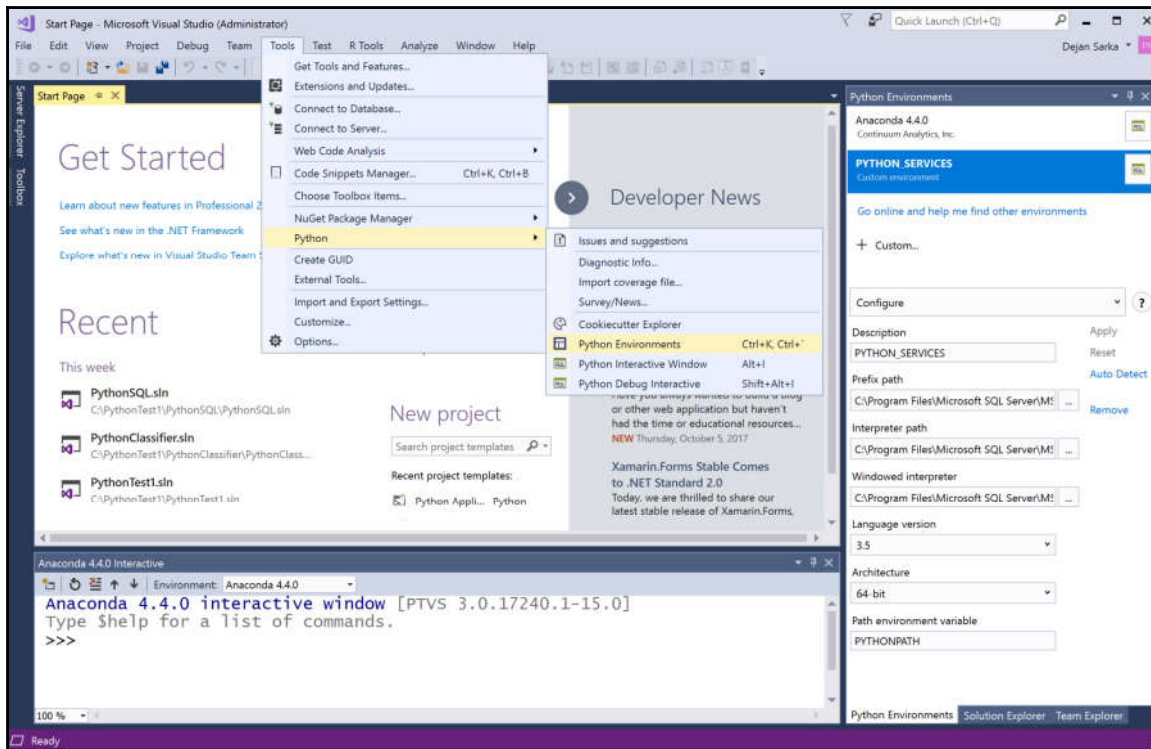
[View connection properties](#)

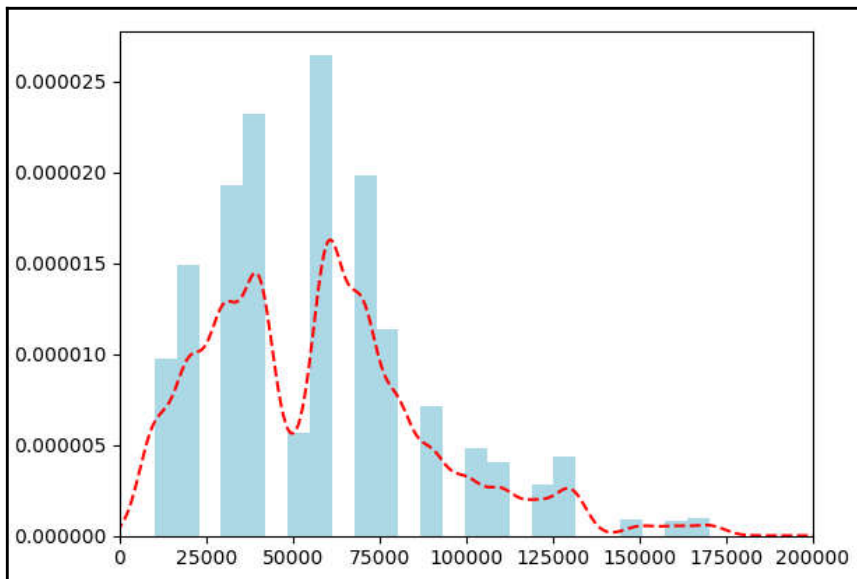
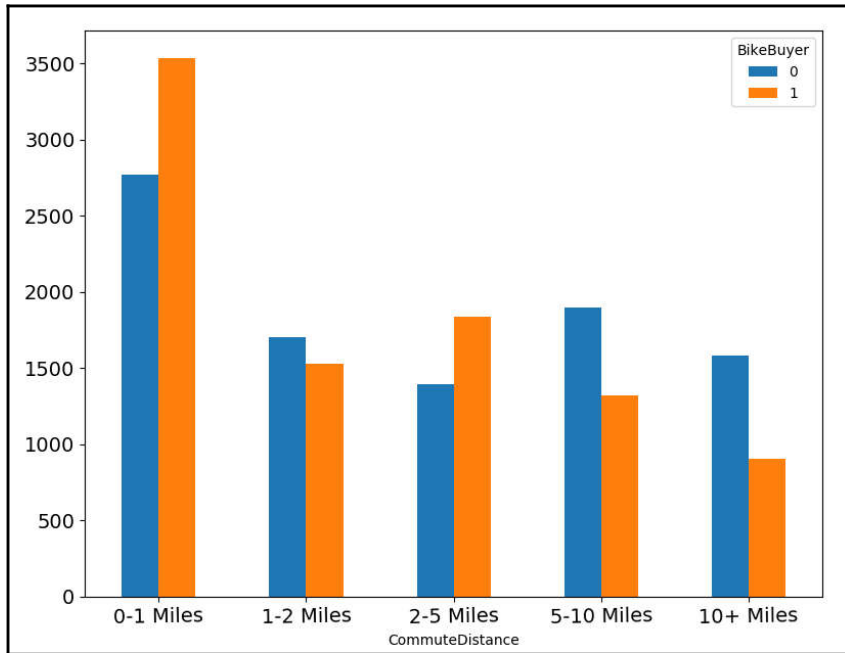
Progress

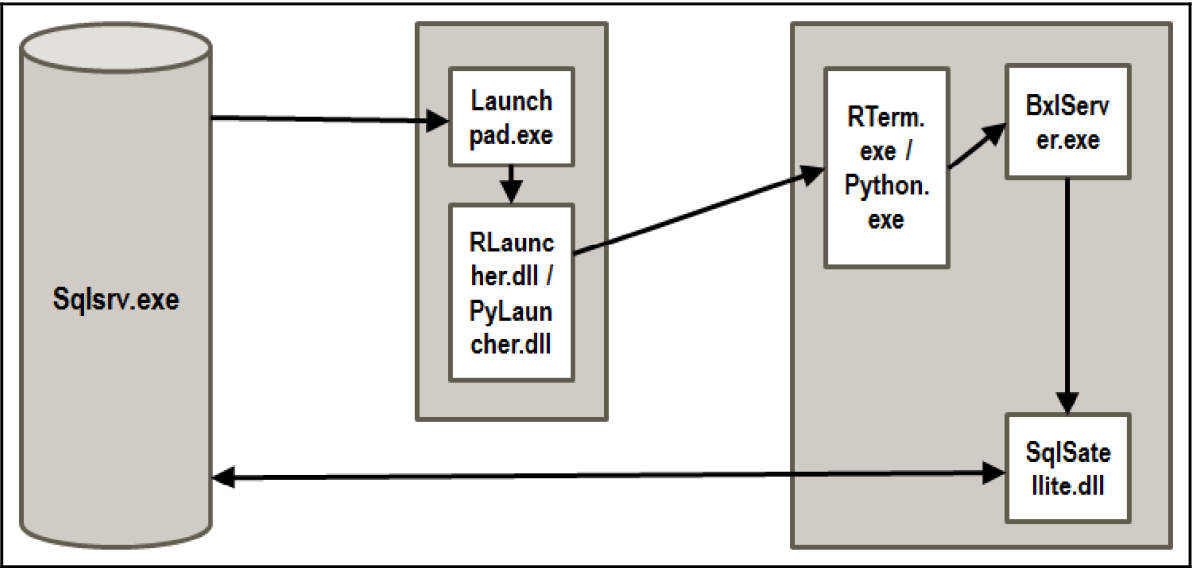
Ready

OK Cancel

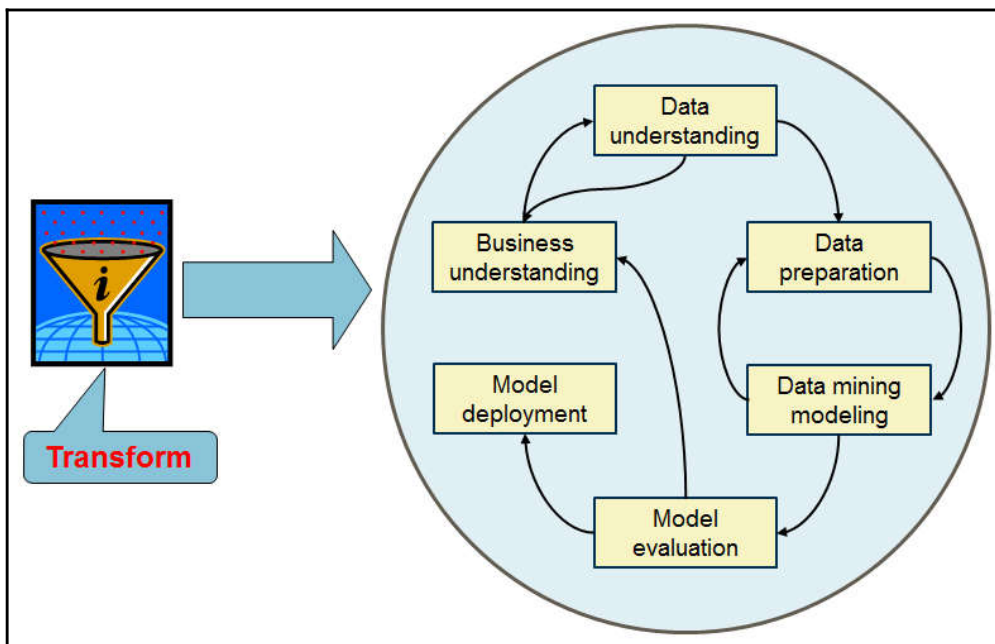
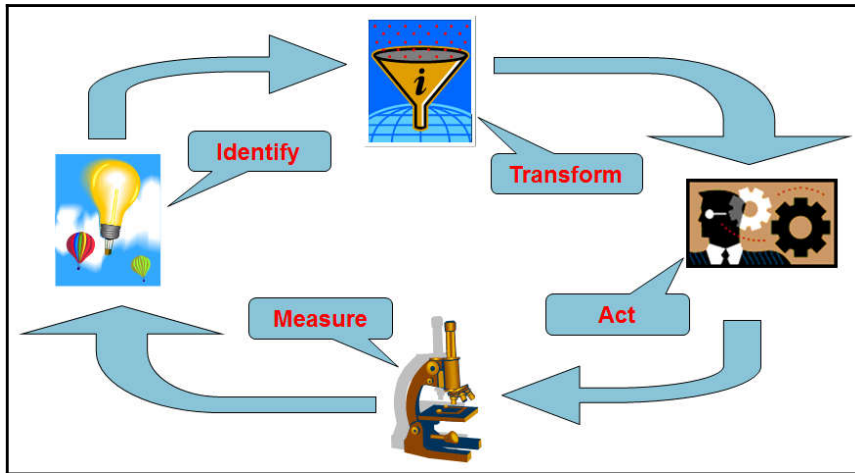
# Chapter 3: Getting Familiar with Python







# Chapter 4: Data Overview



$$\mu = 1/n * \sum_{i=1}^n v_i$$

$$R = v_{max} - v_{min}$$

$$IQR = Q_3 - Q_1$$

$$Var = 1/(n - 1) * \sum_{i=1}^n (v_i - \mu)^2$$

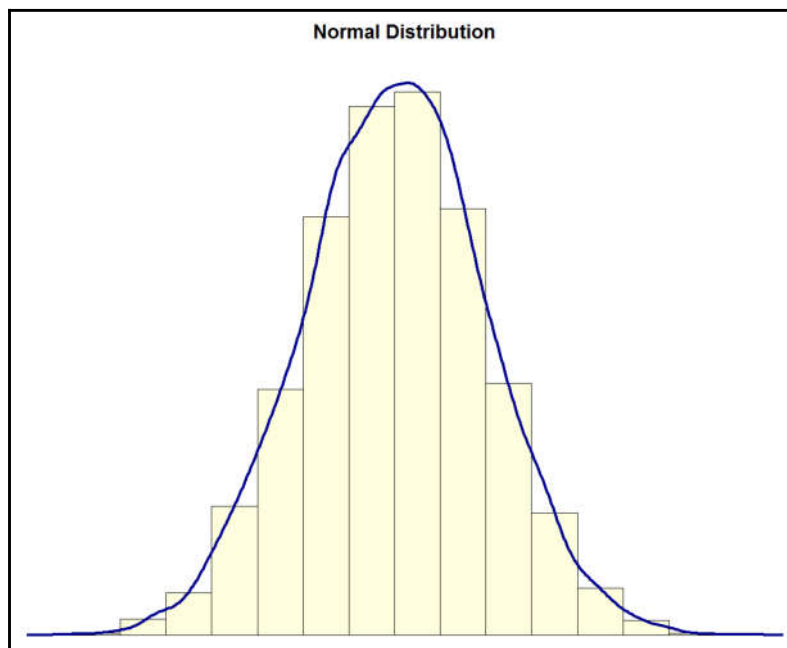
$$VarP = 1/n * \sum_{i=1}^n (v_i - \mu)^2$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{Var}$$

$$CV = \sigma/\mu$$

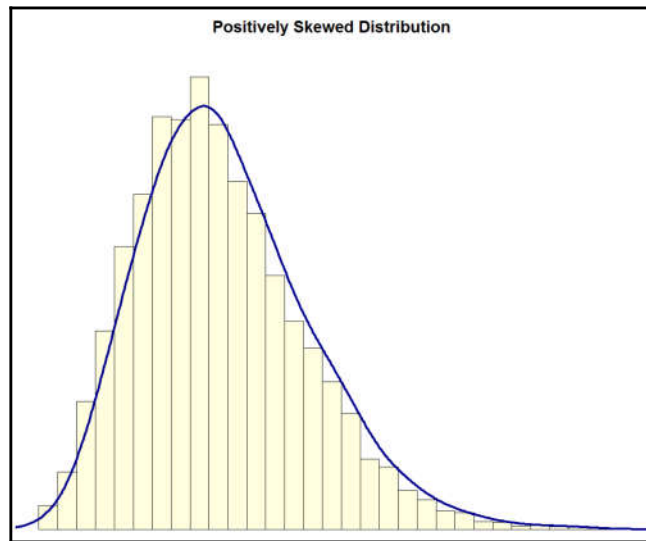
$$f(x, \mu, \sigma) = 1/\sqrt{2\pi\sigma} * e^{-(x-\mu)^2/2\sigma^2}$$

$$z = (x - \mu)/\sigma$$

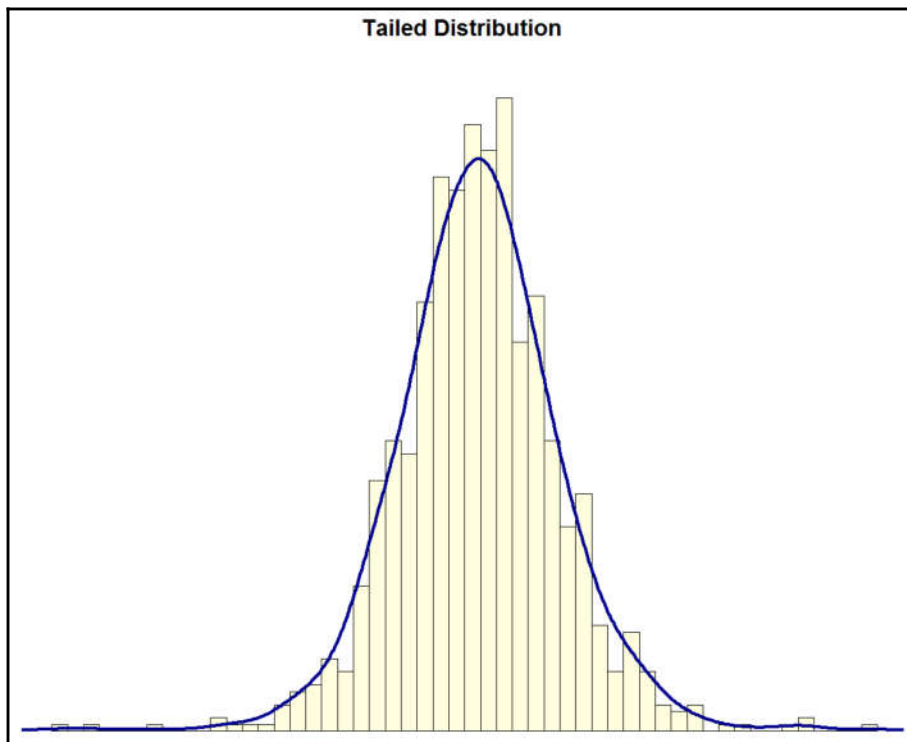


$$Skew = n/((n - 1) * (n - 2)) * \sum_{i=1}^n ((v_i - \mu)/\sigma)^3$$

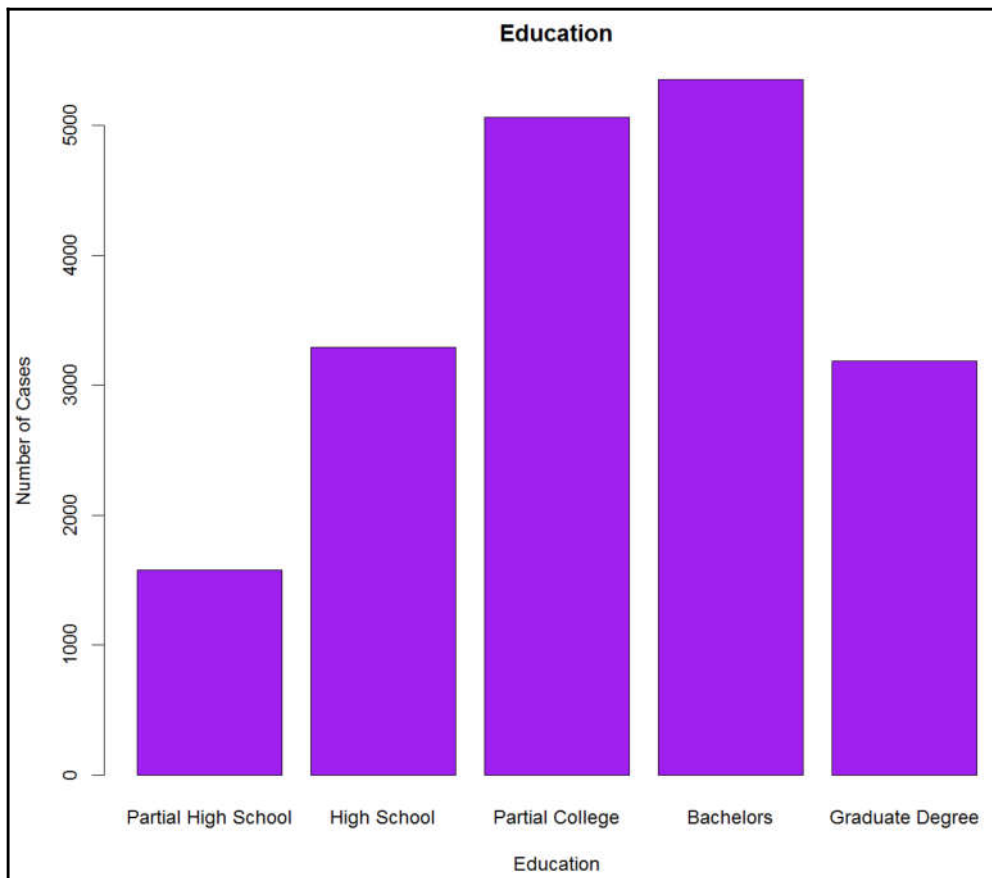


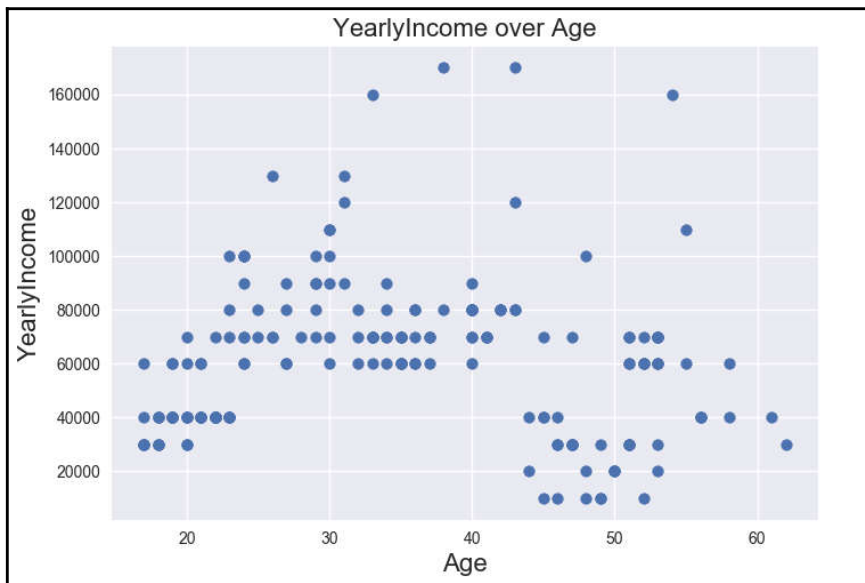
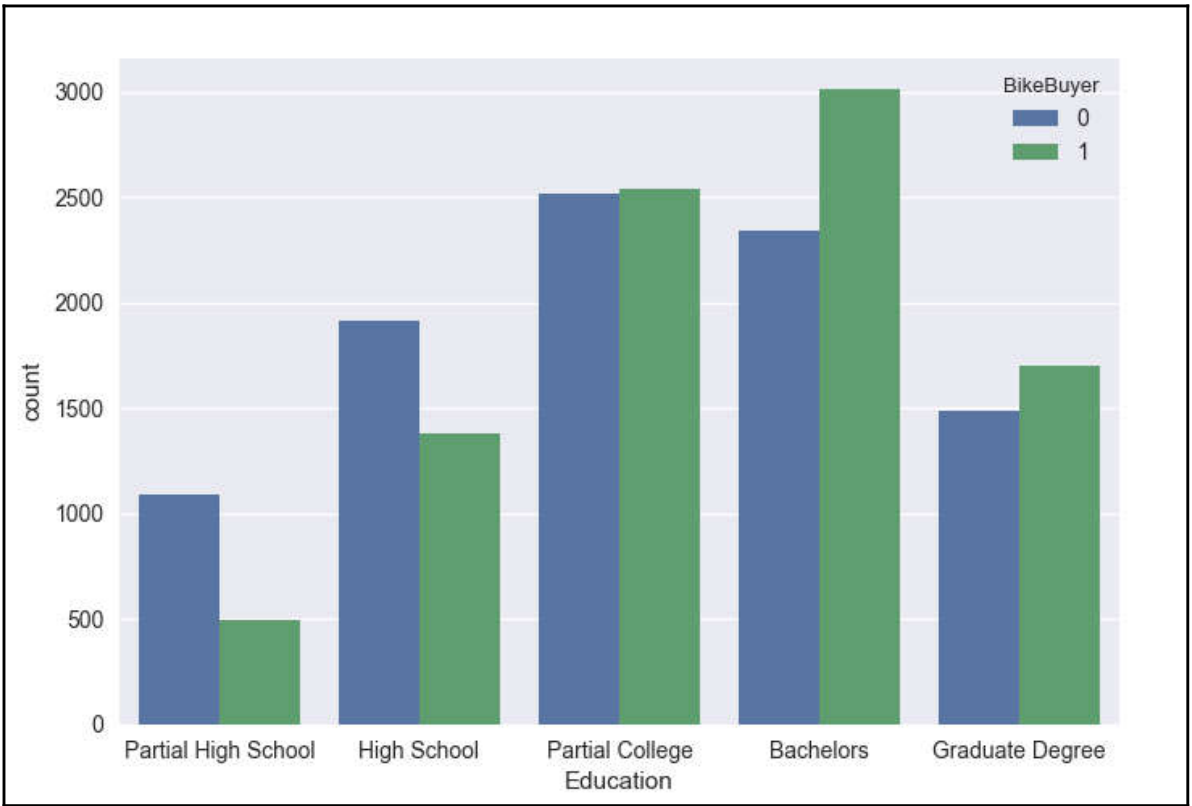


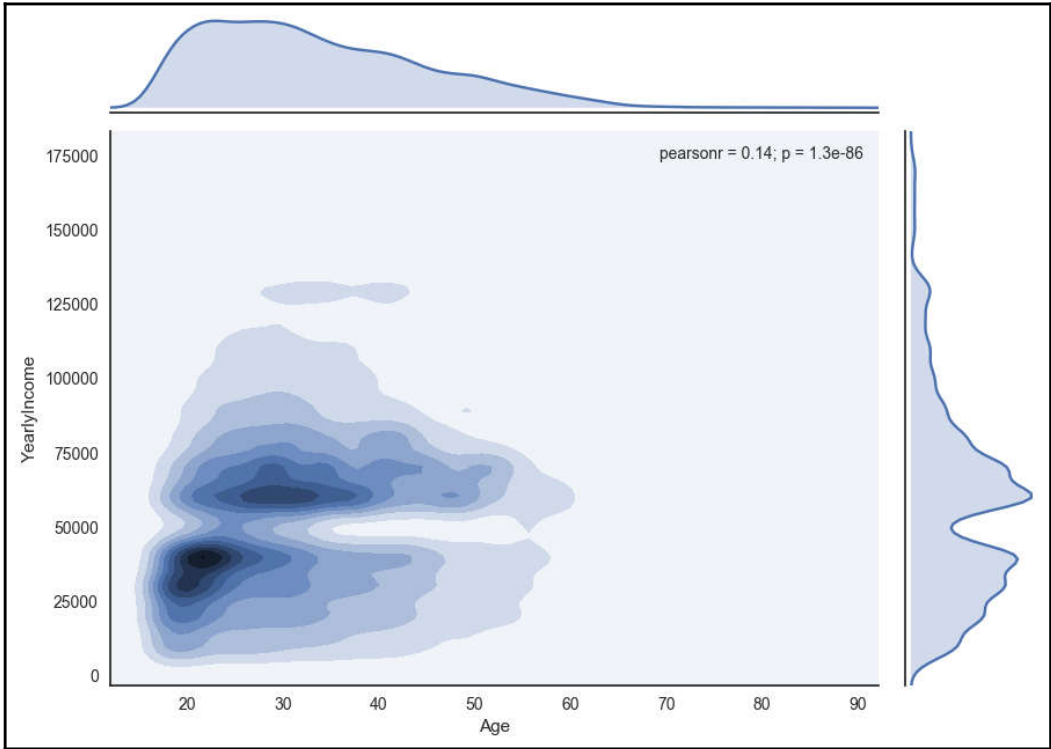
$$Kurt = \frac{(n * (n + 1))}{((n - 1) * (n - 2) * (n - 3))} * \sum_{i=1}^n \left( \frac{(v_i - \mu)}{\sigma} \right)^4 - \frac{(3 * (n - 1)^2)}{((n - 2) * (n - 3))}$$



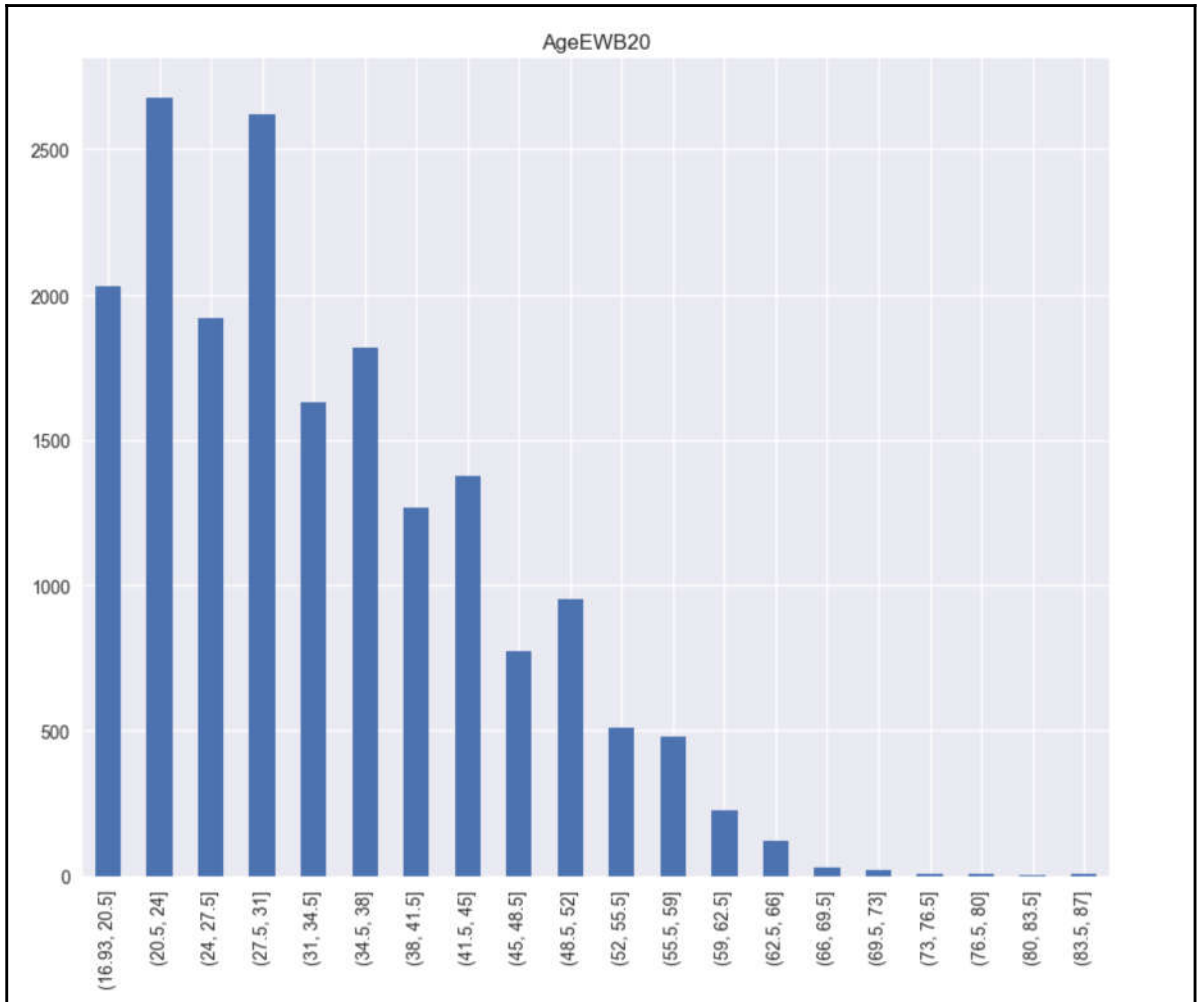
	CommuteDistance	AbsFreq	CumFreq	AbsPerc	CumPerc	Histogram
1	1 - 0-1 Miles	6310	6310	34	34	*****
2	2 - 1-2 Miles	3232	9542	17	51	*****
3	3 - 2-5 Miles	3234	12776	17	68	*****
4	4 - 5-10 Miles	3214	15990	17	85	*****
5	5 - 10+ Miles	2494	18484	13	98	*****

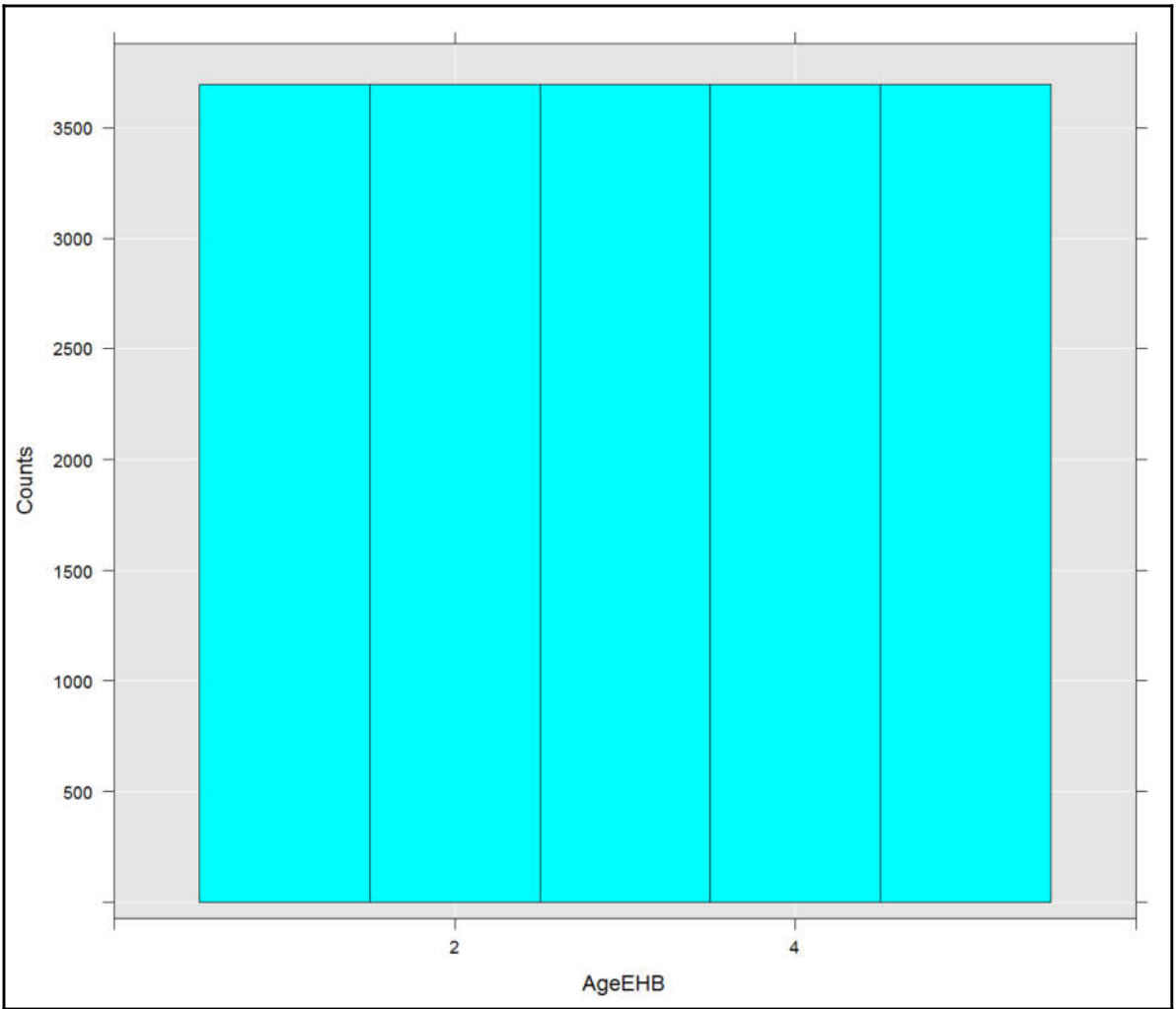


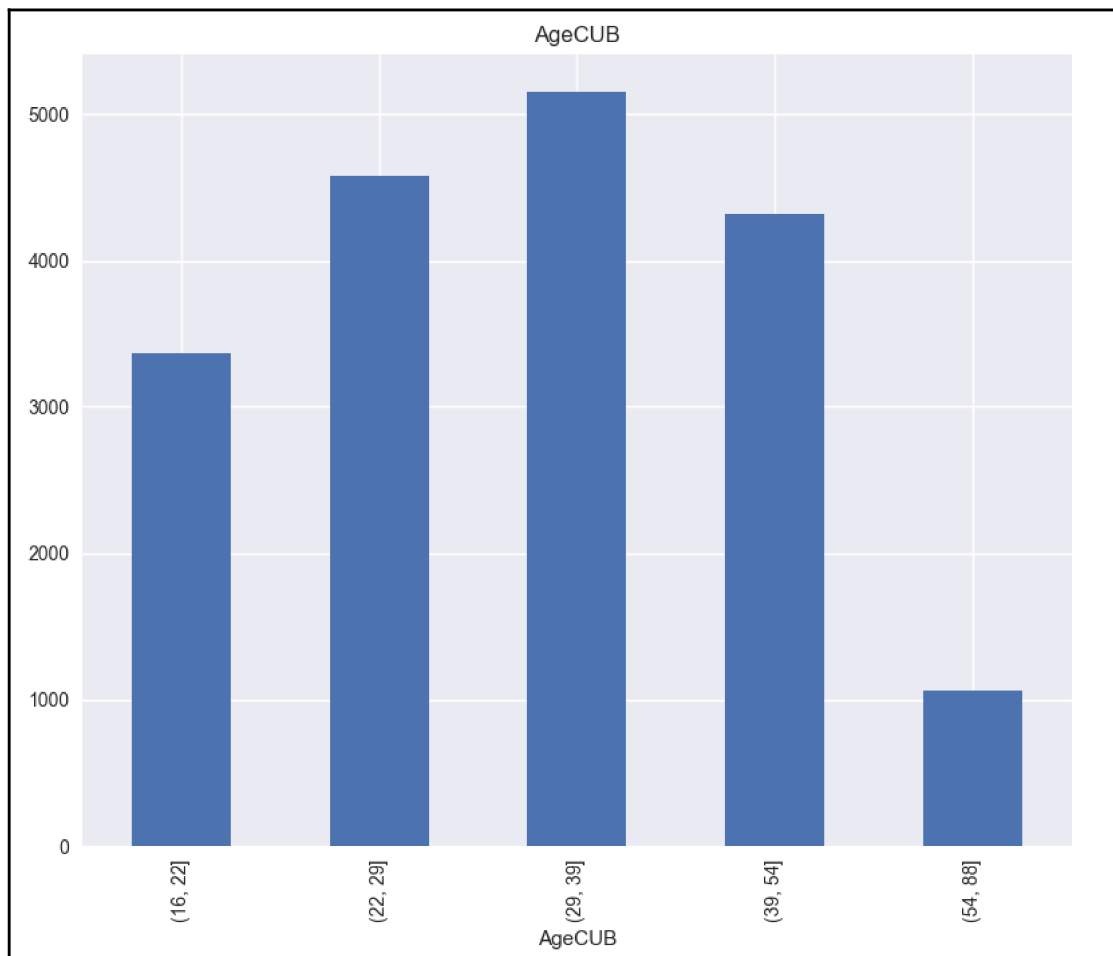




# Chapter 5: Data Preparation



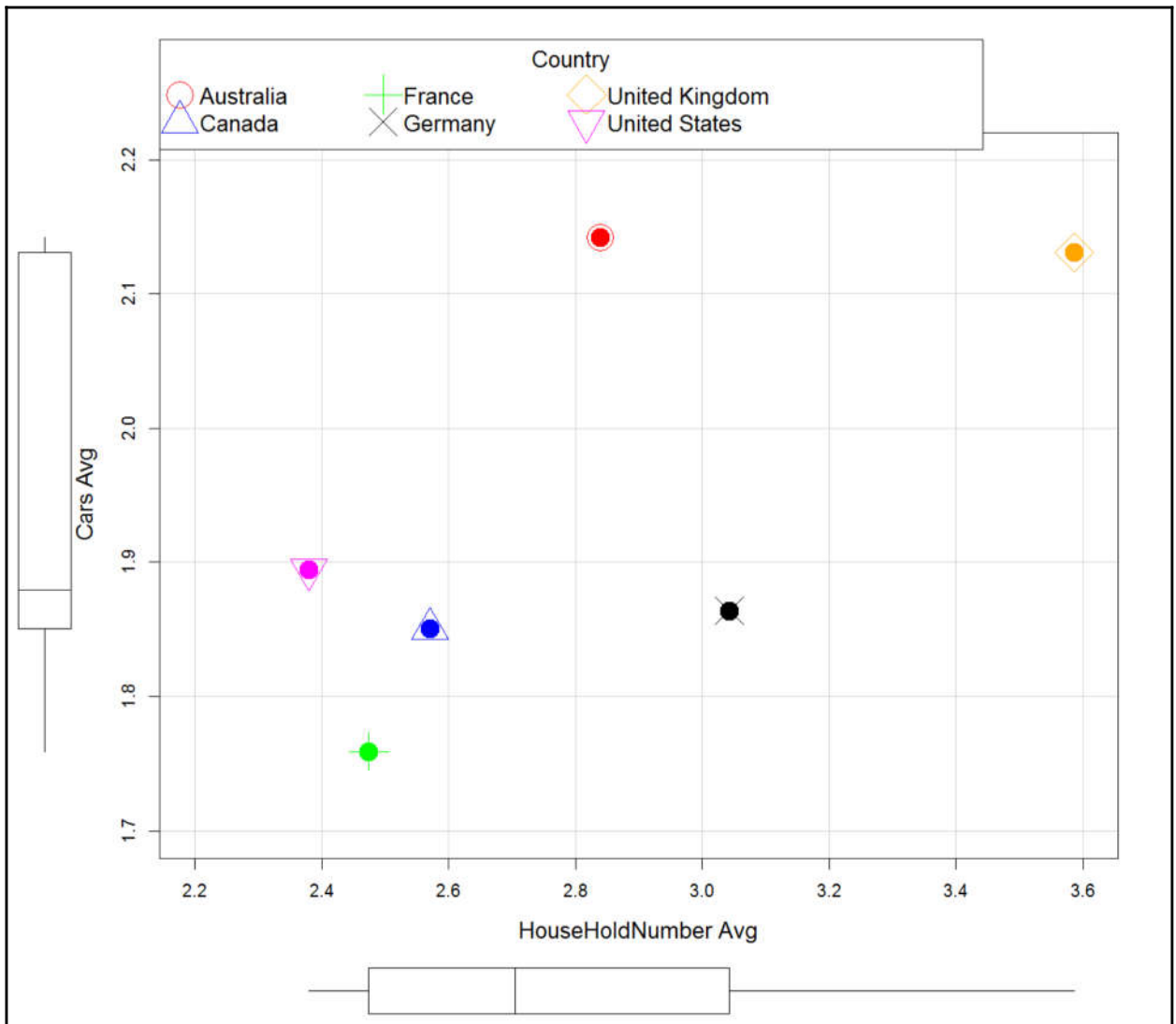




$$I(x) = -P(x_i) * \text{LOG}_2(P(x_i))$$

$$H(x) = -\sum_{i=1}^n P(x_i) * \text{LOG}_2(P(x_i))$$

$$H_{max,n} = \text{LOG}_2(n)$$



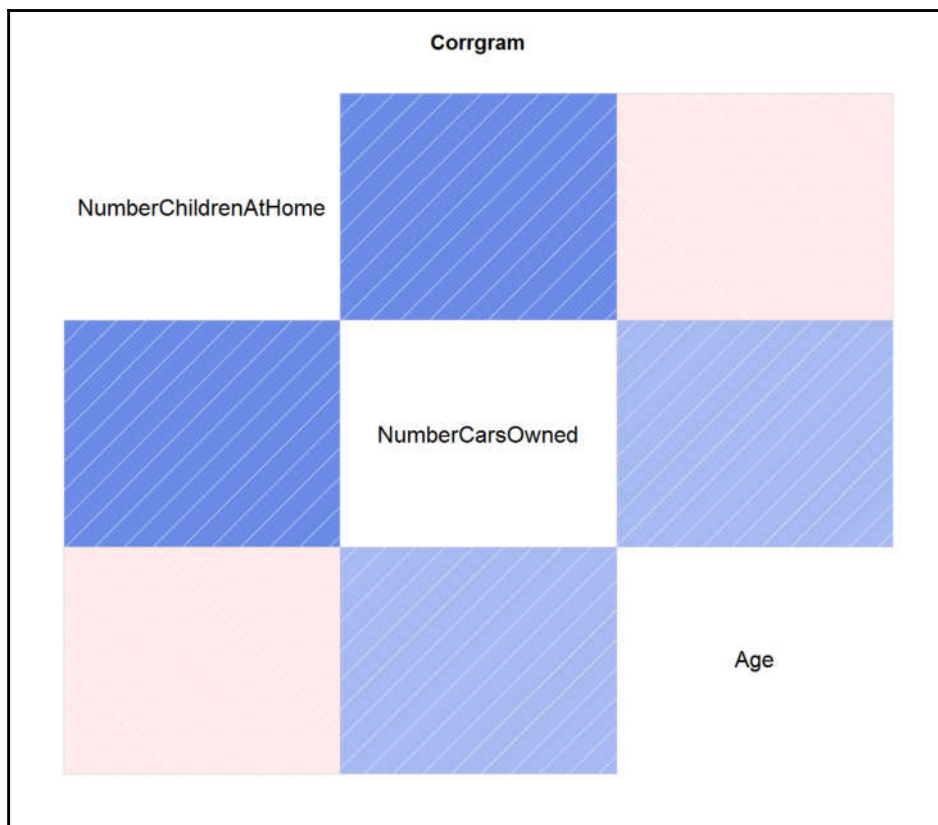


## Chapter 6: Intermediate Statistics and Graphs

$$CoVar(X, Y) = 1/n * \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \mu(X)) * (Y_i - \mu(Y))$$

$$Correl(X, Y) = Covar(X, Y) / ((\sigma(X) * \sigma(Y)))$$

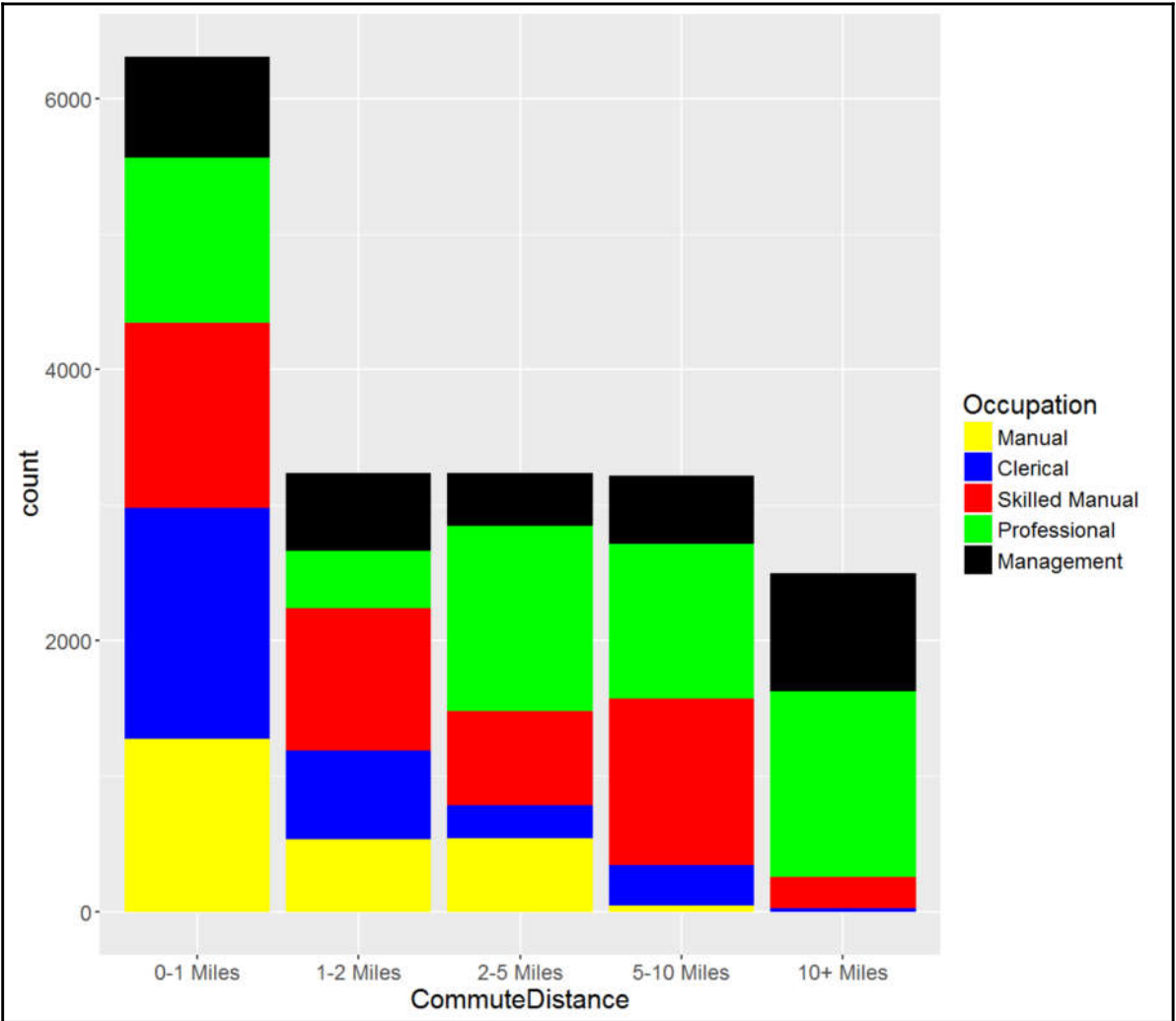
$$CD(X, Y) = Correl(X, Y)^2$$

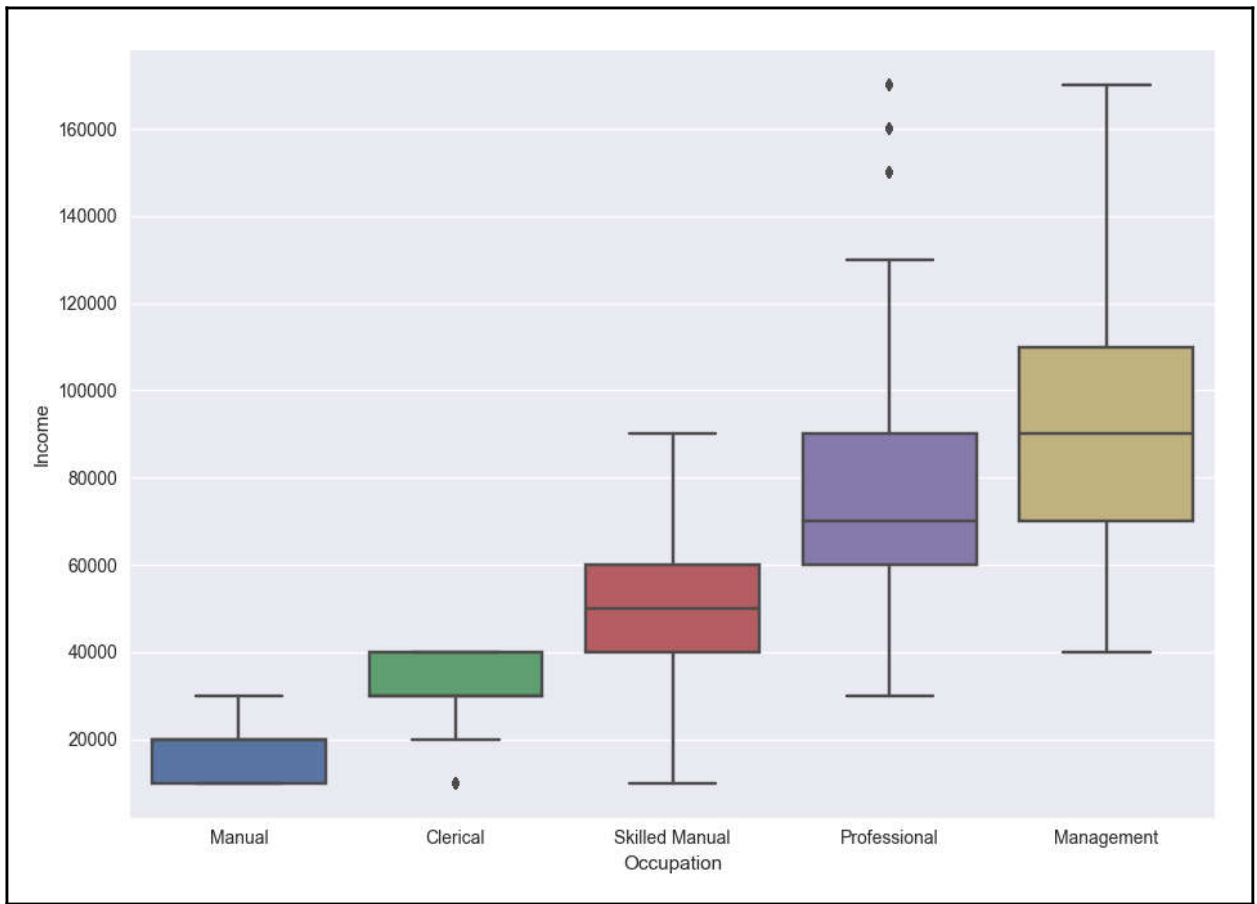


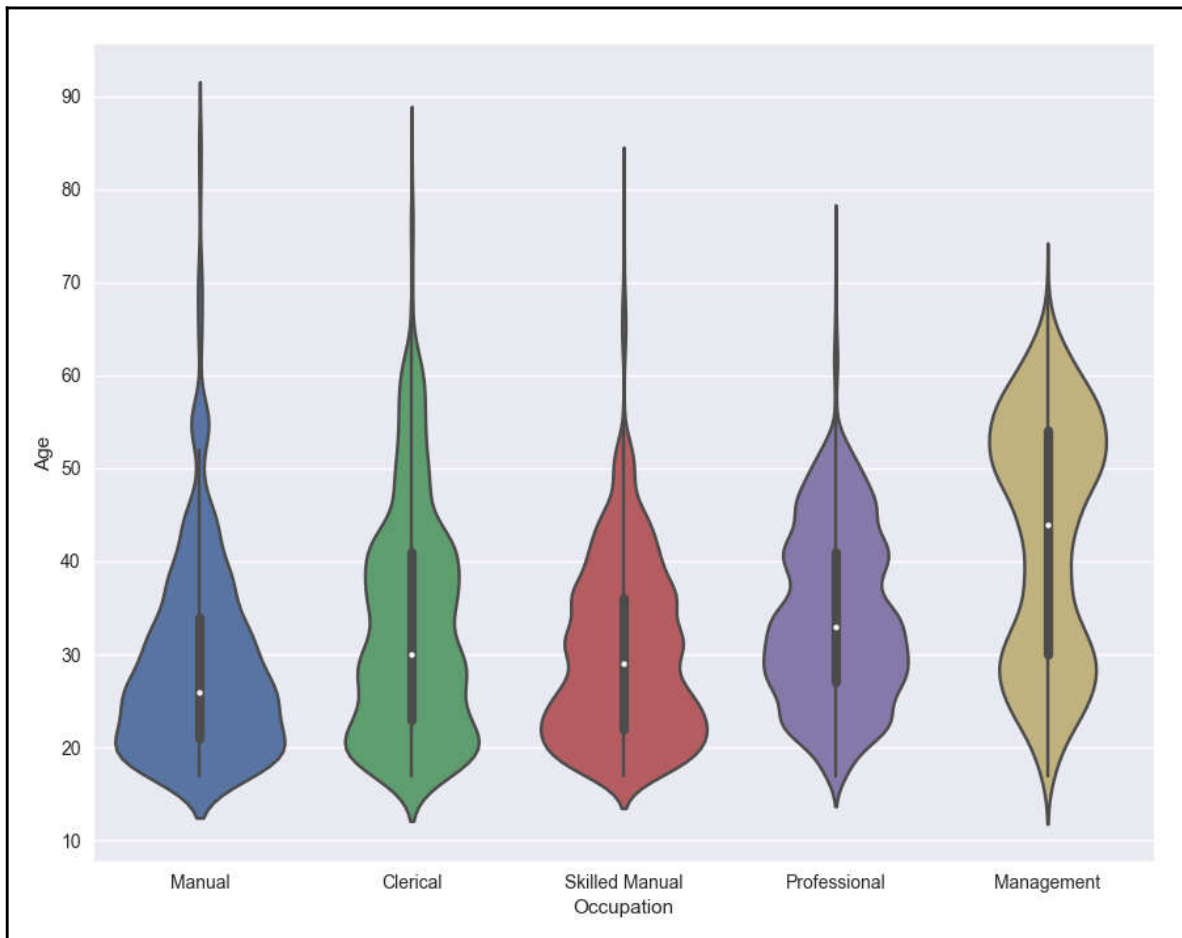
$$\chi^2 = 1/n * \sum_{i=1}^n (O - E)^2 / E$$

$$DF = (C - 1) * (R - 1)$$

<b>DF</b>	<b>Chi-squared Value</b>											
<b>1</b>	0.004	0.02	0.06	0.15	0.46	1.07	1.64	2.71	3.84	6.64	10.83	
<b>2</b>	0.10	0.21	0.45	0.71	1.39	2.41	3.22	4.60	5.99	9.21	13.82	
<b>3</b>	0.35	0.58	1.01	1.42	2.37	3.66	4.64	6.25	7.82	11.34	16.27	
<b>4</b>	0.71	1.06	1.65	2.20	3.36	4.88	5.99	7.78	9.49	13.28	18.47	
<b>5</b>	1.14	1.61	2.34	3.00	4.35	6.06	7.29	9.24	11.07	15.09	20.52	
<b>6</b>	1.63	2.20	3.07	3.83	5.35	7.23	8.56	10.64	12.59	16.81	22.46	
<b>7</b>	2.17	2.83	3.82	4.67	6.35	8.38	9.80	12.02	14.07	18.48	24.32	
<b>8</b>	2.73	3.49	4.59	5.53	7.34	9.52	11.03	13.56	15.51	20.09	26.12	
<b>9</b>	3.32	4.17	5.38	6.39	8.34	10.66	12.24	14.68	16.92	21.67	27.88	
<b>10</b>	3.94	4.86	6.18	7.27	9.34	11.78	13.44	15.99	18.31	23.21	29.59	
<b>Probability</b>	<b>0.95</b>	<b>0.90</b>	<b>0.80</b>	<b>0.70</b>	<b>0.50</b>	<b>0.30</b>	<b>0.20</b>	<b>0.10</b>	<b>0.05</b>	<b>0.01</b>	<b>0.001</b>	
	<b>Not significant</b>								<b>Significant</b>			



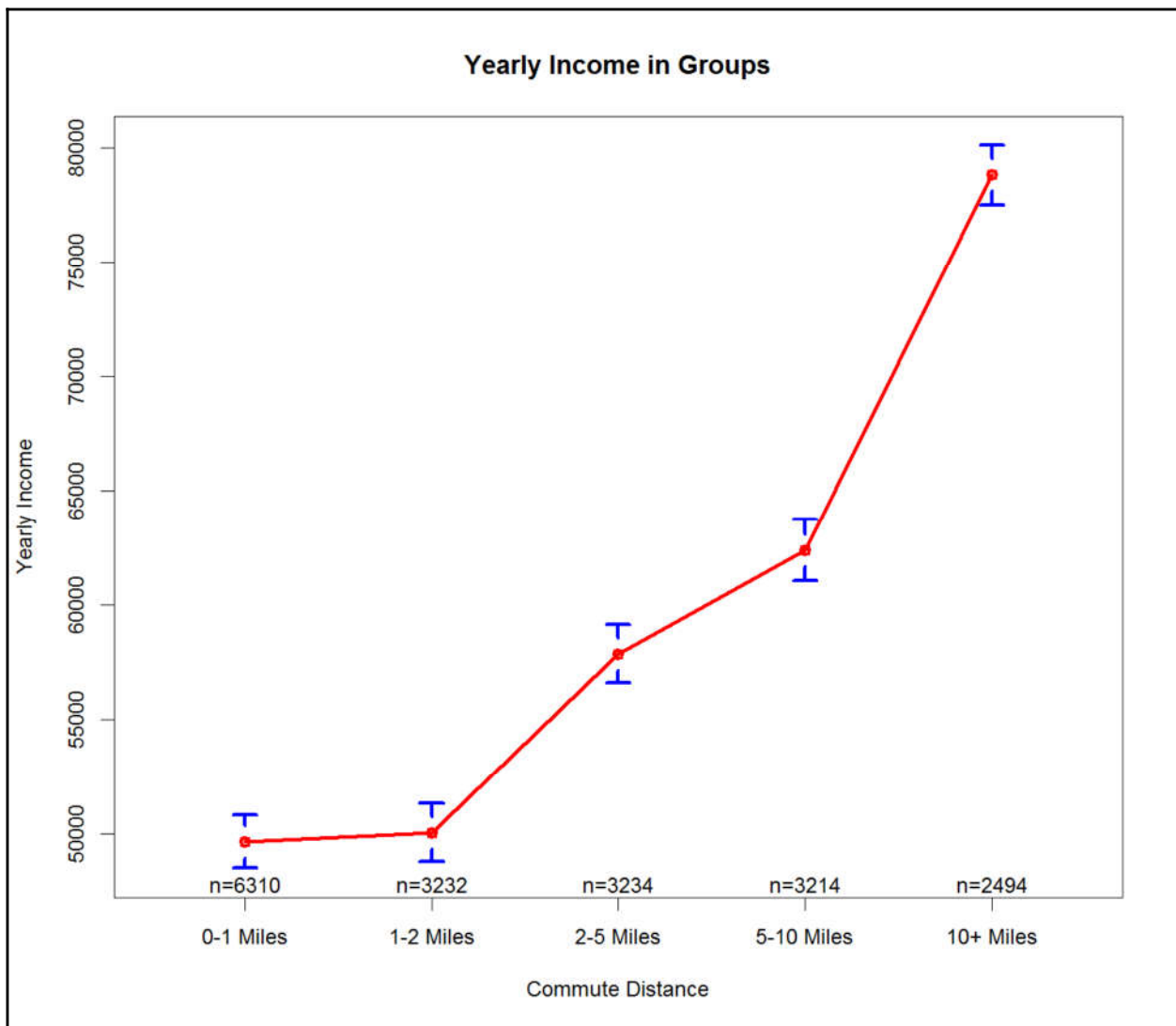




$$MS_A = SS_A / DF_A; SS_A = \sum_{i=1}^a n_i * (\mu_i - \mu)^2; DF_A = (a - 1)$$

$$MS_E = SS_E / DF_E; SS_E = \sum_{i=1}^a \sum_{j=1}^{n_i} (v_{ij} - \mu_i)^2; DF_E = \sum_{i=1}^a (n_i - 1)$$

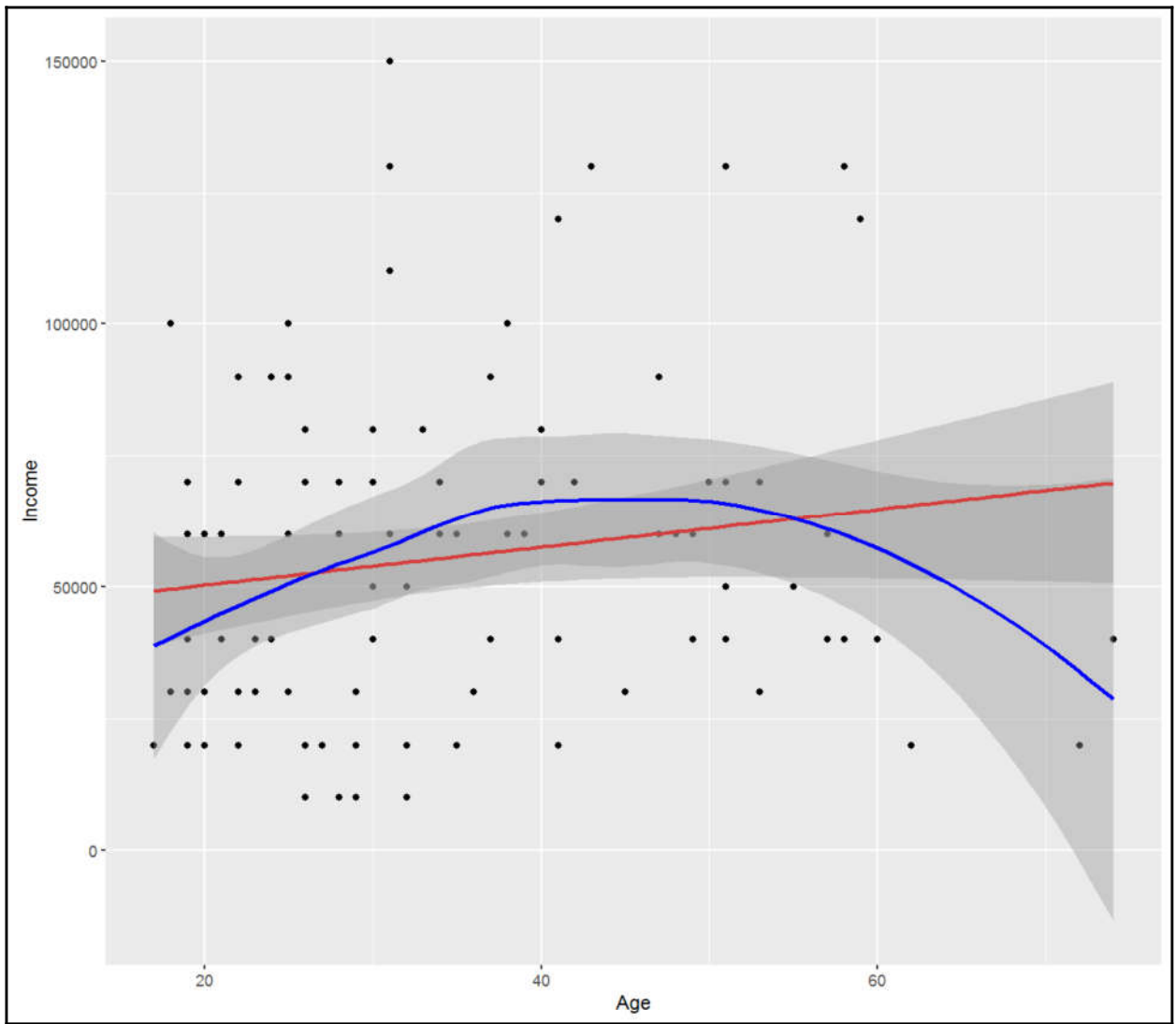
$$F = MS_A / MS_E$$



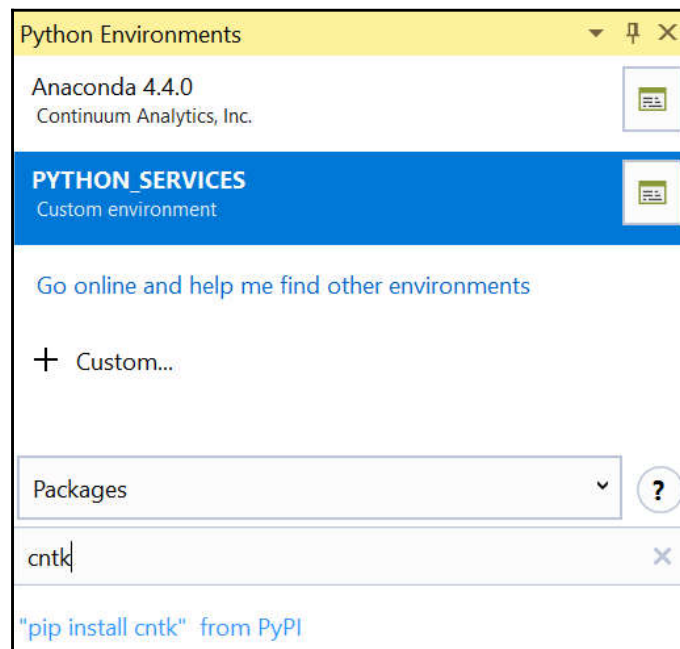
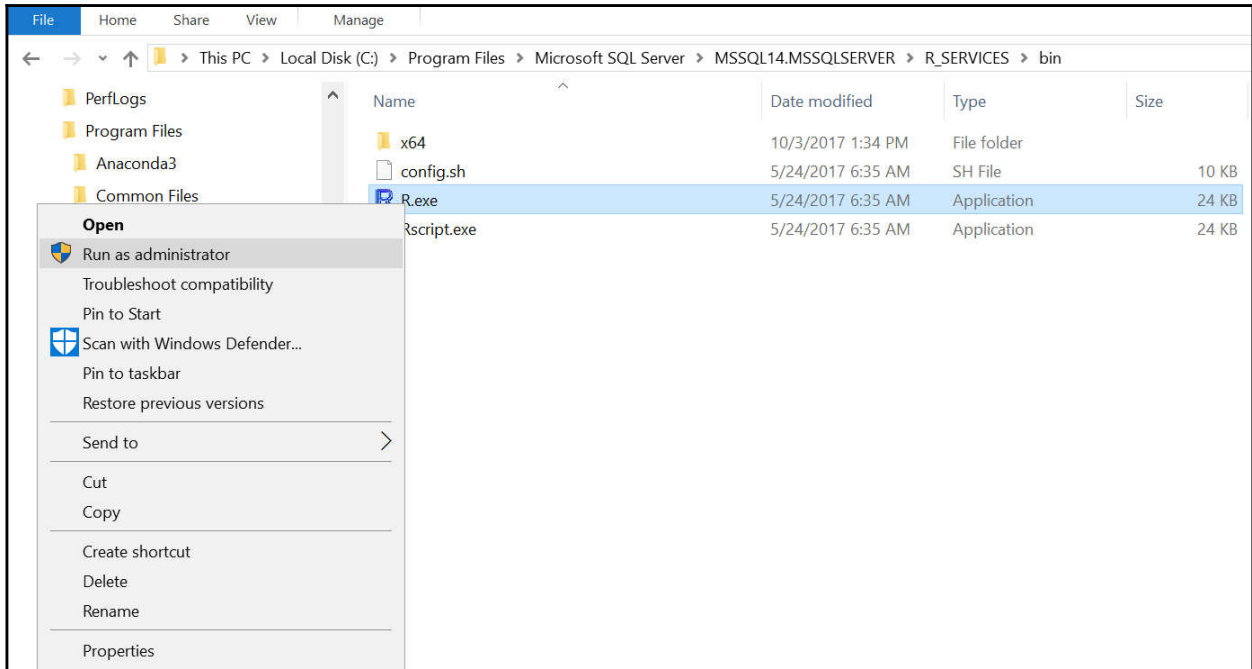
$$Y = a + bX$$

$$Slope(Y) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \mu(X)) * (Y_i - \mu(Y))}{\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \mu(X))^2}$$

$$Intercept(Y) = \mu(Y) - Slope(Y) * \mu(X)$$



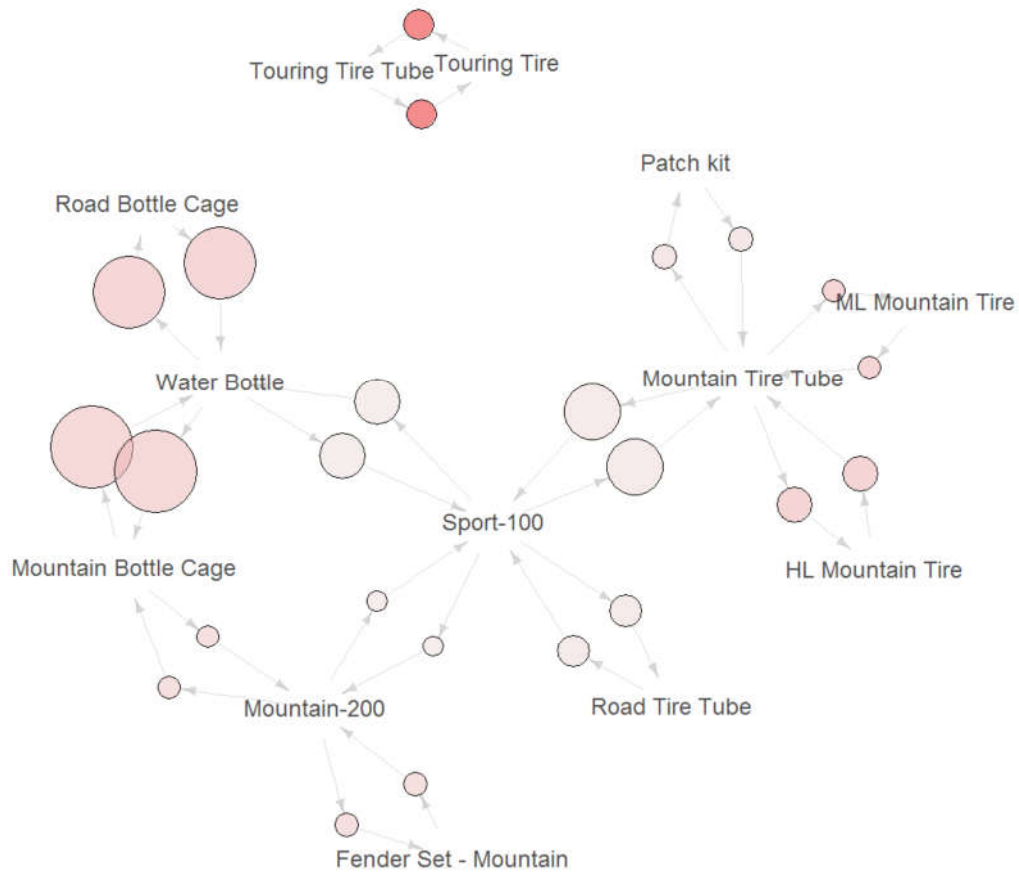
# Chapter 7: Unsupervised Machine Learning

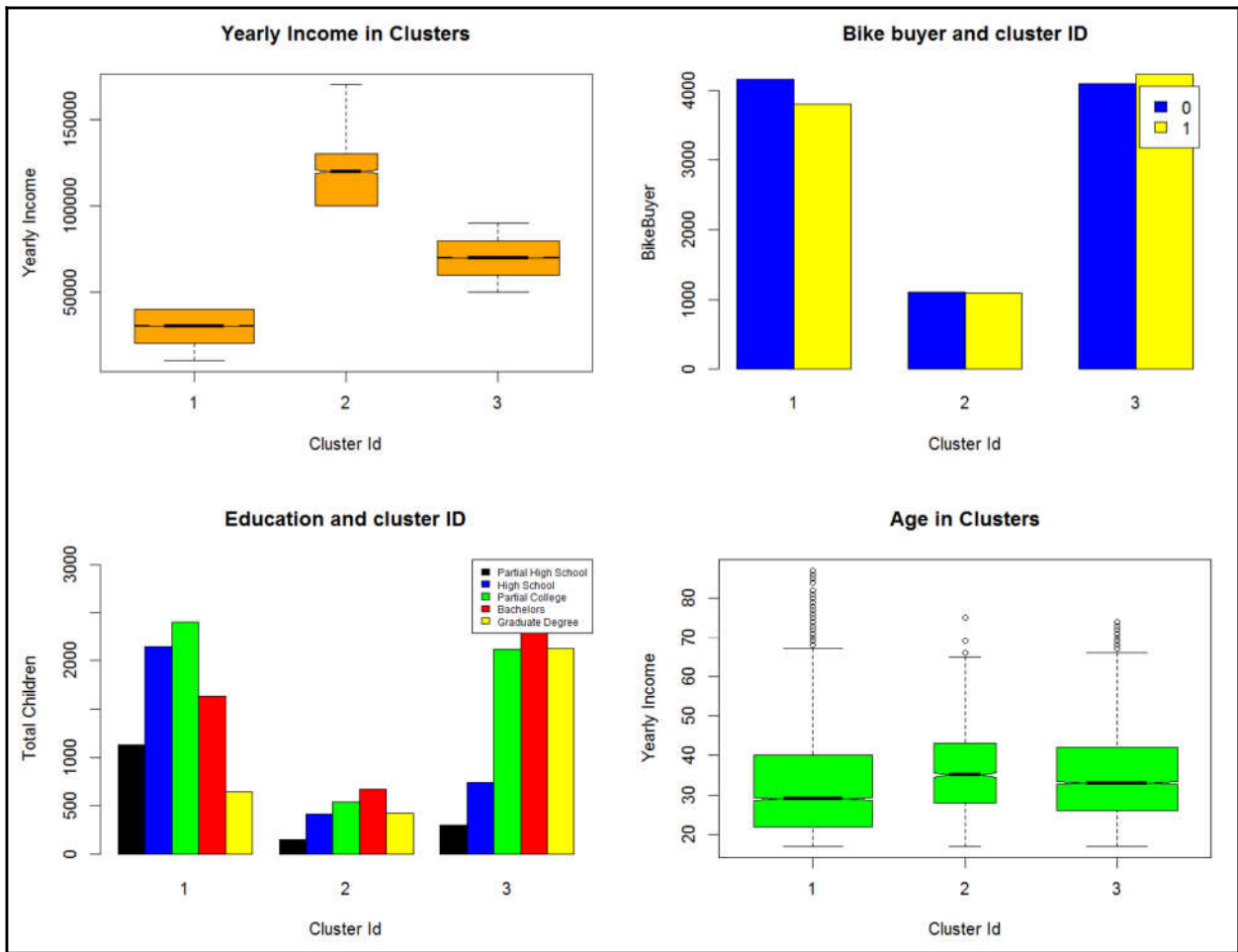


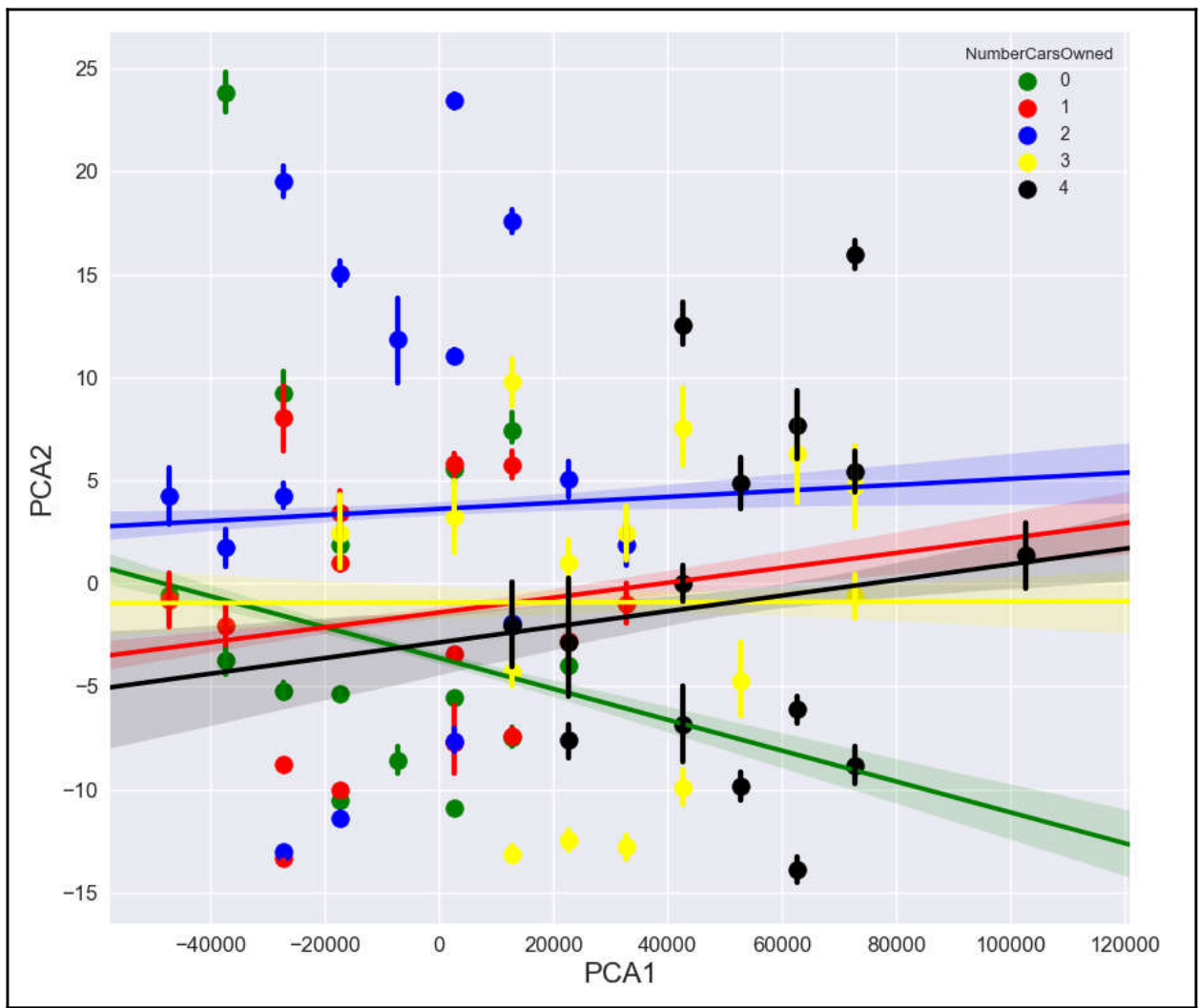


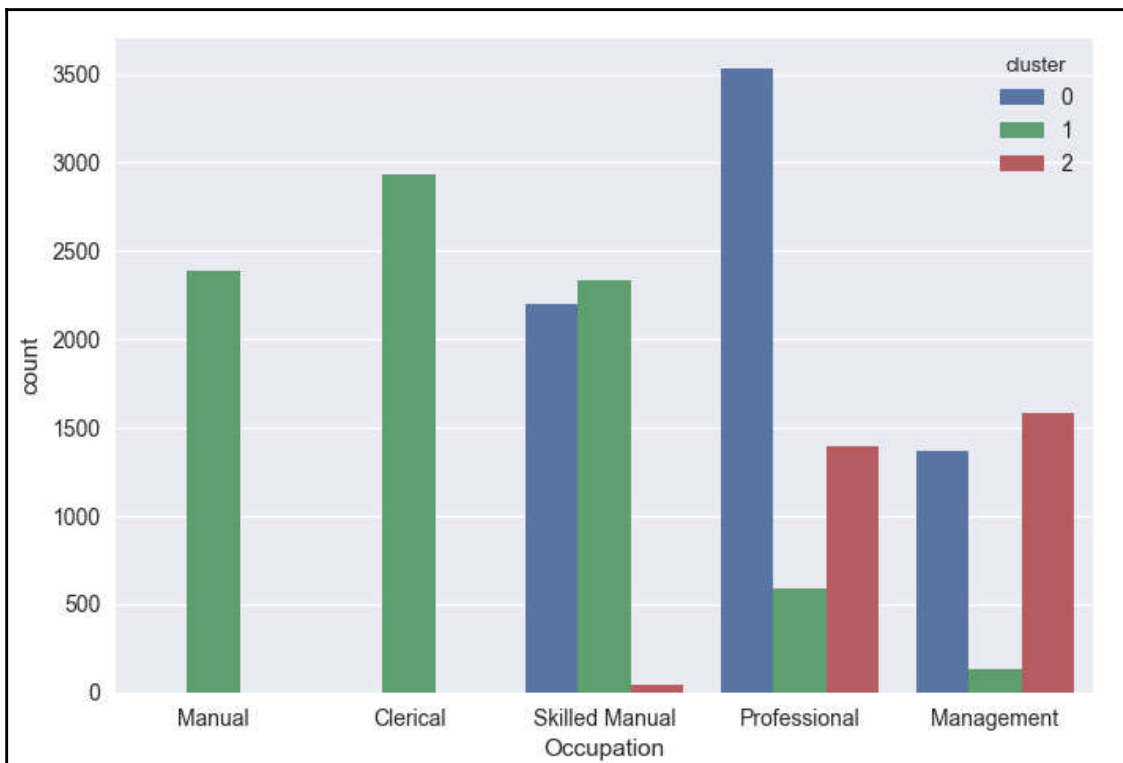
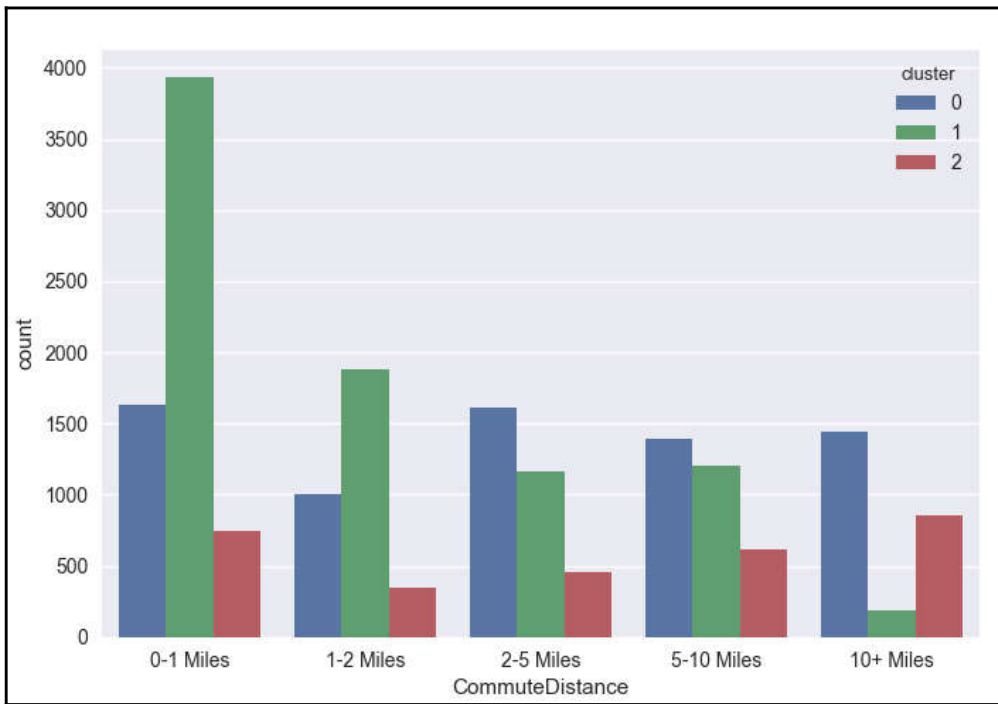
### Graph for 24 rules

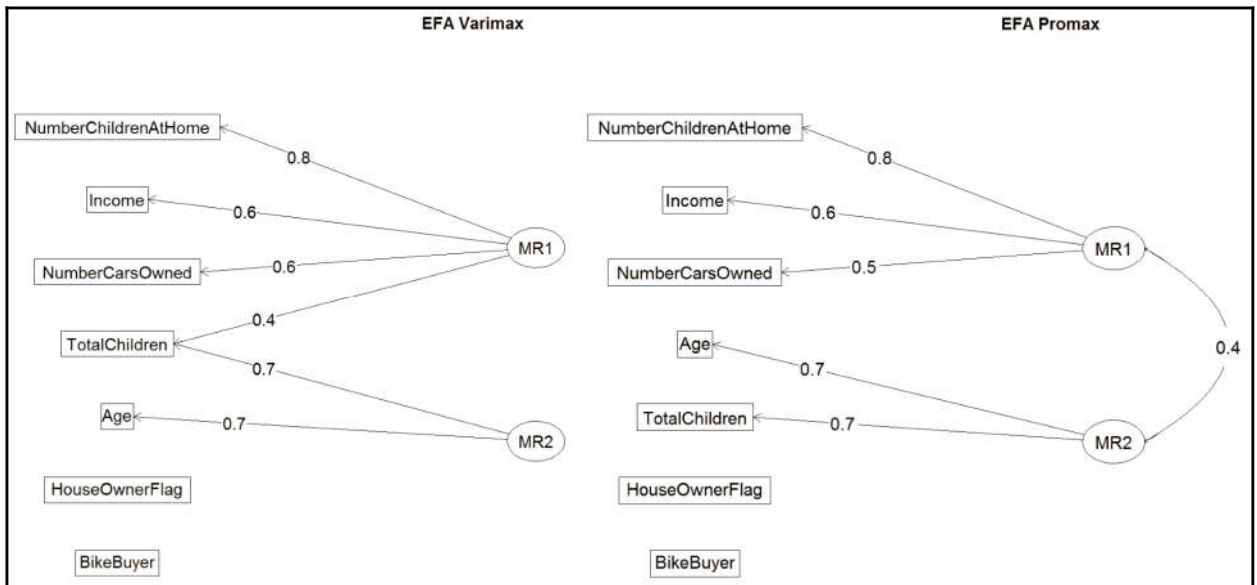
size: support (0.031 - 0.076)  
color: lift (0.897 - 12.656)



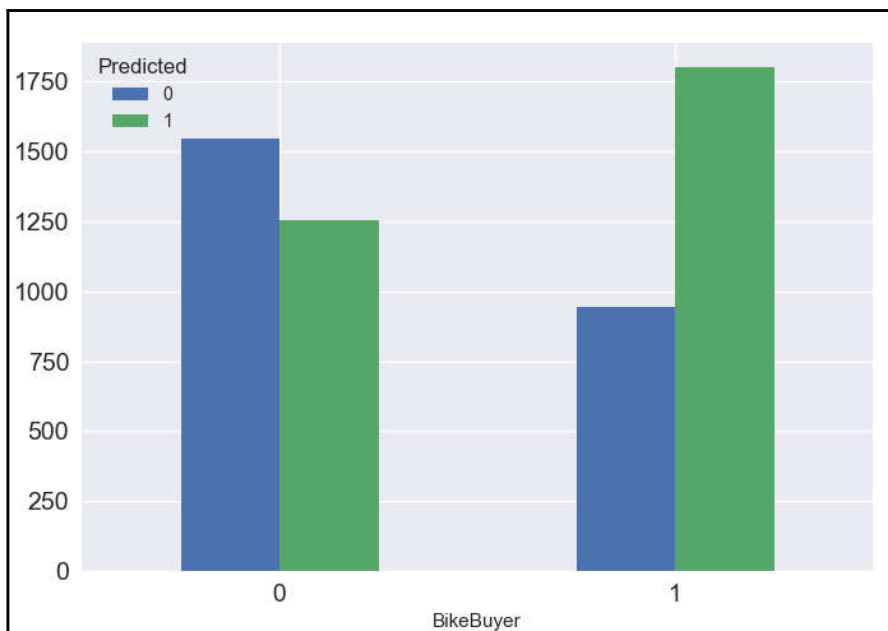
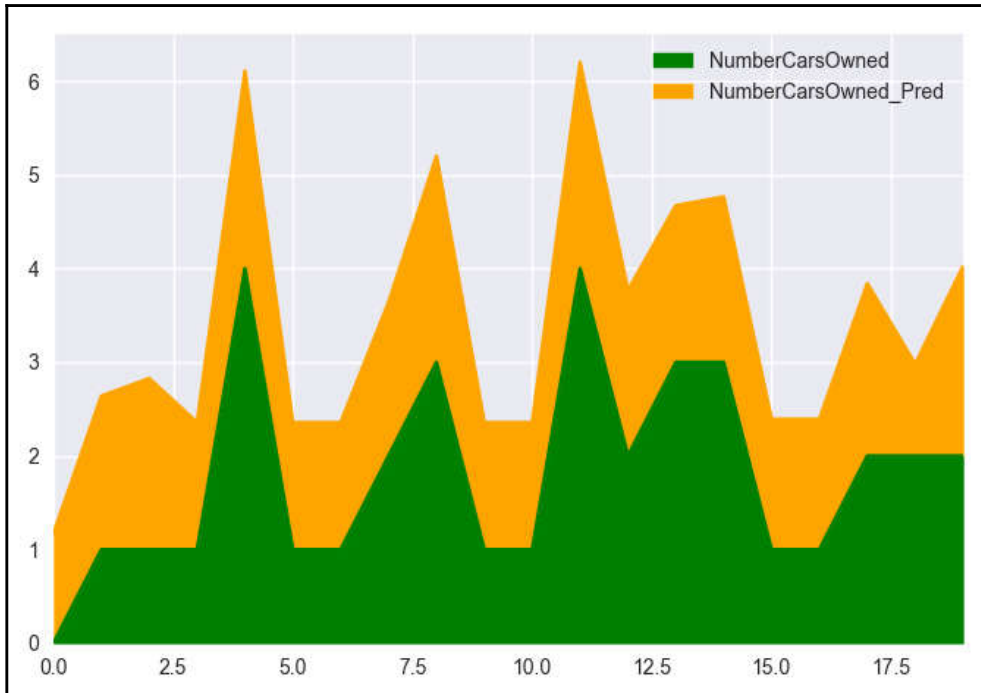


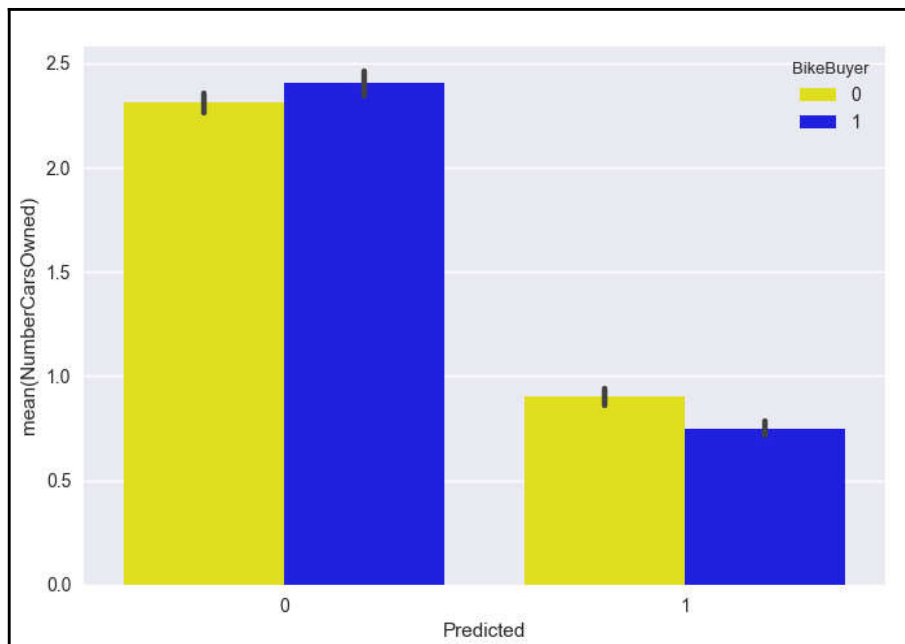
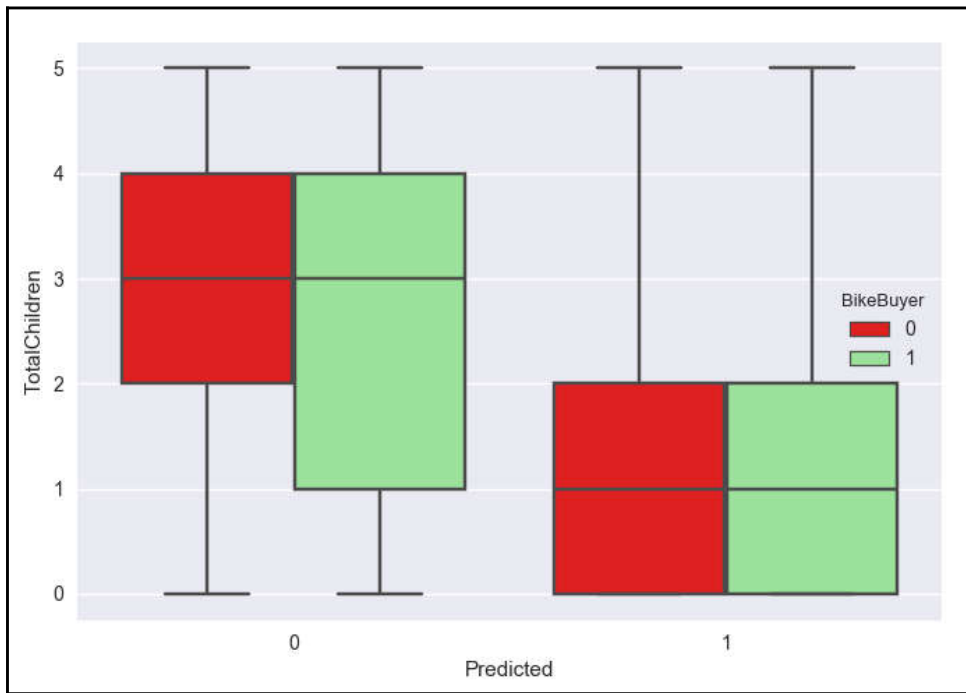






# Chapter 8: Supervised Machine Learning





$$S(x) = 1/(1 + e^{-x})$$

